

WIR SCHAFFEN WISSEN – HEUTE FÜR MORGEN

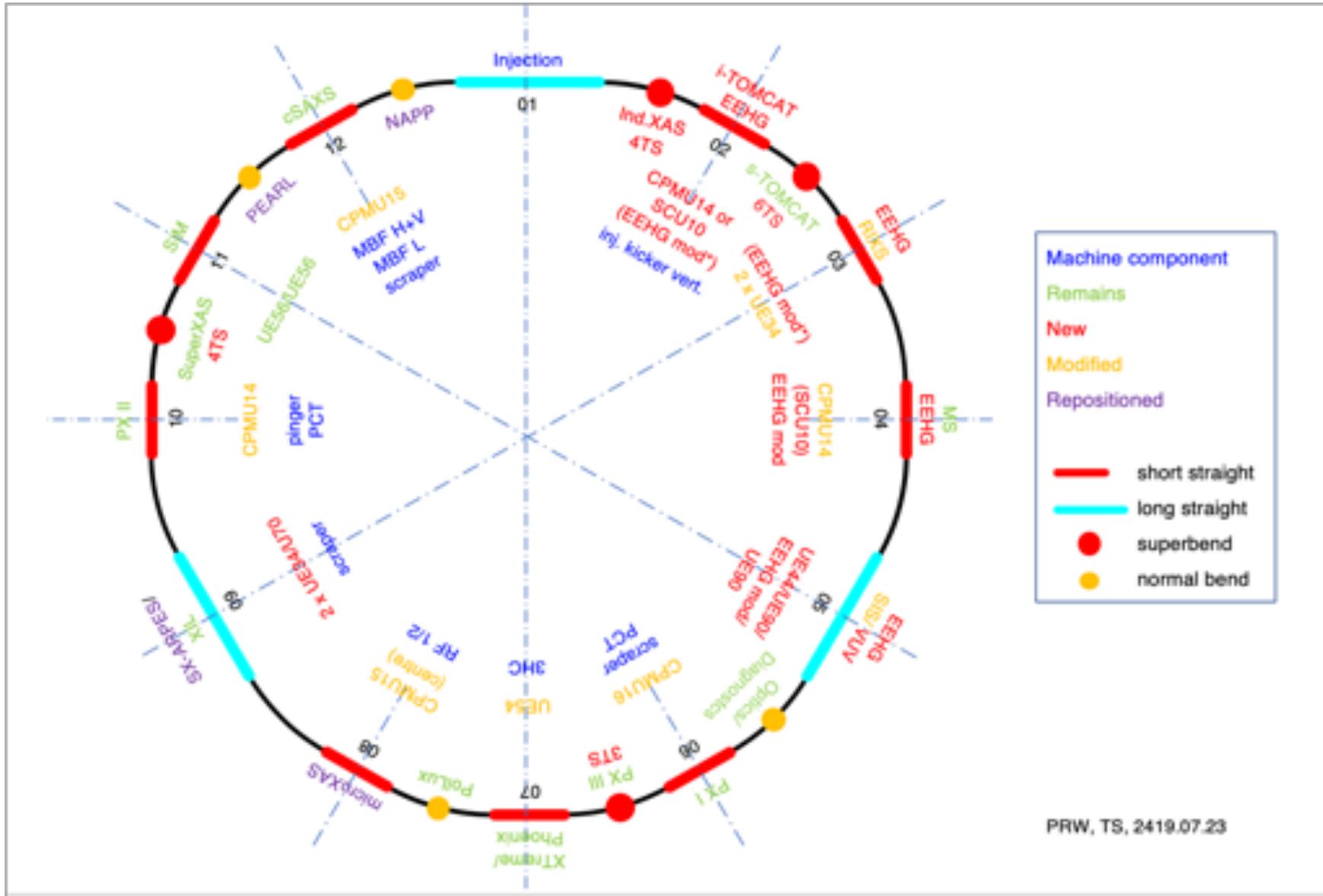


Thomas Schmidt :: Paul Scherrer Institut

# Insertion Devices for SLS 2.0

SLS 2.0 Information Day, November 8, 2019, PSI

# SLS 2.0 Lattice



## machine

- smaller emittance (beam size) -> higher brilliance
- improved injection schemes -> smaller transverse apertures
- NEG coating and fabrication technologies for vacuum chambers
- **sc** superbends

