

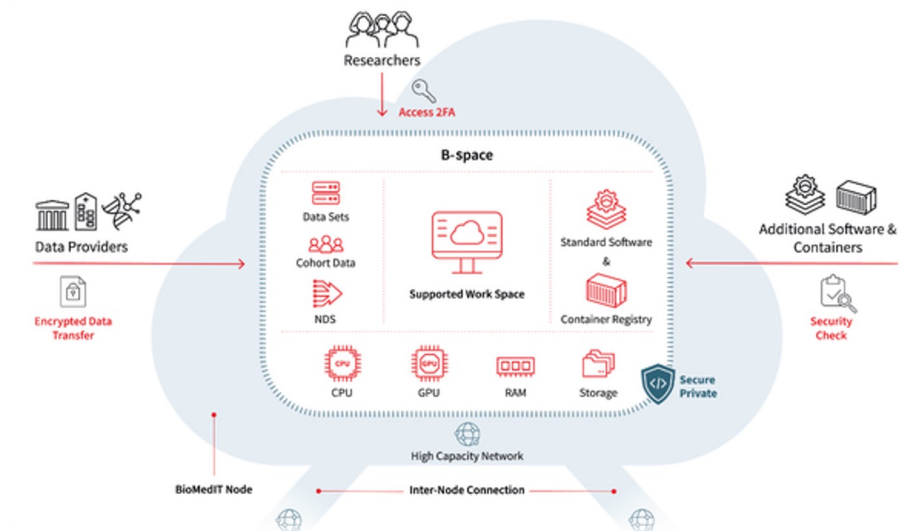
Security at sciCOREmed

In collaboration with BioMedIT

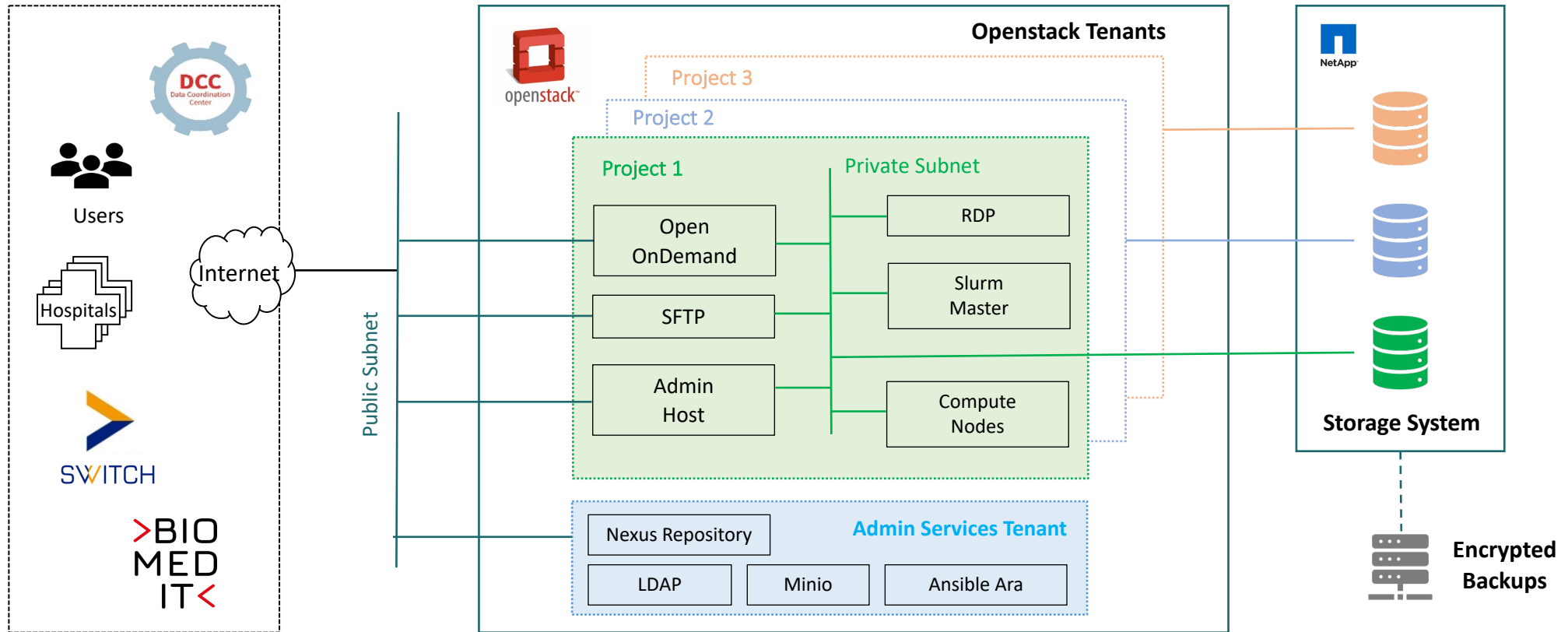
hpc-ch forum on HPC Security / sciCORE, University of Basel / May 4th, 2023

