

Neutron EDM Searches

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TUCAN Collaboration



TUCAN

PSI2022

Electric dipole moment, CP violation, and basic technique

- Hamiltonian of neutron in an EM field (non-relativistic limit)

$$H = -\mu_n \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{B} - \underbrace{d_n \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{E}}_{\mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{CP}}$$

- Experiment: precise measurement of neutron spin precession frequency to determine d_n

$$\hbar\omega = 2\mu_n B \pm 2d_n E$$

- Statistical uncertainty:

$$\sigma_{d_n} = \frac{\hbar}{2\alpha E T \sqrt{N}}$$

Precision frequency
measurement requiring
lots of neutrons

Is the neutron EDM relevant any more?

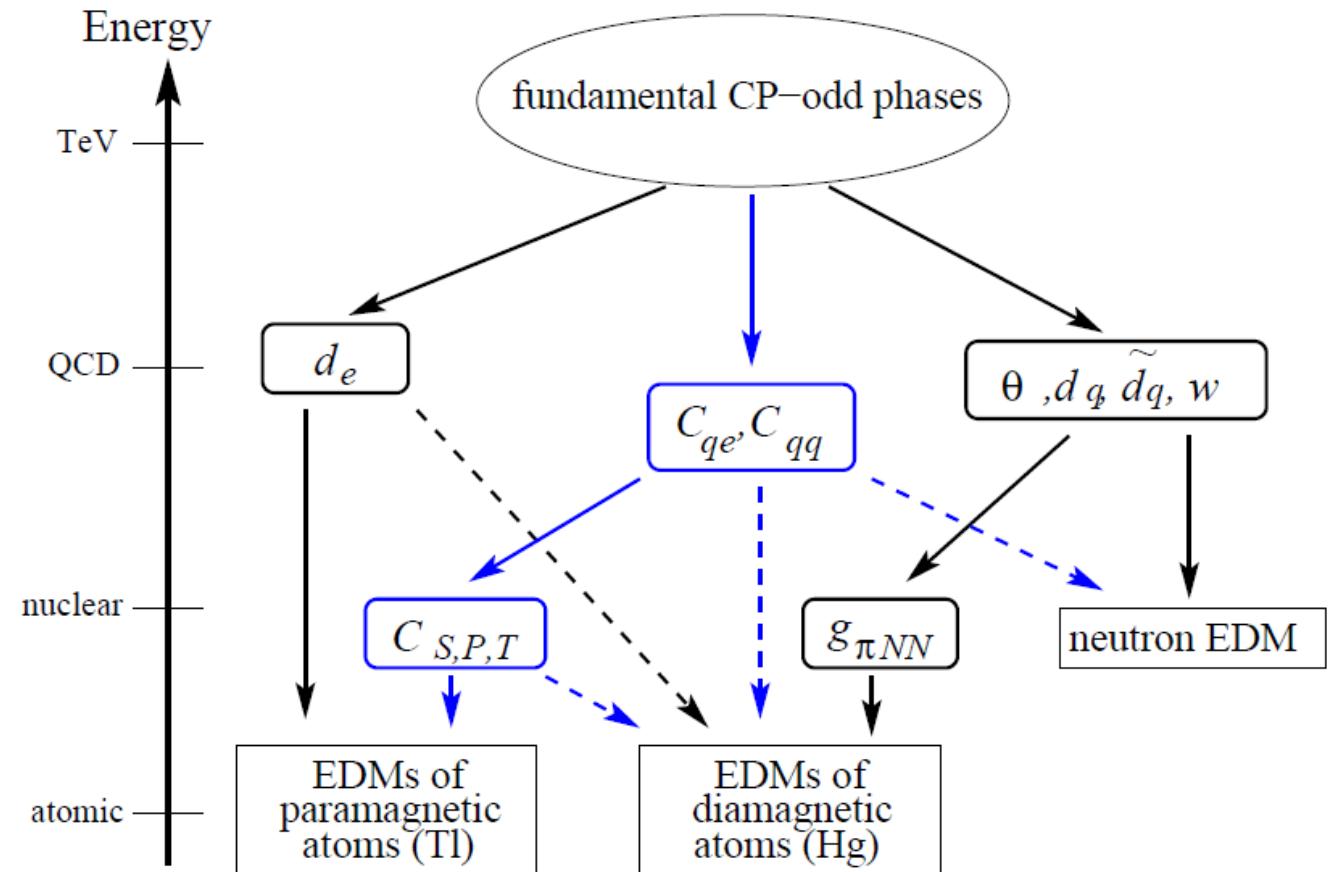
$d_e < 1.1 \times 10^{-29}$ e-cm
(ACME ThO)

A. Vutha
presentation

$d_n < 1.8 \times 10^{-26}$ e-cm
(PSI nEDM)

$d_n < 1.6 \times 10^{-26}$ e-cm
(U. Wash ^{199}Hg)

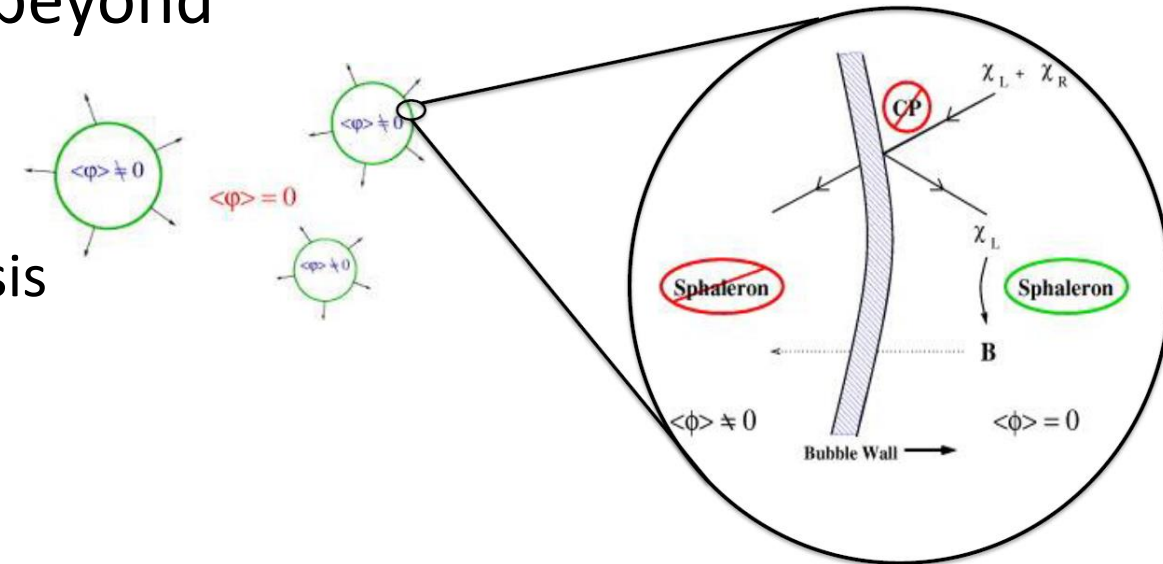
Yes! Theories...



- Figure: M. Pospelov & A. Ritz, Ann. Phys. **318**, 119 (2005).
- See also: J. Engel, M. Ramsey-Musolf, U. van Kolck, Prog. in Part. and Nucl. Phys. **71**, 21 (2013).
T. Chupp, P. Fierlinger, M. Ramsey-Musolf, and J. Singh, Rev. Mod. Phys. **91**, 015001 (2019). 3

Physics of Neutron Electric Dipole Moment

- Search for new sources of CP violation beyond the standard model.
- Motivated by:
 - New physics for (electroweak) baryogenesis
 - SUSY CP problem / new TeV-scale physics
 - Strong CP problem / Peccei-Quinn, axions
 - Other new physics scenarios



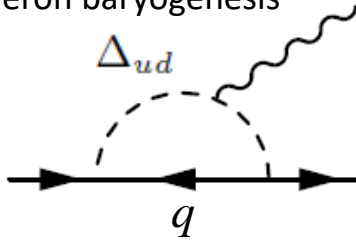
Adapted from Morrissey &
Ramsey-Musolf New J. Phys. 2012

Theoretical progress (examples)

Themes:

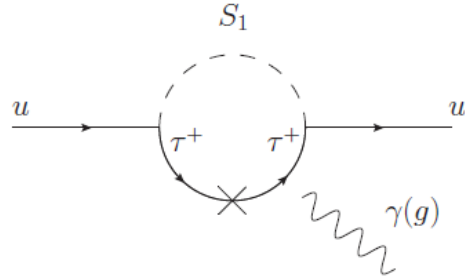
- Baryogenesis (especially EWBG)
- New CP violation beyond SM
- Strong CP problem, axions

New scalar predicted by post-sphaleron baryogenesis



N.F. Bell, et al. PRD 99, 015034 (2019)

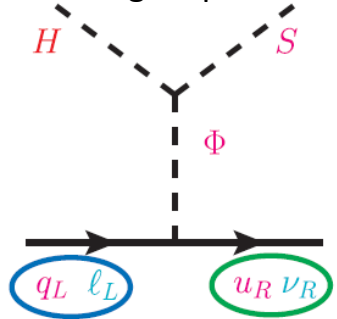
Scalar leptoquark



V. Cirigliano, et al. PRL 123, 051801 (2019)

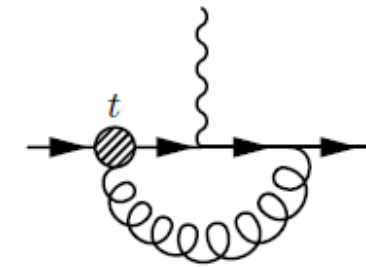
A. Crivellin and F. Saturnino, PRD 100, 115014 (2019)

