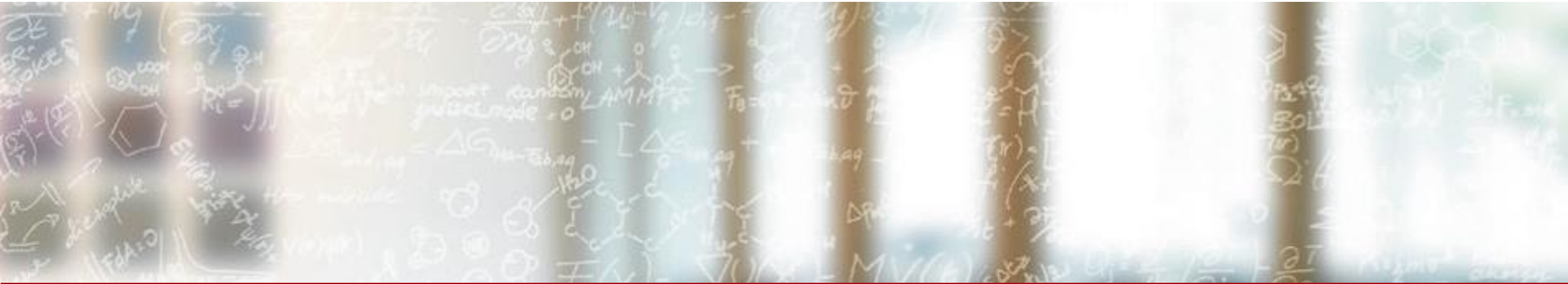




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An overview of the “Alps” research infrastructure

HPC-CH forum 2024

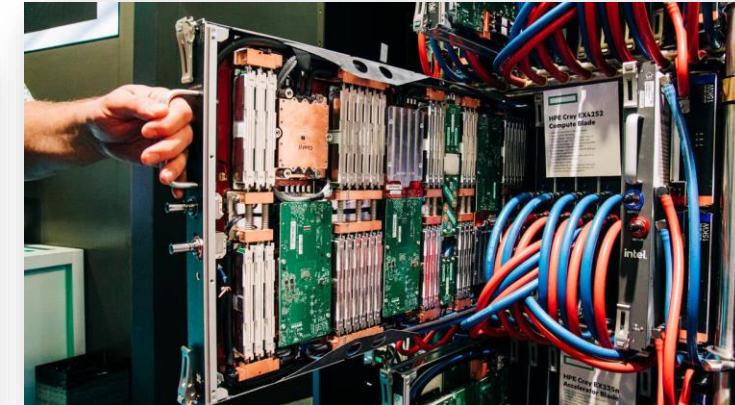
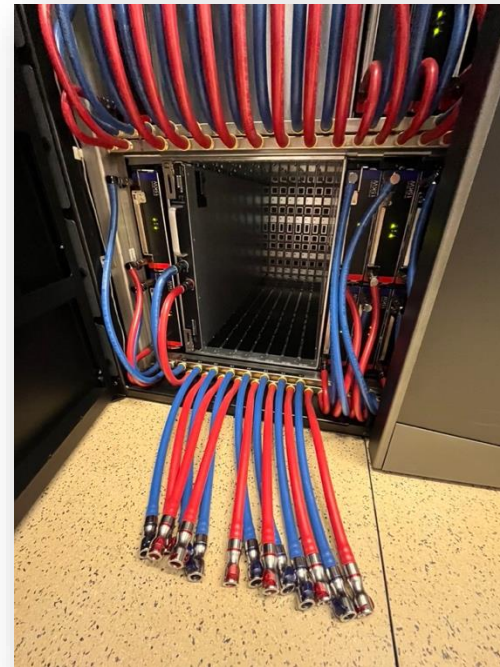
Maxime Martinasso, CSCS

Alps Technology in a nutshell

- Architectural concept: network end points for resources
- Heterogeneous infrastructure (Nvidia GPU, AMD GPU, x86, ARM,...)
- Managed by a micro service architecture control plane (CSM/OpenCHAMI)
- Slingshot network: performance and segregation
- Distributed Alps (multiple geo-distributed infrastructure)
- Versatile software-defined Cluster (vCluster) technology
 - Convergence Cloud and HPC
- Multitenant infrastructure
- Science as a Service concept with innovative resource access