sciCOREmed provides a secure platform to perform research with sensitive personal data

- Operated by sciCORE
- One of the three nodes of BioMedIT network
- Built on OpenStack cloud
- Security by design



<https://scicore.unibas.ch/projects/scicoremed/>



Fog of More



“NEBEL DES KRIEGES”

Cyber Defense

Security frameworks
Security tools and technologies
Vulnerability and exploit databases

IT Security Requirements

Risk management procedures
Compliance requirements
Regulatory mandates

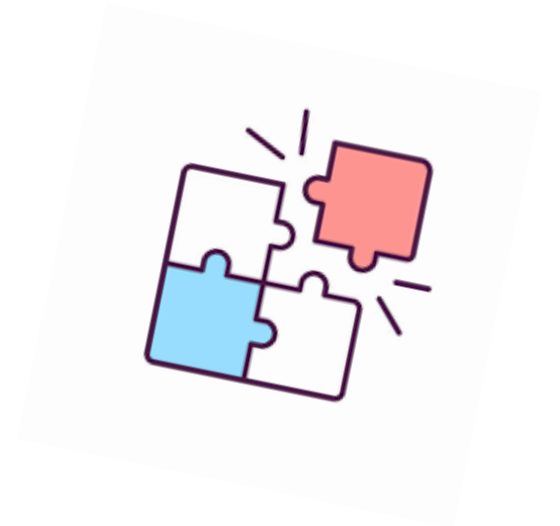
Cyber Threat

Threat hunting
Threat Intelligence and sharing
Information feeds

Other Resources

Guidance and best practices
Benchmarks and checklists
Trainings and certifications

What to prioritize?



NSA/DoD Project

The Consensus Audit Guidelines (CSIS)

“The SANS Top 20” (the SANS Institute)

The Critical Security Controls (CCS/CIS)

The CIS Controls™

Offense informs defense

Prioritization

Measurements and Metrics

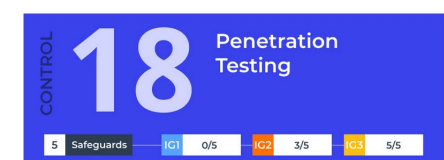
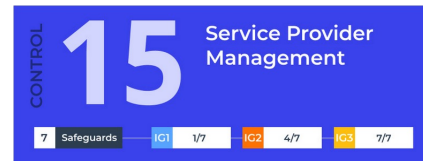
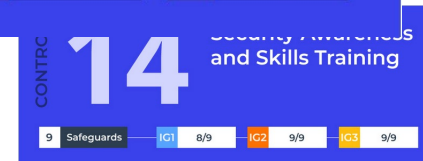
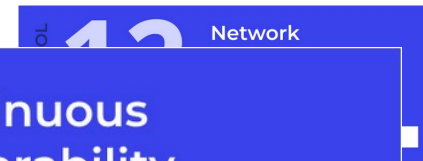
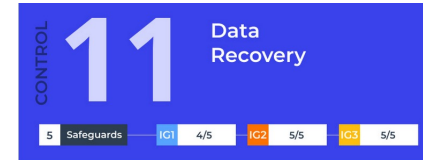
Continuous diagnostics and mitigation

