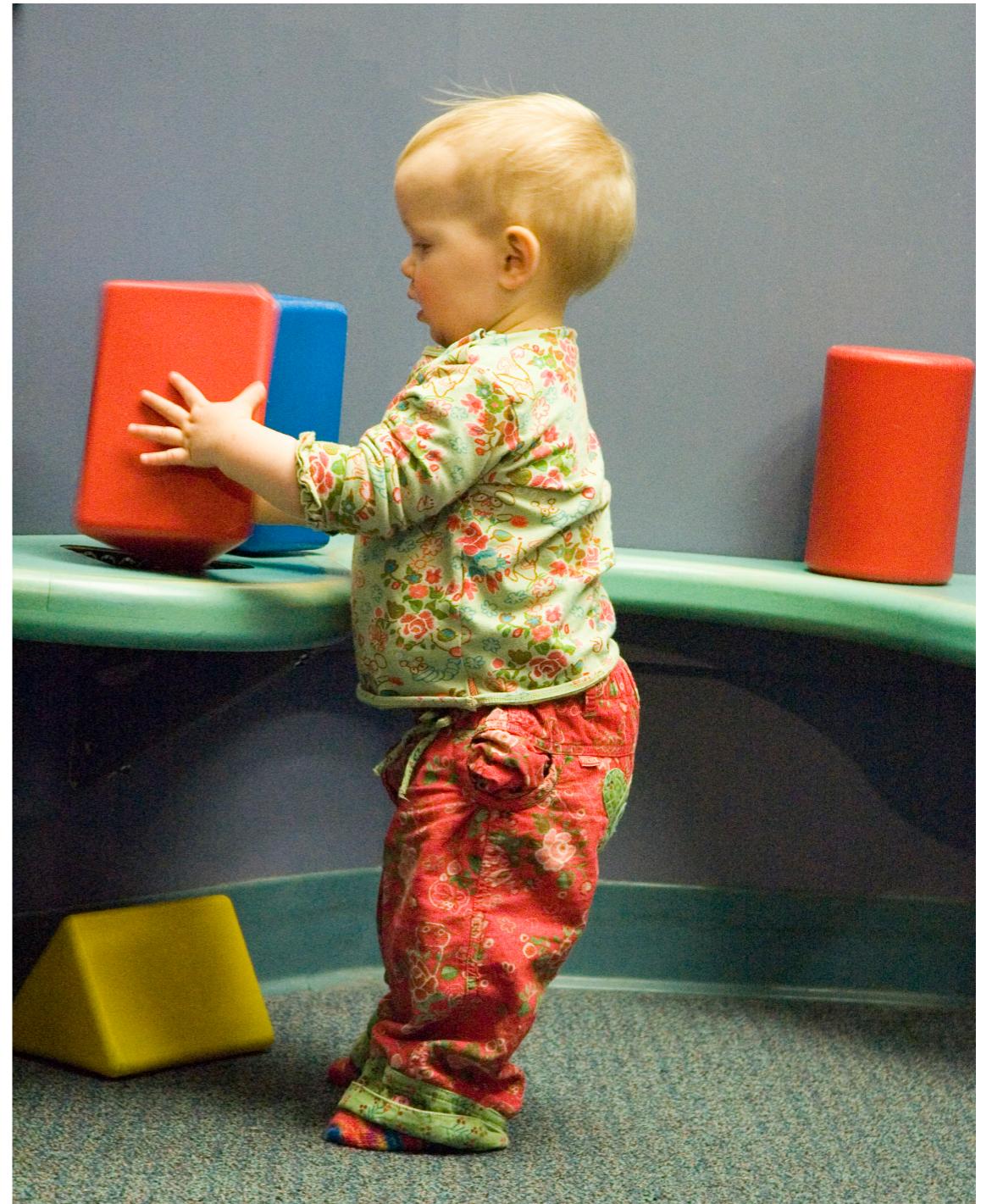
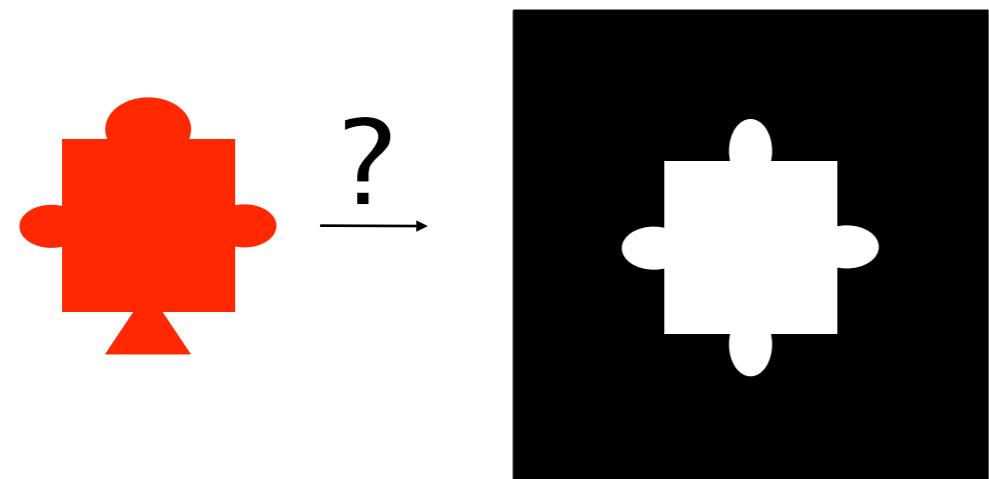