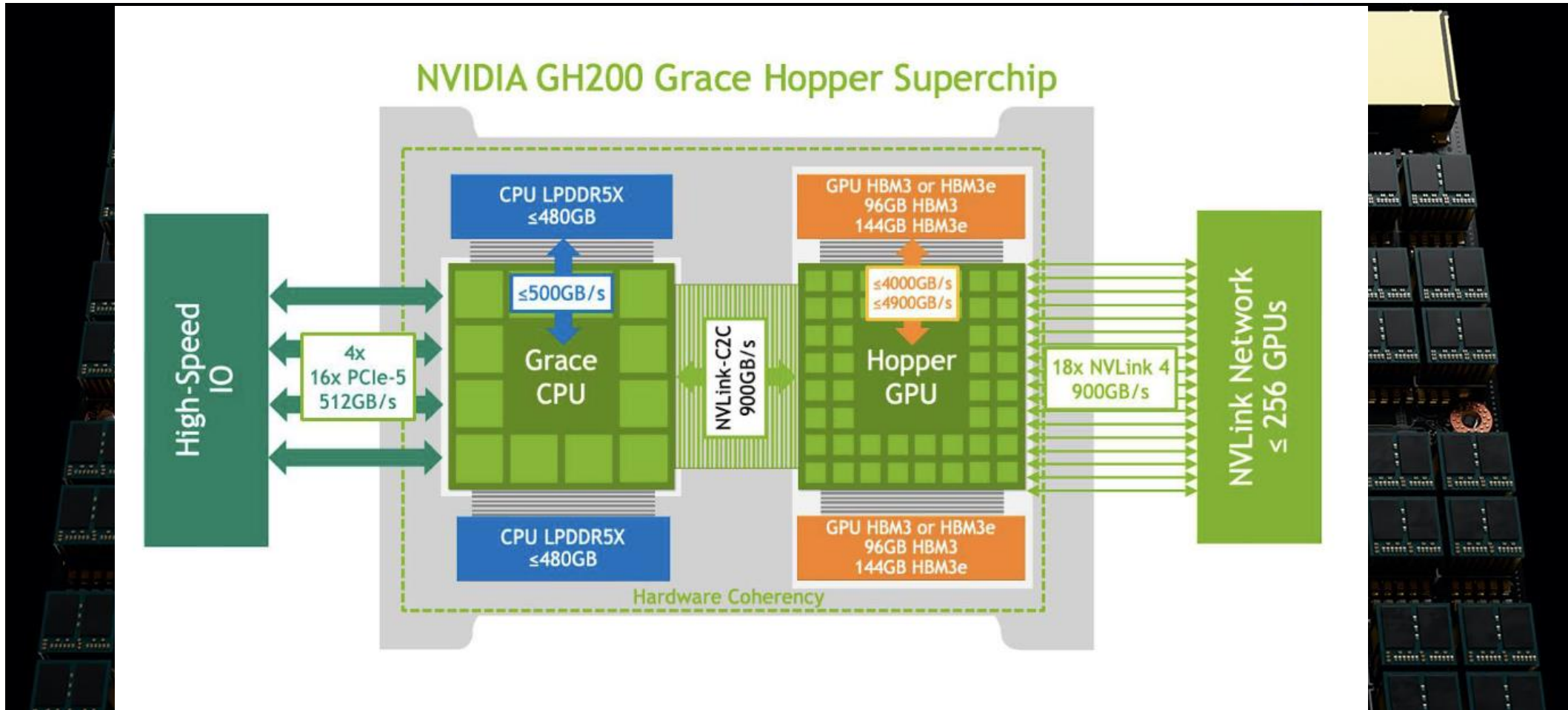
Alps Research Infrastructure

- Alps is an HPE Cray EX supercomputer being our new flagship infrastructure
- Some specs
 - 1024 AMD Rome-7742 nodes 256/512GB
 - 144 Nvidia A100 GPU nodes
 - 24 AMD MI250x GPU nodes (LUMI1 type)
 - 128 AMD MI300A GPU nodes (24Q4)
 - **2688 Grace-Hopper nodes**
 - Slingshot network (200 Gbps injection)
 - Two availability zones (HA, non-HA)
 - 100% liquid cooled
 - 100+10 PiB HDD
 - 5+1 PiB SSD (RAID10)
 - 100s of PiB tape library
 - ~10 MW (envelope for power and cooling)