## undulators

- stronger magnet materials

NdFeB  $B_r = 1.15\text{T} \rightarrow B_r = 1.37\text{T}$  @ room temperature

- new techniques and new materials:

cryogenic undulators PrFeB  $B_r = 1.7\text{T}$  @ 77K

- new concepts:

APPLE X making use of round vacuum chambers

- reduced gaps for shorter period length, thus higher flux
- field shaping for reduced on-axis heat load

- R&D:

HTS high temperature superconductors

to go beyond today's possibilities

- FEL concepts:

electron beam manipulation by external Lasers

EEHG (Femto 2.0)

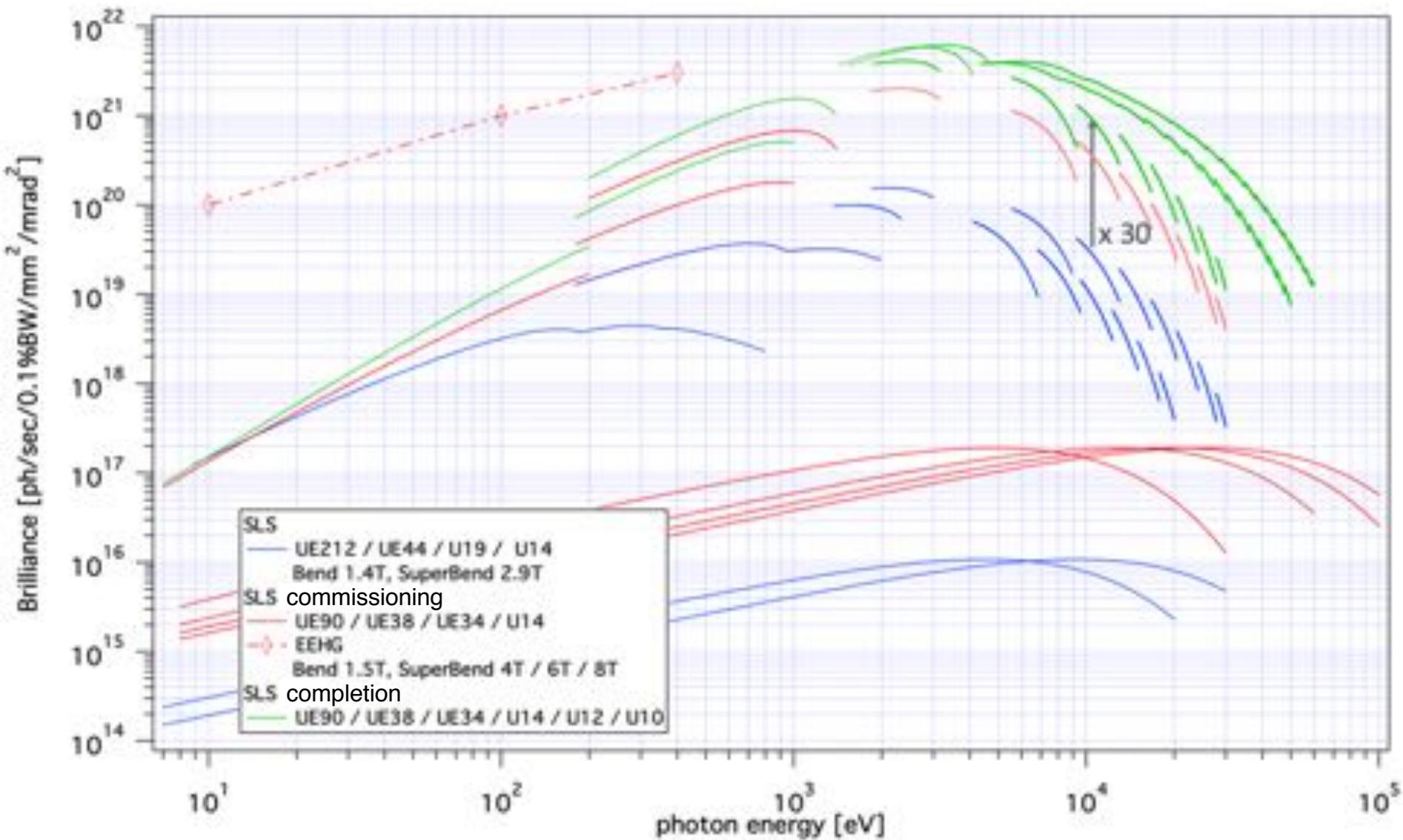
## **beamlines**

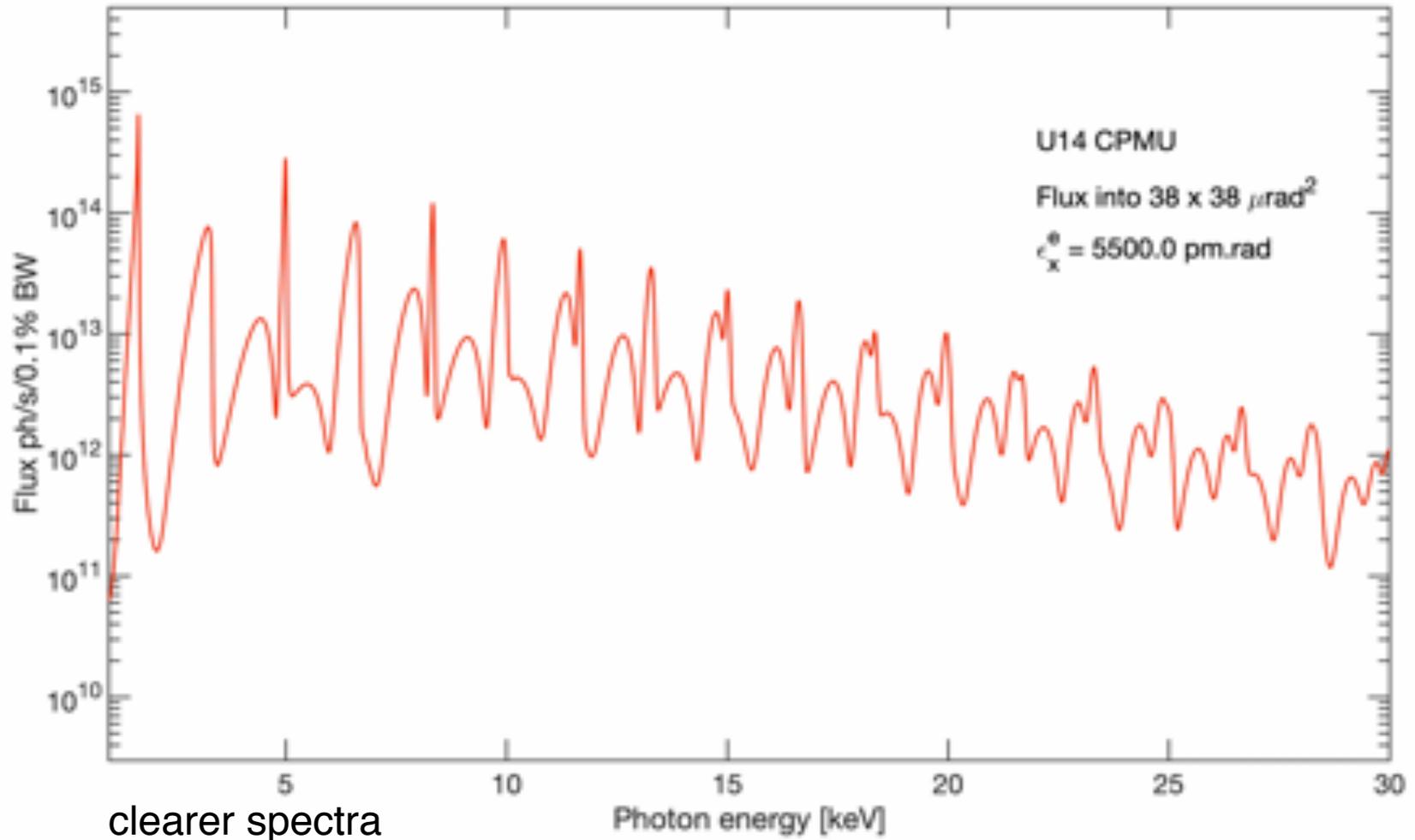
- smaller mirrors with reduced slope errors errors
- new concepts
- improved detectors