Optimization of Accelerator Parameters

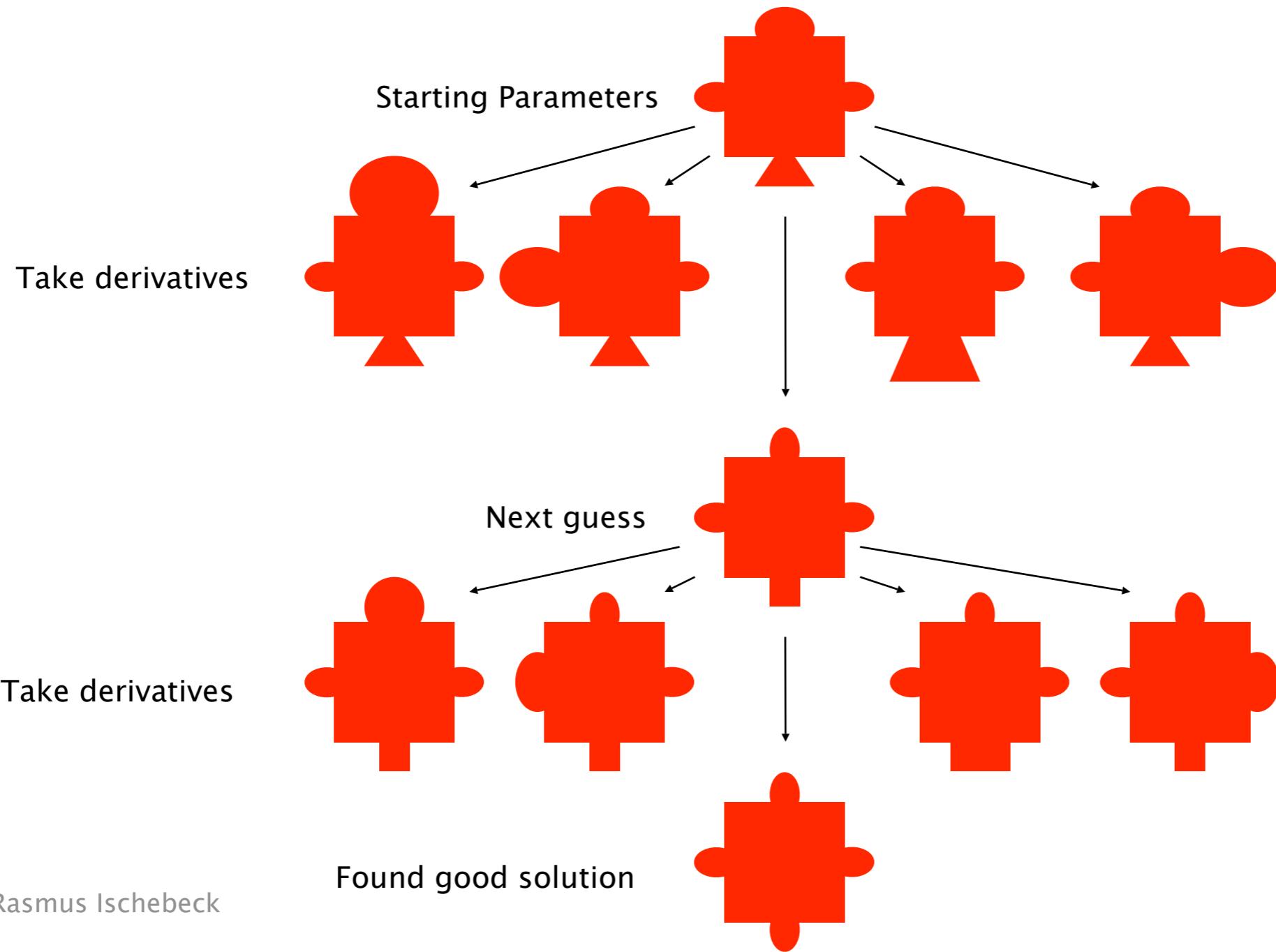
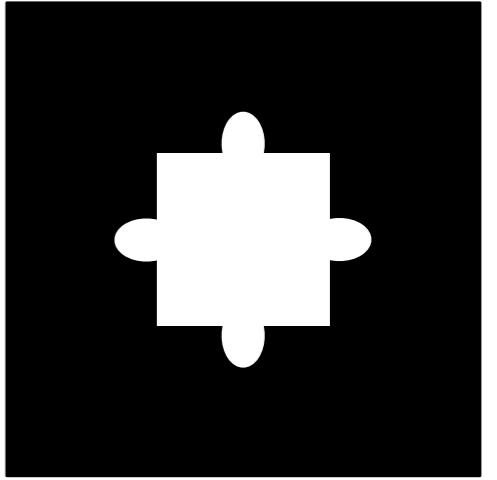
- Task: optimize the accelerator settings.
 - Goal: minimize emittance (for example)
 - Parameters: everything that can be controlled by EPICS
 - This is difficult to optimize:
 - Many parameters
 - Non-linear dependence of the optimization goal on the parameters
 - How stable is the solution?
 - Many local optima; looking for a global optimum
- ➡ Use a genetic algorithm