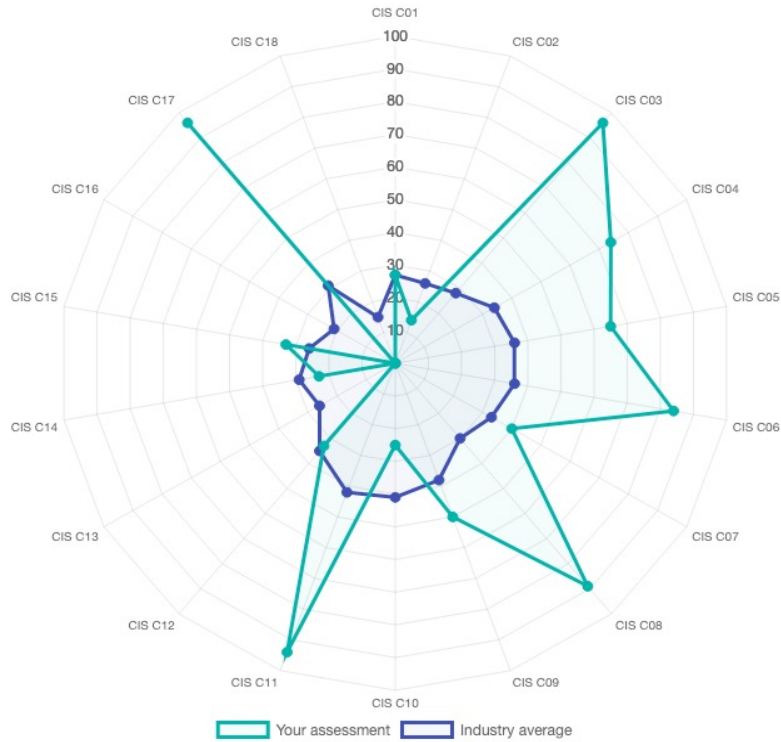
Automation

 CIS Controls

 CIS Center for
Internet Security®

<https://www.cisecurity.org/insights/blog/how-prioritized-security-controls-break-through-the-fog-of-more>





[Not an assessment of sciCOREmed]

Inventory and Control of Enterprise Assets

- 1.1 Establish and Maintain Detailed Enterprise Asset Inventory Group 1 Applicable
- 1.2 Address Unauthorized Assets Group 1 Applicable
- 1.3 Utilize an Active Discovery Tool Group 2 Applicable
- 1.4 Use Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Logging to Update Enterprise Asset Inventory Group 2 Applicable
- 1.5 Use a Passive Asset Discovery Tool Group 3 Applicable

Policy Defined	Approved Written Policy
Control Implemented	No Policy
Control Automated	Partially Written Policy
Control Reported	Approved Written Policy

How do we implement CIS controls?

Mandate of the security working group is to address IT security and privacy issues specifically relevant in the context of the BioMedIT Project.

The group is made up of colleagues from across the BioMedIT Network, and is coordinated and chaired by the Personalized Health Informatics (PHI) Group.



