

Digital Twinning: Activities on the European XFEL Accelerator Side



HELMHOLTZ
RESEARCH FOR GRAND CHALLENGES

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Sascha Meykopff, Vladimir Rybnikov, Matthias Scholz,
Sergey Tomin, Josef Wilgen, Igor Zagorodnov, and many more

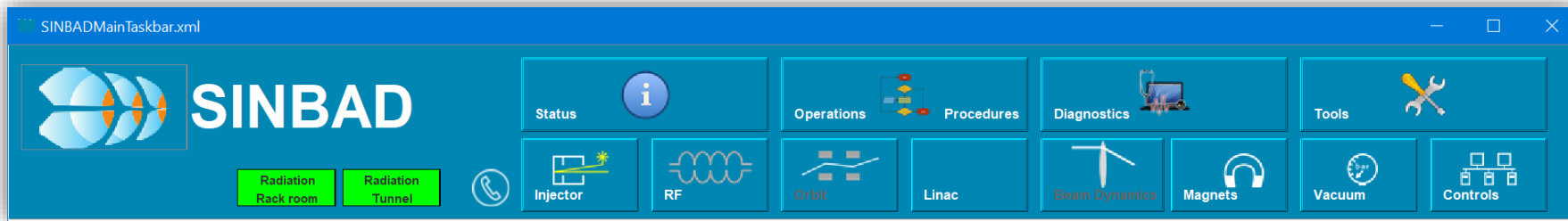


2021-05-11

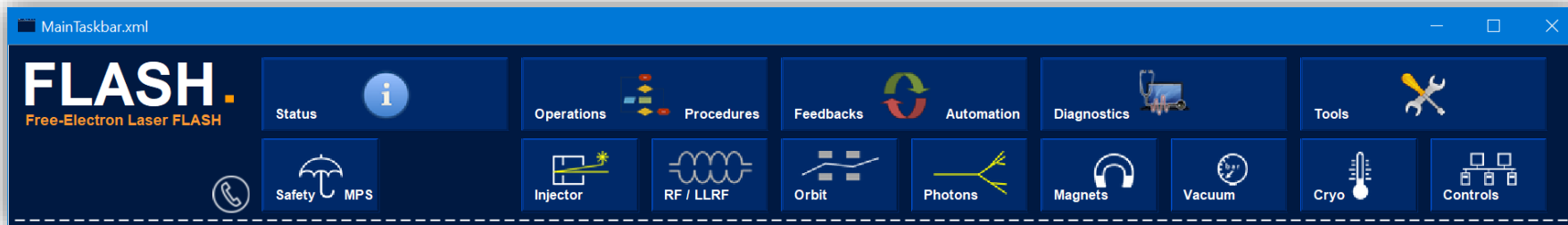
Virtual XFEL

A *copy* of the accelerator control system

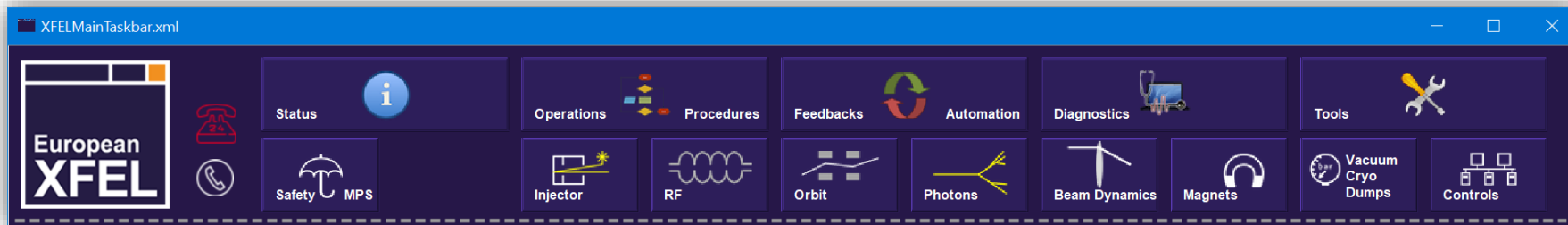
- ... to test software, procedures, algorithms
- ... before the real machine is available
- ... while the real machine is in operation
- ... when it is too hard to test on the real machine



