



## SOLEIL Status and Challenges on Automation and Robotics

L. Munoz on behalf of SOLEIL Control Team

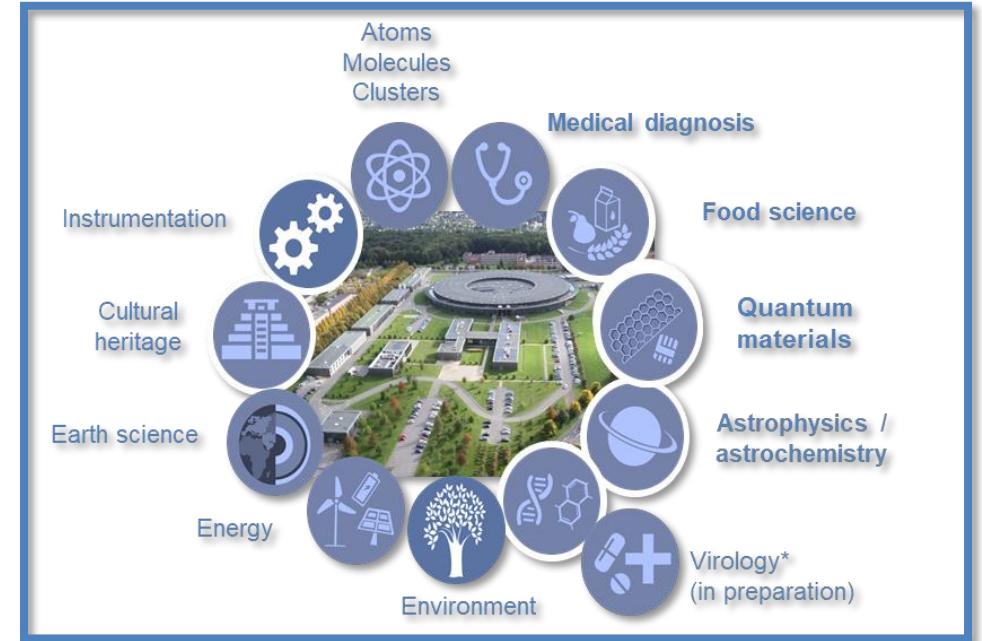


- **SOLEIL**
  - SOLEIL in a Nutshell
  - SOLEIL II: Synchrotron SOLEIL Upgrade
- **Challenges: Towards Autonomous Systems**
  - Automated and Autonomous Systems
  - SOLEIL Standardization
- **Robotics and Mechatronics Systems**
  - Synchrotron Specific Mechatronics Instruments
  - 6-Axis Robotic Arms Applications
- **Perspectives & Interests**



- Storage ring 354m, 2.75GeV
- 29 beamlines
- 9 orders of magnitude in energy from far IR to hard X-rays
- Open to external users in 2008
- ~ 450 staff members
- in 2022 :~ 2746 single users

## • SOLEIL II

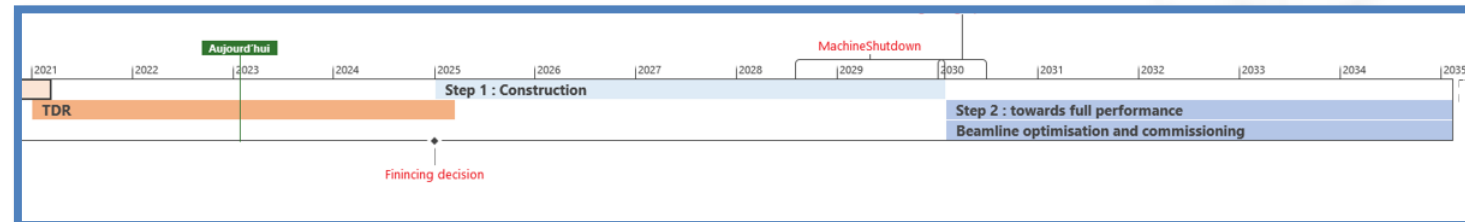


|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>Advanced Materials</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Quantum Materials</li> <li>→ Materials Engineering</li> </ul> <p><b>Qubits, Quantum Computer</b></p> <p>Unique combination of spectroscopic and structural techniques over an unsurpassed energy range – nm, &lt;math&gt;mV&lt;/math&gt;, &lt;math&gt;&lt;200\text{ mK}&lt;/math&gt;, &lt;math&gt;&gt;10ps&lt;/math&gt;</p> | <p><b>Sustainable Energy</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Production</li> <li>→ Conversion and storage</li> <li>→ Environmental impact</li> </ul> <p><b>Batteries, Biomass conversion</b></p> <p>Spatial resolution (few nm), chemical state and physical properties evolution, in situ, operando</p>  |
| <p><b>Health and Well-being</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ (Re)Emerging pathogens in their environment</li> <li>→ Personalized Medicine, fight against cancer</li> </ul> <p><b>Multi-resistant bacteria, Aging</b></p> <p>Innovative procedures for multimodal investigations, living cells, tissues</p> <p>New access modes for clinical diagnosis</p>                             | <p><b>Earth and Environment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Atmosphere</li> <li>→ Earth surface, oceans</li> <li>→ Lithosphere and solar system</li> </ul> <p><b>Global warming, Carbon cycle, pollutant transfers</b></p> <p>Multi-scale analysis of chemical speciation in complex systems, chemical sensitivity at high spatial resolution</p> |

## • Science Drivers

- Major upgrade of the accelerators and beamlines addresses new scientific and societal challenges.
- The upgrade will bring the unique range of SOLEIL techniques to unprecedented spatial and temporal resolutions.

## • Timeline



## UPGRADE

- Better performances for accelerator and photon sources:
  - Reaching an emittance **< 100 pm.rad**
  - Keeping the same electron beam energy : **2.75 GeV**
  - Preserving a maximum current of **500 mA** in the multibench mode.

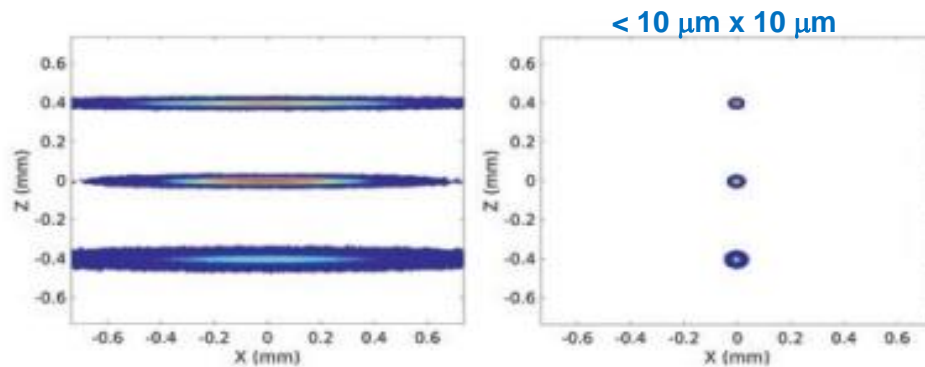
- New access mode with **more efficient use of the SOLEIL Beamlines**