## **machine beamline interaction**

- include x-ray bpm into feedback

# SLS -> SLS2.0 Brilliance





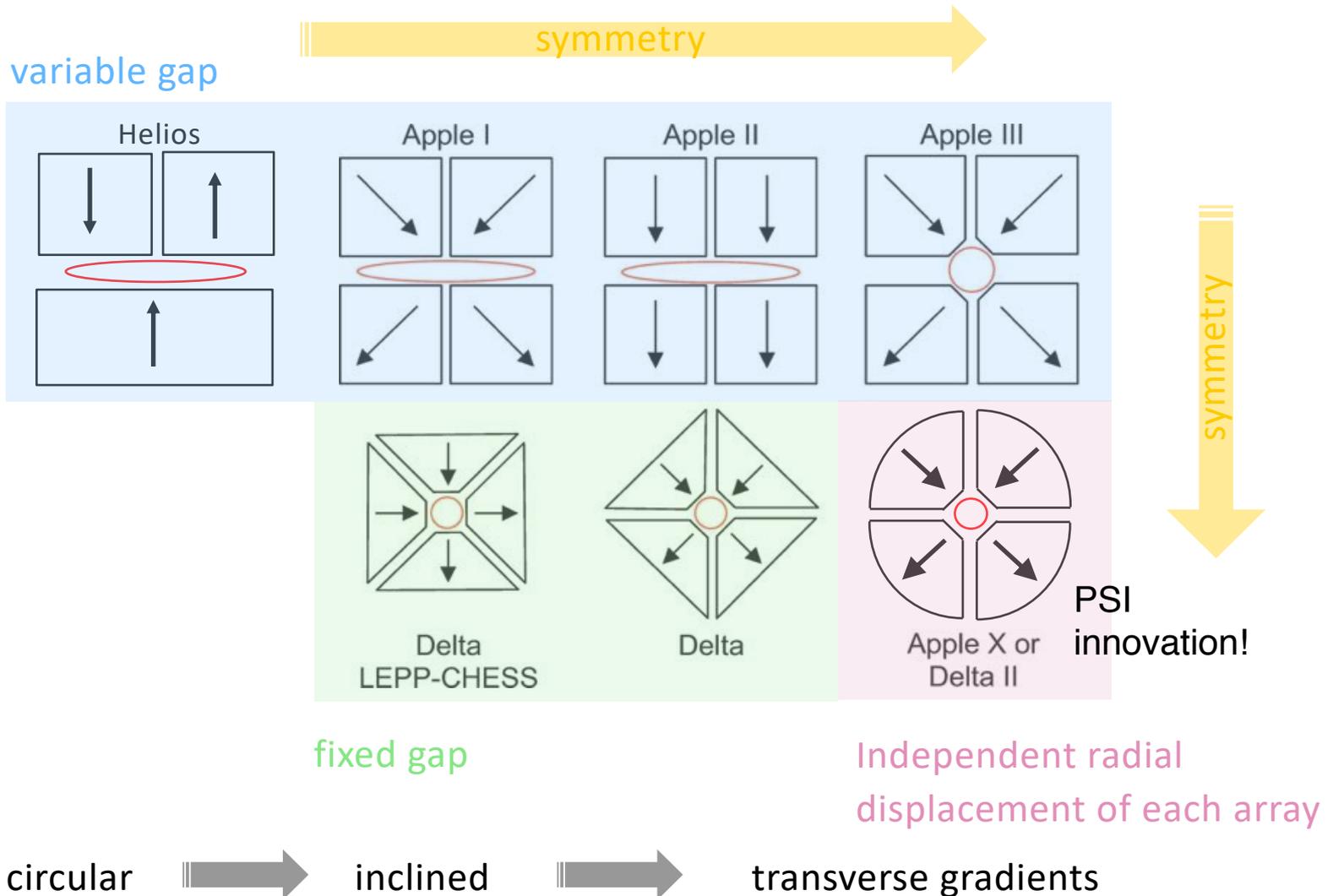
- clearer spectra
- smaller (better) optics
- operation without monochromator

