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Delocalization and occupancy effects of 5f orbitals in plutonium intermetallics using L3-edge resonant x-ray emission spectroscopy

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Although actinide (An) L3-edge x-ray absorption near-edge structure

(XANES) spectroscopy has been very effective in determining An oxidation states in insulating, ionically-bonded materials, such as in certain coordination compounds and mineral systems, the technique fails in systems featuring more delocalized 5f orbitals, especially in metals. Recently, actinide L3-edge resonant x-ray emission spectroscopy (RXES) has been shown to be an effective alternative. This technique is further demonstrated here using a parametrized partial unoccupied density of states method to quantify both occupancy and delocalization of the 5f orbital in alpha-Pu, delta-Pu, PuCoGa5, PuCoIn5, and PuSb2. These new results, supported by FEFF calculations, highlight the effects of strong correlations on RXES spectra and the technique's ability to differentiate between f-orbital occupation and delocalization.

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