EXPERIMENTS UP TO  
**10,000 TIMES FASTER**

**NANOSCALE**  
RESOLUTION

EXPERIMENTS UP TO  
**1000 TIMES MORE SENSITIVE**

### Beam SIZES

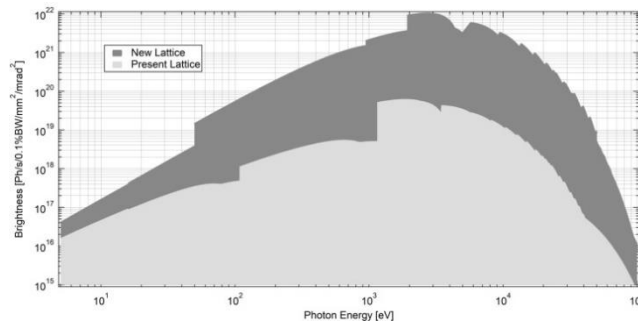


STUDY OF DEVICES  
**IN REAL OPERATING**  
CONDITIONS

**UNIQUE LIGHT SOURCE,**  
**FROM INFRARED**  
**TO HARD X-RAYS**

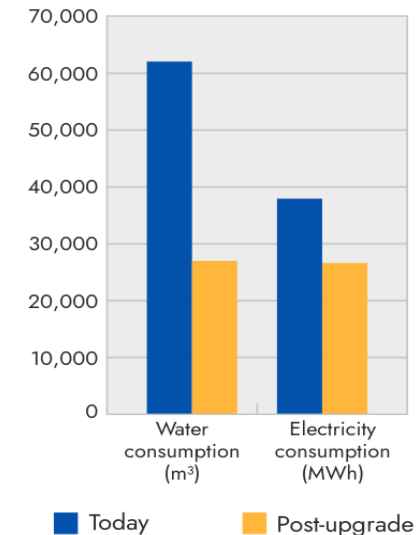
**COMPLEMENTARY**  
BEAMLINES  
AND TECHNIQUES

### Brightness



- Green infrastructure**

- Reduction in the facility environmental footprint.
- Lower power and water consumption.
- Reduce operational cost.



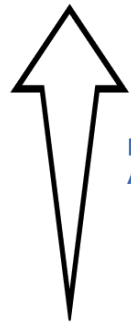
# Challenges: Towards Autonomous Systems

# Automated and Autonomous Systems

An **autonomous system**, learns and adapts to dynamic environments, and evolves as the environment around it changes.

Autonomous

Dynamic environments = safety of motion and collision avoidance are critical requirements.



Degree of Autonomy



Complexity!

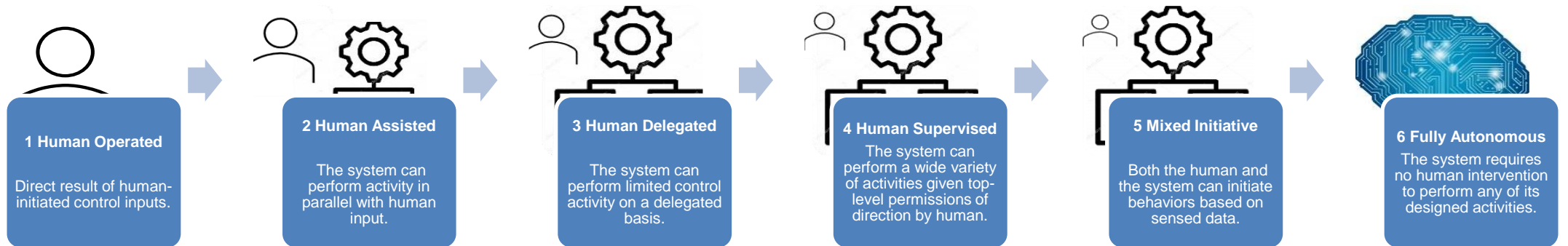
Automatic

**Automated systems** typically run within a well-defined set of parameters and are “restricted” in what tasks they can perform.

## Automation at Synchrotrons is required to:

- Simplify the experimental procedures, minimize the information that needs to be conveyed to the operator and guarantee quality.
- Accurately gather suitable experimental data.
- Reduce the workload of the beamline staff.
- Improve sample throughput, reduce user burden and error when manipulating large numbers of samples.

## Autonomy can be divided into different levels depending on how the system cooperates with humans\*:



2006

20XX

# Automated and Autonomous Systems

With a large variety of experimental techniques, sample environments and with increasing demands on operational performance, the **process/system automation** become more complex and pose significant hardware and software integration challenges.