Fitting Puzzle Pieces

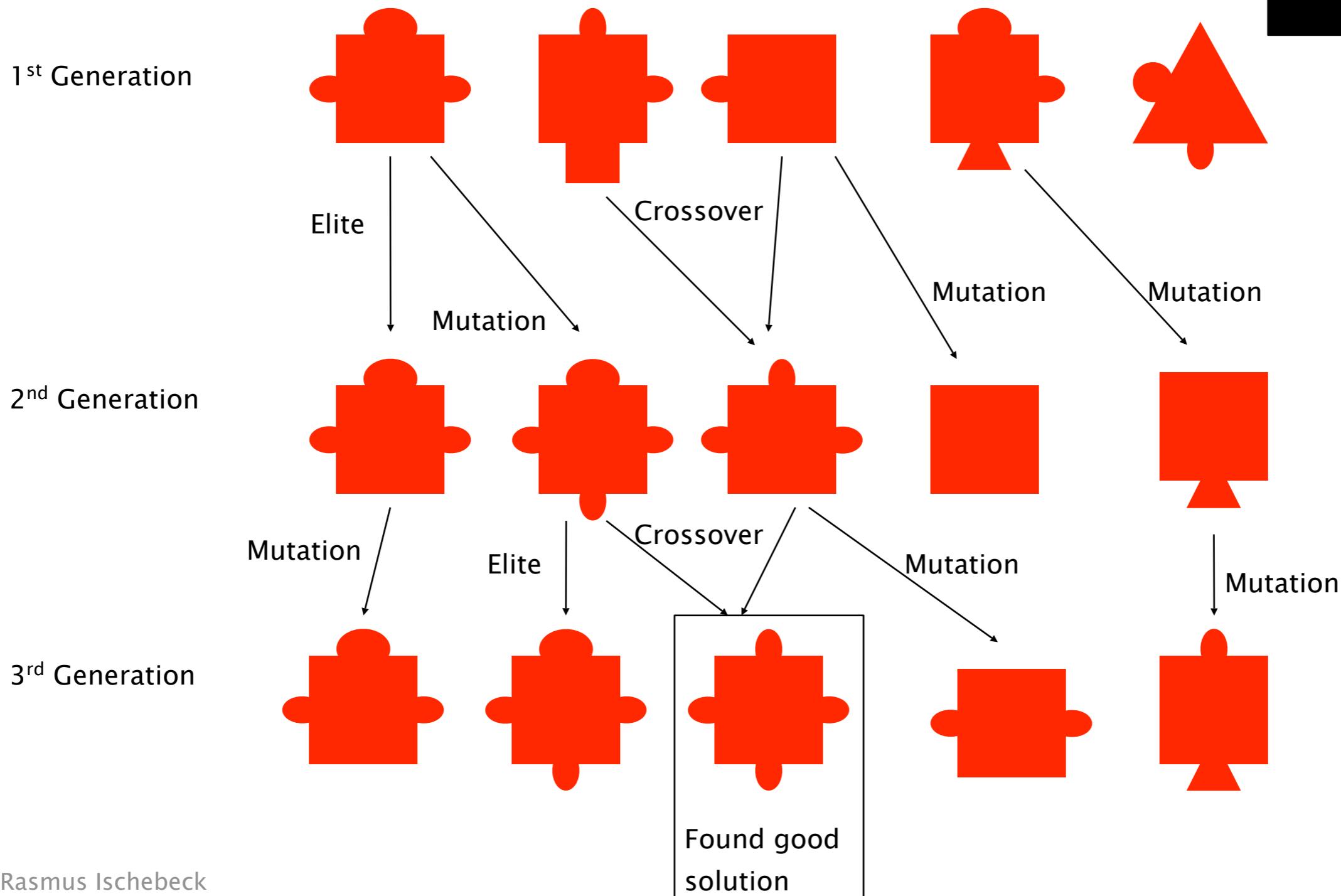
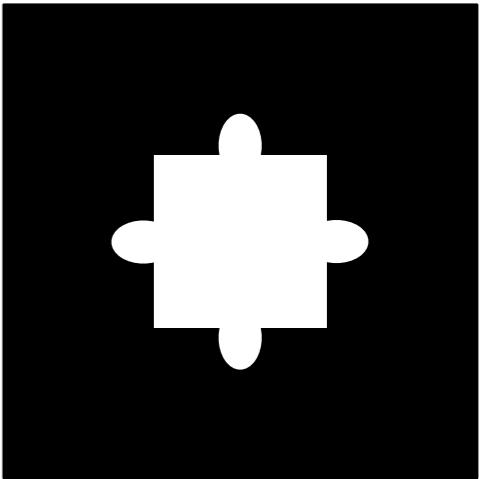