Water cooled blades

Grace-Hopper superchip (GH200)





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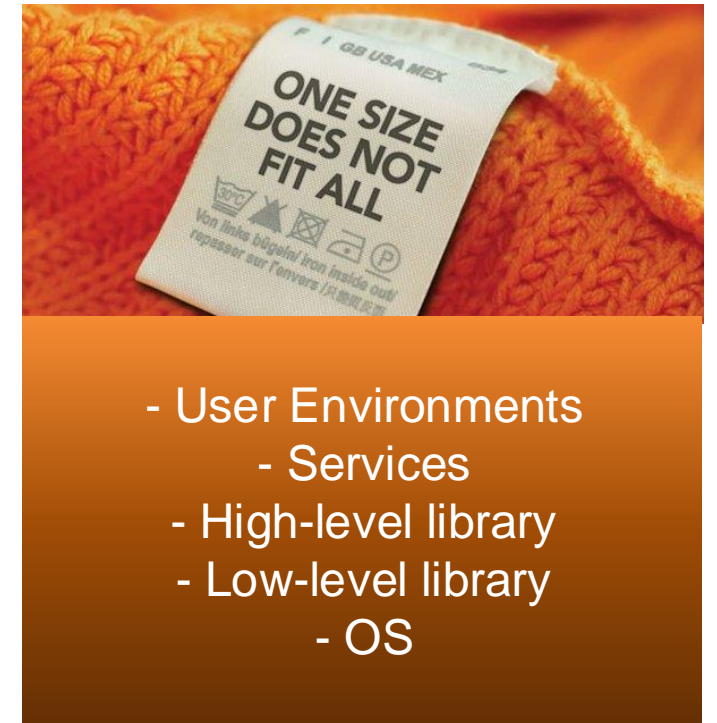
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Problem statements – more than an HPC infra

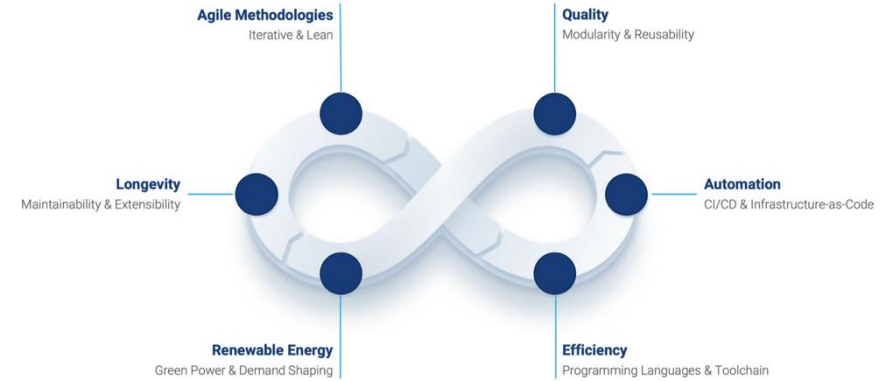
One-size-fits-all approach for HPC

- HPC systems provide a vertically integrated stack
 1. Flexibility of the programming env. is minimal
 2. Composability of services is limited to few options
 3. Upgrading means service disruption and forcing the rebuild of the entire upper stack