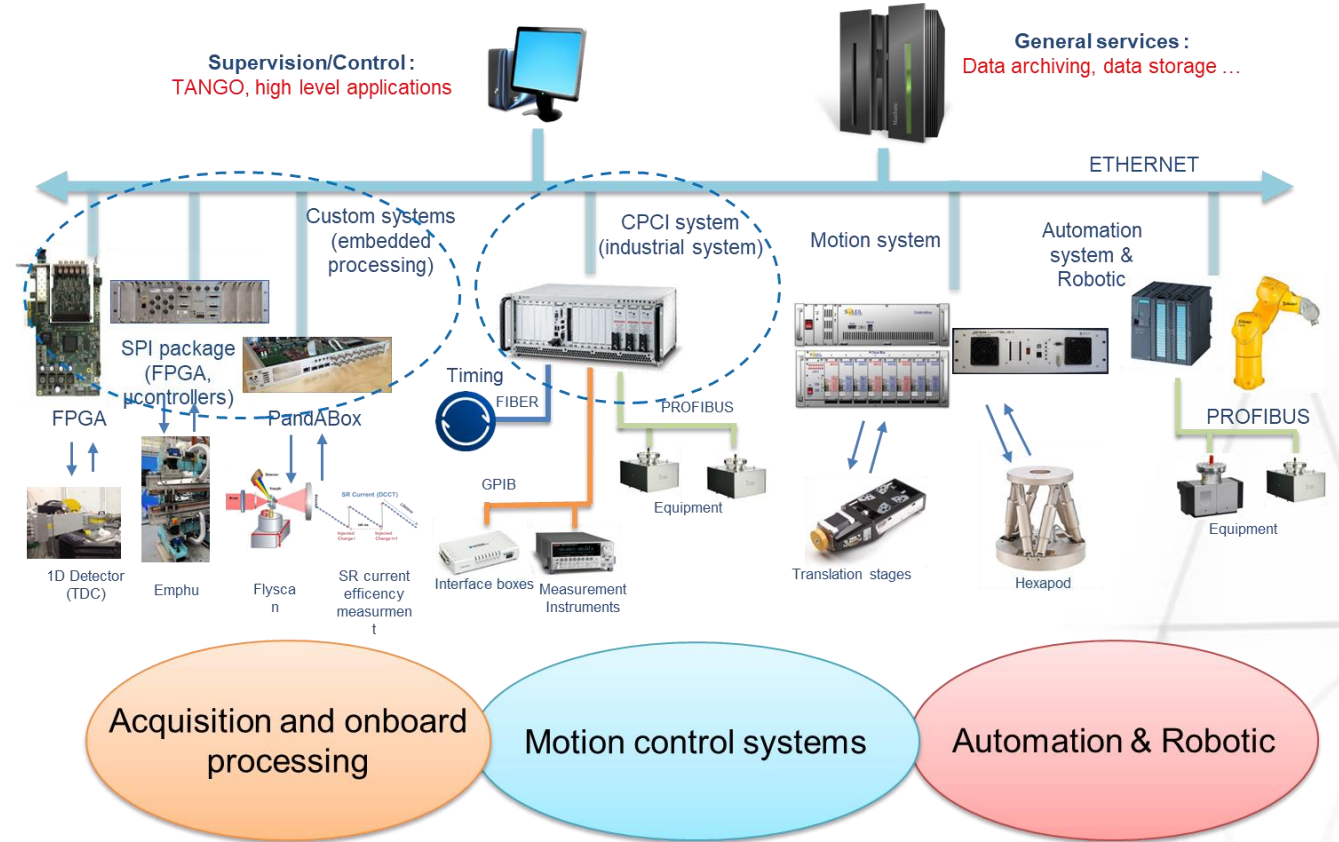


The standardization of hardware and software then allows us to:

- ✓ Have proficiency in integration
- ✓ Have better operational management
- ✓ Have the possibility of evolving applications
- ✓ Improve support and maintenance

Hardware and Software for control are standardized as much as possible:

- DAQ and FPGA systems
- **Motion controllers**
- **6 Axis robot arms**
- Programmable Logic Controllers



In this presentation the focus will be on motion controllers and robotic arms.



# 6 axis Robot and Motion Controller Standardization

## Hardware



Brand: Stäubli

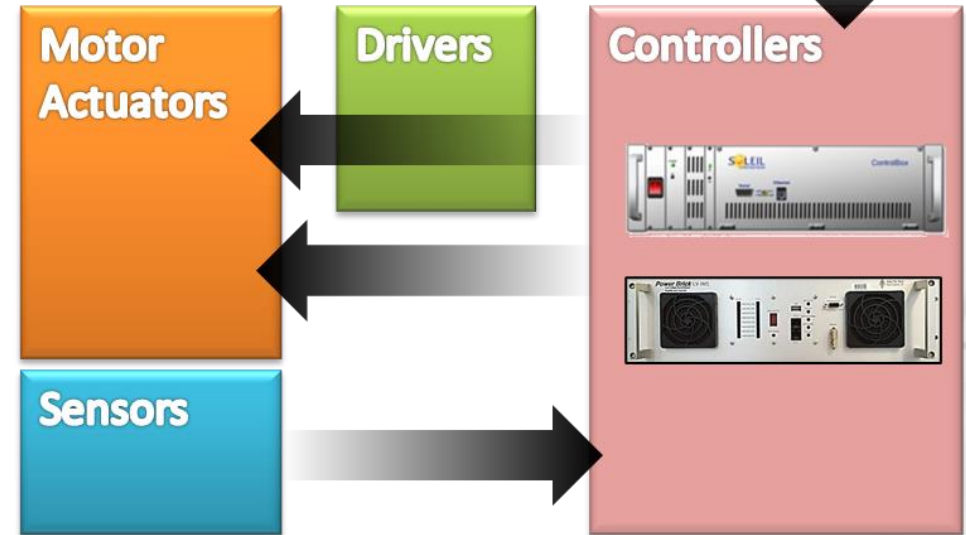


Controller: Cs9

## Software



- C++ Library
  - Link between the Cs9 controller and Tango
- Generic Methods:
  - Generic attributes and commands
- Specific Methods
  - Application-specific tasks.



Standardized 2-controller solution:

- ControlBOX
- PowerBrick

# Robotic and Mechatronic Systems at SOLEIL

## Robotic applications by dedicated motion controllers

### Nanoprobe [SWING]

- Interferometry integration
- Multi-axial kinematics
- Controller-to-Controller communication
- Automated & buffered fast low-level scans (equations & LUT)

### Detector Support [MARS]

- Controller-to-Driver communication (external high-powered amplifier)
- Multi-axial kinematics
- Anti-collision

### DCM [SAMBA, MARS, SIRIUS]

- Multi-axial kinematics
- Motor securities (VaccumMode)

### Diffractometer [SIRIUS]

- External amplifiers
- Multi-axial kinematics (hexapods)
- Controller-to-Controller communication

### Tracer Project [METROLOGIE]

- Automated & buffered fast low-level scans via LUT
- Multi-axial kinematics

### Hexapods [GALAXIES, LUCIA]

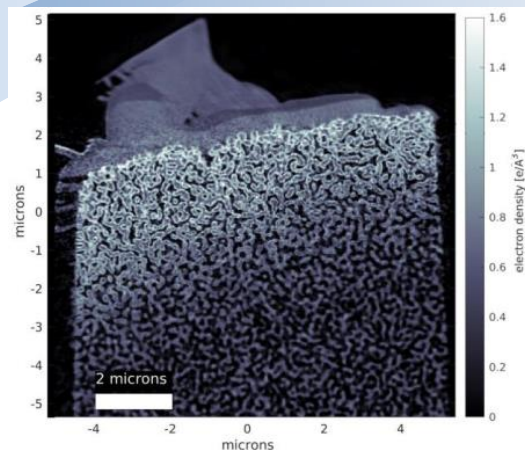
- Multi-axial kinematics

The SWING Nanoprobe system was installed (11 DOF) in 2018 to provide:

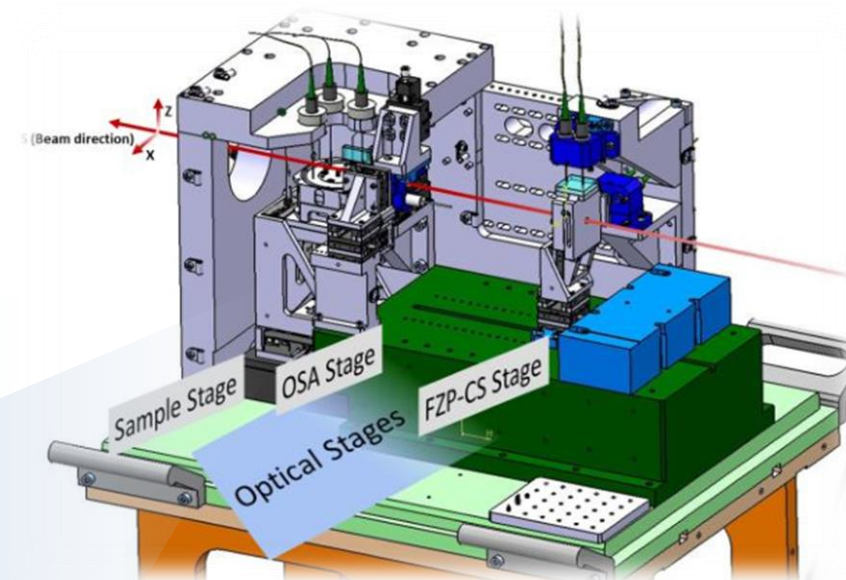
- **Semi-automatic 2D- and 3D- ptychography scans with nanometric level resolution**