See-saw mechanism ν and strong CP problem



M. Carena, et al. PRD 100, 094018 (2019)

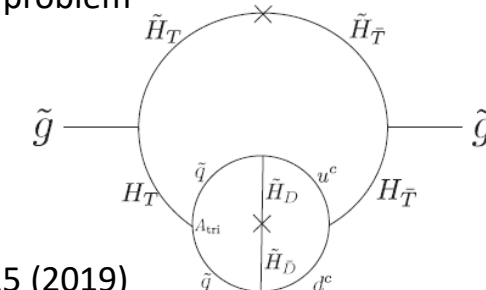
Quark (C)EDM, SMEFT, LEFT



P. Stoffer presentation

E. Mereghetti et al. JHEP04(2022)050

Grand unified parity solution to strong CP problem



Y. Mimura, et al. PRD 99, 115025 (2019)

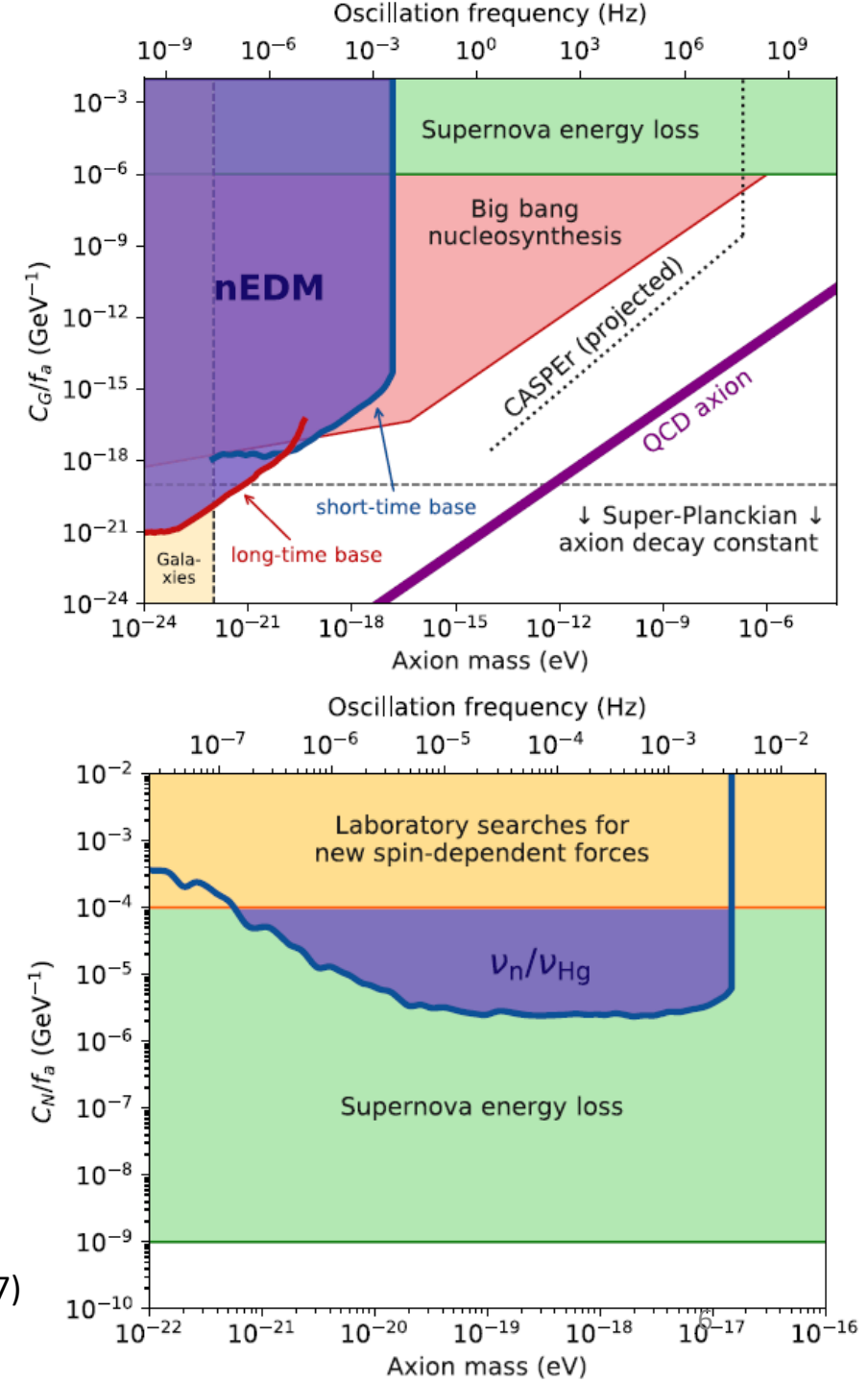
Feebly Interacting Particles

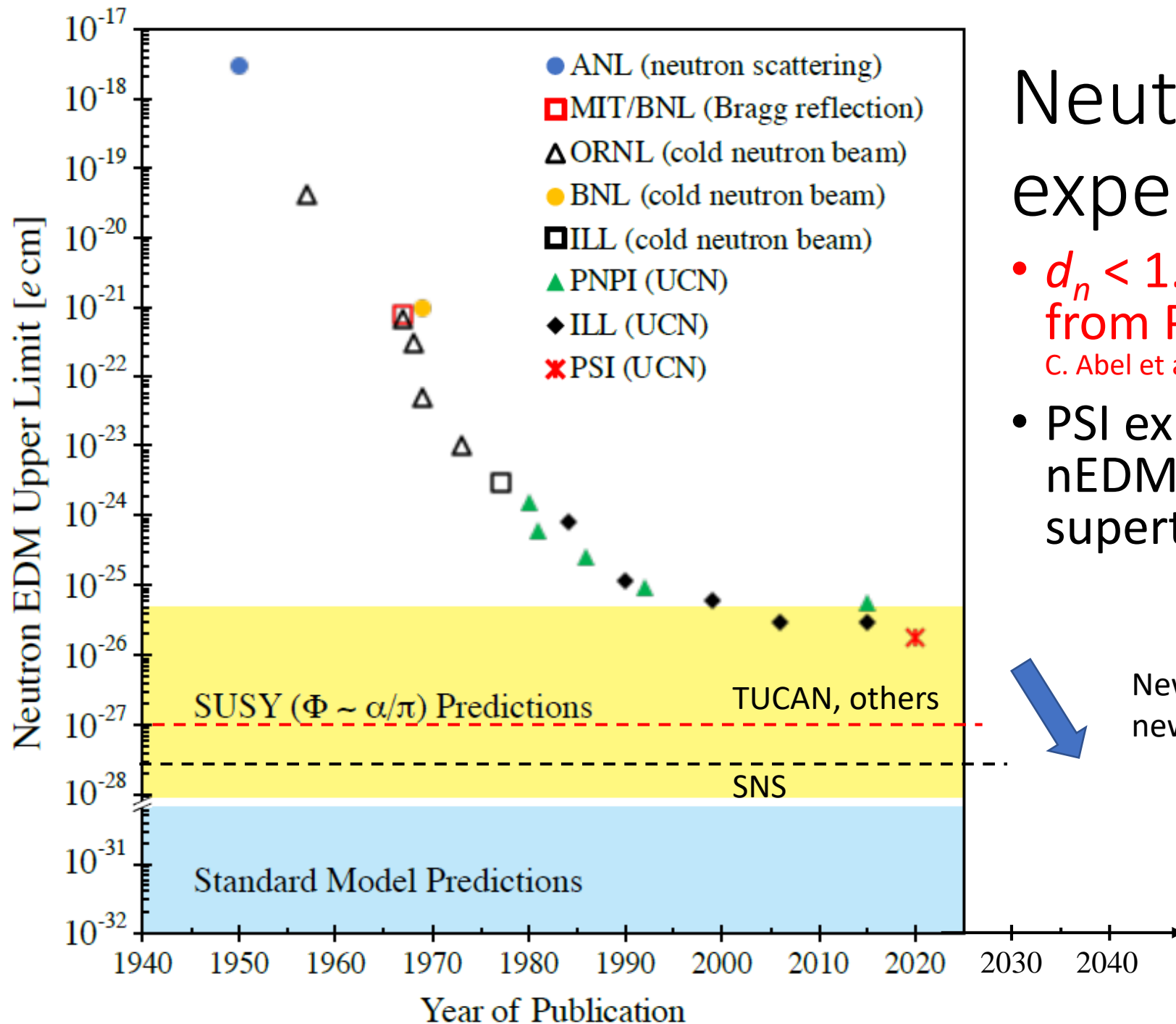
- The neutron EDM was the original “evidence” for the axion, Peccei-Quinn symmetry.
- Recently: time-dependence of EDM’s via oscillating axion field. $a = a_0 \cos m_a t$

$$d_n(t) \approx +2.4 \times 10^{-16} \frac{C_G a_0}{f_a} \cos(m_a t) \text{ e cm}$$

- Precision clock comparison (axion-like particles, Lorentz violation, background cosmic field, ...)
- Also: mirror neutrons, ...

C. Abel et al. PRX 7, 041034 (2017)





Neutron EDM – experimental status

- $d_n < 1.8 \times 10^{-26} e \text{ cm}$ (90% C.L.)
from PSI experiment

C. Abel et al., PRL 124, 081803 (2020)

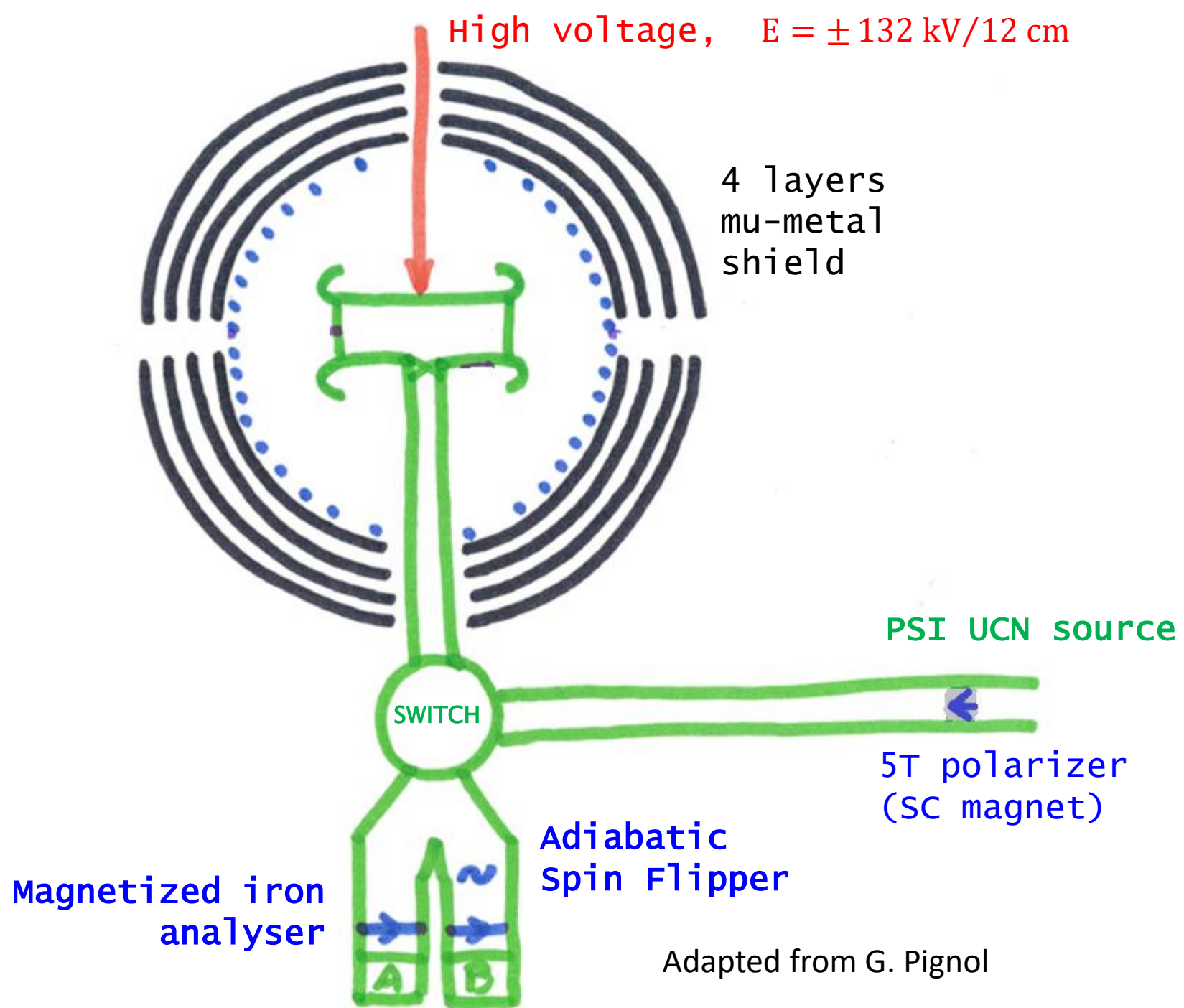
- PSI experiment was the first nEDM measurement to use a superthermal UCN source

New UCN source technology,
new techniques

Many groups pursuing
 $10^{-27} e \text{ cm}$ measurement
as next step, including
TUCAN

How these experiments work

- Guide polarized ultracold neutrons (UCN) into a bottle.
- Initiate precession in combined E and B fields.
- After ~ 100 s, drain UCN from bottle and measure accrued phase.
- Repeat, occasionally reversing direction of E



Adapted from G. Pignol

Budget of systematic errors

TABLE I. Summary of systematic effects in 10^{-28} e.cm. The first three effects are treated within the crossing-point fit and are included in d_{\times} . The additional effects below that are considered separately.