→ Separate community of users and provide them with custom services



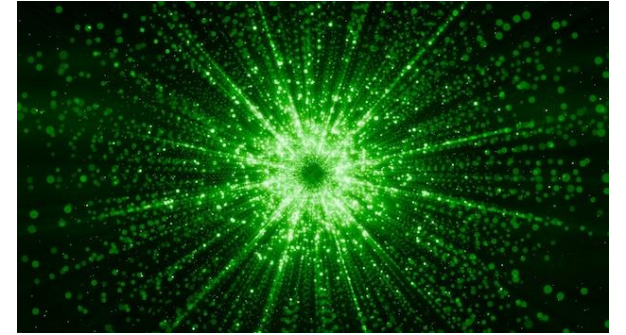
Sustainable software development



- Scientific software have a longer lifespan than supercomputers
 1. Code will be refactored to use latest hardware (accelerators) leading to costly scientific validation of outputs
 2. Hardware heterogeneity + new programming env. lead to combinatorial number of tests

→ Adapt supercomputer services to application sustainability needs

Movements of large datasets



- Explosion of scientific data generation
 1. Daily PB of data generated by high resolution simulations or scientific devices
 2. Cost of data transfer, network distance between producer and consumer
- Bridge compute and data together: select data, dedicated network link

Flexible scientific workflows



- Simplify access to HPC resources for workflow to increase researcher efficiency
 1. Need programmable interfaces to HPC resources
 2. Bring your own software stack or user environments (example ML) without compromising on performance
 - Use REST API and containers to facilitate scientific workflows

Summary

Problem statements	Technology developed at CSCS
One-size does not fit all	vCluster, OpenCHAMI, uenv
Sustainable software dev.	CI/CD, FirecREST, Sarus, ReFrame, vCluster
Large data sets	Distributed Alps, vCluster
Flexible scientific workflows	FirecREST, Sarus, vCluster