Owen Appleton

Chair

PHI, SIB



Sudershan
Lakshmanan

Member

sciCORE, University of
Basel

Christian Bolliger

Member

SIS, ETH Zurich

Cristian Bovino

Member

SIS, ETH Zurich

Lou Ruppert

Member

SIB

Shubham Kapoor

PHI Representative

PHI, SIB

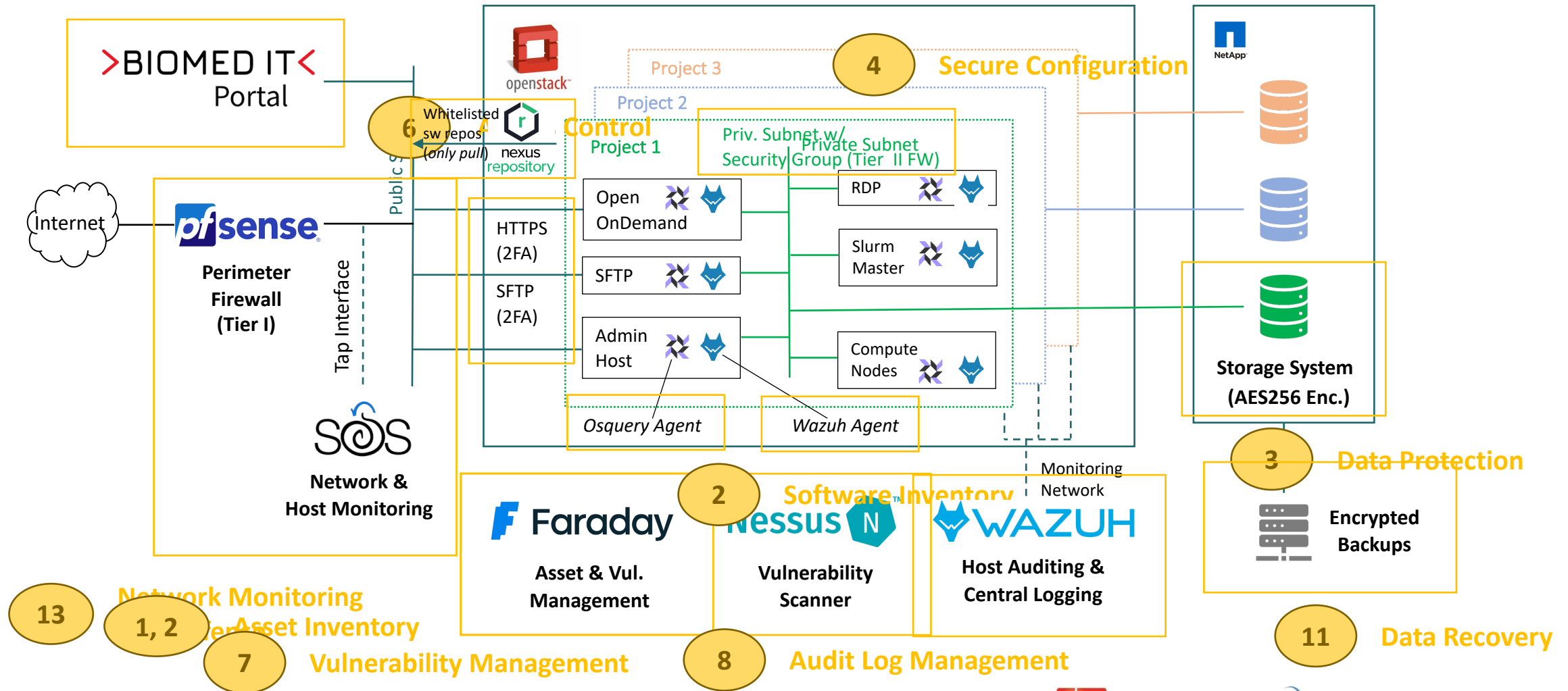
<https://www.biomedit.ch/>

- Achievements and overdues
- Targets
- Priorities
- Deadlines

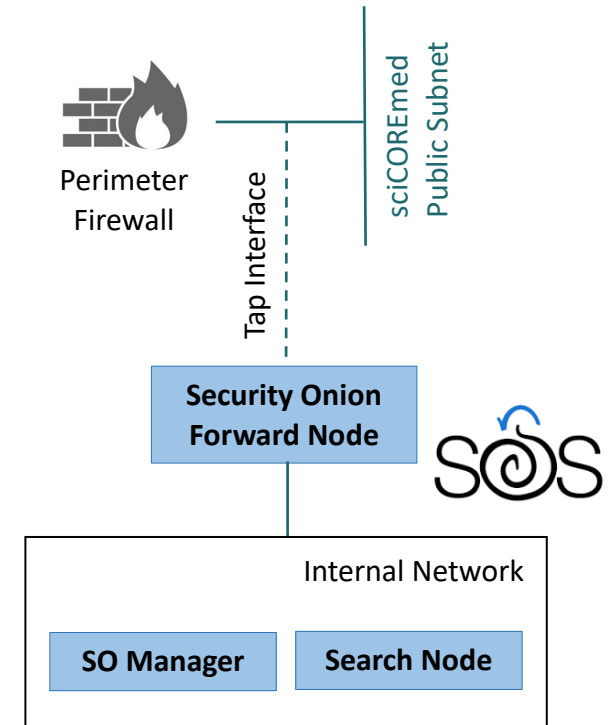
Code	Work Package / area	Milestone	scicore Target date	Status [as of 2022 Q4]
2.2	Governance and auditing: Policies	<i>Node implementation of BioMedIT Information Security policy</i>	2023 Q4	Ongoing
3.3	Asset management: Asset inventory	<i>Node implementation of Asset Management policy</i>	2023 Q1	Ongoing
3.5	Asset management: Data lifecycle	<i>Node implementation of Data lifecycle and project conclusion requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q3	
4.1	Protection measures: Labelling information assets	<i>Node implementation of Labelling requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q4	
4.3	Protection measures: Access management	<i>Node implementation of Access Management procedures</i>	2023 Q3	
4.4	Protection measures: Data export	<i>Node implementation of Data export and data import policies</i>	2023 Q3	Ongoing
4.5	Protection measures: Authentication	<i>Node implementation of Authentication requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q2	
4.6	Protection measures: Backup	<i>Node implementation of Backup requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q1	Already in place - to be audited.
4.7	Protection measures: Physical security	<i>Node implementation of physical security requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q2	
4.8	Protection measures: Software and containers	<i>Node implementation of software and container policy</i>	2023 Q4	Partially depends on the migration to Ubuntu.
4.9	Protection measures: Cryptography	<i>Node implementation of cryptography requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q2	Ongoing
4.10	Protection measures: Network and communications	<i>Node implementation of Network and communications requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q3	Ongoing
4.12	Protection measures: Vulnerability management	<i>Node implementation of Vulnerability Management Policy</i>	2023 Q1	Ongoing
5.2	Assessment: Monitoring and logging	<i>Node implementation of Monitoring and logging requirements from IS policy</i>	2023 Q3	Ongoing