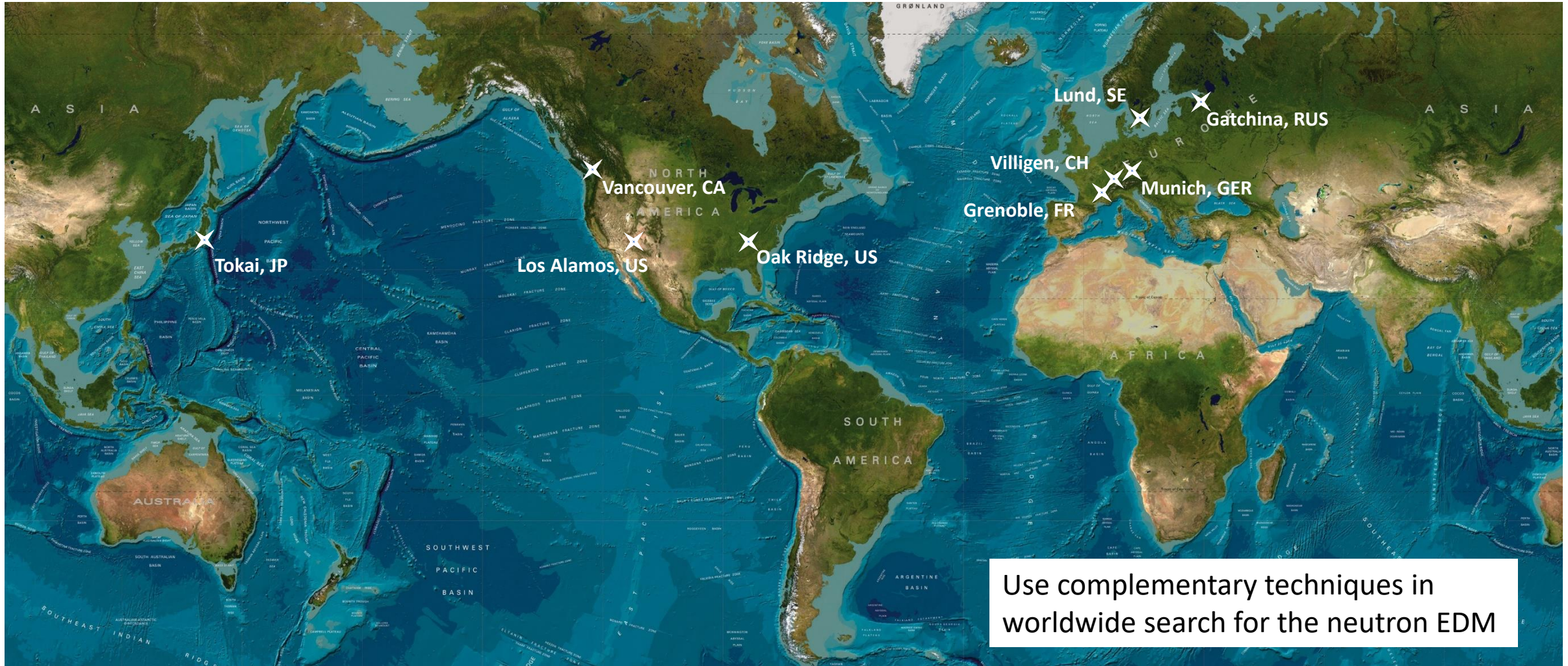
Effect	Shift	Error
Error on $\langle z \rangle$...	7
Higher-order gradients \hat{G}	69	10
Transverse field correction $\langle B_T^2 \rangle$	0	5
Hg EDM [8]	-0.1	0.1
Local dipole fields	...	4
$v \times E$ UCN net motion	...	2
Quadratic $v \times E$...	0.1
Uncompensated G drift	...	7.5
Mercury light shift	...	0.4
Inc. scattering ^{199}Hg	...	7
TOTAL	69	18

Leading systematics associated with B-field uniformity

Control of spurious E-B correlations with an array of Cesium magnetometers

from G. Pignol

Ongoing/Planned Neutron EDM Experiments



Ongoing/Planned Neutron EDM Experiments

- n2EDM@PSI
- PanEDM (ILL/Munich)
- LANL nEDM
- TUCAN (Japan/Canada)
- ILL/PNPI/Gatchina
- nEDM@SNS
- BeamEDM at ILL/ESS
- J-PARC crystal

spallation so-D₂

reactor He-II

spallation so-D₂

spallation He-II

reactor He-II

He-II source/experiment

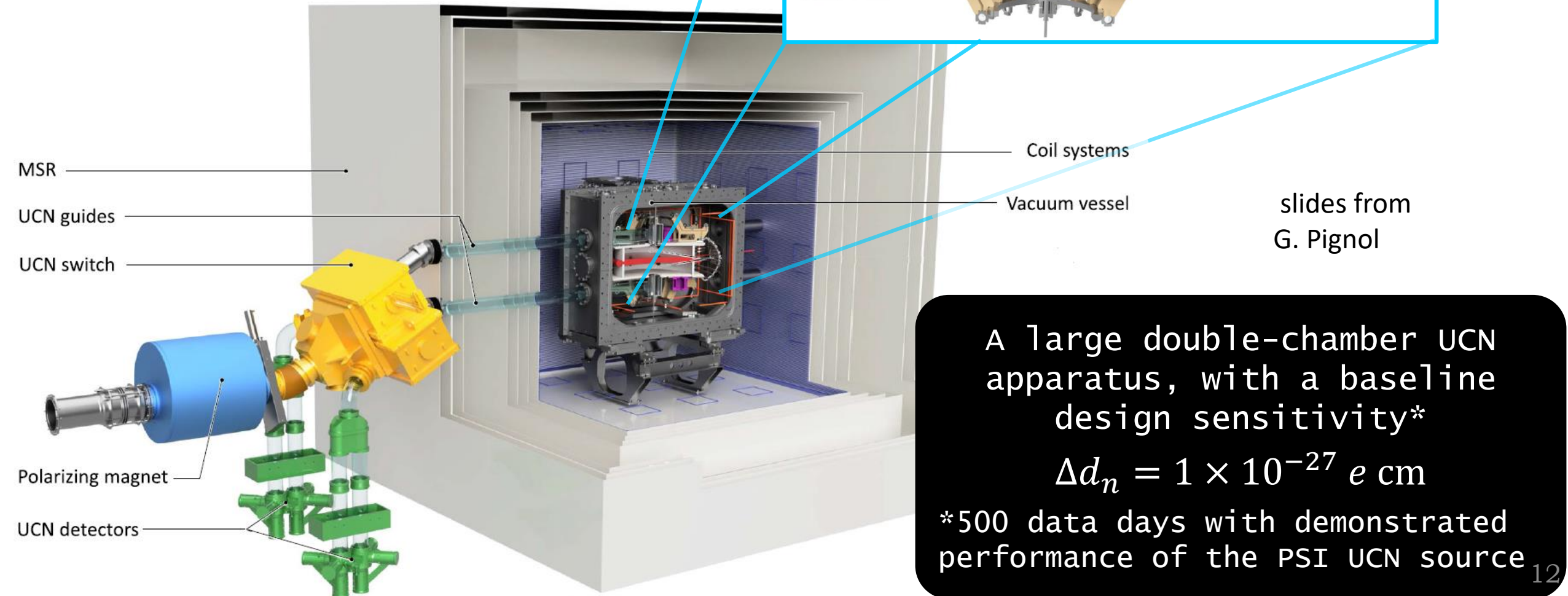
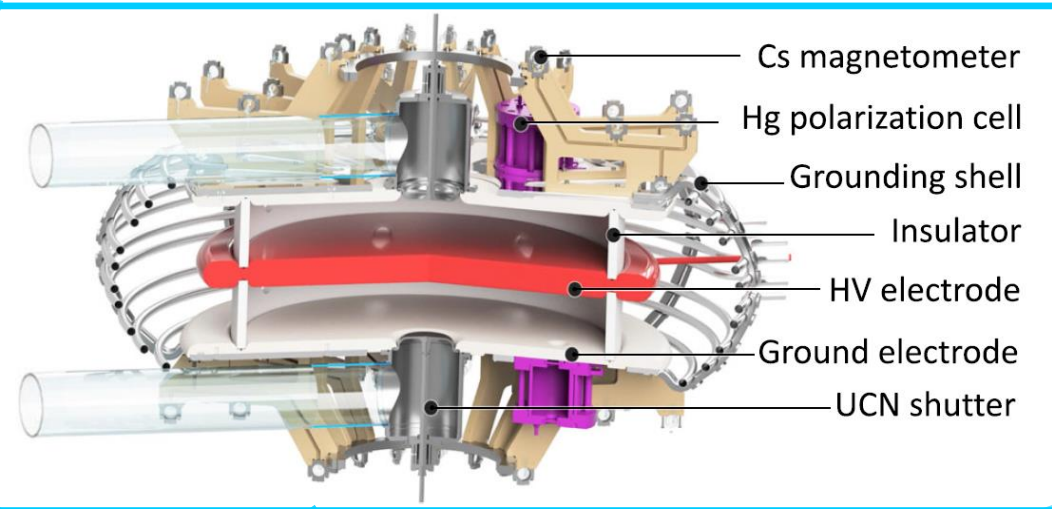
intense neutron beam

high E in crystal

UCN

CN

The design of the n2EDM experiment,
nEDM collaboration, EPJC (2021)