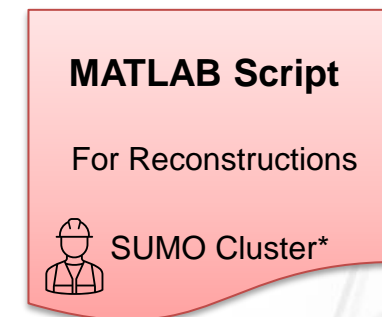
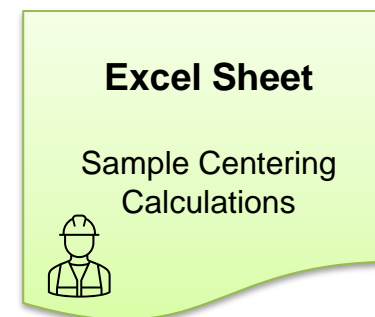
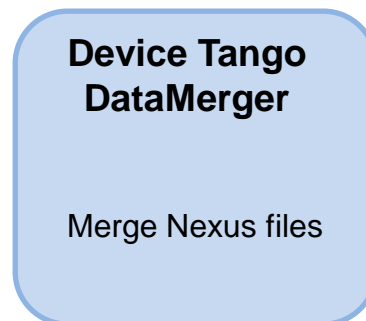
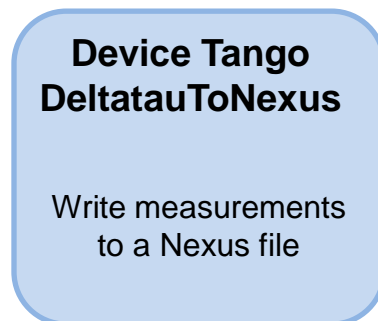
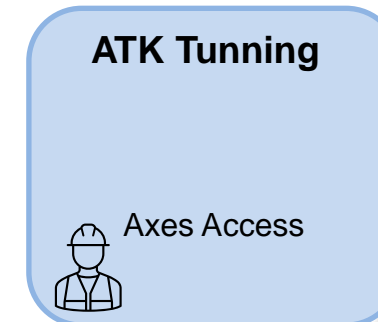
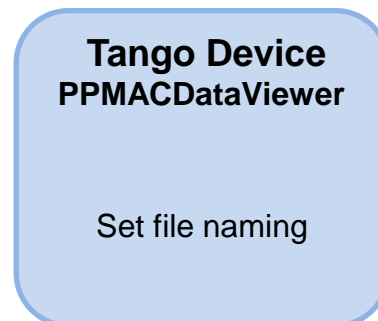
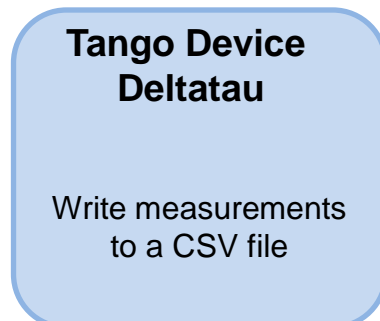
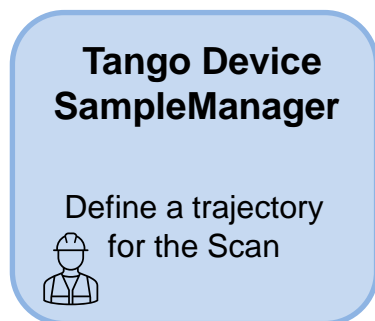
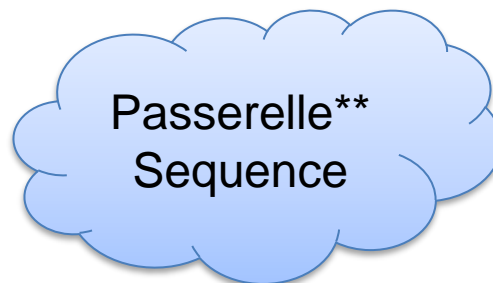
2020: 2D image, Siemens star  
Resolution  $\approx$  17nm



2020: 3D tomogram, Silica sample  
Spatial resolution  $\approx$  40nm



- Interferometry integration
- Multi-axial kinematics
- Controller-to-Controller communication
- Automated & buffered fast low-level scans (equations & LUT)