Fitting Puzzle Pieces

Subspace Trust Region Method



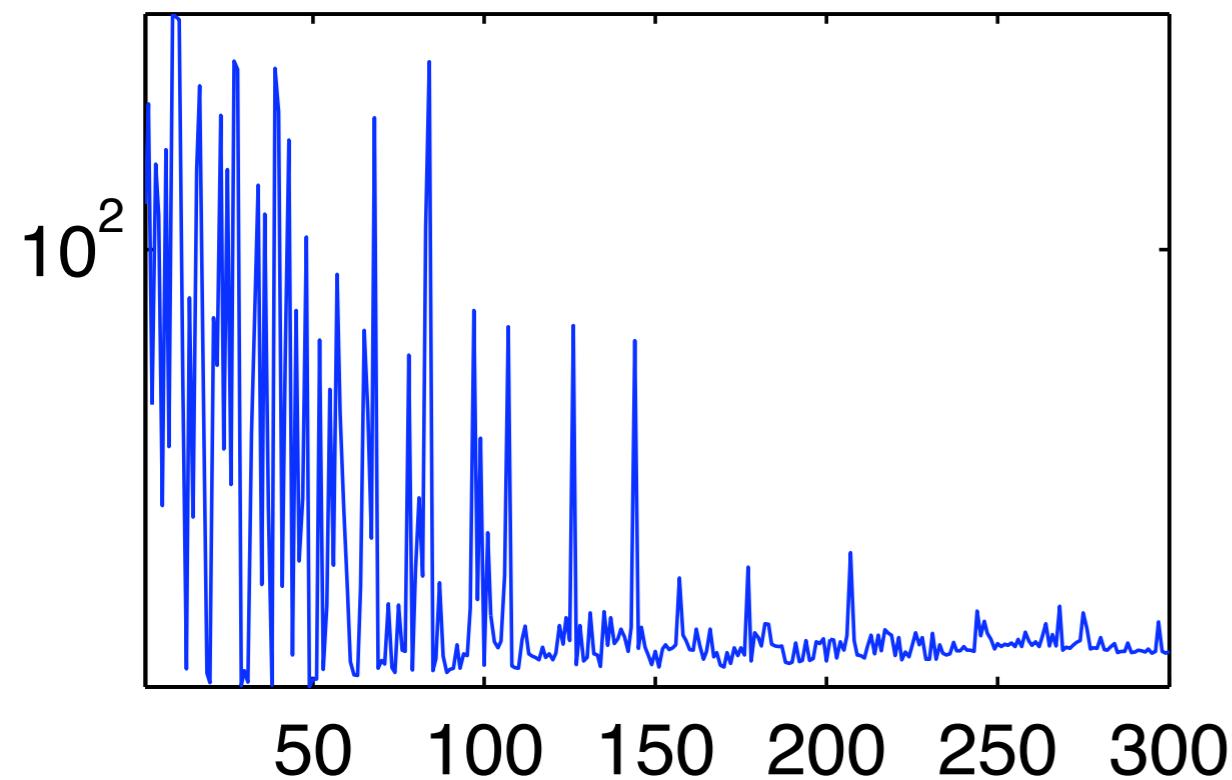
Genetic Algorithm



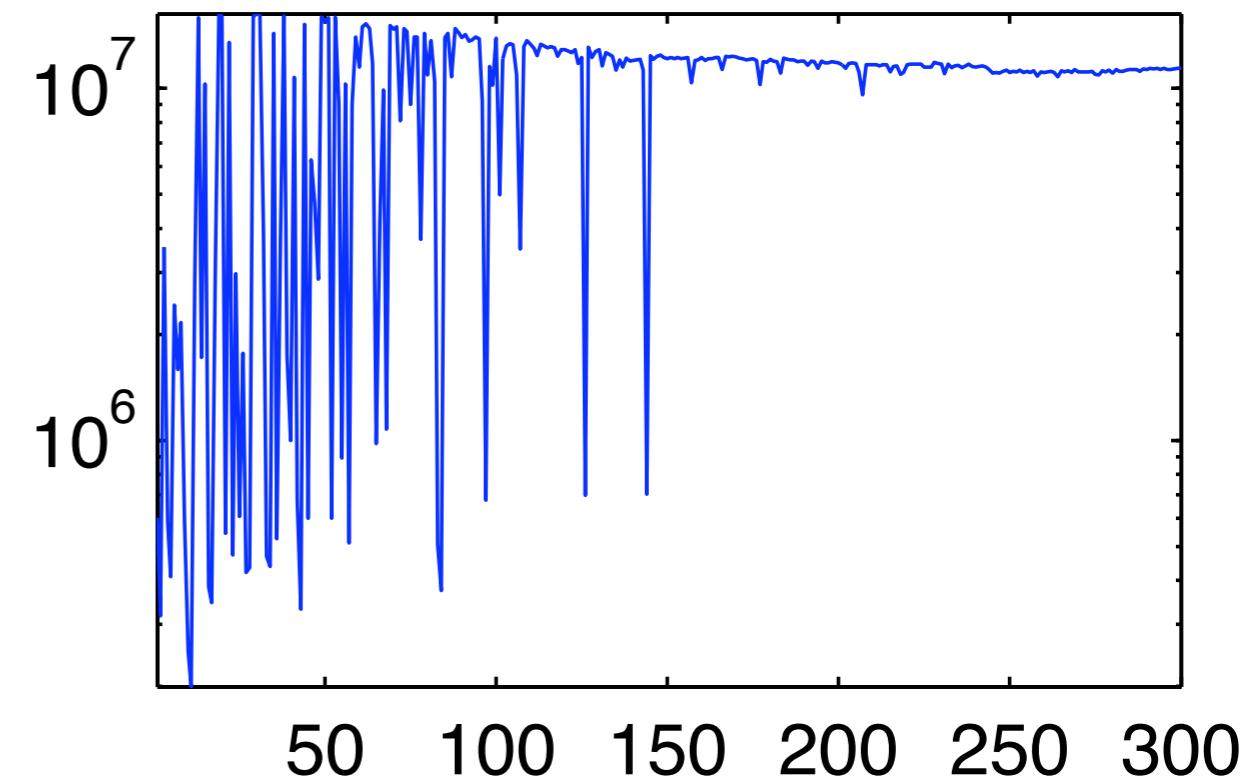
OBLA 500 keV

- We would like to minimize the projected emittance of the beam
- Related optimization goal:
 - minimize beam size on telescope camera, while keeping the charge high
- Define
 - $\text{Fitness} = \sigma_x \cdot \sigma_y / Q$
 - (median of 10 measurements)

