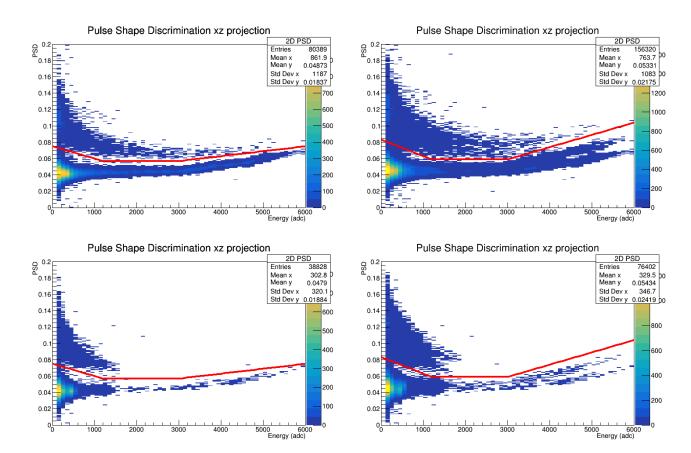


Neutron Pulse Shape Discrimination: Making a discrimination line and dealing with overflow events

Michael Heines

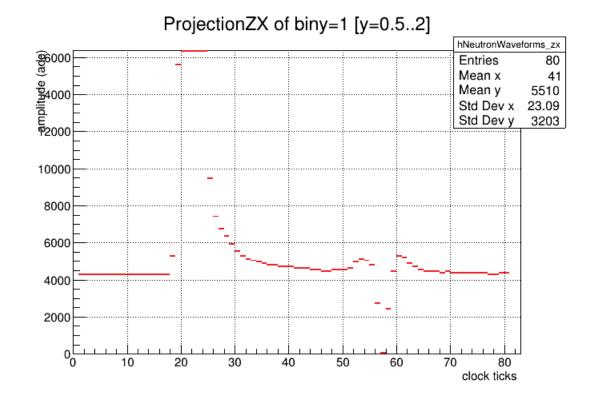
Making the discrimination line

- Piecewise defined line
 - Linear decreasing
 - Constant
 - Linear increasing
- Find good parameters visually and put into config file
- Above line: Most likely neutron
- Below line: Most likely photon



Recap - Overflows

- Overflow events → "Take away fraction of the integral"
- PSD value is increased → Curved lines at higher energies
- Find a method to improve the discrimination for overflows



Finding a good interpolation

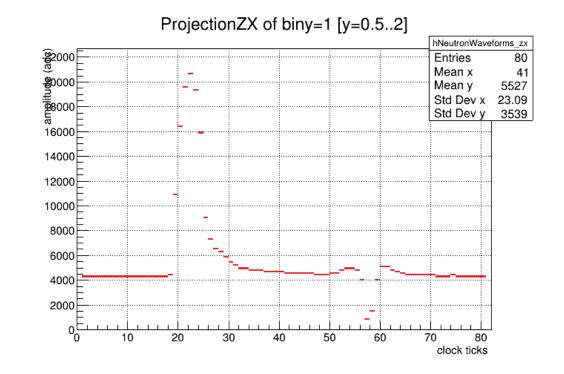
• Curve that goes through (a, f(a)) and (b, f(b)):

$$f(t) = x \left[-(t-a)(t-b) \right] + f(a) + (t-a) \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b-a}$$

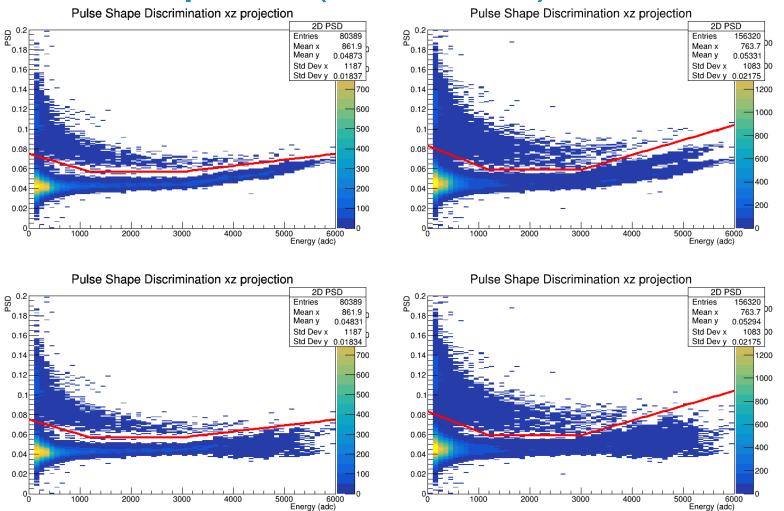
- First term: zero in *a* and *b*; second term: line between (*a*, *f*(*a*)) and (*b*, *f*(*b*))
- *x* determines how high the maximum lies
- Use point (a 1, f(a 1)) to determine x