ID	N	Gap [mm]	B <sub>z</sub> /B <sub>x</sub> [T]	K <sub>z</sub> /K <sub>x</sub>	N <sub>per</sub>	Harm	E [keV]	Type	Magnets
<b>SLS</b>									
UE212/424	1	20	0.4/0.1	07.09.04	39	1-5	0.01-0.6	quasi-periodic ELM variable period	-
UE56	2	16	0.83/0.6	4.4/3.2	32	1-5	0.09-2	twin APPLE II	NdFeB
UE54	1	16	0.79/0.54	4.0/2.7	32	3-33	0,4-8	APPLE II	NdFeB
UE44	1	11,4	0.86/0.65	3.5/2.7	75	1-5	0,3-2	fixed gap APPLE II	NdFeB
U19	1	4,5	0,86	1,5	95	3-13	5-20	in-vac hybrid	Sm <sub>2</sub> Co <sub>17</sub>
U19	2	4,5	0,89	1,6	95	3-13	5-20	In-vac hybrid	NdFeB
U19	1	5,5	0,85	1,5	95	3-13	5-18	In-vac hybrid	NdFeB
U14	1	4	1,15	1,5	120	3-13	5-30	cryogenic in-vac	NdFeB
<b>SwissFEL</b>									
U15	13	3	1,28	1,8	265	1	2-12*	In-vac Dy enhanced	NdFeB
UE38	26	3	1.05/1.05	3.8/3.8	40	1	0.18-1.8	APPLE X	SmCo <sub>5</sub>

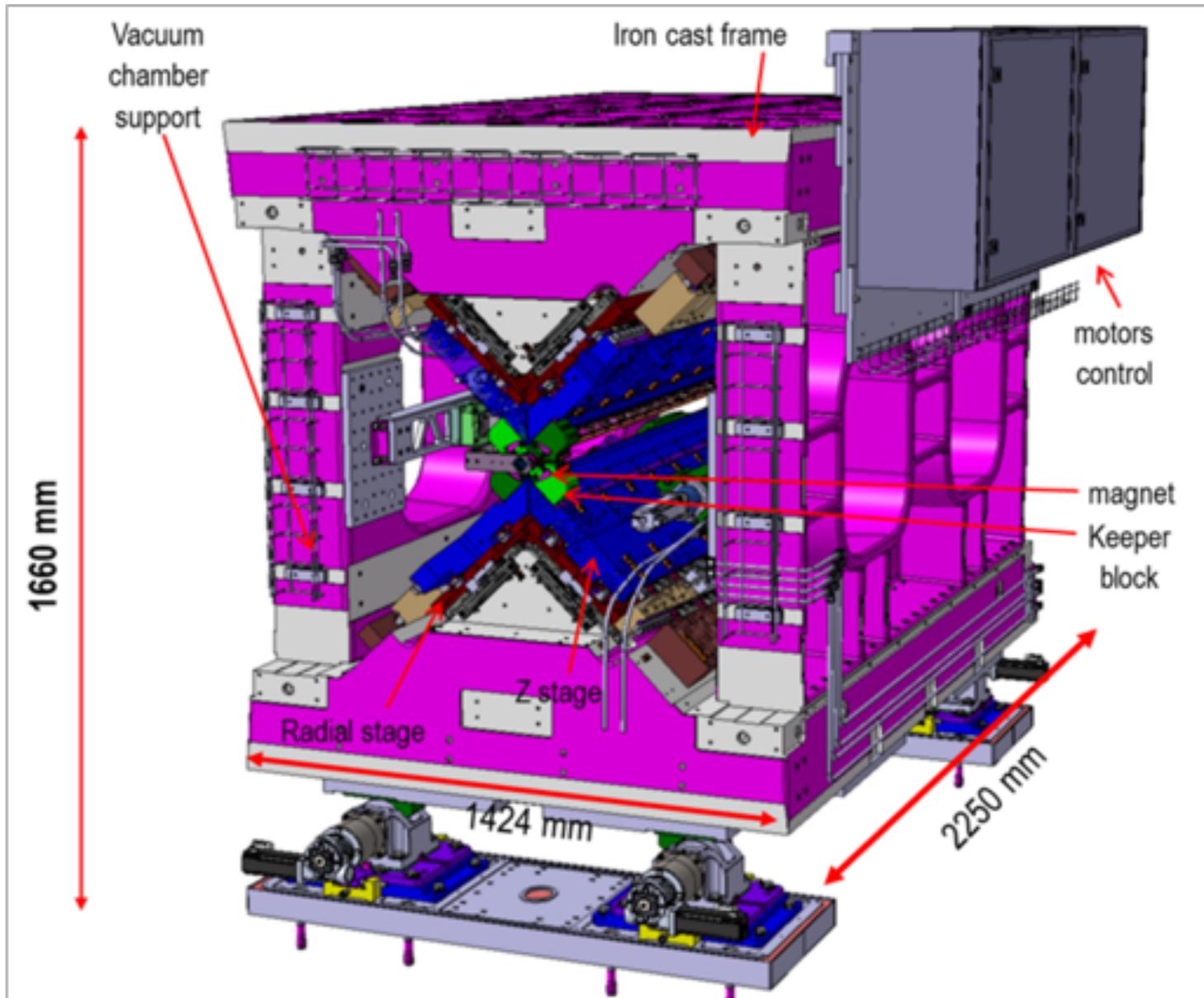
- to be replaced by APPLE X
- to be checked
- to be converted to cryogenic U14
- preserved