A large double-chamber UCN apparatus, with a baseline design sensitivity*

$$\Delta d_n = 1 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e cm}$$

*500 data days with demonstrated performance of the PSI UCN source

n2EDM progress and schedule

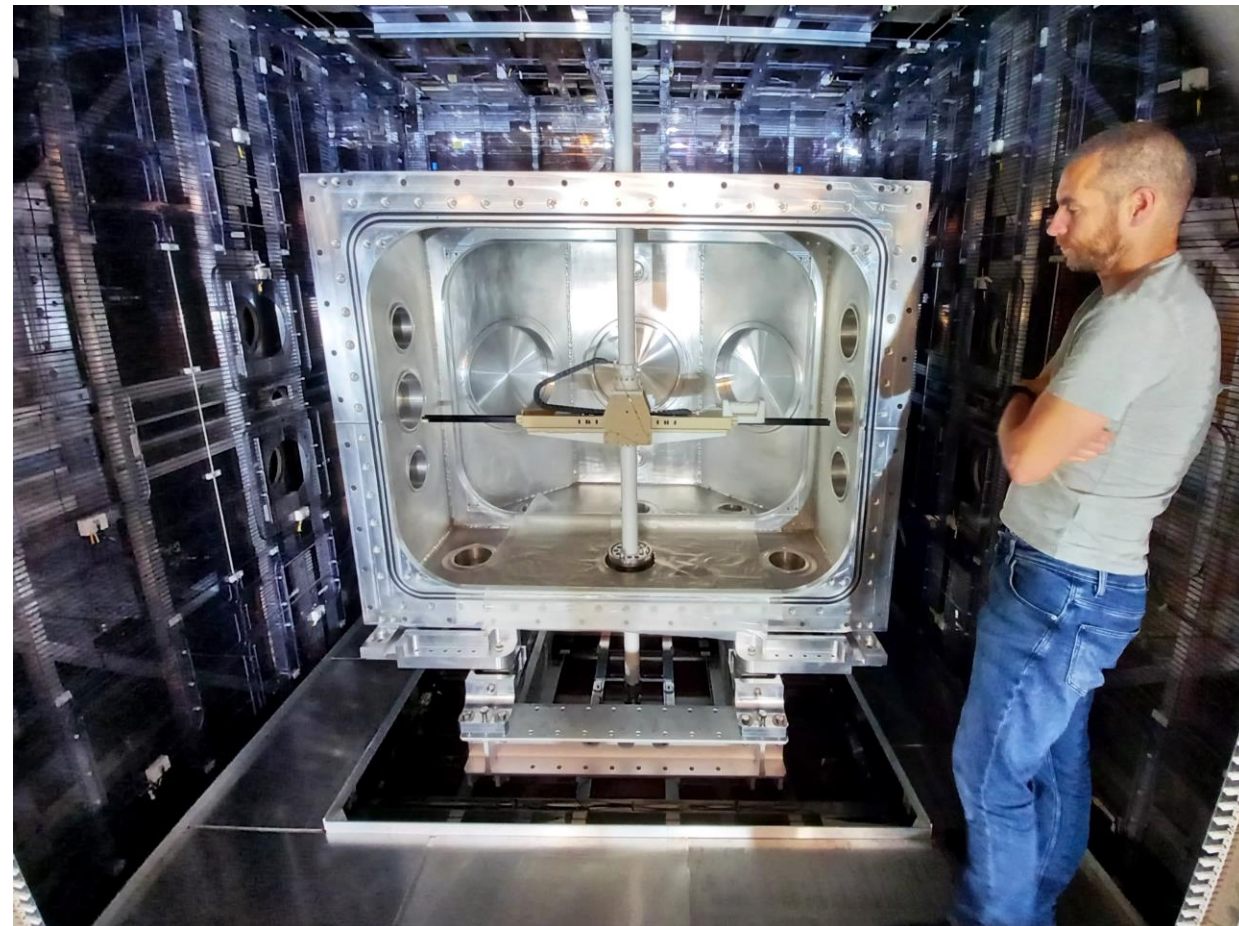
n2EDM@PSI



2020: Commissioning of the MSR
[The very large n2EDM magnetically shielded room, nEDM collaboration, Rev. Sci. Instrum. \(2022\)](#)

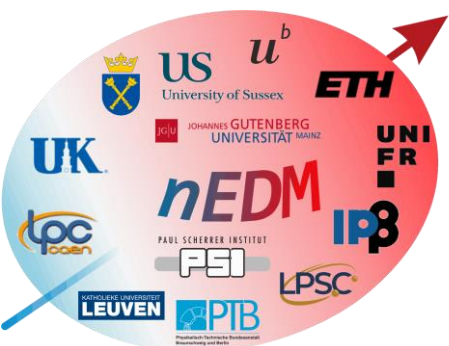
2021-2022: Magnetic commissioning
B0 coil installation, field mapping

2022-2023: UCN commissioning
Detectors, UCN transport, Ramsey chambers,
high voltage
=> apparatus ready for data taking



view inside the n2EDM magnetically shielded room during the installation of the field mapper in the vacuum vessel

J. Thorne
presentation

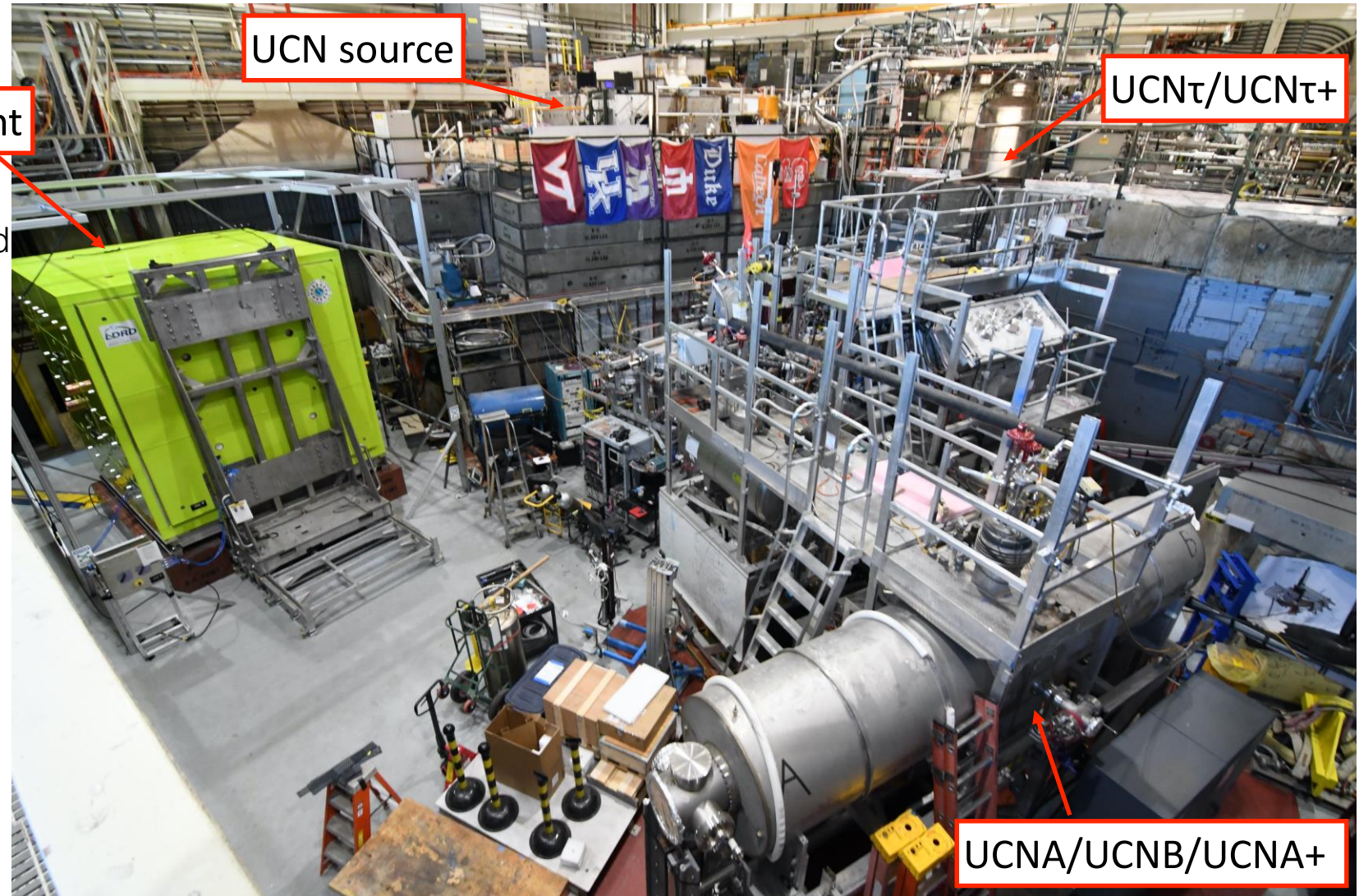


LANL UCN Experimental Hall

New nEDM experiment

- Successfully upgraded LANL UCN source has demonstrated the UCN density required for an nEDM experiment with $\delta d_n \sim O(10^{-27})$ ecm
- Venue for the US nEDM community to obtain physics results, albeit less sensitive, in a shorter time scale with much less cost while development for the SNS nEDM experiment continues.
- Based on the measured stored polarized UCN density, we expect to achieve a statistical sensitivity of 2×10^{-27} ecm in one live-year of running.