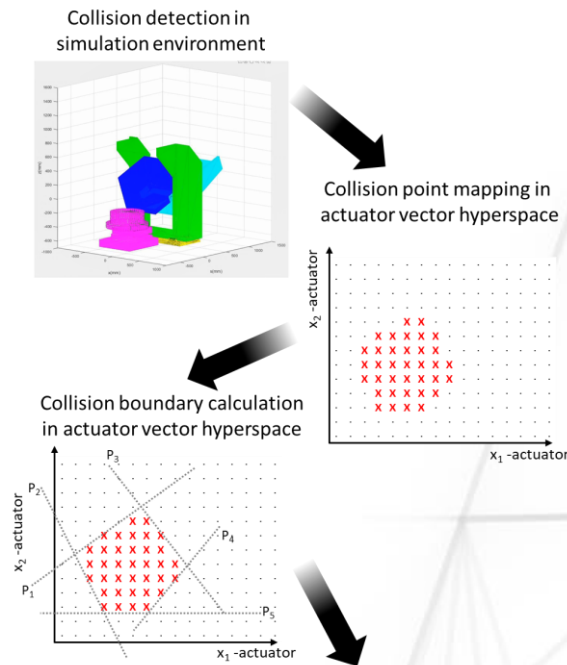
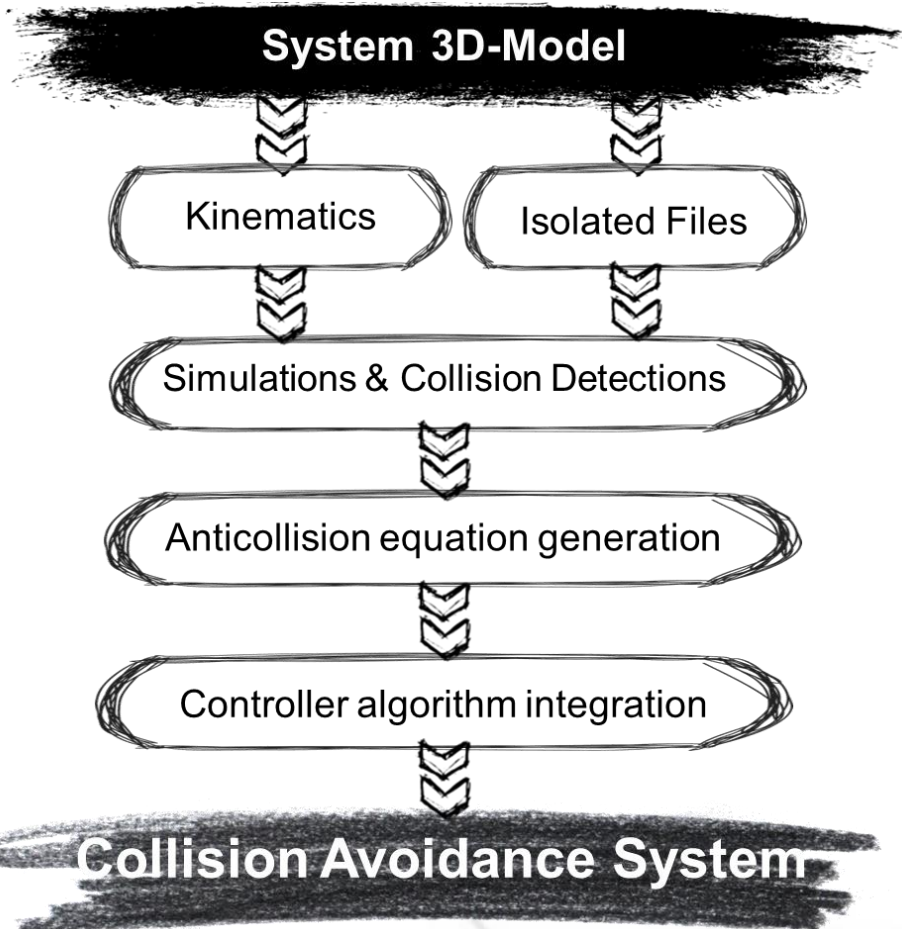
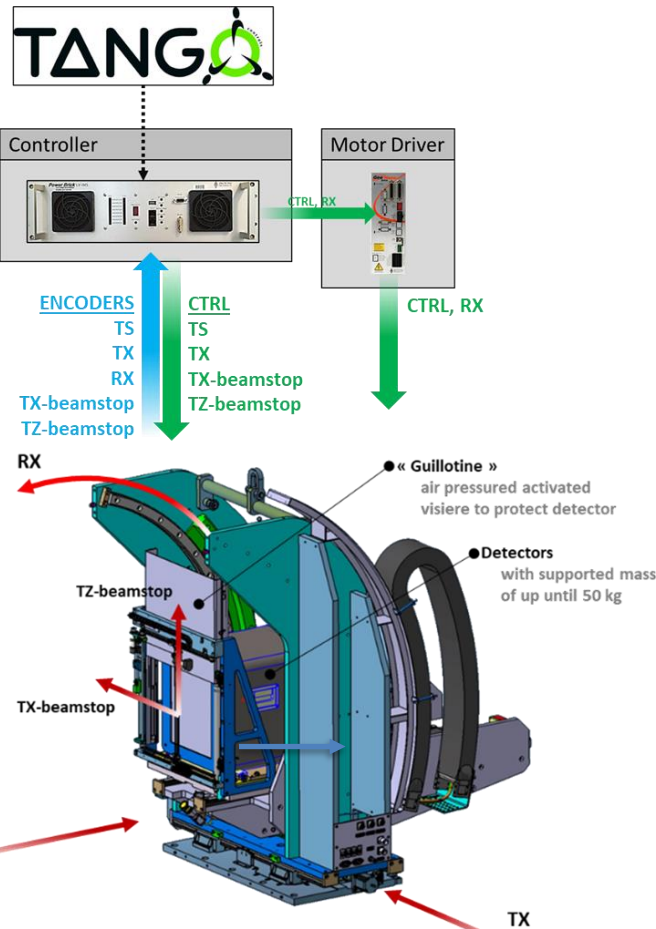


\*SUMO: It is a computing cluster formed by 13 computing nodes :

- 2 x Intel E5-2680v3 (12C-2,5GHz)
- 128GB DDR4 2133Mhz
- 2x NVIDIA Tesla K80 → 4 GP-GPU

\*\*Passerelle is a Framework allowing to graphically design sequences by dragging and dropping them.

## Automatic positioning of a 2D detector system with a collision avoidance system.



Collision algorithm generation:

The geometrical closed half space:

$$P_{hs} < 0$$

$$\text{where: } P_{hs} = a_{m,0} + \sum_1^n a_{m,n}x_n$$

for each enclosing line  $P_m$ :  $m \in \mathbb{N}$   
in actuated dimensional space:  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