$$x = \frac{f(a) - f(a - 1) - slope}{b - a + 1}$$

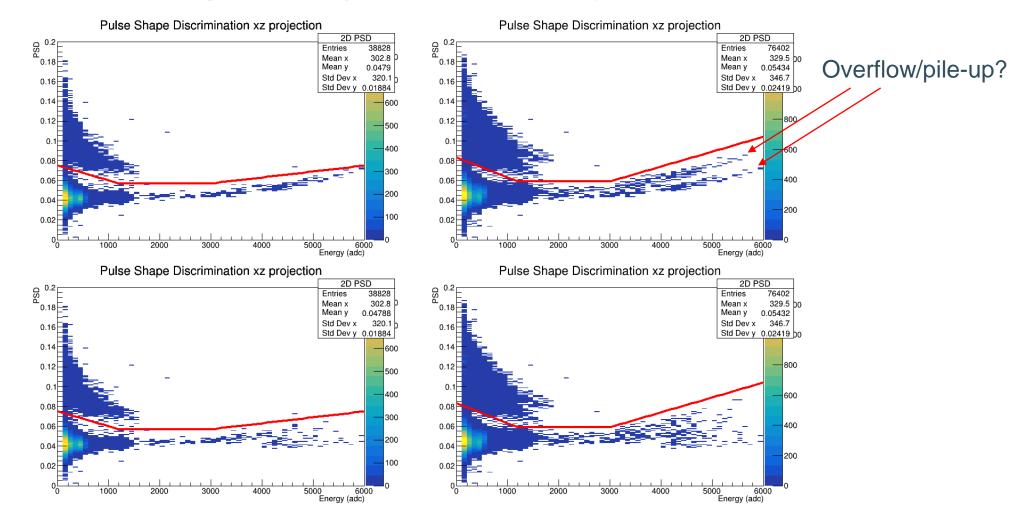
• Use for all points between *a* and *b*



Corrected PSD plots (beam on)

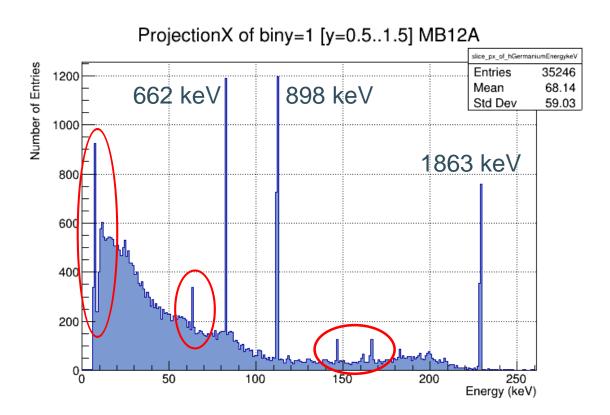


Corrected PSD plots (calibration)

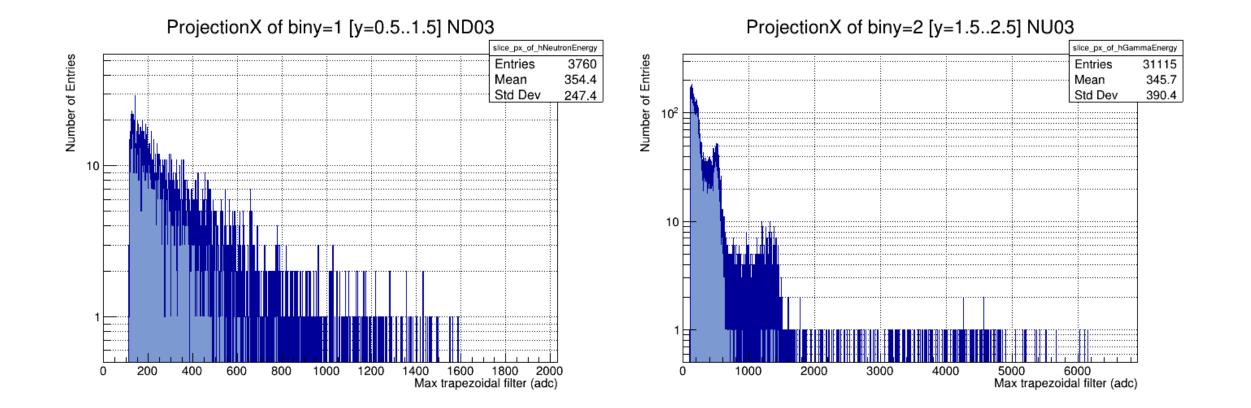


HPGe energy spectrum

- Calibrate neutron detectors with Compton continua
- Low Co-60 activity → not in spectra from neutron detectors
- Y-88
 - 1863 keV
 - 898 keV
- Cs-137
 - 662 keV



