EUSpecLab/PSI school on advanced spectroscopy



Monday 15 April 2024 - Friday 19 April 2024 Paul Scherrer Institut

Scientific Programme

Scope

Spectroscopy is central to the natural sciences and engineering as one of the primary methods for investigating the real world, particularly in characterising the properties of molecules and materials. Varying the energy of the spectroscopic probe gives access to the internal states and dynamics of physical systems. Experimental and theoretical spectroscopy methods go hand in hand to discover new materials and their functions. In addition, machine learning, which is currently revolutionizing the sciences and engineering, has the potential to trigger a paradigm shift, towards algorithm and data driven spectroscopy.

The EUSpecLab spectroscopy school at PSI (the third in a series of EUSpecLab training schools) is geared at PhD students in physics and materials science with basic knowledge in theoretical modelling of modern materials. The school will discuss contemporary research topics in condensed matter and how advanced experimental and theoretical spectroscopic methods are applied to understand complex phenomena and to discover new materials. Topics range from structure determination and ground state properties to advanced concepts like strongly correlated electrons, topology, structural, chemical or dynamic disorder, initial and final state effects and response to static or ultrafast external applied fields.

Topics

Advanced spectroscopy

Angle, spin and time resolved photoelectron spectroscopy (ARPES)

Optical spectroscopy

Pump-probe techniques

Condensed matter physics

Atomic and electronic structure

Spin-orbit interactions, topology

Electron-electron and electron-phonon interactions

Strongly correlated electron systems

Quantum materials

Transition-metal dichalcogenides

Transition metal oxides

Molecules on surfaces

Machine learning methods

Materials discovery

Atomistic simulations

Machine learning potentials Experiment and Theory

Large research facilities

Confirmed Invited Speakers

Jörg Behler, RU Bochum (DE), Four Generations of Machine Learning Potentials

Michele Ceriotti, EPFL Lausanne (CH), Modeling vibrational and electronic spectroscopies with atomic-scale machine learning

J. Hugo Dil, EPFL Lausanne (CH), Spin-resolved ARPES: from topological materials to quantum interference

Roberto Gunnella, U Camerino (IT), Photoelectron diffraction at low kinetic energy as a high sensitive tool in 2D van der Waals systems

Nicola Marzari, EPFL Lausanne (CH), Materials cloud

Claude Monney, U Fribourg (CH), Time-resolved ARPES: Observing photoinduced phase transitions and excited states

Daniele Passerone, Empa Dübendorf (CH), Computational science in a materials and nano-science laboratory

Nicholas C. Plumb, PSI (CH), Viewing quasiparticle behavior through the ARPES spectral function

Milan Radovic, PSI (CH), Spectroscopy images exotic electronic systems and experiences interplay between different emerging phenomena in Transition Metal Oxides

Nicolas Schmid, ZHAW Winterthur (CH), Machine learning in NMR spectroscopy

Michael Schüler, U Fribourg (CH), Time-resolved ARPES

Ari P. Seitsonen, CNRS Paris (F), Molecules on surfaces

Vladimir N. Strokov, PSI (CH), Advanced topics in ARPES: Final-state effects and high-energy photoemission

Alea M. Tokita, RU Bochum (DE), How to train a neural network potential

Chiara Trovatello, Columbia U (US), Exploring the nonlinear optical response of 2D semiconductors Tian Xie, Microsoft Research (UK), MatterGen: a generative model for inorganic materials design Contributions

All participants are invited to present a poster. Some of the contributions may be selected for an oral presentation.