**Handling of samples stored in a cryogenic Dewar**  
Solid X-ray Diffraction

PX1 Beamline

PX2 Beamline

**Sample handling**  
Powder X-ray diffraction

CRISTAL Beamline



**Detector positioning**  
Coherent diffraction imaging

NANOSCOPIUM Beamline



**Automatic measurement bench for characterization of undulator magnet modules**

GMI Facilities



## Standardization

**Pipetting robot**  
BioSAXS Experiments

SWING Beamline

**Magnet Modules Measurement Bench for Insertion Devices**

GMI Facilities

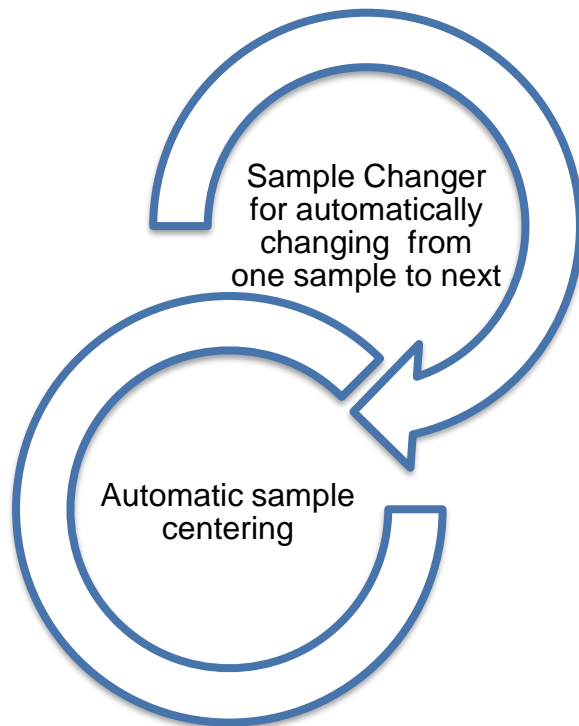


WORK IN PROGRESS

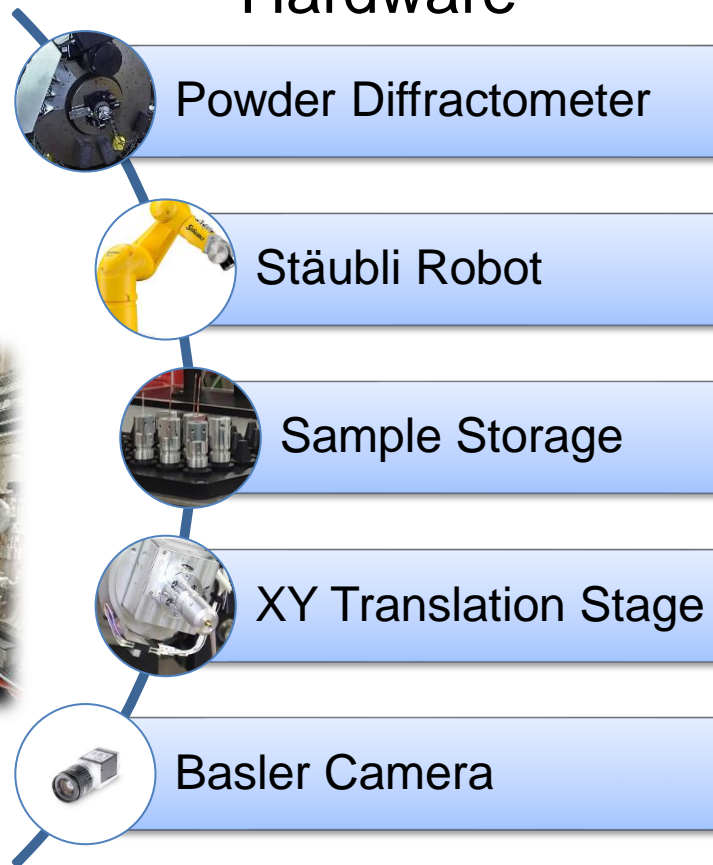
© 2015 SOLEIL

# CRISTAL Beamline Automation

## Automatic mounting and centering of capillaries



### Hardware



### Software

#### Tango Devices

- Robot Device
- Lima Device
- ControlBox Device
- ImgProcessor Device

#### Python and SPYC Scripts

- For high-level robot control
- To center the capillary

CRISTAL is an Undulator-based X-ray diffraction beamline dedicated to study single crystals and powders.



WORK IN PROGRESS

Use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) techniques to center the capillary (Deep Learning).



A robot to **automate the 3D positioning of a detector** without human intervention inside the hutch.



Stäubli TX2-160 Robot



Motorized Translation



Detector Tool:

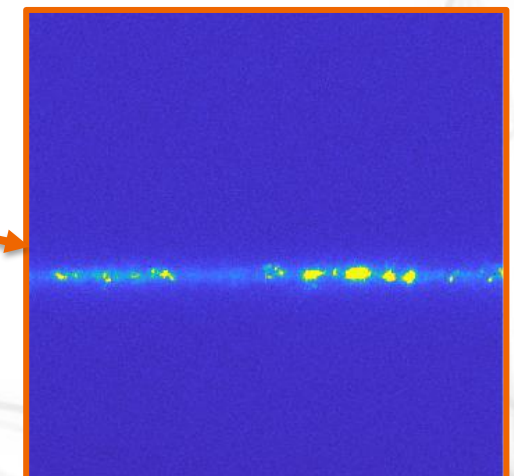
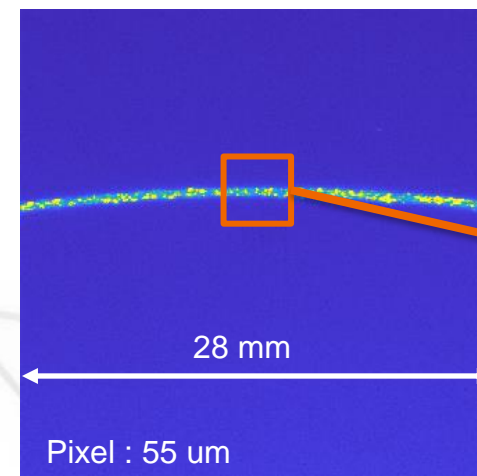
- Merlin Detector
- Safe collision sensor
- Pneumatic rotation

- The distance of the detector to the sample ranges from 50 cm to 555 cm.
- The maximum value that the detector can move once it is in the desired position is  $\leq 0.01$  mm over a period of **48 hours** !.
- **Nowadays** the **accuracy** of the detector in the whole robot workspace ranges from  $\pm 0.18$  to  $\pm 0.26$  mm in cartesian position and  $\pm 0.5^\circ$  in angular position.

### Scanning X-ray Diffraction Microscopy

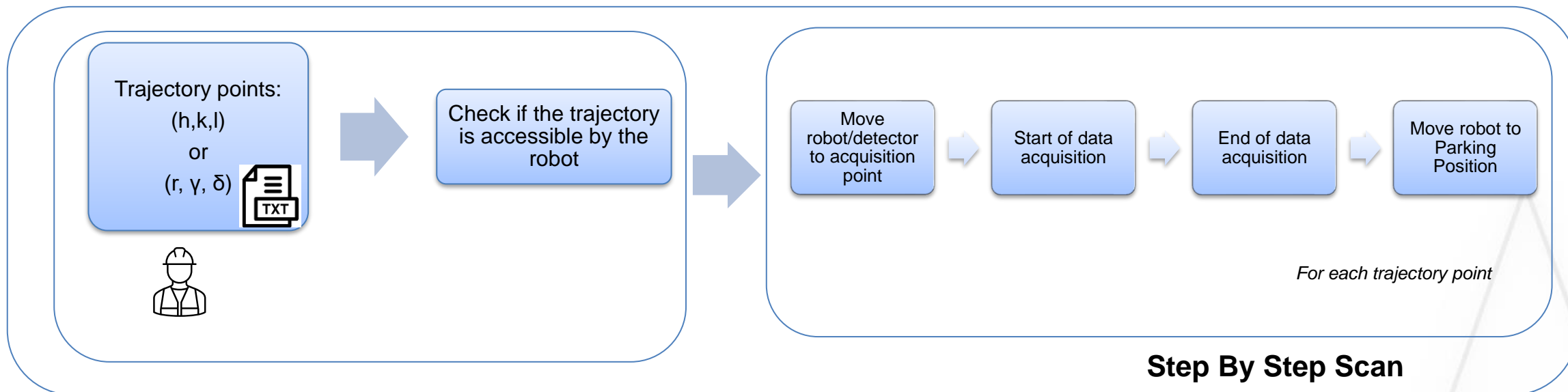
det—sample distance : 500 mm

det—sample distance : 3700 mm

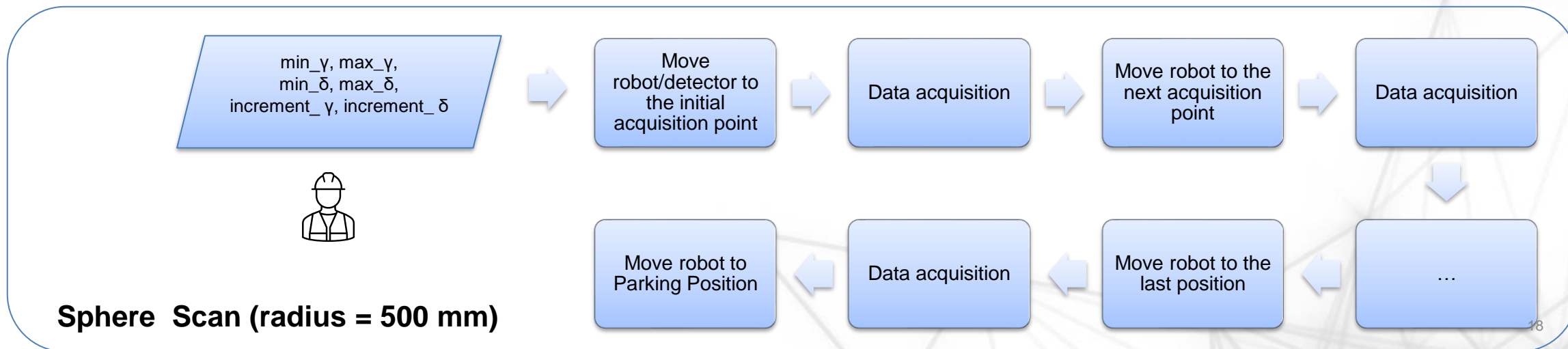


Under commissioning!