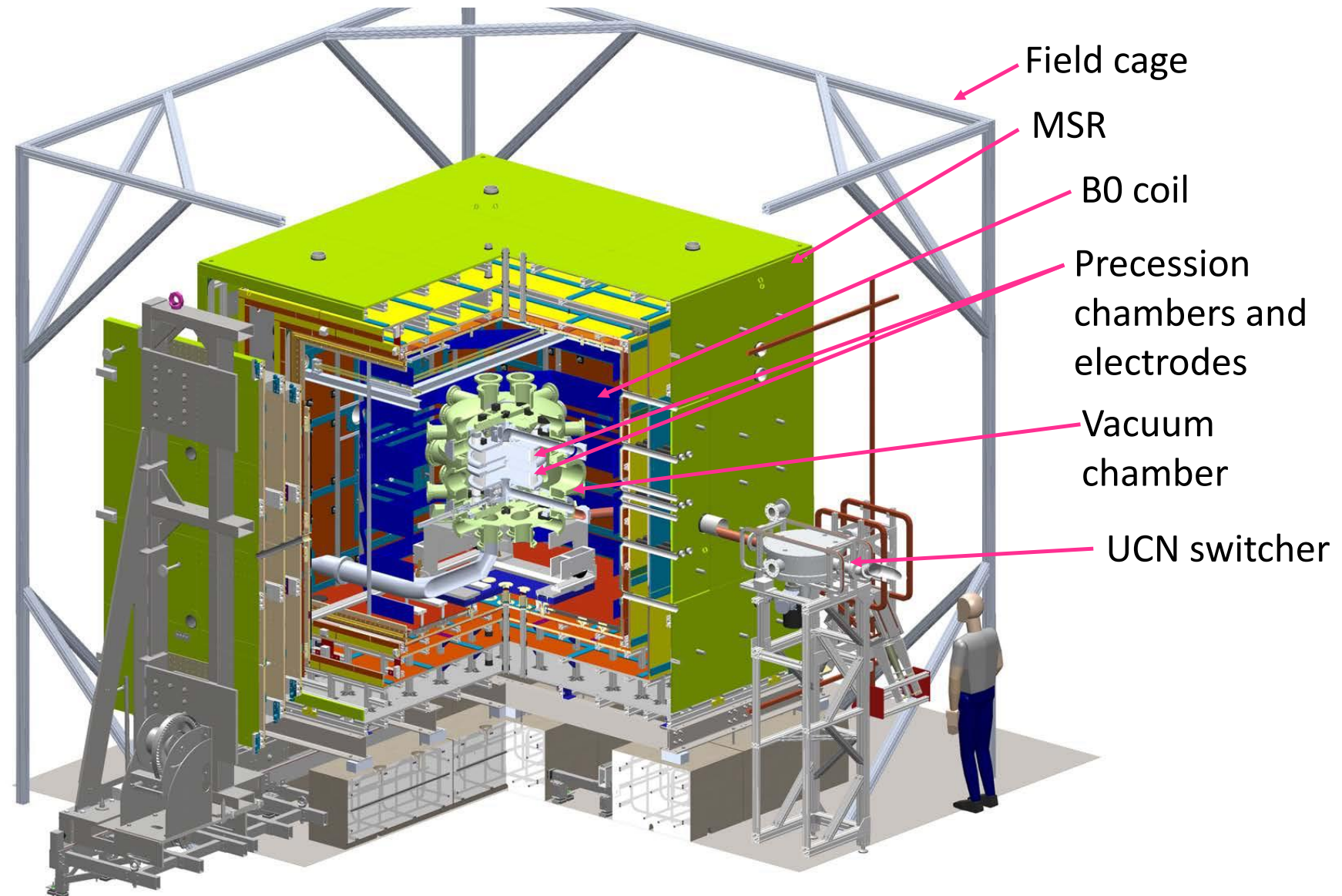
slides from
T. Ito



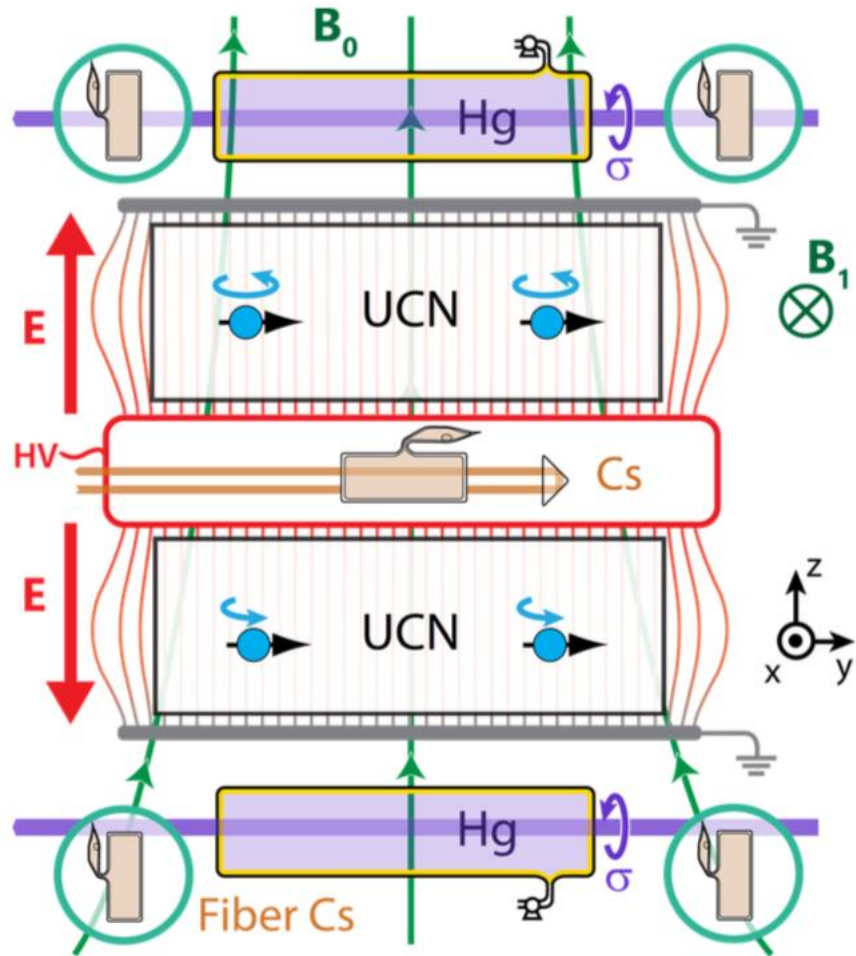
LANL nEDM experiment

- MSR has been installed. It has been shown to meet the specs on both the shielding factor (10^5 @ 0.01 Hz) and the residual field ($\lesssim 0.5$ nT).
- Currently assembling the precession chambers and UCN valves.
- Plan to start engineering run in CY2022.

D. Wong
presentation

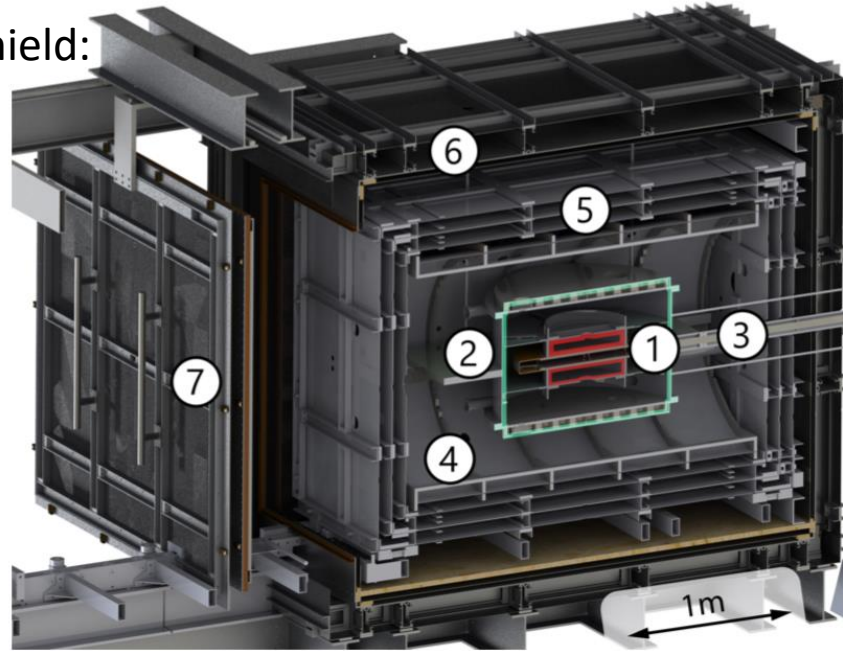


The PanEDM Experiment



- Double chamber Ramsey experiment at room temperature
 - ¹⁹⁹Hg magnetometers with few fT resolution
 - Cs magnetometers also at HV
 - Magnetic shield with SF 6.10⁶ at 1 mHz
 - Simultaneous spin detection
 - SuperSUN UCN source at ILL
- Two stages –
- 1: unpolarized UCN with 80 neV peak
 - 2: polarized UCN, magnetic storage

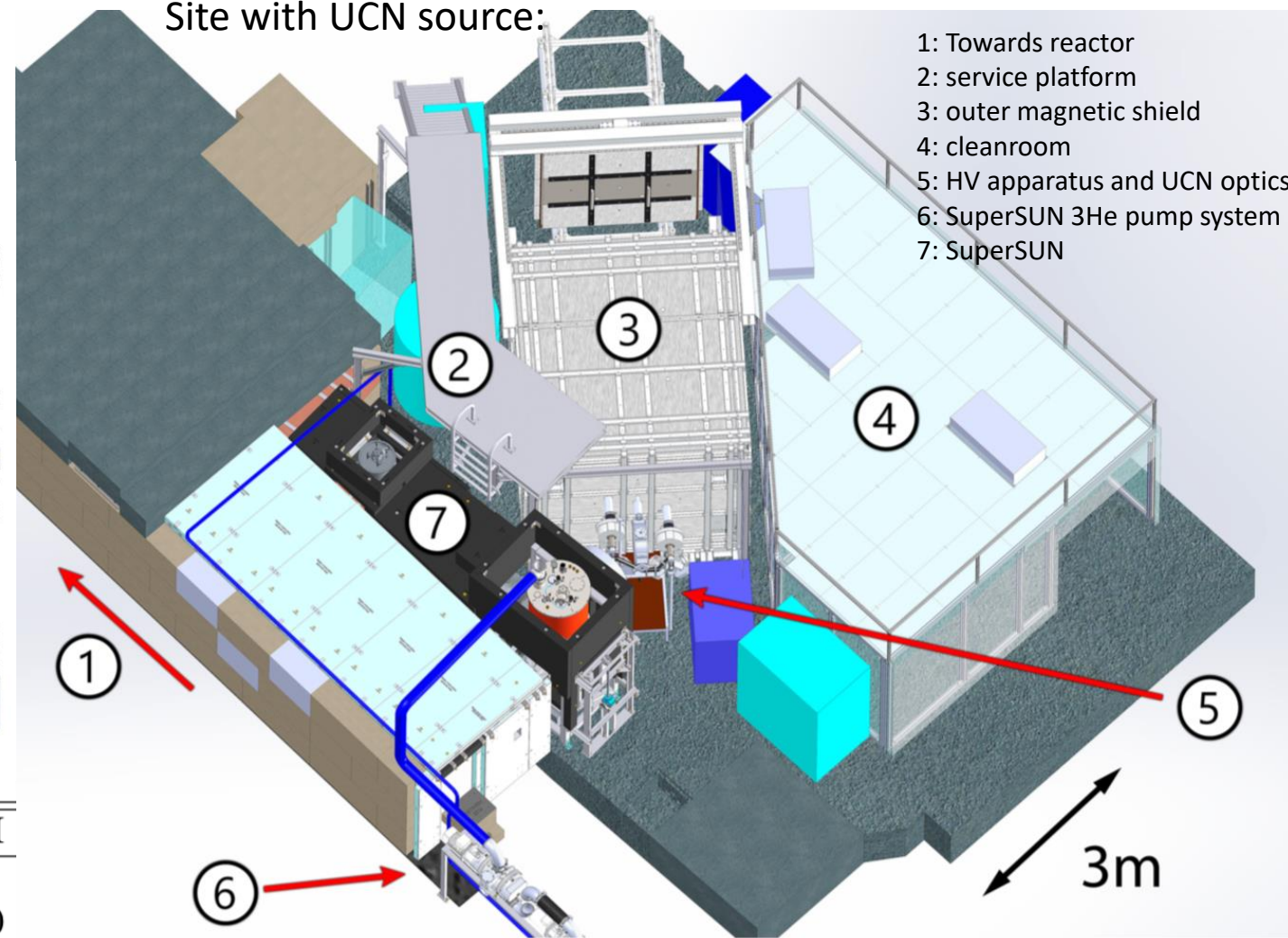
Magnetic shield:



Statistical sensitivity:

SuperSUN	Phase I
Saturated source density [cm^{-3}]	330
Diluted density [cm^{-3}]	63
Density in cells [cm^{-3}]	3.9
PanEDM Sensitivity [1σ, e cm]	
Per run	5.5×10^{-25}
Per day	3.8×10^{-26}
Per 100 days	3.8×10^{-27}

Site with UCN source:

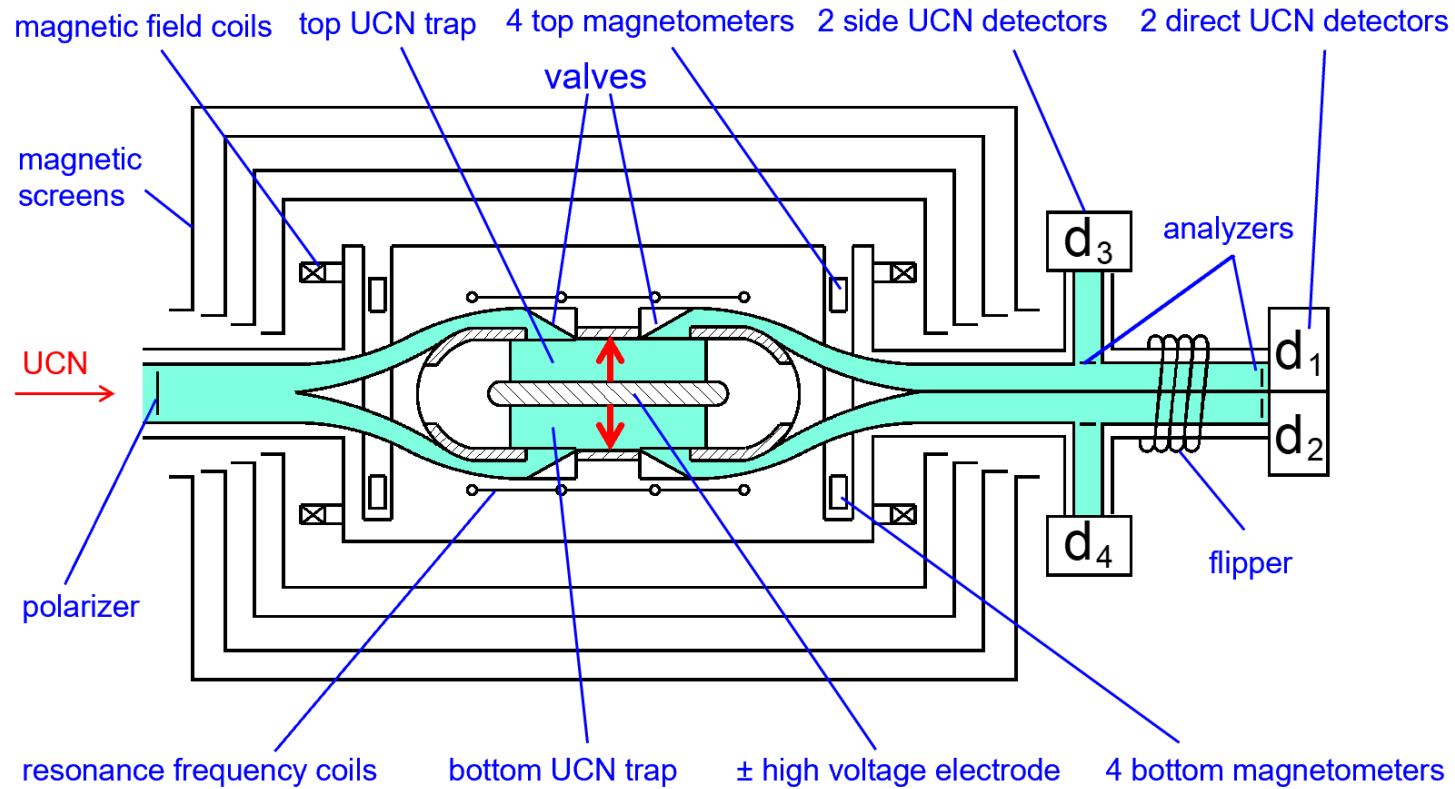


- 1: Towards reactor
- 2: service platform
- 3: outer magnetic shield
- 4: cleanroom
- 5: HV apparatus and UCN optics
- 6: SuperSUN 3He pump system
- 7: SuperSUN

Systematic effects:

- Geometric phase effect: well controlled magnetic field
- No comagnetometer: we estimate overall better performance without in phase I, given extremely stable magnetic background

ILL/PNPI

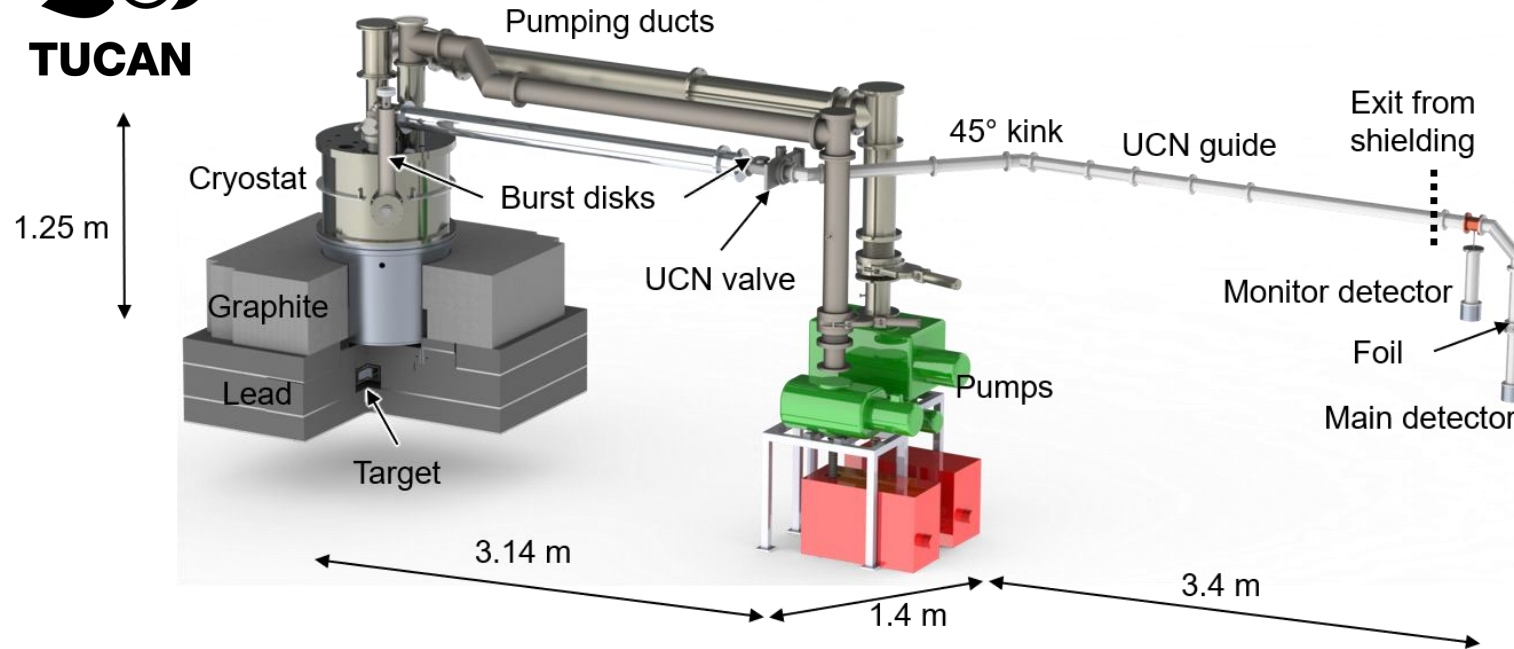


Spectrometer used

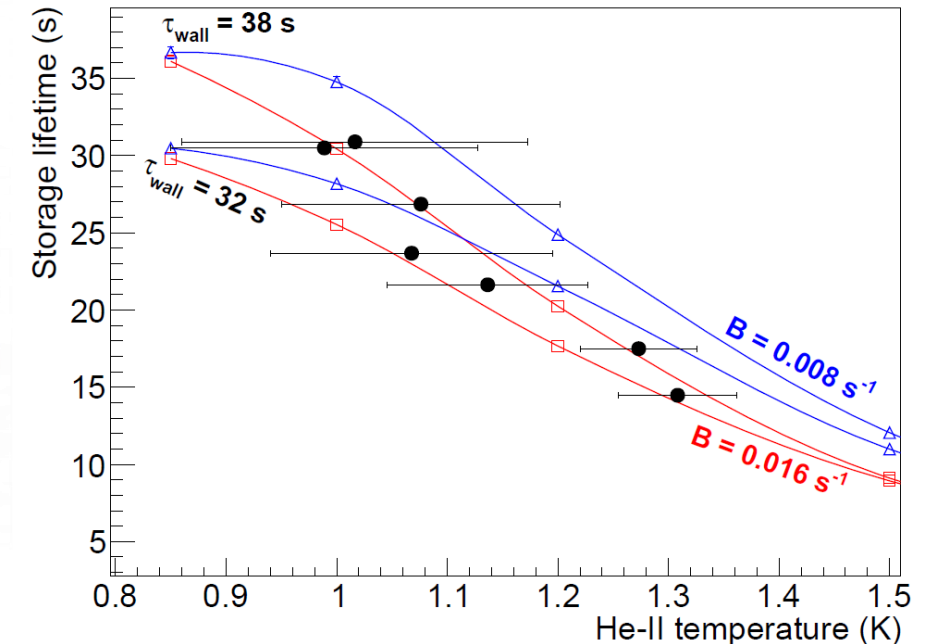
- 1985 – 1996 at PNPI
- 2008 – 2013 at ILL
- Plan to move to PNPI (Gatchina) to a new He-II UCN source