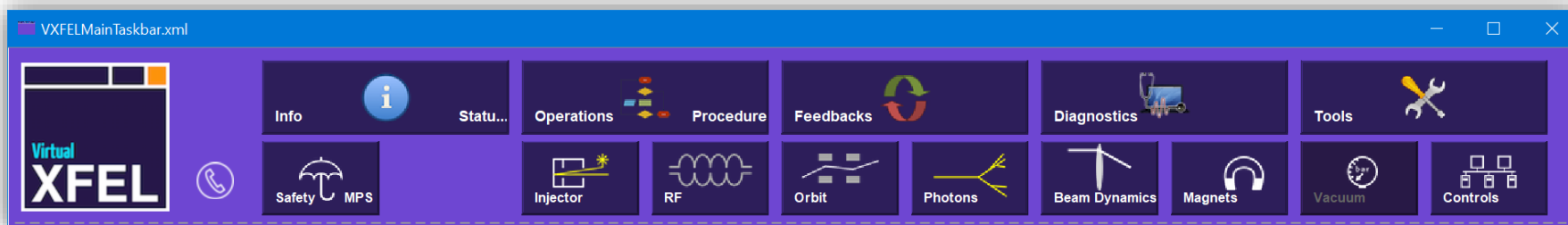
SINBAD–ARES
Linear Accelerator



FLASH
Free-Electron Laser



European XFEL
Free-Electron Laser



Virtual XFEL
“Digital Twin” of European XFEL

magnet_ml_server.xml XFELMAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BB.100.I1

MAGNET MIDDLE LAYER SERVER - BB.100.I1

All Groups Config

Main Controls Go To Advanced Controls Calibration Information Log

Set List Filter

(((?CONFIG))^((?GROUP))^((?SVR))^)*

- QI.86.I1
- SC.87.I1
- BL.87.I1
- QI.88.I1
- BL.88.I1
- CBL.88.I1
- CIX.88.I1
- SC.89.I1
- QI.89.I1
- SC.89II.I1
- BL.90.I1
- CBL.90.I1
- CIX.90.I1
- QI.90.I1
- BL.91.I1
- SC.91.I1
- QI.92.I1
- SC.92.I1
- CIX.92.I1
- BL.92.I1
- QI.93.I1
- CIX.94.I1
- QI.94.I1
- CIX.95.I1
- QI.95.I1
- BB.96.I1
- BB.98.I1
- CBB.98.I1
- BB.100.I1
- BB.101.I1
- CBB.101.I1
- QI.102.I1
- CIX.102.I1
- CIX.103.I1
- QI.103.I1
- CIX.104.I1
- QI.104.I1
- CIX.107.I1

Dipole BB.100.I1

3rd BC0 dipole
BB_u200

Deflection angle: $\hat{\downarrow} \hat{7} . \hat{8} \hat{3} \hat{0}$ deg H Design: 6.85
0.222 < 7.830 < 38.332

Nominal momentum: MeV/c H

Current: $\hat{\downarrow} \hat{4} \hat{3} . \hat{3} \hat{3} \hat{0}$ A H
0.0000 < 43.330 < 199.5000

Power supply ● Switched on H
BB.1.11 ● No fault ● Idle

Cycling status
The magnet can cleanly ramp upwards.

[T] Generalized Field vs. Current

BB.100.I1/PLOT_CURRENTS [A]

● Dipole BB.100.I1 initialized. (2021-04-12T19:31:09)

Ad-hoc regex: -> Ad-Hoc Group

magnet_ml_server.xml XFEL_SIM.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BB.100.I1

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- QI.104.I1
- CIX.107.I1
- QI.107.I1
- CIX.109.I1
- QI.109.I1

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Cycling status
The magnet can cleanly ramp upwards.