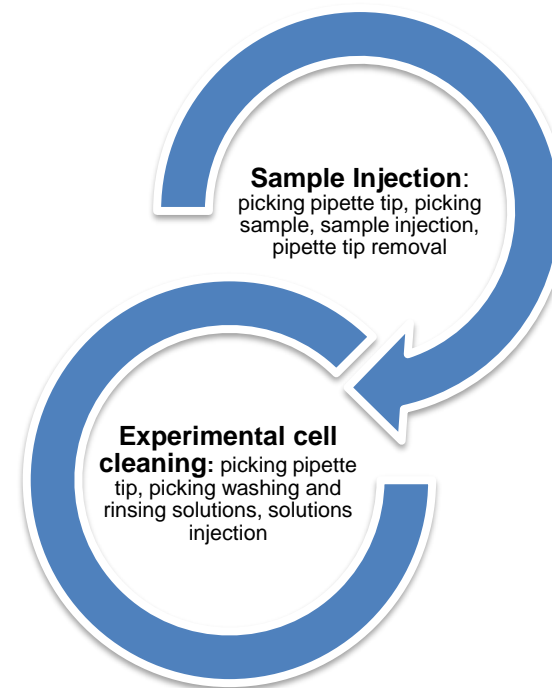
### Two modes of scan:



### Step By Step Scan



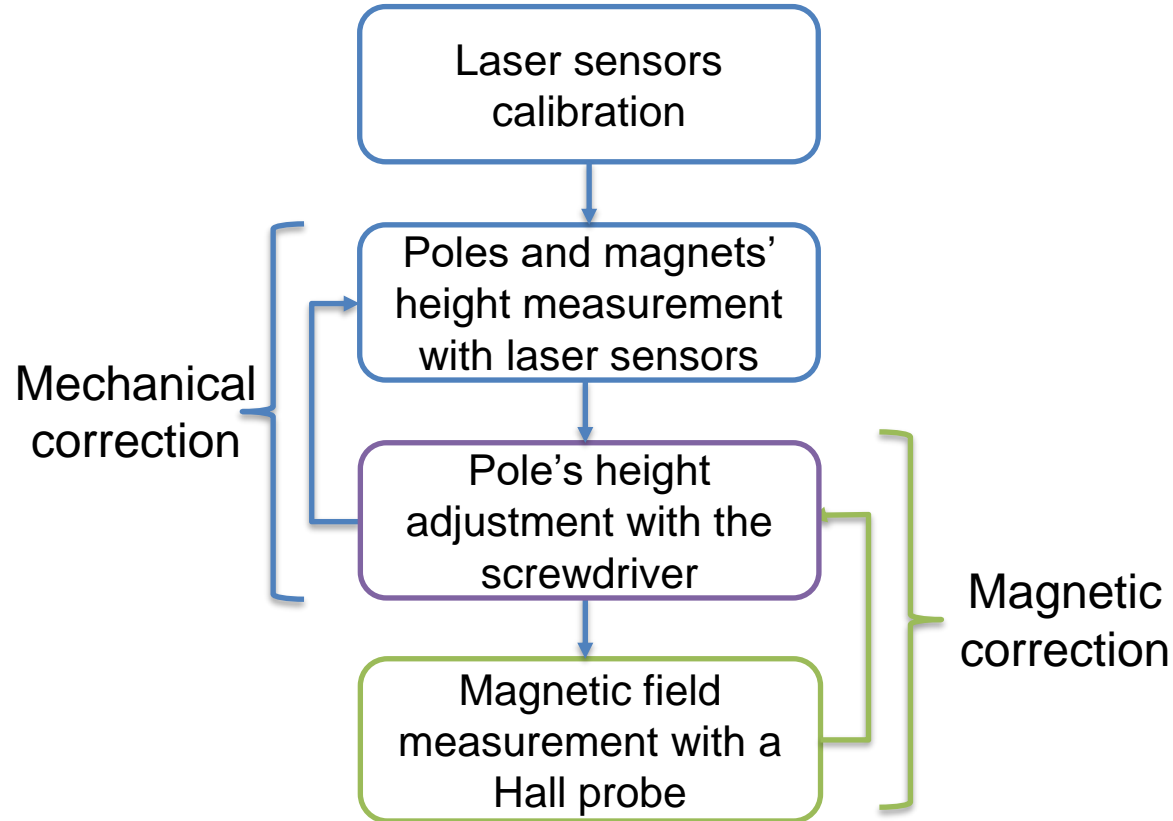
### Sphere Scan (radius = 500 mm)



- ✓ Automatic switch from 6 axes robot to HPLC\* system.
- ✓ Up to 384 samples.
- ✓ Robot cycle time for the whole process: 1 min targeted.
- ✓ Commercial off-the-shelf programmable pipettes.
- ✓ Camera and laser to measure the position of the experimental measurement cell.
- ✓ Automatic tool changer between the sample pipette tool, the cleaning tool and the HPLC system tool.

Under development !

