



Towards a unified BEC for SLS 2.0



What's a BEC?

Beamline (and) Experiment Control

"... the layer above the control system tasked with the orchestration of the data acquisition."



Source: CaSIT CDR





bluesky



Technical evaluation criteria

- Architecture
- User features and user perspective
- Hardware and DAQ support
- Stability and maintenance

Conceptual Design Report on Controls and Science IT for the SLS 2.0 Upgrade Project







BLISS Control and data architecture



Source: https://bliss.gitlab-pages.esrf.fr/bliss/master/bliss_overview.html



BLISS performance in our test

Performance analysis using a 2D grid scan (mesh scan)

- simulated devices (single value readout)
- removed waiting times (with support from BLISS developers)





- Pros:
 - config management
 - data analysis does not influence the performance of the current data acquisition (via redis subscription)
 - checks a lot of boxes on our functional requirements list (multi-user, UIs, data pipelines...)
- Cons:
 - "All-in-one" package without clearly defined boundaries of individual components -> difficult to navigate through the code base
 - many dependencies
 - recommended developer onboarding ~3 months
 - unlikely that beamline scientists will be able to contribute to the development







Source: https://blueskyproject.io



"Vanilla" bluesky





Publishing to Kafka





Bluesky performance in our test

Performance analysis using a 2D grid scan (mesh scan)

- simulated devices (single value readout)
- removed waiting times





- Pros:
 - simplicity
 - modular structure (ophyd, bluesky, suitcase, databroker...)
 - very few dependencies
- Cons:
 - high memory usage
 - state objects propagate through the entire system (difficult to debug)
 - no config management
 - suggested user-management layer comes with a new CLI (and sacrifices most of bluesky's features)
 - no data management; everyone has access to everything



BLISS and Bluesky





Page 14





Page 15









Lessons learned from the tests

- A dedicated hardware abstraction layer may lead to a cleaner solution.
- Components should be kept small and clearly separated (-> microservices).
- Avoid propagating state objects through the entire system.
- Embed authorization and authentication from the beginning.
- Be aware of the external dependencies. Remove unnecessary dependencies.
- Data analysis should be structurally decoupled from scan orchestration.



A potential direction...



Advantages:

- Unified API between clients and the BEC system
- If needed, the scripting language can be easily changed in the future
- Easy to integrate with facility-specific DAQ components
- Smaller, more manageable and better maintainable services
- If needed, the system is highly scalable



Statements by the Bluesky core dev team

The Bluesky Collaboration is moving its development focus from modular *libraries* to modular *services*. The work proposed by PSI would be beneficial to that effort. In retrospect, we should have worked in a service-client design on the acquisition side earlier [...]





Questions?