# APPLE type undulators in a nutshell ...

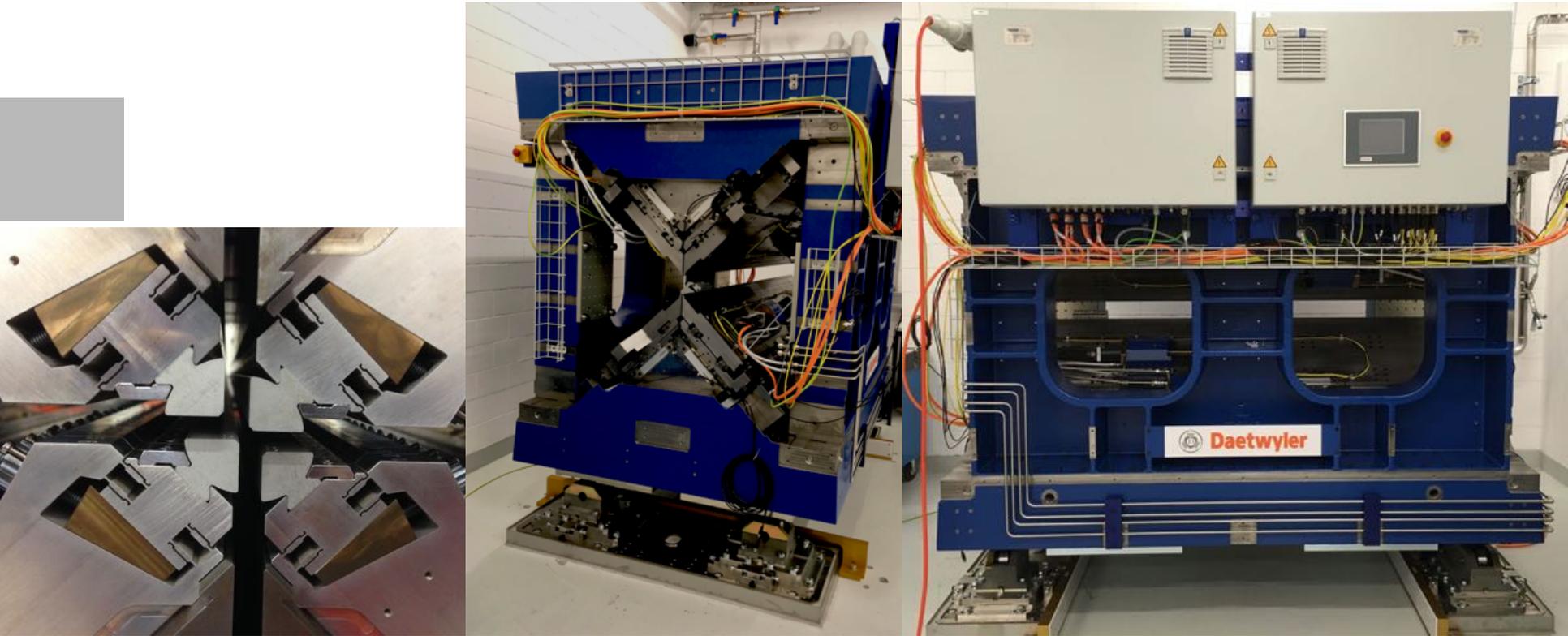
## ... from Helios to APPLE X



# SwissFEL UE38 (APPLE X)



# Athos prototype - Apple X