[T] Generalized Field vs. Current

BB.100.I1/PLOT_CURRENTS [A]

● Circuit forced into clean upward cycling state (2021-05-04T13:27:57)

Ad-hoc regex: -> Ad-Hoc Group

Control System Addresses

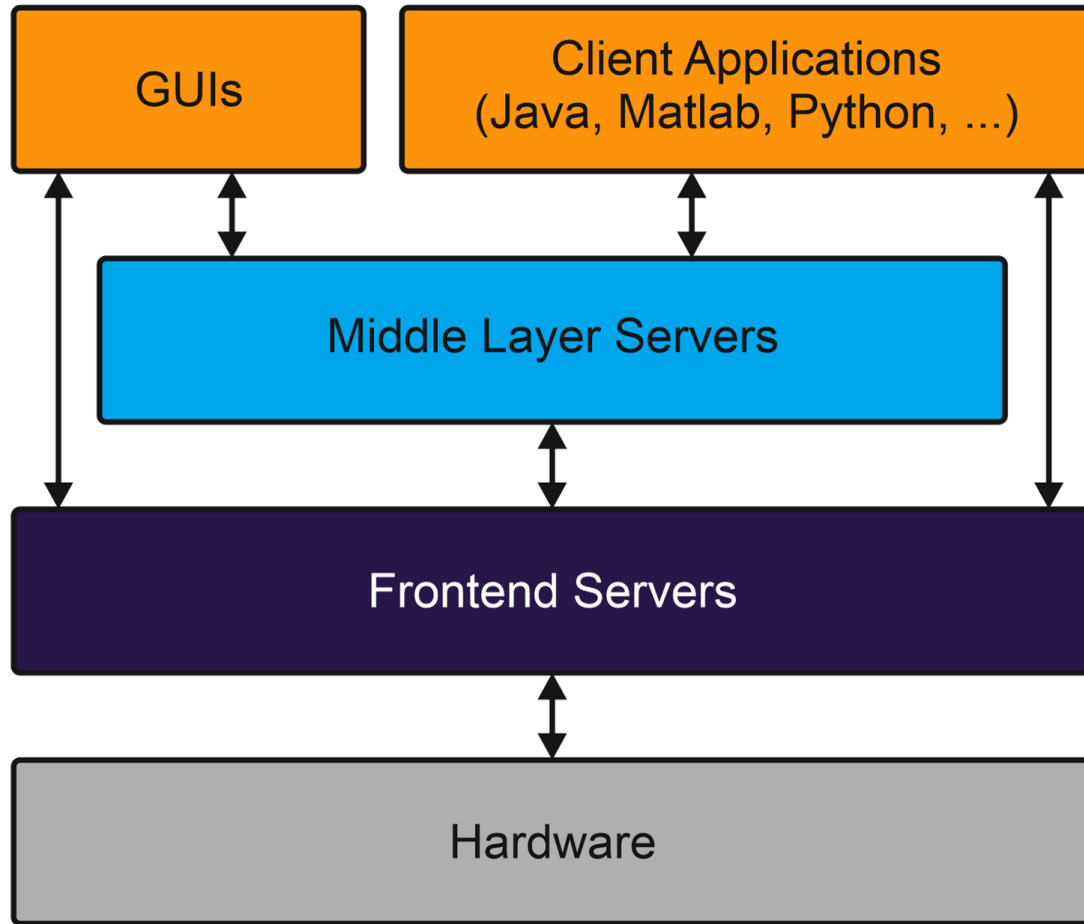


`XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BB.100.I1/STRENGTH.SP`

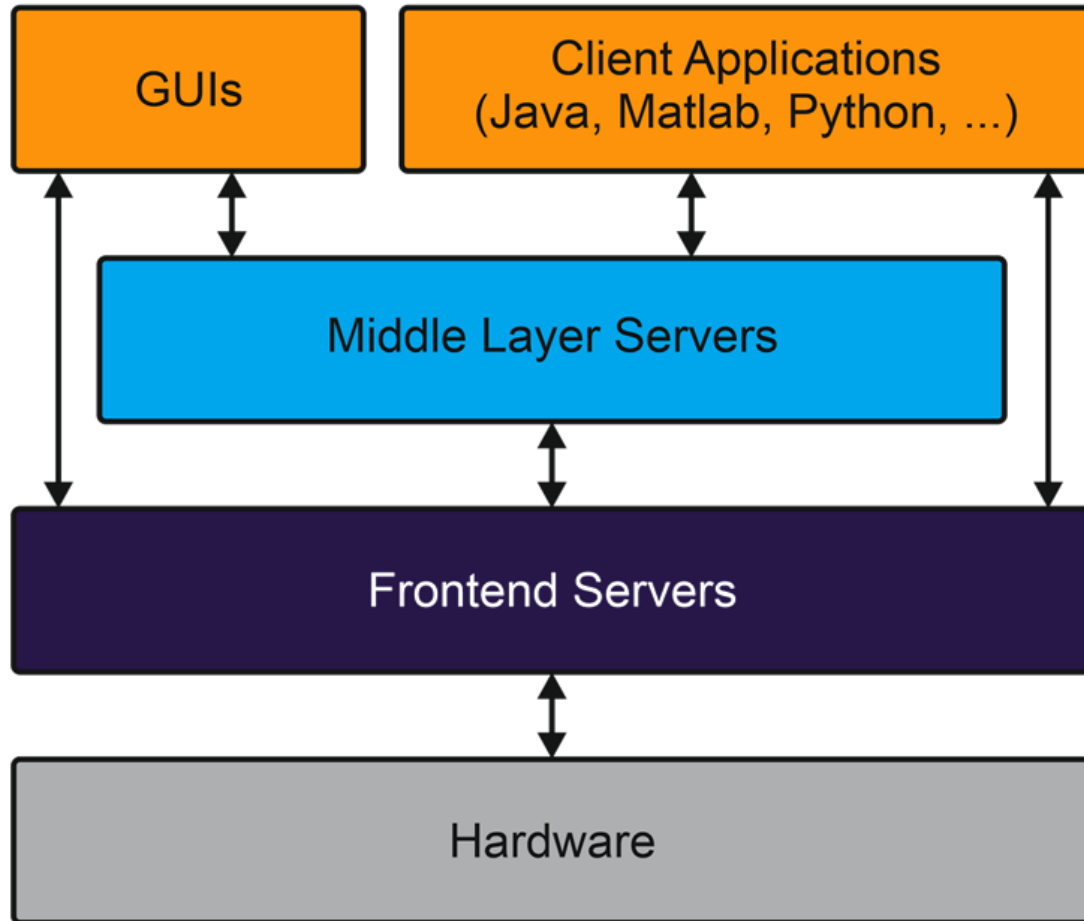


`XFEL_SIM.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BB.100.I1/STRENGTH.SP`

