Higgs boson production in association with charm quarks at CMS



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October 29, 2024





Swiss National

Science Foundation

Outline

- Motivation
- Status of searches for Higgs boson coupling to charm quarks y_c (focus on CMS, similar results from ATLAS)
- Study of H+c production to constrain y_c
- Results of analysis with Run 2 data (2016-2018)
- Next steps
- Conclusion

 See also presentation by Tiziano Bevilacqua in LTP seminar in November 2023

Motivation

- Higgs boson has a unique role in the Standard Model
 - Couplings to other particles are precisely predicted and proportional to 35.9-137 fb⁻¹(13 TeV)



- SM is incomplete theory → new physics models introduce new particles and forces which alter predictions
- Precision measurements of Higgs boson couplings are crucial test of SM, second generation still largely unexplored

Higgs boson coupling to charm quarks at the LHC

- Challenging due to small coupling (rare processes) and experimental reconstruction of the c quark
- Different approaches to study the Higgs boson coupling to charm quarks



State of the art

Best sensitivity from H→cc in V(W/Z)H production



State of the art

• Lots of progress over the last years



Higgs coupling to charm quarks through associated production

- Alternative approach to constrain y_c
- Advantages:
 - Higgs boson decay can be reconstructed from clean final state (H→γγ/WW/ττ)
 - Leading contribution requires only one charm to be tagged
 - Uncovered phase space, complementary to H→cc
- But also challenges:
 - Small cross section
 - ~ 0.2 fb for $cH(H
 ightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ vs 6.6 fb for $VH(H
 ightarrow car{c})$
 - Non-trivial signal simulation, large theory uncertainties
 - Soft c-quark spectrum



H+c production

- Includes several contributions that do not depend on $y_{\rm c}$
 - H + g (fakes and $g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$)
 - $H + b(b \rightarrow c)$



- Modelling of these contributions limits sensitivity on y_c
 - Largest contribution non-y_c dependent
 - Large theory uncertainties on y_c-dependent part







Search for H+c production at CMS



CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN Data recorded: 2016-Aug-14 06:31:58.391936 GMT Run / Event / LS: 278808 / 3051068122 / 1716

Search for H+c production at CMS

- Using Run 2 data (2016-2018) 136 fb⁻¹
- Analysis strategy
 - Use $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ decay channel (BR 0.2%)
 - Select events with 2 isolated photons associated with primary vertex
 - Require additional jet with p_T>20 GeV that passes charm jet identification
- Main backgrounds
 - Irreducible background from ggH events with ISR/FSR gluon splitting g→cc
 - Continuous γγ background
 - Train 2 BDTs based on kinematic variables to discriminate against these backgrounds



CMS-PAS-HIG-23-010

Signal extraction

- Define 27 categories
 - 9 according to score of the two BDTs
 - For each of the 3 years
- Simultaneous maximum likelihood fit to the m_{γγ} distribution in the 27 categories
 - Signal shape modelled from MC
 - Background shape from fit to sidebands



CMS-PAS-HIG-23-010

Fit result

CMS-PAS-HIG-23-010



- Observed (expected) upper limit at 95% CL on the cH signal strength is 243 (355) times the SM prediction
- Result dominated by statistical uncertainty
- Main systematic uncertainty
 - Modelling of ggH background
 - Flavor scheme uncertainty on cH/bH production

Next steps

- Address main systematic uncertainty by measuring inclusive H+c production
 - Mainly, ggH+c, not y_cdependent part
 - σ (ggH+c) is about 30x larger than σ (H+c, y_c)
- Measure H+c and H+b simultaneously
- Include first part of Run 3 data (2022,2023) ~70 fb⁻¹
- Take advantage of new tools for charm tagging developed for Run 3



0.7

0.75

0.8

0.85

0.9

b jet identification efficiency

0.95

0.65

 10^{-3}

10-4 0.5

0.55

0.6

H+c production modes



H+c production in ggH, VH, ttH, VBF

• How to define the signal?

H+c & H+b inclusive:



 Use distinct experimental signatures (e.g. number of jets, b-jets and leptons, angular separation) for discrimination

Event categorization

- Improved event selection and event classification
- Dominant background to ggh+c/b production from ggh+light-jet production → expect improvement from moving to new tagger
- Established control region for ttH, might be possible also for VH, VBF production



Summary

- Measurement of Higgs boson couplings to second generation quarks are a priority of the physics program at CMS
- Different approaches to constrain y_c, best sensitivity from V(H→cc)
- Search for c+H production provides an alternative approach
- First analysis carried out with Run 2 data
 - Using $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ decay channel
 - Results limited by statistics and theoretical uncertainty on resonant Higgs background
- Work ongoing to measure inclusive H+c production with Run 2 and Run 3 data