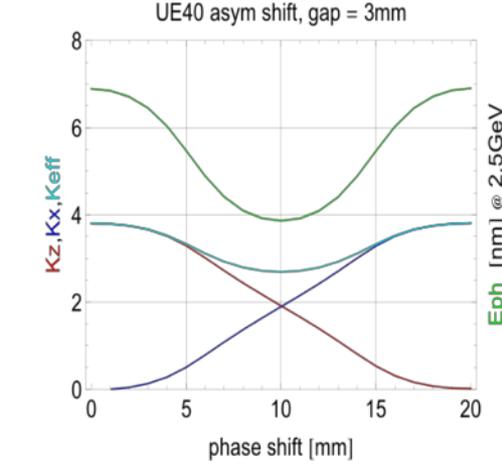
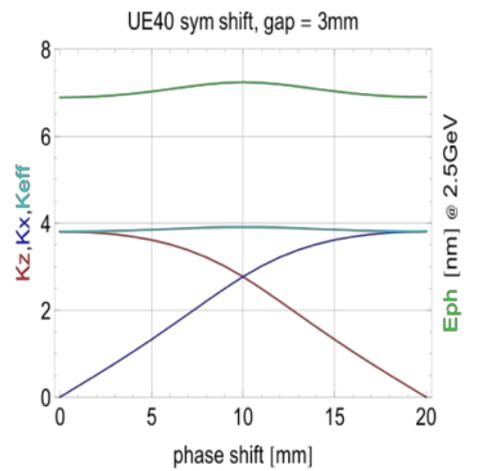
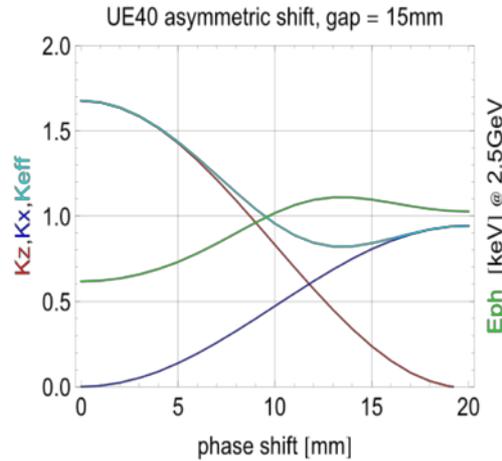
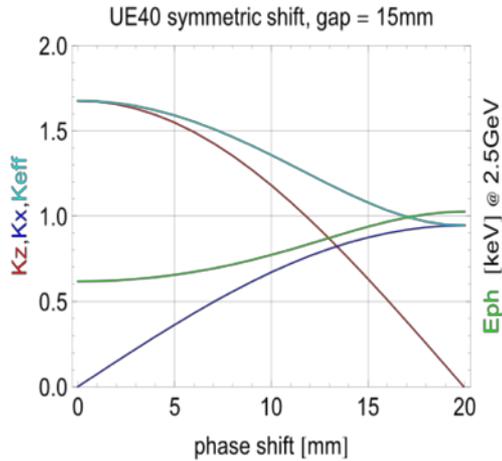
Individual radial “gap” drive