## Mechanical and magnetic correction of the super magnet modules



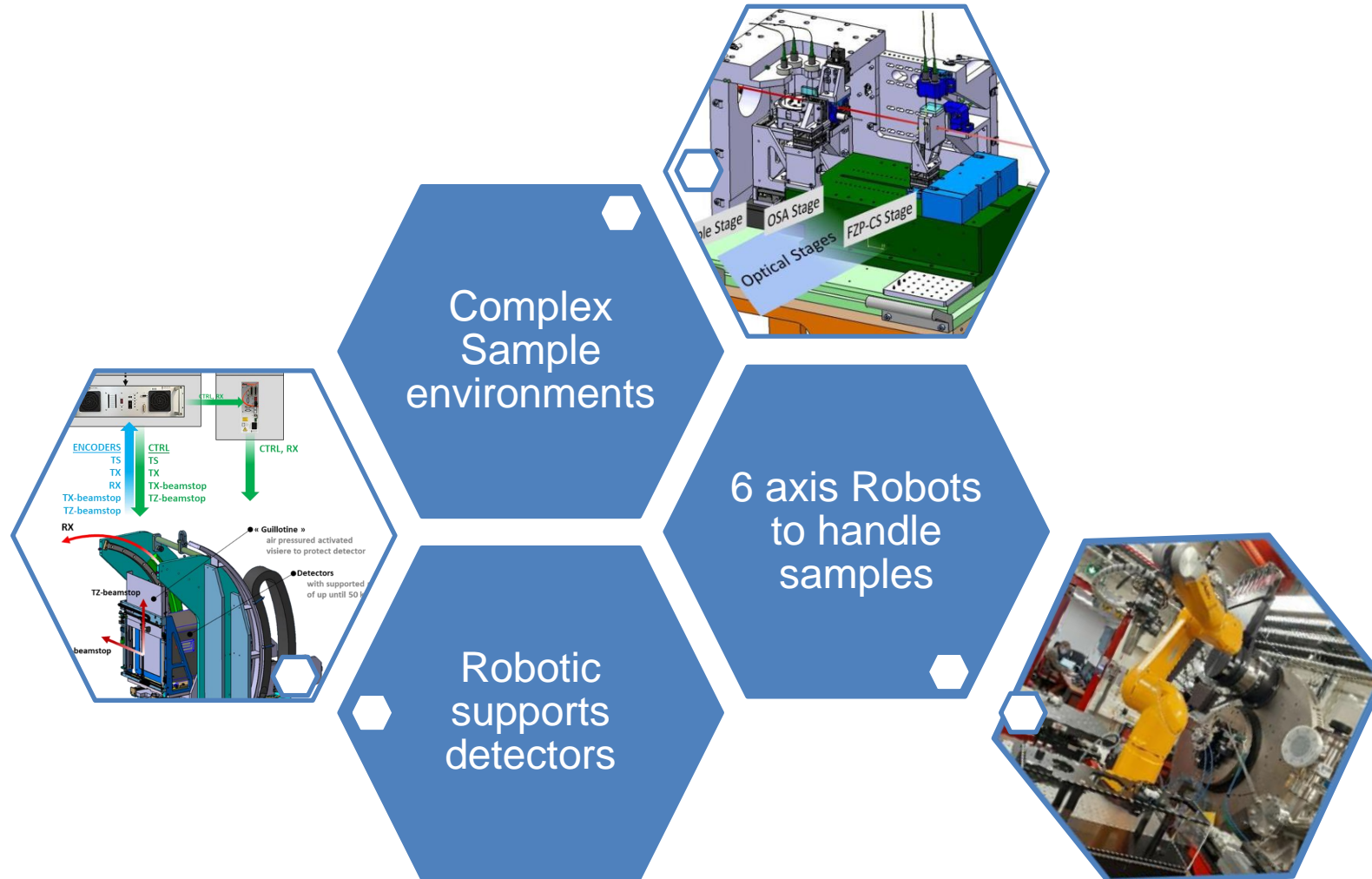
It includes automatic tool changer between the screwdriver tool and the Hall probe tool.

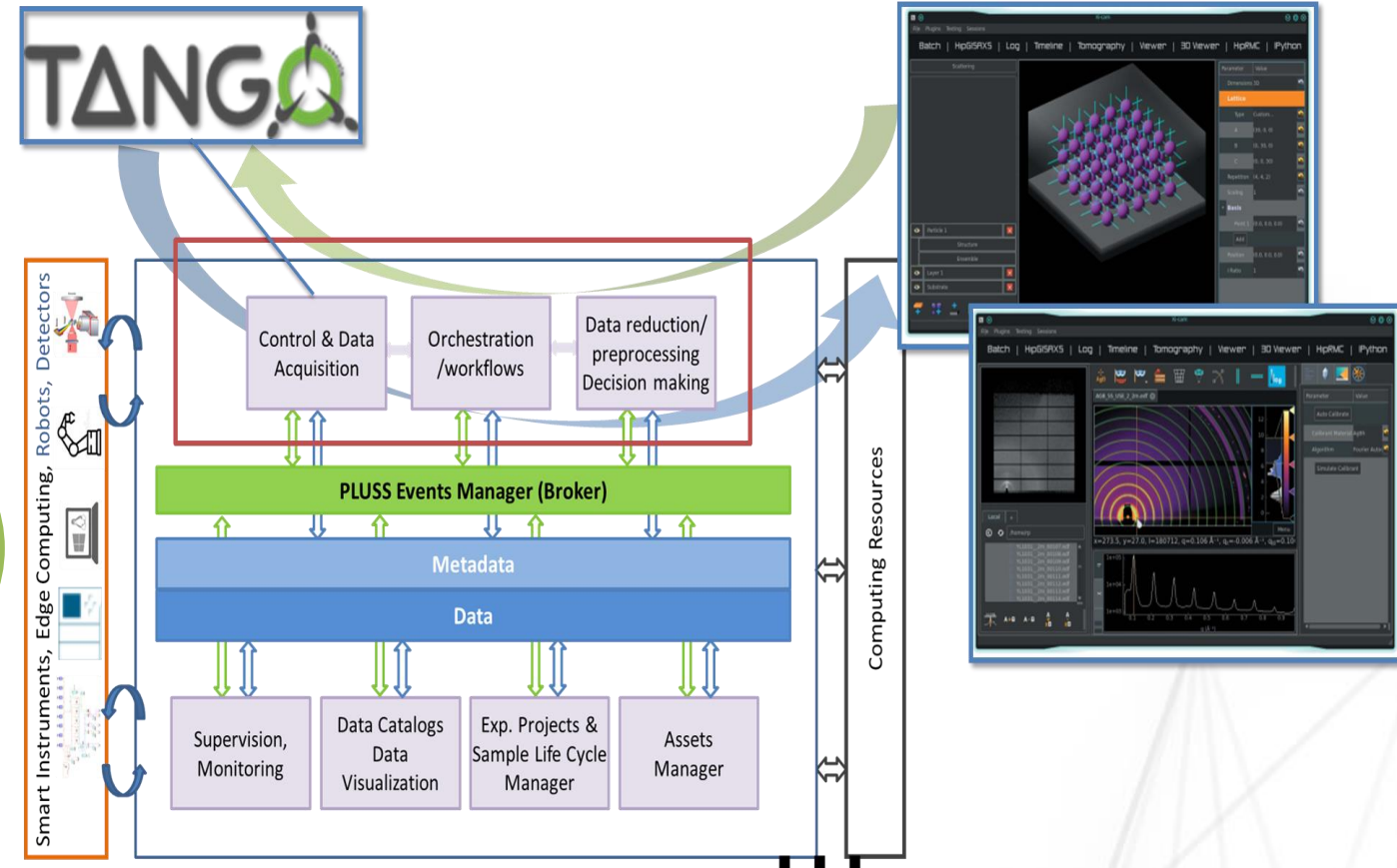


Under development !

# Perspectives & Interests

Towards new cohabitation environments:





- On going improvement
  - Development of environment modelling to facilitate integration.
  - Fusion sensors to improve safety and dynamic trajectory changes.
- Field of interests
  - Autonomous mobile robots for accelerator diagnostics:
    - Radiation measurement verification when beam is stopped.
    - Tunnel autonomous inspection (temperature, water leak ...)
  - Autonomous Ground Vehicles for logistic during dark period.
  - Mobile robot for metrology and to support aligning team.