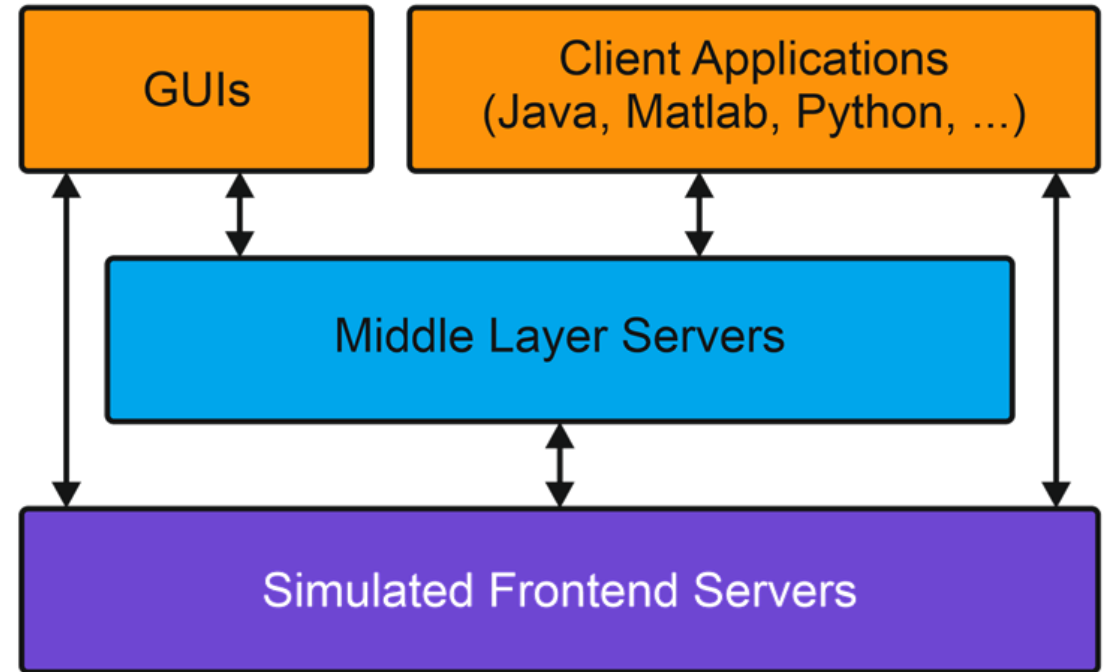
XFEL Control System



XFEL Control System



Virtual XFEL Control System



- GUIs, apps, ML servers: identical to real machine
- Simulated frontend servers instead of access to hardware
- Physics simulation



VXFEL Physics Simulation

- Single-particle tracking through multiple branches of the accelerator

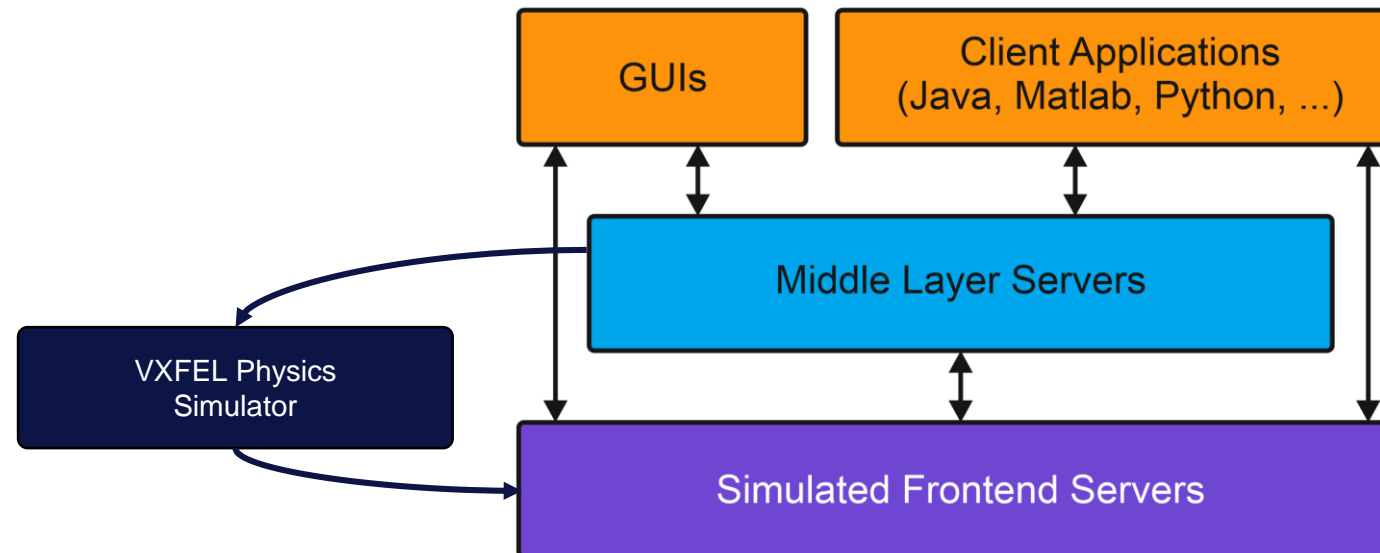
- Outputs:

- Beam position
- Charge (full transmission up to $|x|^2 + |y|^2 > r_{\max}^2$)
- Screens with Gaussian beam spots

- Tracking in “real time” (at 10 Hz)

- Custom C++ tracking library

- Mostly linear optics (few nonlinear elements)
- Ready for multi-particle tracking
- Limited physics: No collective effects etc.



