

RNiO₃ perovskites: exploring the TMIT → 0 limit

Wednesday, 30 October 2019 10:00 (20 minutes)

Strongly correlated oxides can show a variety of exotic physical behaviour such as metal to insulator transitions, multiferroicity, or high-T_c superconductivity. Here we focus on RNiO₃ perovskites (R = trivalent rare earth ions), one of the few transition metal oxide families to display spontaneous metal insulator transitions. Interestingly, superconductivity has been recently reported in the reduced nickelate Nd_{0.8}Sr_{0.2}NiO₂, which constitutes the first-ever observation of this property in a Ni-based material[1].

The mechanism behind the emergence of superconductivity is just as unclear as the driving force behind the MIT[2][3]. Nickelates with larger rare earth ions (Nd, Pr, La_xPr_{1-x}; x = 0.1 to 0.5) are candidates to probe the cause of the MIT, as lattice, electric and magnetic degrees of freedom coincide. Here we focus on the role of the lattice that we investigate in the La_xPr_{1-x}NiO₃ solid solutions, by exchanging ¹⁶O by the ¹⁸O isotope.

The presence of huge ¹⁶O-¹⁸O isotope effects was confirmed in a previous study, where T(MIT) was increased by up to 10K for ¹⁸O enriched PrNiO₃[4]. The solid solutions of La_xPr_{1-x}NiO₃ exhibit an even larger ¹⁶O-¹⁸O effect in T(MIT) (~20 K), suggesting an increasingly dominant role of the lattice when T(MIT) approaches zero kelvin.

A good understanding of these spectacular and unusual findings require experiment-theory synergies, already established with colleagues from SINQ and SLS at PSI and collaborators from the NCCR MARVEL project.

[1] D. Li, K. Lee, B. Y. Wang, M. Osada, S. Crossley, H. R. Lee, Y. Cui, Y. Hikita, H. Y. Hwang, Nature 2019, 572, 624-627.

[2] O. E. Peil, A. Hampel, C. Ederer, A. Georges, Phys. Rev. B 2019, 99, 245127.

[3] A. Mercy, J. Bieder, J. Íñiguez, P. Ghosez, Nature Communications 2017, 8, 1677.

[4] M. Medarde, P. Lacorre, K. Conder, F. Fauth, A. Furrer, Journal of Superconductivity 1999, 12, 189-191.

Position

Postdoc

Primary authors: KLEIN, Yannick Maximilian (PSI - Paul Scherrer Institut); MEDARDE, Marisa (Paul Scherrer Institut); GAWRYLUK, Dariusz Jakub; SHANG, Tian (Synchrotron Radiation and Nanotechnology Research Division, Paul Scherrer Institut, 5232 Villigen); CHEPTIAKOV, Denis (Paul Scherrer Institut); Dr KELLER, Lukas (Laboratory for Neutron Scattering, Paul Scherrer Institut, CH-5232 Villigen PSI, Switzerland); CASATI, Nicola Pietro Maria

Presenter: KLEIN, Yannick Maximilian (PSI - Paul Scherrer Institut)

Session Classification: Contributed talks

Track Classification: Oral presentation