Security at sciCOREmed

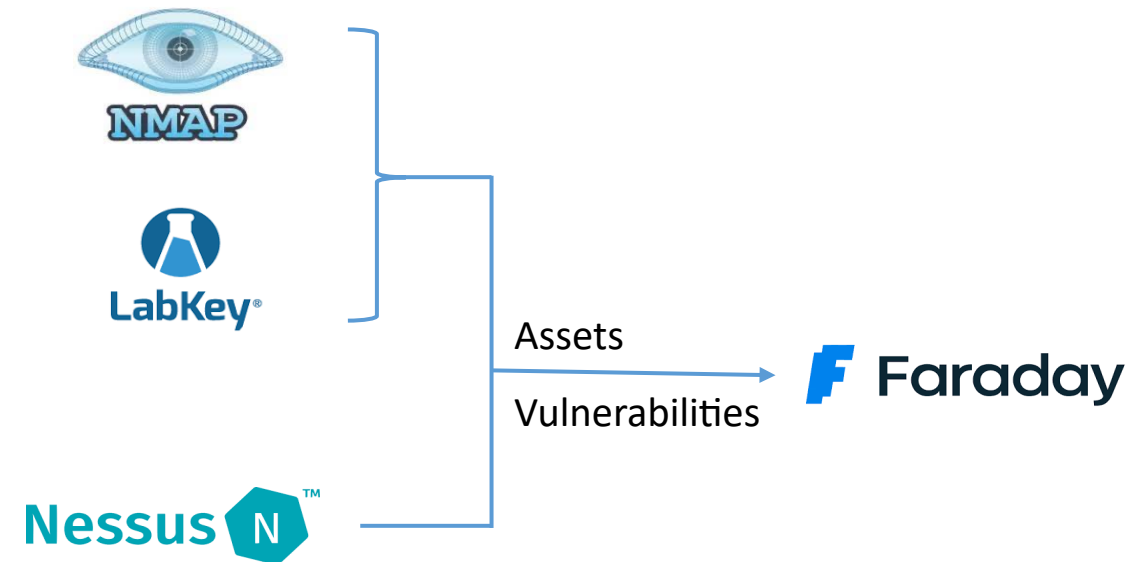
sciCOREmed Security Architecture



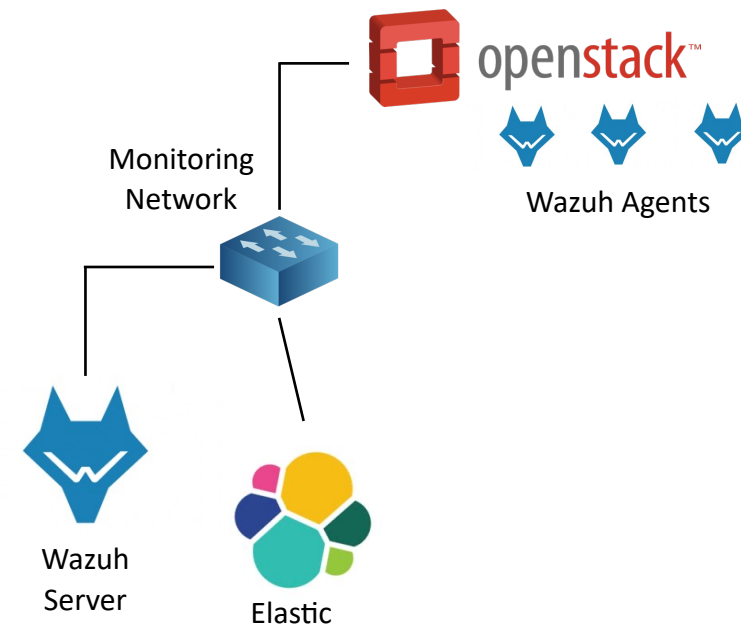
- A collection of open source tools with traffic monitoring, detecting, and alerting capabilities
- Zeek for traffic monitoring
- Snort and suricata for intrusion detection
- Stenographer for packet capture
- FleetDM/Osquery for device management
- CIS control 13 - Network Monitoring



- Active asset discovery
- Administrative asset data
- Follows an inventory specification
- Continuous vulnerability scanning
- CIS controls
 - 1, 2 - Asset Inventory
 - 7 - Vulnerability Management



- Distributed deployment
- A dedicated VLAN for tenant monitoring
- Monitoring system calls - Auditd/Falco
- Central logging system:
 - tenant VMs
 - management machines
 - firewall logs
- Vulnerability detection - not good
- CIS control 8 - Audit Log Management



- Mandatory security training for BioMedIT users
- Recommendations of how to work with sensitive data and legal implications
- Staff training
- **CIS Control 14 - Security Awareness and Skills Training**

+

SPHN/BioMedIT Data Privacy and IT Security Training

AVAILABLE RESOURCES

☒ [SIB e-Learning Site >](#)

Within the Swiss Personalized Health Network (SPHN) and related national initiatives researchers use patient data (i.e., confidential human data) in their research projects. Dealing with confidential human data requires awareness of data privacy, respective laws and information security. These courses explain the legal and regulatory context of personalised health research and what should be done in practice to protect the patients' privacy when performing biomedical research on human data.

Completing the courses is mandatory for users of BioMedIT, and taking this course is highly recommended for all users of SPHN infrastructures.

<https://www.biomedit.ch/home/outreach-training/training.html>

- Conducted by a third-party company
- Both external and internal services
- Security architecture review, review of firewall rules and exploitation
- An isolated OpenStack tenant simulating real services
- CIS Control 18 - Penetration testing



- Vulnerability management - Rapid7 Nexpose
- Asset management, patch management and min. security standards with Ubuntu
- Adopting security controls to sciCORE HPC cluster
- Falco for container runtime monitoring
- Security Onion discontinuing support for Ubuntu, Wazuh and FleetDM/Osquery

- sciCORE colleagues
scicore.unibas.ch/about-scicore/people/
- BioMedIT
<https://www.biomedit.ch>

Questions?



sciCOREmed

<https://scicore.unibas.ch/projects/scicoremed/>

BioMedIT Security

<https://www.biomedit.ch/home/biomed-it-infrastructure/security-resources.html>

CIS Controls for Effective Cyber Defense

<https://www.tml.org/DocumentCenter/View/71/The-CIS-Critical-Security-Controls-Effective-Cyber-Defense-PDF>

CIS Controls v8

<https://www.cisecurity.org/controls>

Control Mappings and Policy Templates

<https://www.cisecurity.org/insights/white-papers>

CIS CSAT

https://www.cisecurity.org/controls/cis-controls-self-assessment-tool-cis-csat_pre