Start-to-End (S2E) Beam Dynamics Simulations

Tracking simulated particle bunches from the gun to a point of interest (e.g. an undulator)

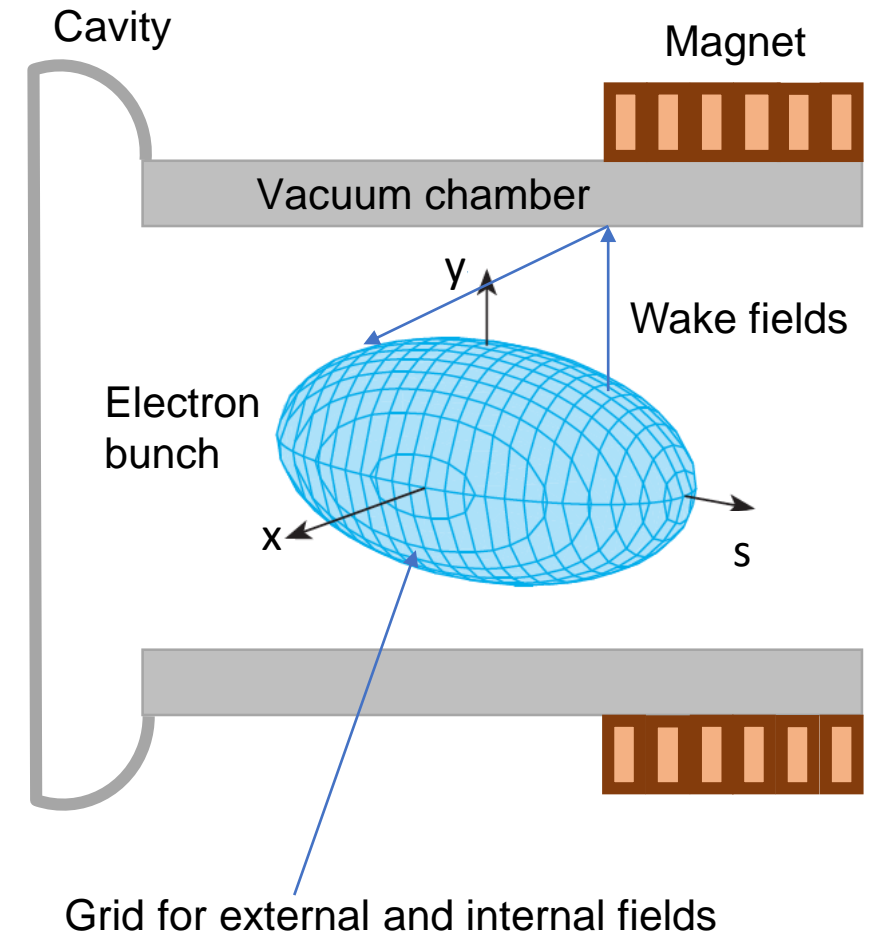
... to understand how to improve beam quality

... to optimize machine parameters

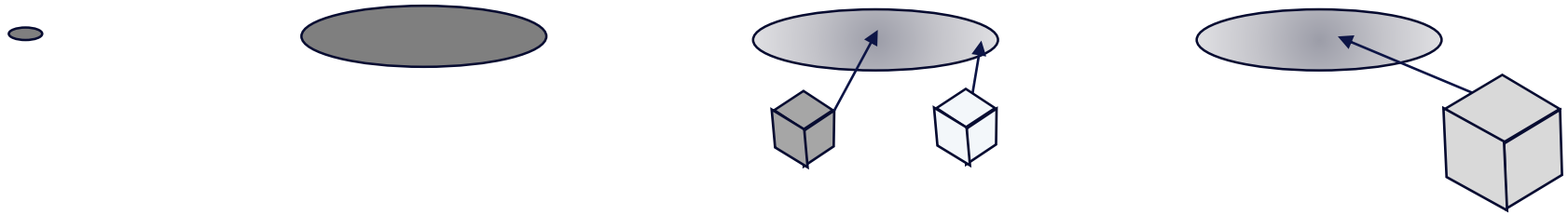
... to explain observed beam behavior or predict it

Start-to-End Simulations

- Simulate many (macro-)particles
 - In extreme cases 1:1 with real bunch (6×10^9 for 1 nC)
- Take all electromagnetic fields into account
 - External: Magnets, cavities
 - Internal: Space charge, coherent synchrotron radiation (CSR), intra-beam scattering
 - Wake fields, CSR shielding
- Tradeoff between accuracy and calculation speed
 - Use adaptive 2D and 3D grids (particle-in-cell approach) instead of particle-to-particle interaction