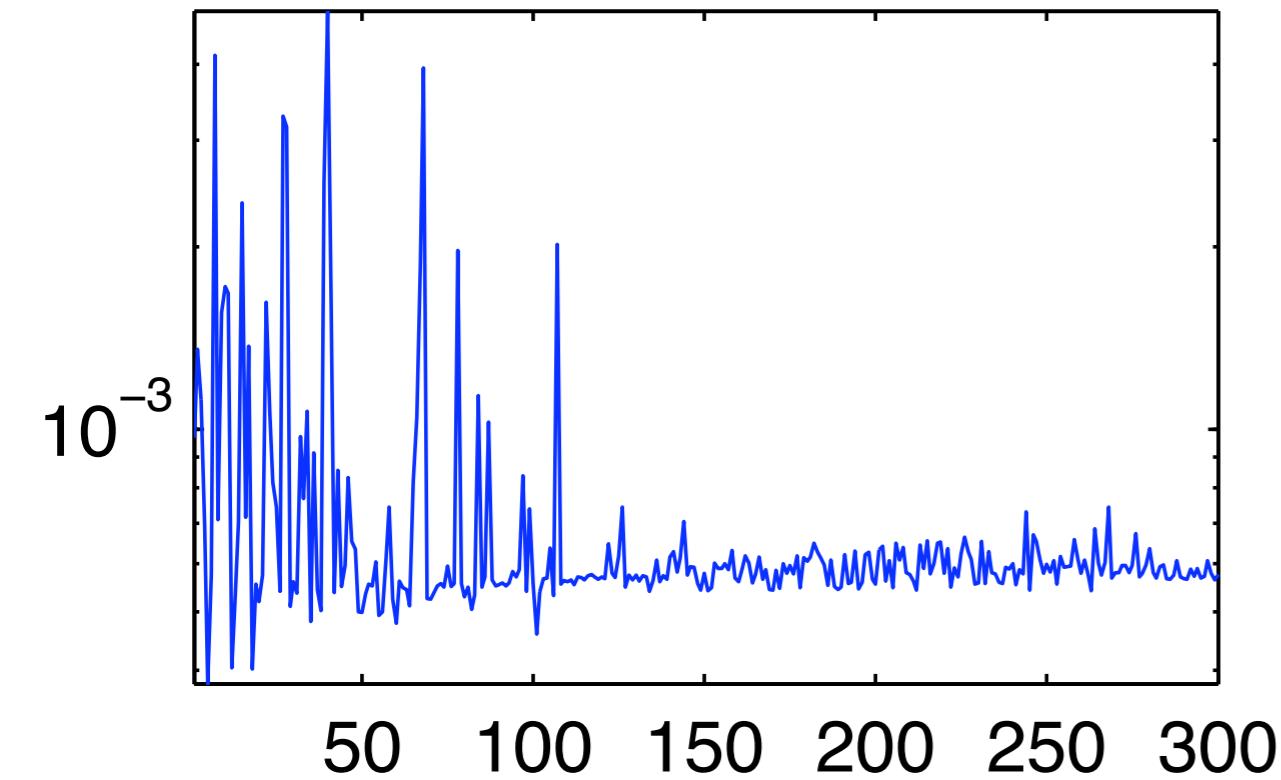
Fitness



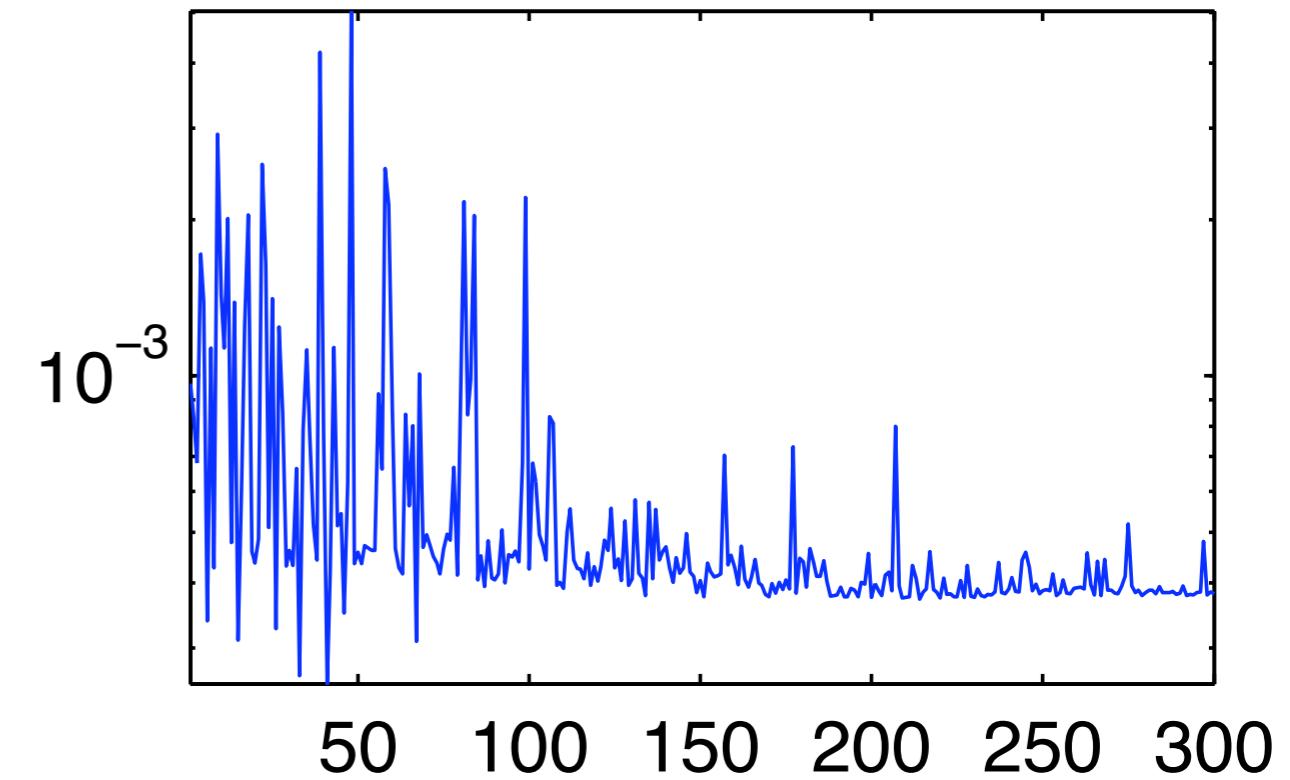
Charge



sigmaX



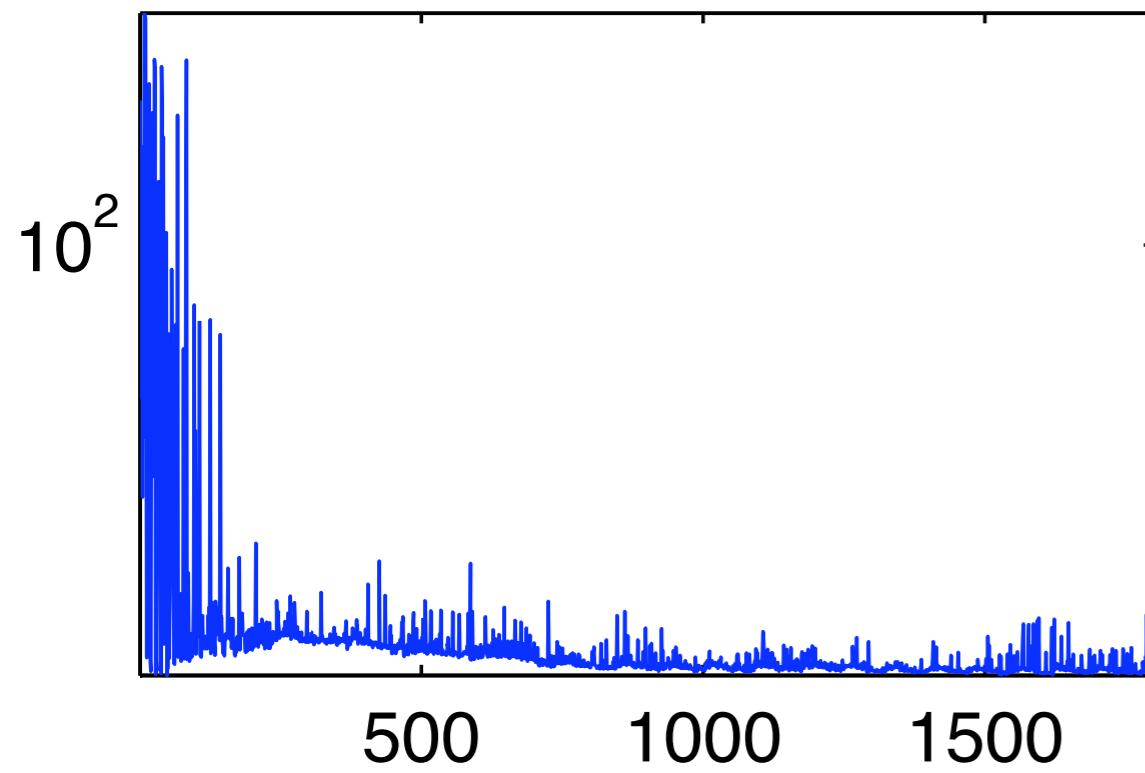
sigmaY



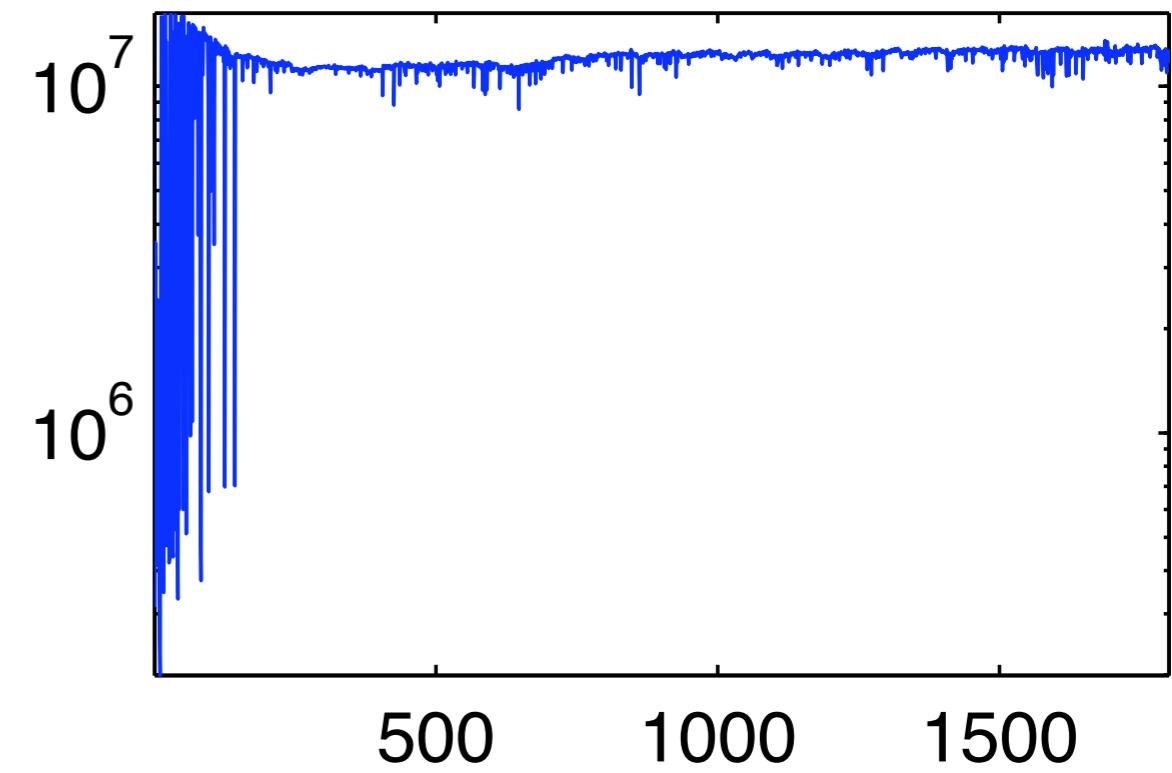
Specific Issues when Optimizing Hardware

- Noise in the measurements
- The accelerator drifts during the optimization
 - The optimum solution changes
 - Need to re-adjust parameters