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Alps technology - vCluster

Versatile software-defined cluster vCluster technology

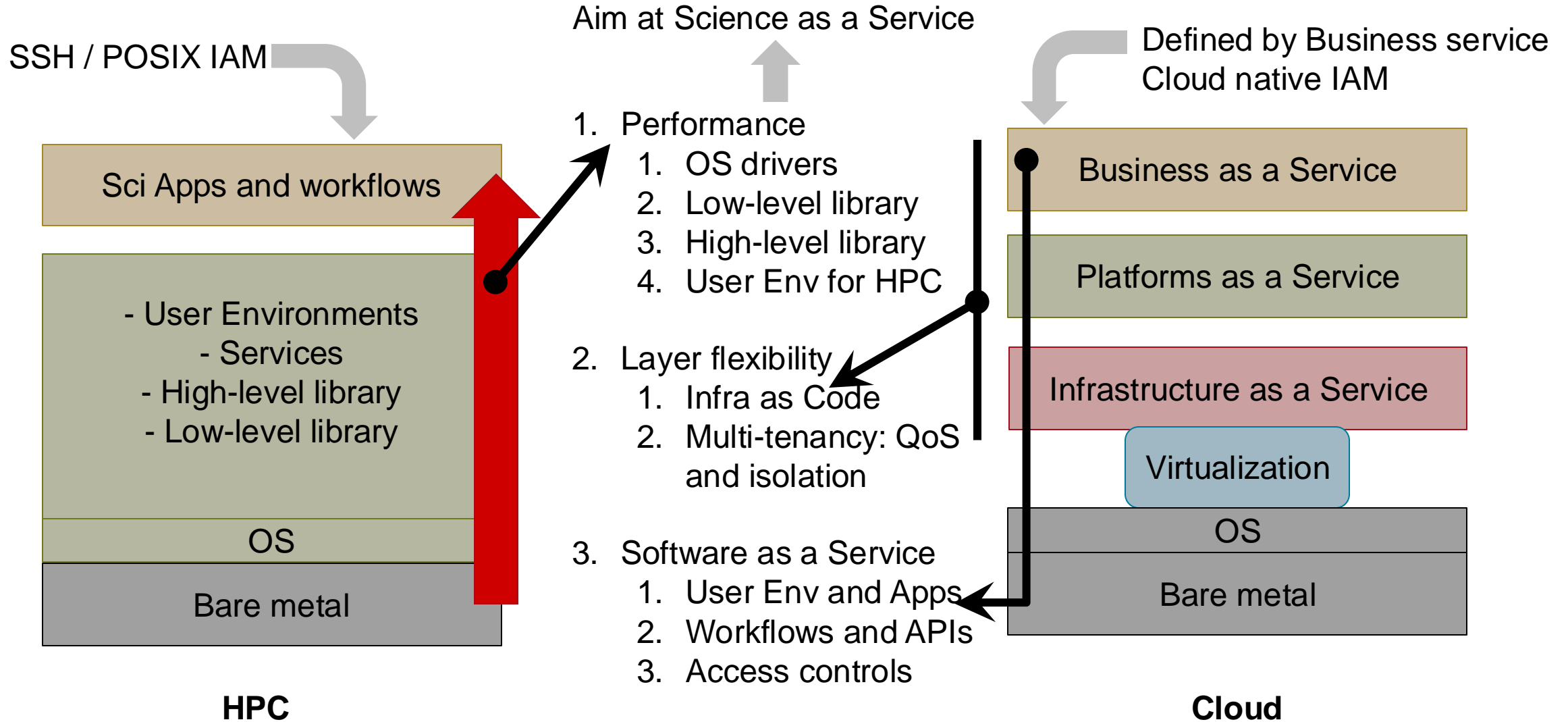


- Concept of Cloud and HPC convergence

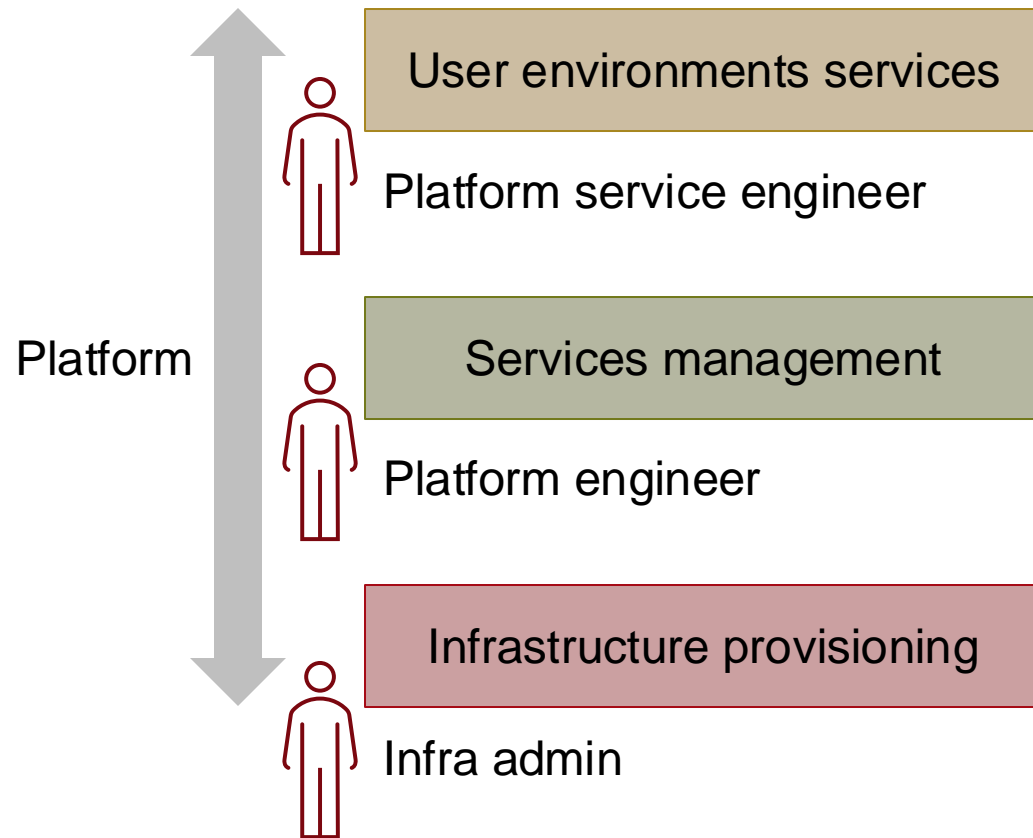
1. HPC: High performance → vertically integrated stack → limited set of services
2. Cloud: Virtualization at scale → high flexibility → limited performance