Adapted from A. Serebrov

Previous “Vertical” UCN Source at TRIUMF

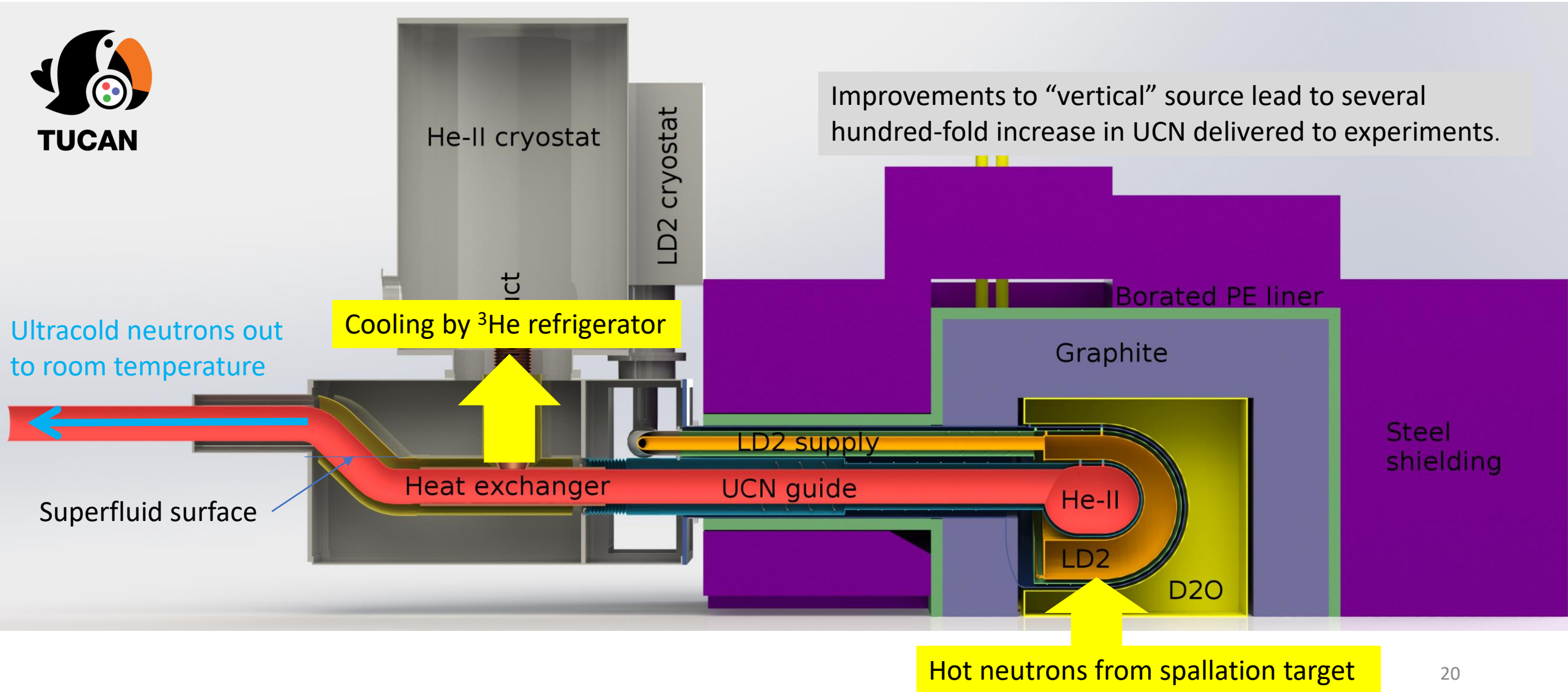


S. Ahmed *et al.* (TUCAN Collaboration)
PRC **99**, 025503 (2019)

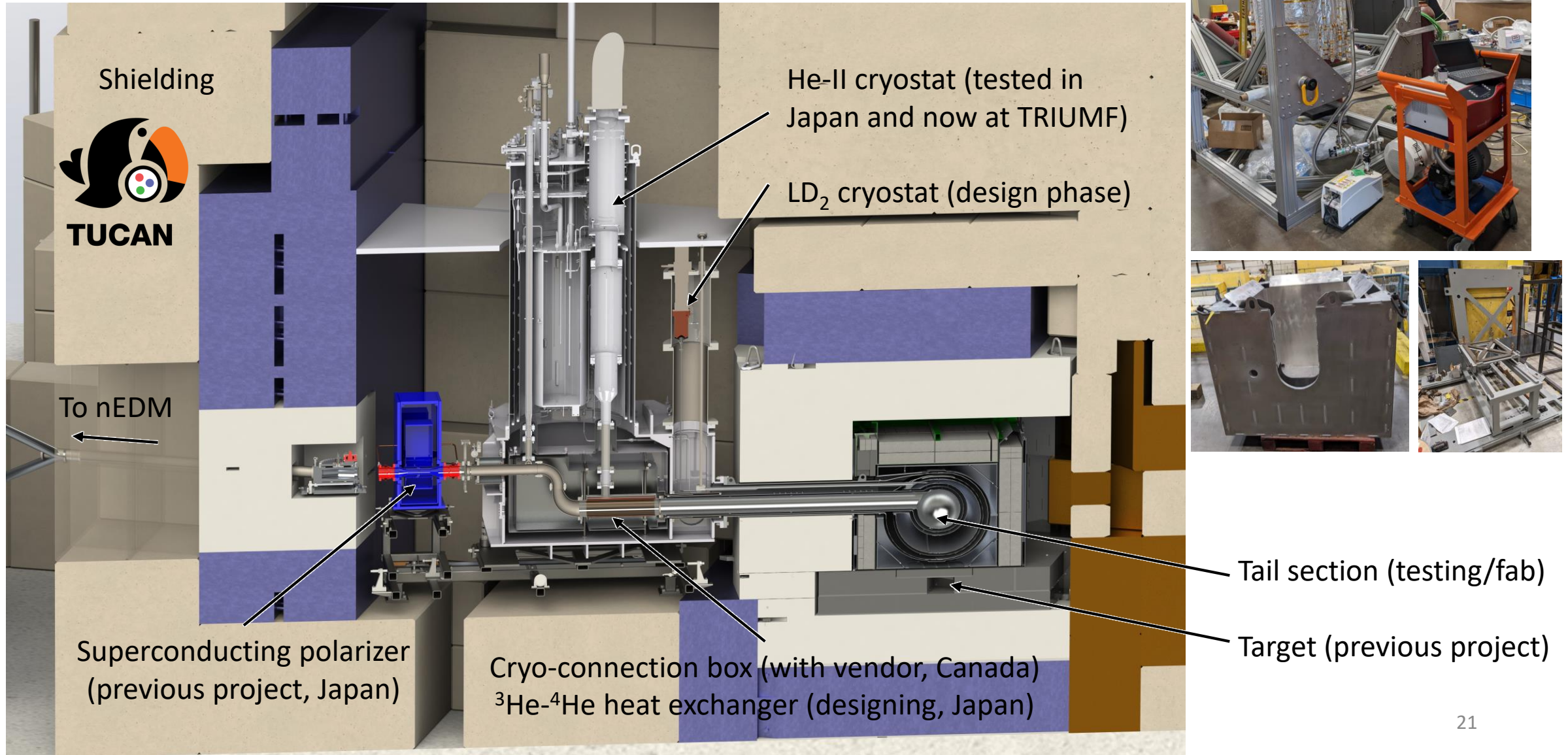


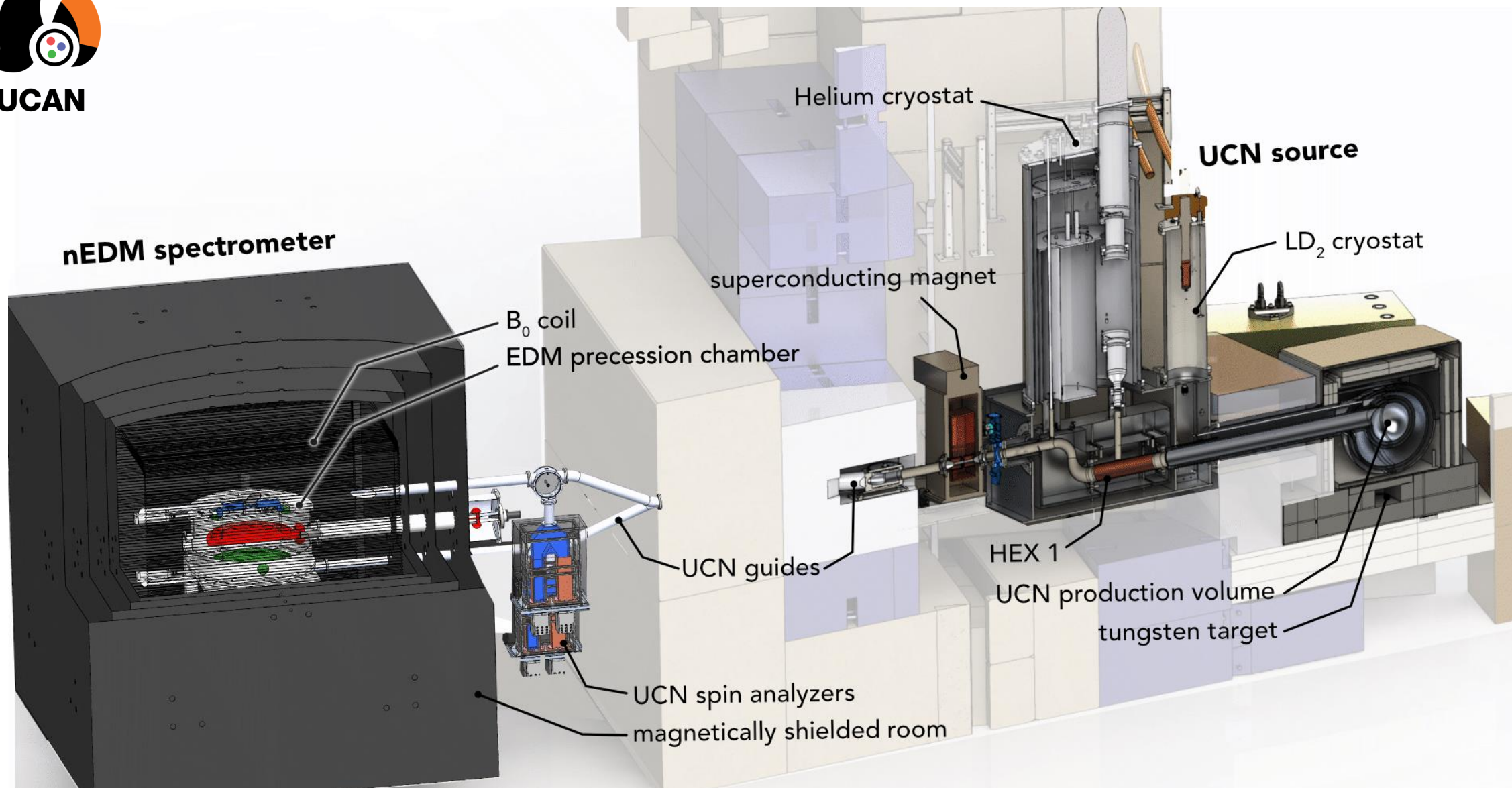
- Operated from 2017-2019 at TRIUMF, then decommissioned to make way for upgrade.
- In preparation (Phys. Rev. C): new data that collapses the horizontal error bars on this plot (~ 10 mK).
- Allows extraction of the parameters describing the interaction of UCN with phonons in the He-II.

Ongoing upgrade: Next generation He-II cryostat (the “horizontal source”)



Horizontal source status





TUCAN recent progress and plans

- Recent progress:
 - Completion & commissioning of dedicated spallation beamline BL1U
 - Install & Operation of prototype UCN source with successful beam times 2017/2018/2019
 - Design, construction & first testing of new UCN source cryostat; installation at TRIUMF in progress (2022-2023)
 - Installation of Magnetically Shielded Room for nEDM experiment in progress
- Timeline:
 - 2024 UCN production with new TUCAN source
 - 2025 Readiness for nEDM data taking
- Initial goal to demonstrate 10^{-27} ecm capability

T. Higuchi
presentation

Overview of nEDM@SNS

Experiment under construction at the Spallation Neutron Source at Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Based on the pioneering concept of
R. Golub and S. K. Lamoreaux,
Phys. Rept. 237, 1 (1994)

0.5 K Superfluid ^4He Environment

In-situ UCN production (8.9 Å cold beam)

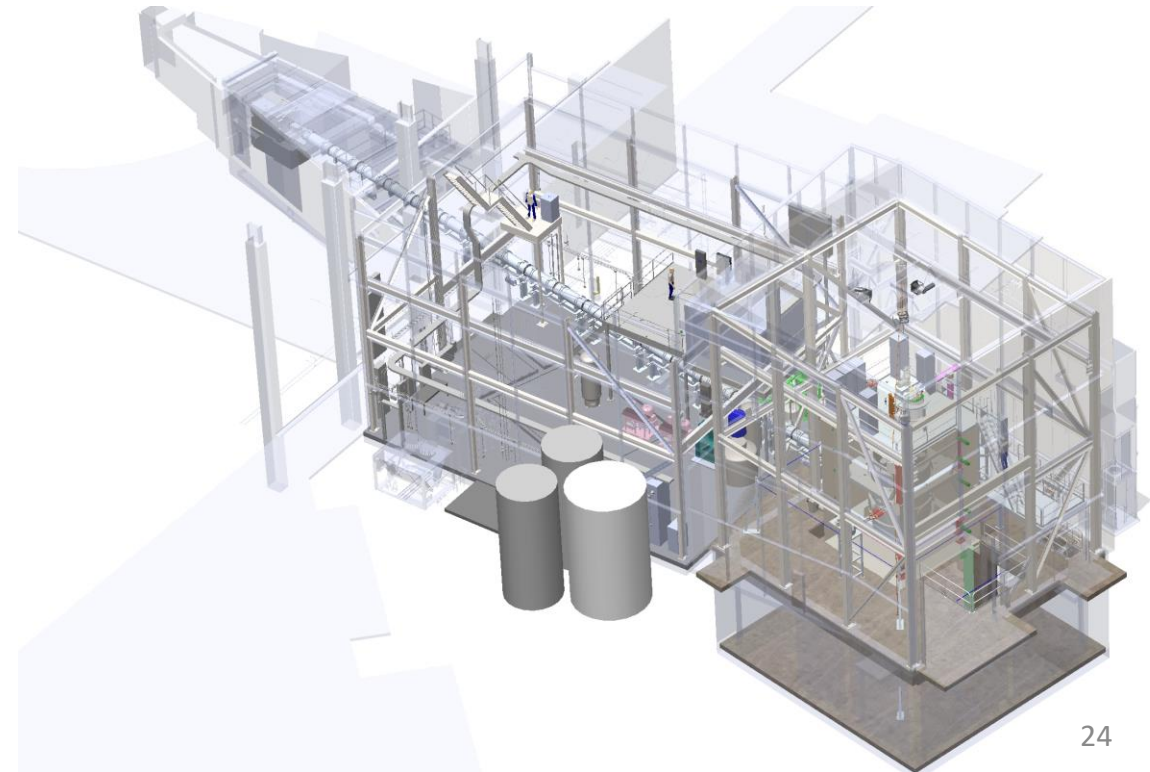
Dilute mixture of polarized ^3He as
co-magnetometer and spin analyzer