Energy spectra from neutron detector



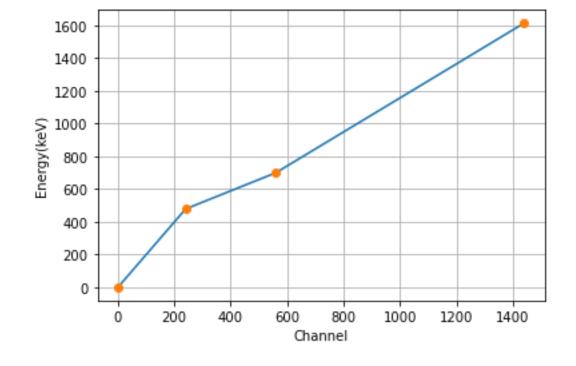
Calibrating the detector

• Compton edge:

$$\Delta E = E_0 - \frac{2E^2}{2E - m_e c^2}$$

- Y-88:
 - 1612 keV
 - 699 keV
- Cs-137:
 - 478 keV

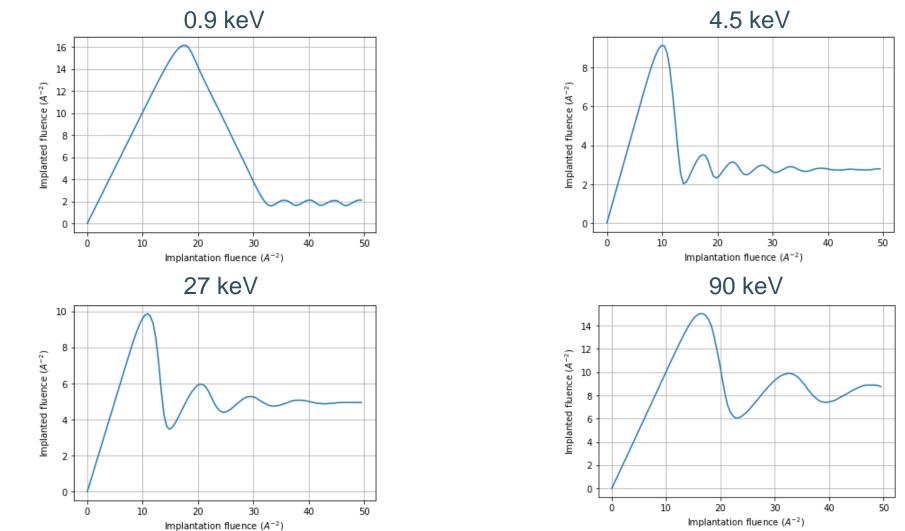




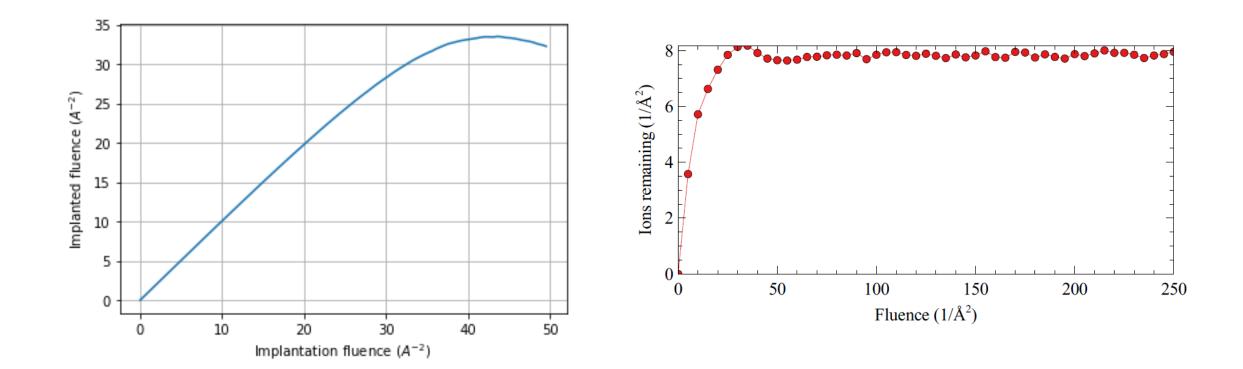
What's next

- Clean up code
- Get calibration settings (and put in config file)
- Make LikelyNeutron flag
- Geant4 simulation

Some TRIDYN results - ¹⁹⁷Au



Some TRIDYN results – ³⁹K



TRIDYN ³⁹K depth profile