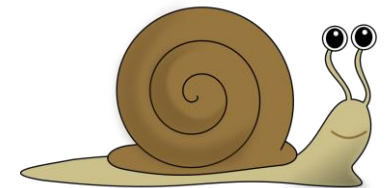
More Particles Reveal More Physics



Particles	1	$\sim 10^3$	$\sim 10^6$	$\sim 10^9$
Effects	Orbit tracking	6D (non-)linear optics: Bunch envelope, emittance growth, dynamic aperture	Collective effects of 'continuous' distributions: Space charge, CSR, wake fields	Noise-driven effects: μ -bunching instability, intra-beam scattering, ISR
Code examples	MAD, PETROS	MAD, RACETRACK, elegant, ...	ASTRA, CsrTrack, Xtrack, Ocelot, ...	Impact-Z, ...

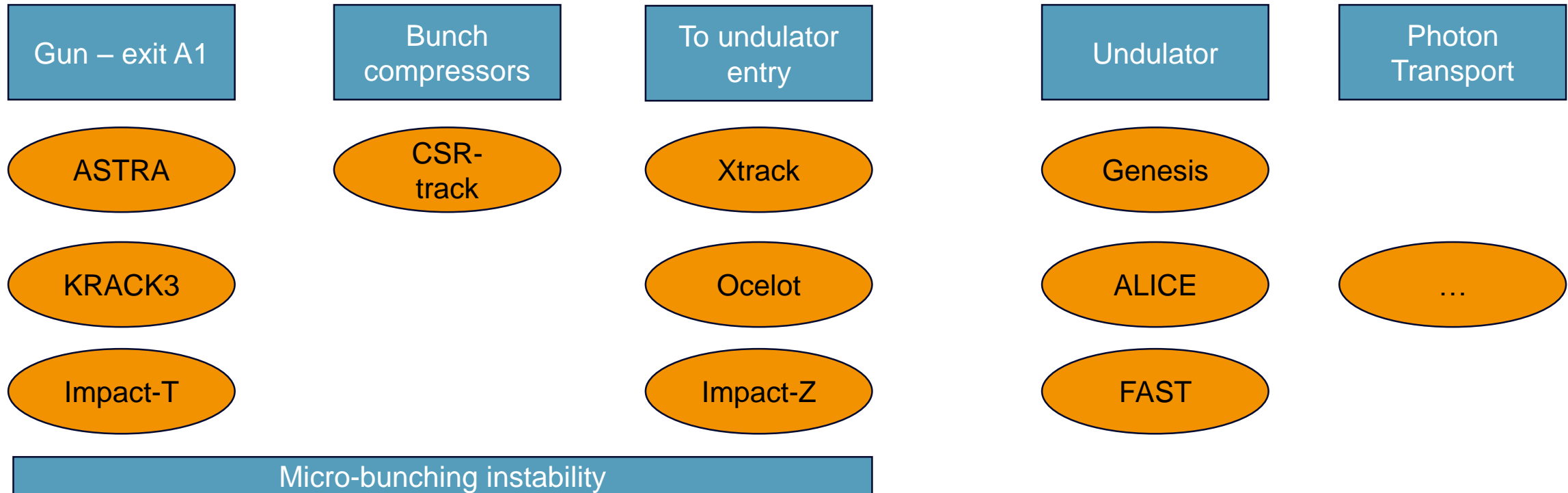


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Codes: Start-to-End Schemes for the European XFEL



■ Select code, method, grid by region (injector with $v \neq c$) and beam parameters (longitudinal spike after compression)

■ Expand and shrink particle numbers along the way without changing noise characteristics

Summary & Outlook

■ The **Virtual XFEL** allows us to ...

- test control system aspects: data throughput, timing, bunch pattern handling, naming conventions.
- develop and test GUI and display concepts.
- test high level & middle layer software before deploying it to the accelerator.
- simulate limited physics: single-particle trajectory & basic envelope

■ Ideas for upgrades:

- Multi-particle tracking
- Simulate (fake) FEL output to test FEL optimizer tools
- Use fast (ML?) models for collective effects etc.

■ Our **start-to-end simulations**...

- allow in-depth study of collective effects on the electron bunch.
- provide critical input for accelerator design and optimization.
- require time and, often, manual fine-tuning of parameters.

■ Outlook:

- More work on photon transport to experiments
- Integrate and benchmark against measurement results