→ vCluster is a set of technologies to enable service flexibility on top of HPC

HPC and Cloud concepts to enable Science



vCluster layers and tenant concept

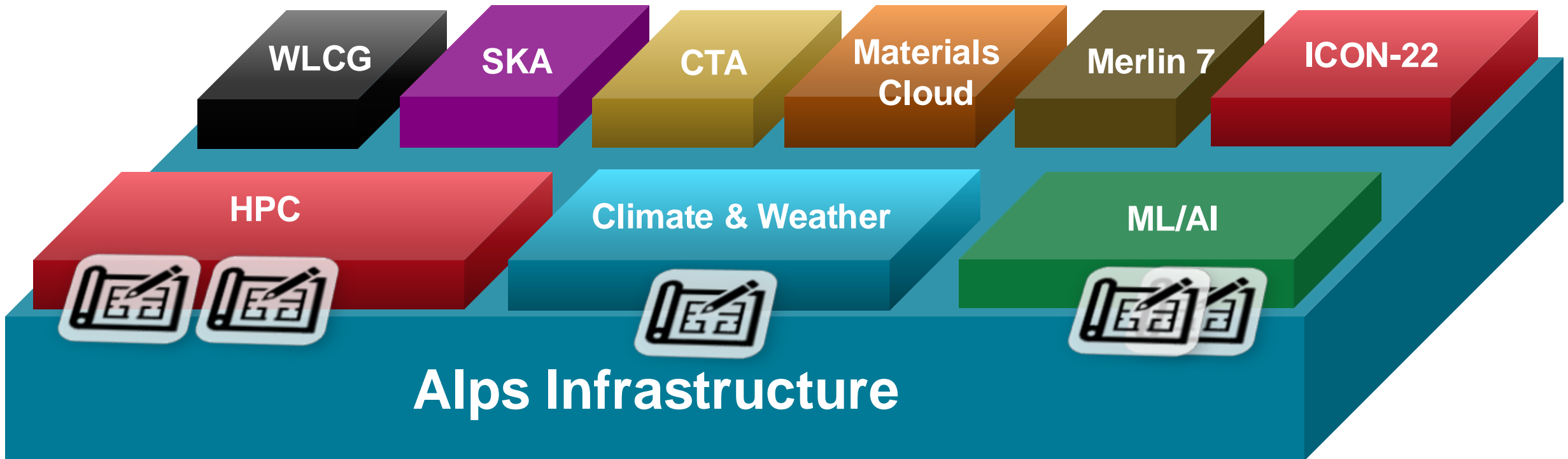


- User tailored environments
- Programmable resource access
- Scientific application build services