Large electric field breakdown strength

Projected 90% CL Sensitivity

“Free Precession”: 5.7×10^{-28} e-cm

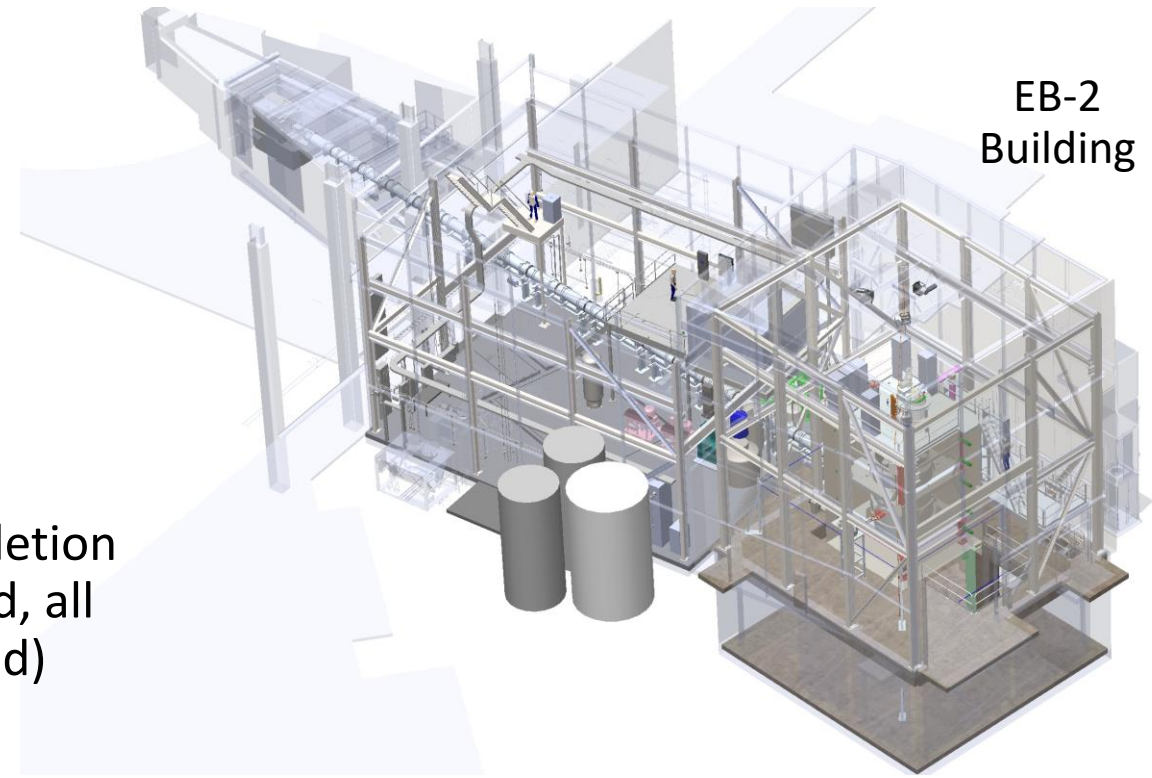
“Dressed Spin”: 2.9×10^{-28} e-cm



Experiment Timeline

Rigorous project management process in place with hands-on oversight by the funding agencies (DOE and NSF) and review panels

Most recent bottom-up schedule update projects completion of the project in late-2027 (i.e., apparatus commissioned, all performance parameters on previous slide demonstrated)



EB-2
Building

However, this schedule assumed construction of the EB-2 Building starting in 2023

B. Plaster
presentation

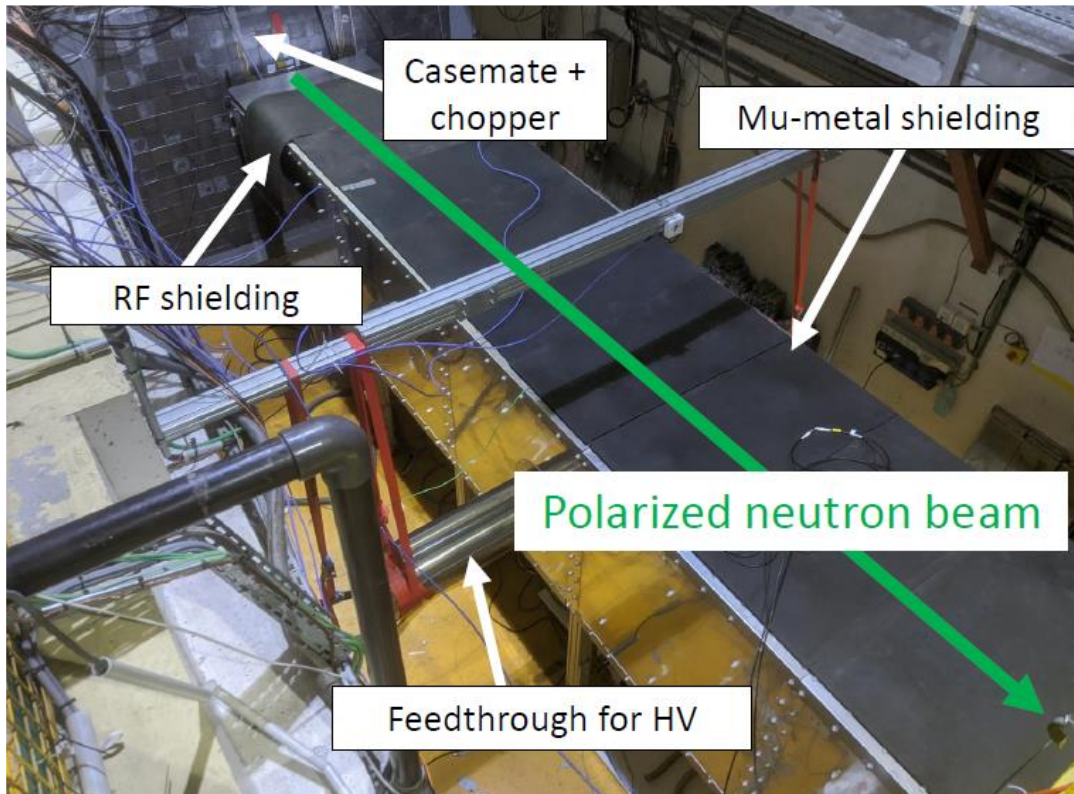
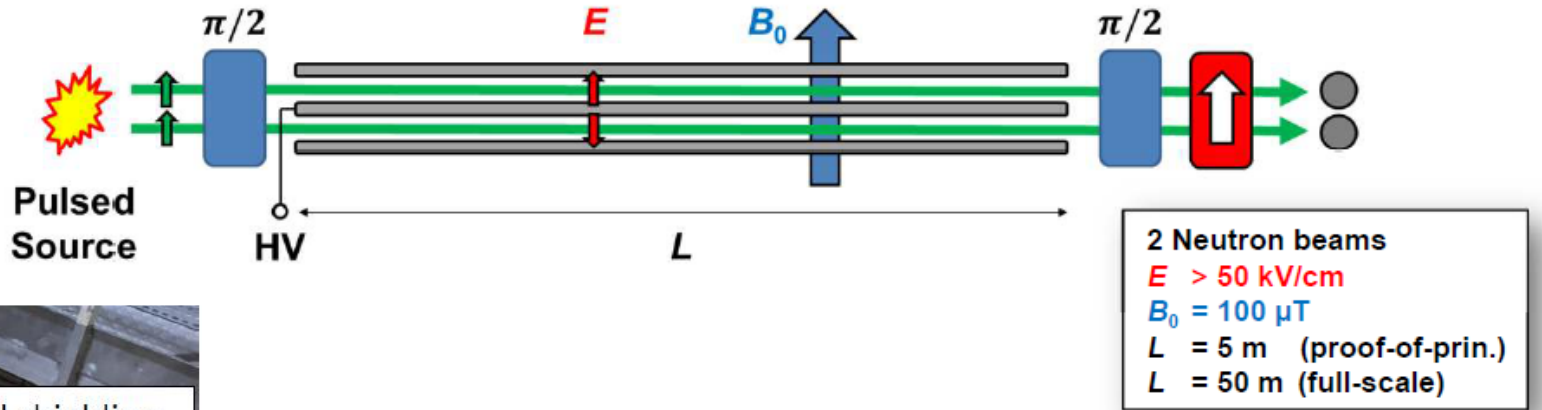
We are now planning, in close communication with the funding agencies, for construction of the EB-2 Building to start in 2024. We are currently evaluating the impact of this delay to the EB-2 construction on the overall schedule for project completion.

BeamEDM @ ILL/ESS

Many more neutrons, higher E

$$\vec{B}_{v \times E} = -\frac{\vec{v} \times \vec{E}}{c^2} \rightarrow \text{False EDM}$$

SIDE VIEW



- First EDM measurements at ILL
- Most recent run in 2020
- Full-scale apparatus envisioned for ESS

A. Fratangelo
poster

Conclusions

- Strong physics interest with tight constraint placed on CP violation.
 - nEDM offers a particularly strong constraint when new physics couples to quarks/gluons.
 - Highly competitive field with many new ideas, technologies.
 - Community holds nEDM workshops every 2-4 years
 - October 2017: Harrison Hot Springs, BC <http://nedm2017.triumf.ca>
 - February 2021: Ecole des Houches (virtual) <https://lpsc-indico.in2p3.fr/event/2584>
 - November 2023: Santa Fe, NM
- Next generation of experiments aims at 10^{-27} e-cm uncertainty, order of magnitude improvement mostly arising from UCN source increase.
- Experiments developing innovative techniques to achieve 10^{-28} e-cm.

Thanks

- G. Pignol (U. Grenoble Alpes), B. Lauss (PSI), J. Thorne (Bern), T. Ito (LANL), C.-Y. Liu (UIUC), B. Filippone (Caltech), B. Plaster (U. Kentucky), P. Fierlinger (TUM), S. Degenkolb (ILL), A. Serebrov (PNPI)
- My collaborators in TUCAN (esp. R. Picker, B. Franke, S. Kawasaki, and T. Higuchi)
- My funding agencies: Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council Canada (NSERC), Canada Foundation for Innovation (CFI), and Canada Research Chairs (CRC).