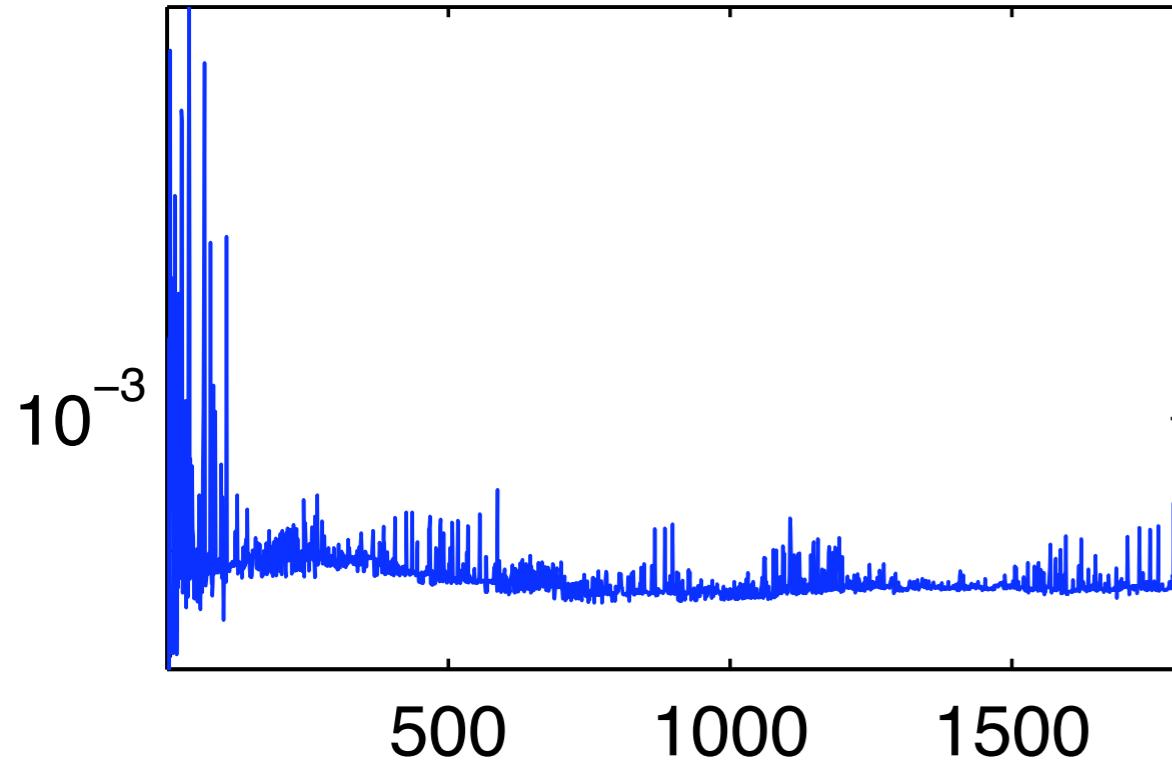
Fitness



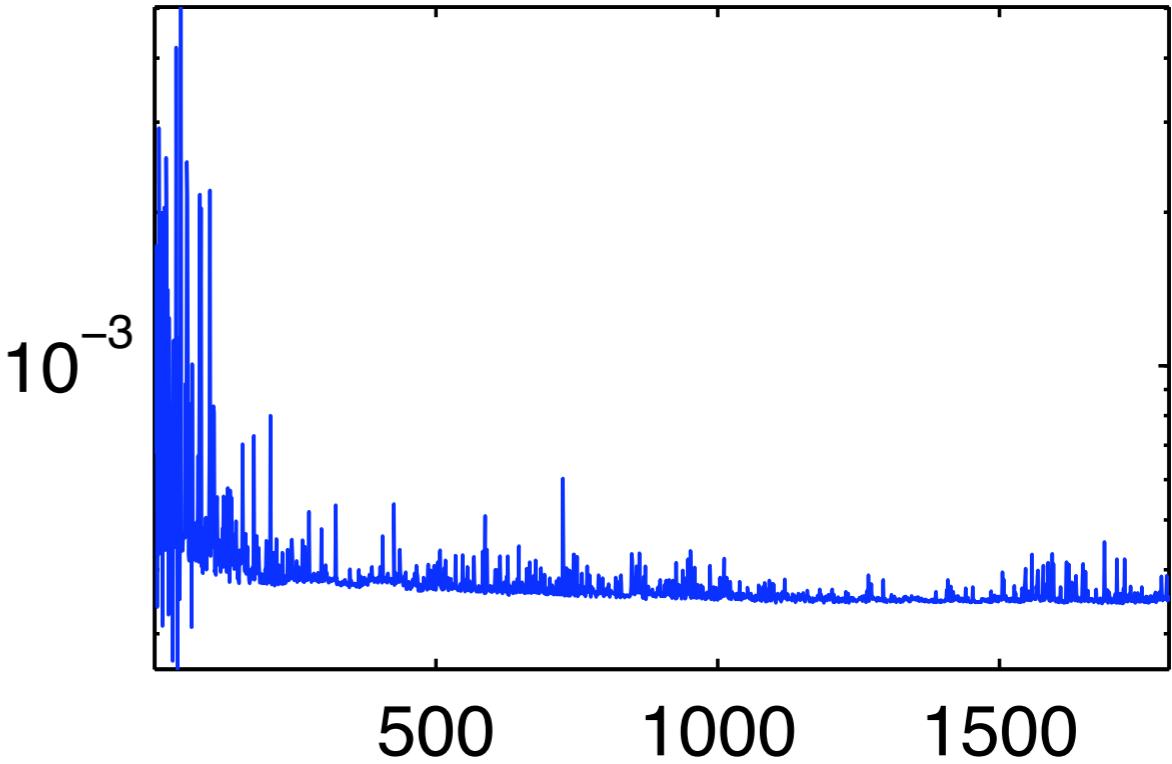
Charge



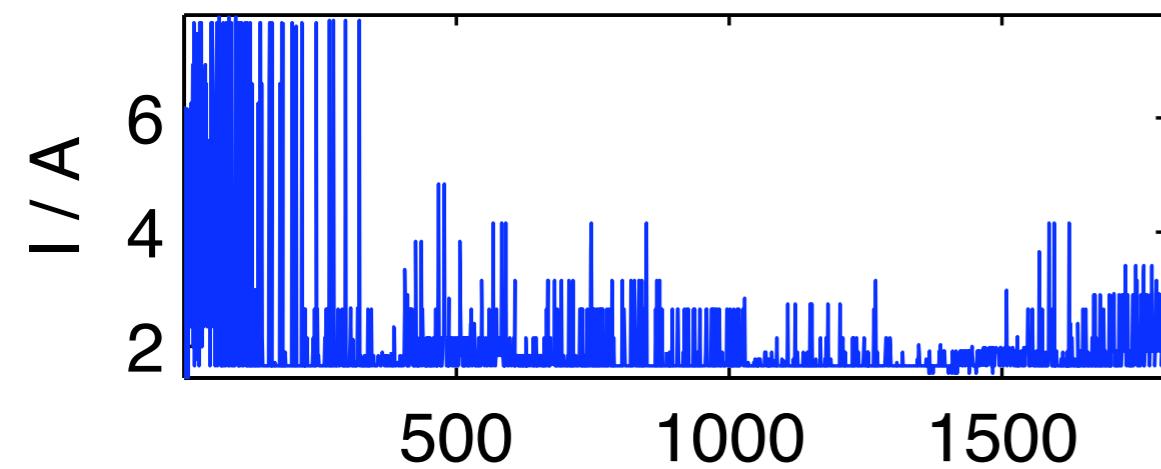
sigmaX



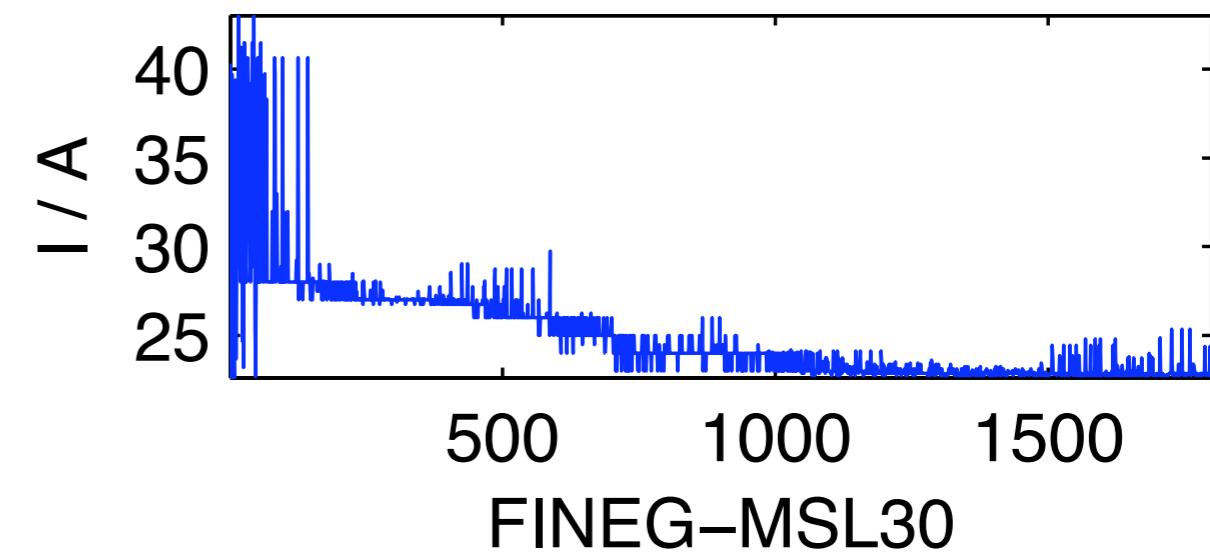
sigmaY



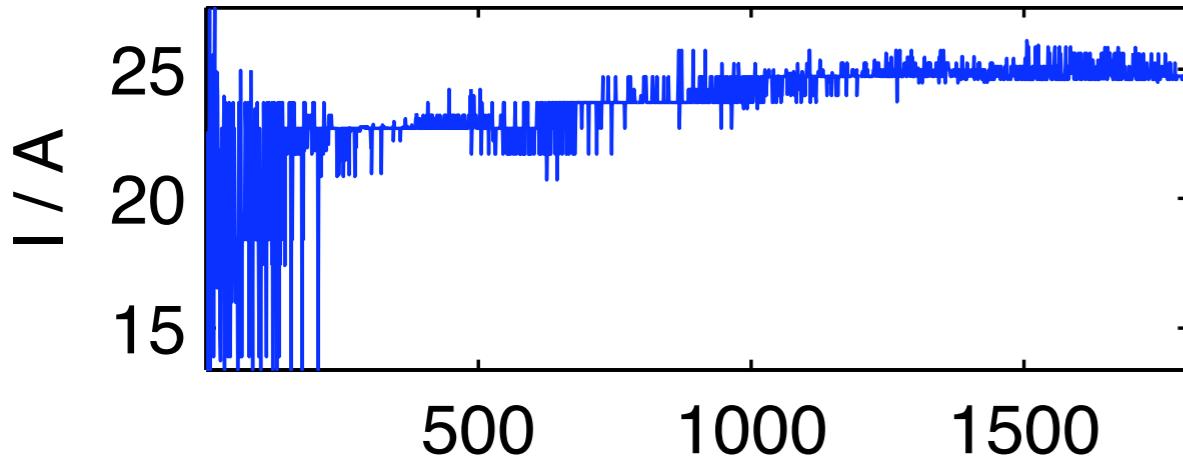
FINEG-MSL10C



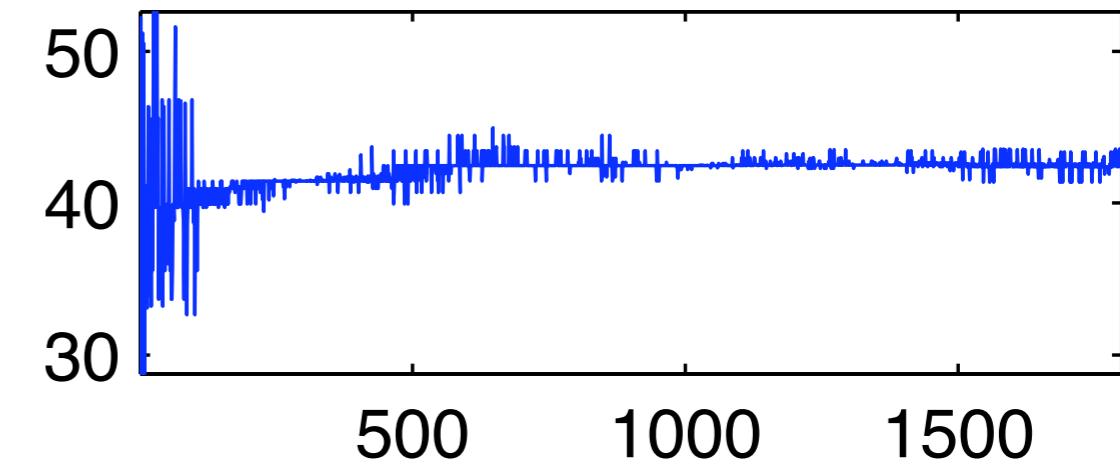
FINEG-MSL10



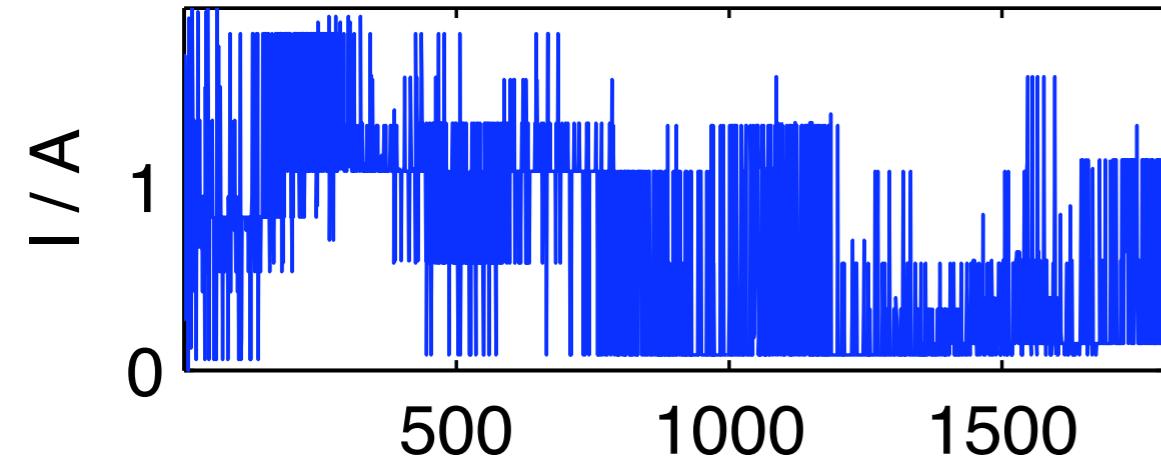
FINEG-MSL20



FINEG-MSL30



FINEG-MSL40



Next Steps

- Use “soft” bounds to parameters
- Optimize more than one target, e.g. emittance, charge
(Multicomponent objective function)
- Find a more difficult problem (OBLA 4 MeV, 250 MeV, PSI-XFEL)
- How stable is the solution?
- Combine with optimization of accelerator simulation