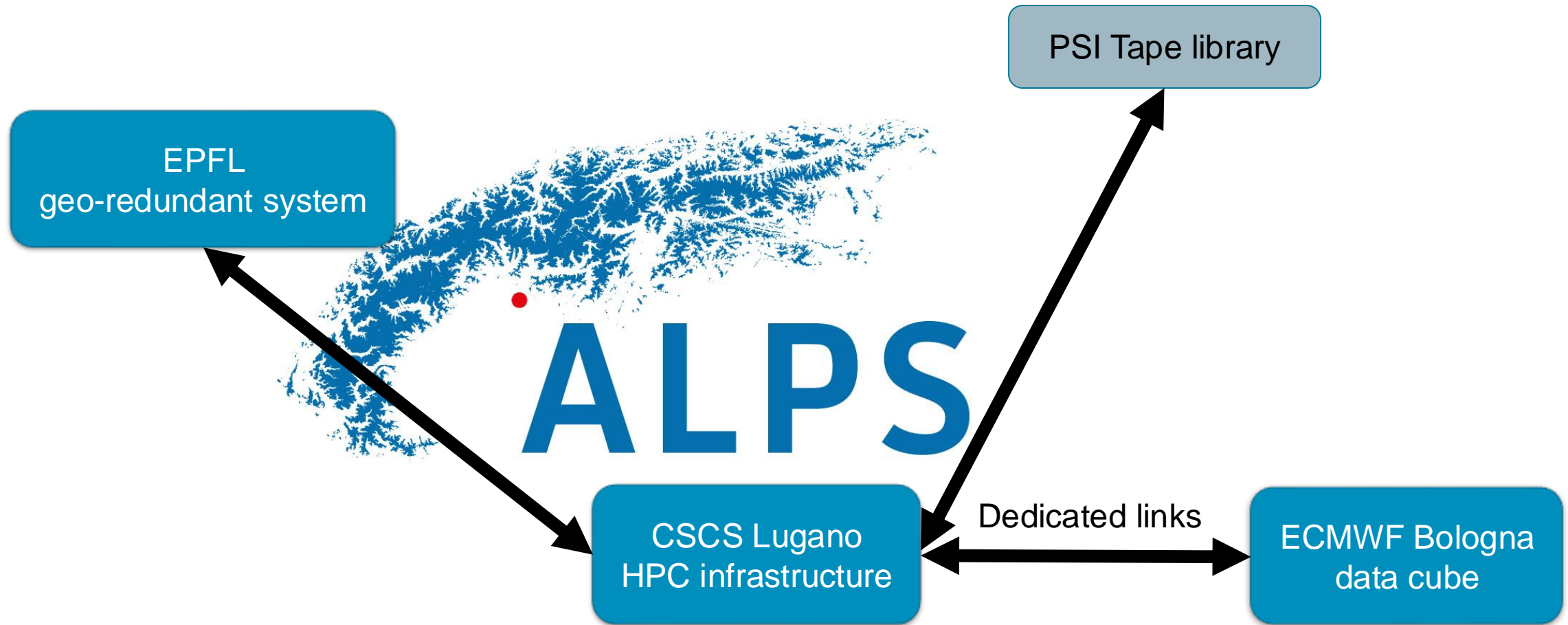
- Orchestration of platform services
- Execution environments

- Interface to the management plane
- Network segregation for multi-tenancy

Platforms and vClusters



Distributed Alps infrastructure



On-going and future technology developments

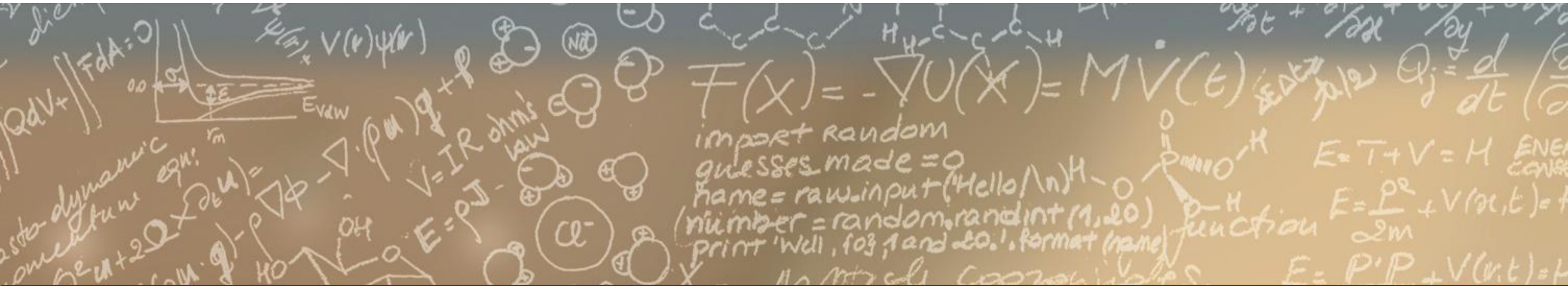
- vCluster and Alps in practice
 - On-going work to mature the technology
 - Multiple platform developments: HPC, ML, C&W,...
 - IaaS use cases in production
 - Data-bridges access and usage
- Develop and increase adoptions of APIs for resource access and configuration
 - FirecREST, API Gateway, Sarus, Container engine
 - CI/CD pipelines, user environments
- Identify new technology opportunities to enhance our services
 - vCluster elasticity, on-demand storage, multi-interface data managers, no login nodes, power-aware scheduling, zero-trust architecture, domain specific language and intermediate representation, DPU on network cards, code identification, LLM bots and user tickets,...



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Thank you for your attention.