Full symmetric operation: identical photon energy range for all polarizations

Integrated vacuum chamber allows remote alignment

profit from series production of 16 modules for SwissFEL

# APPLE X vs APPLE II



## APPLE II

$$B_z > B_{\text{circ}} > B_x$$

Circ shift gap dependent

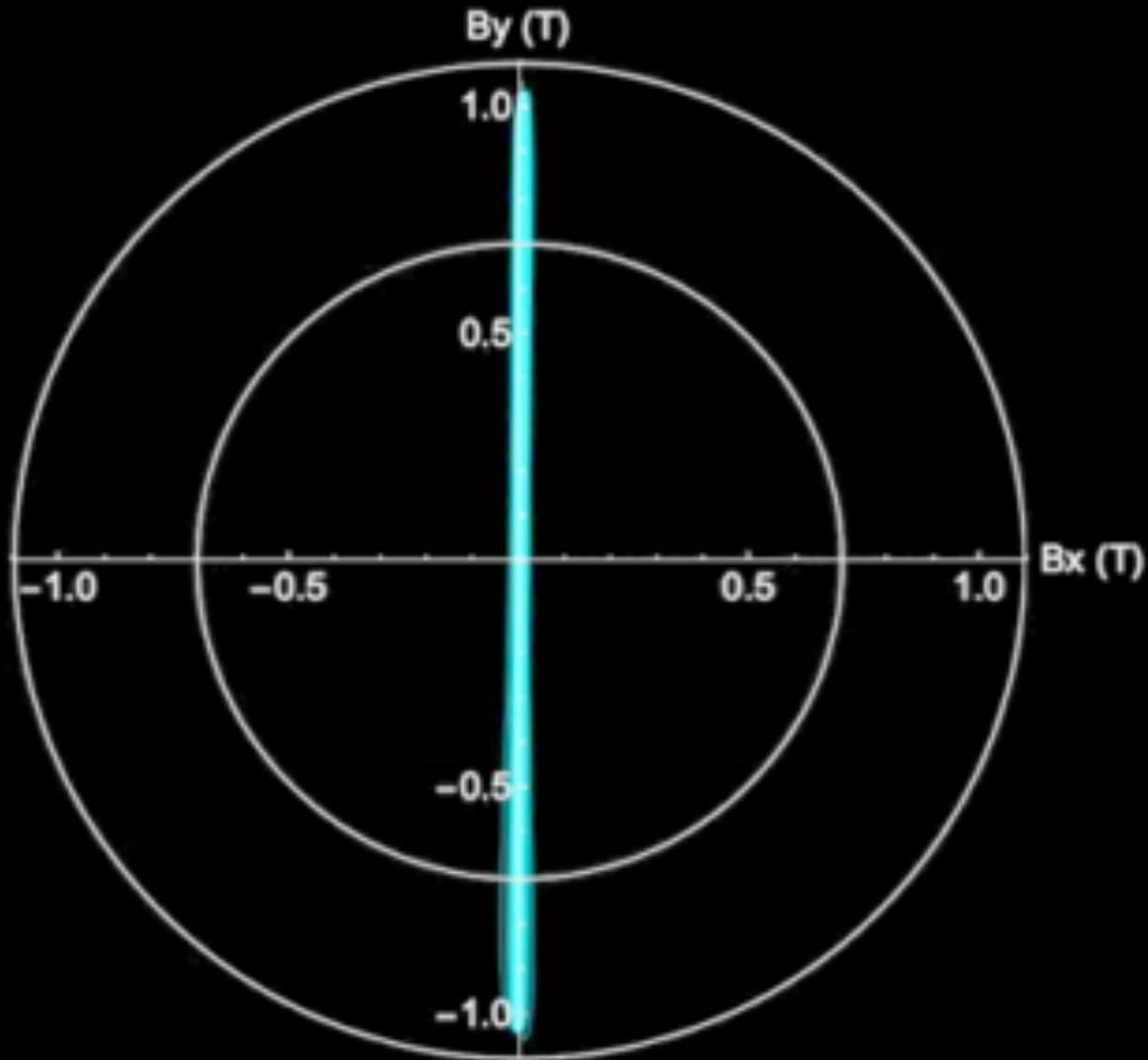
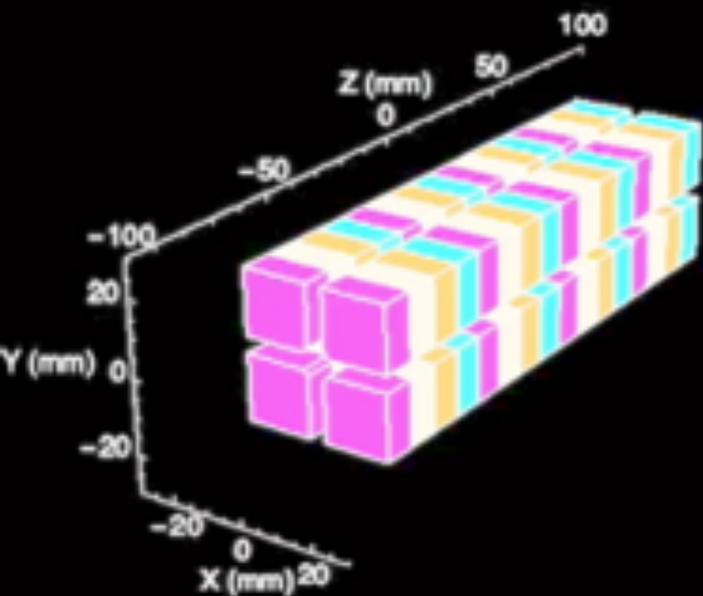
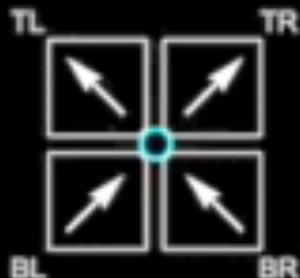
## APPLE X

$$B_z = B_{\text{circ}} B_x$$

Circ always at  $\lambda_U / 4$

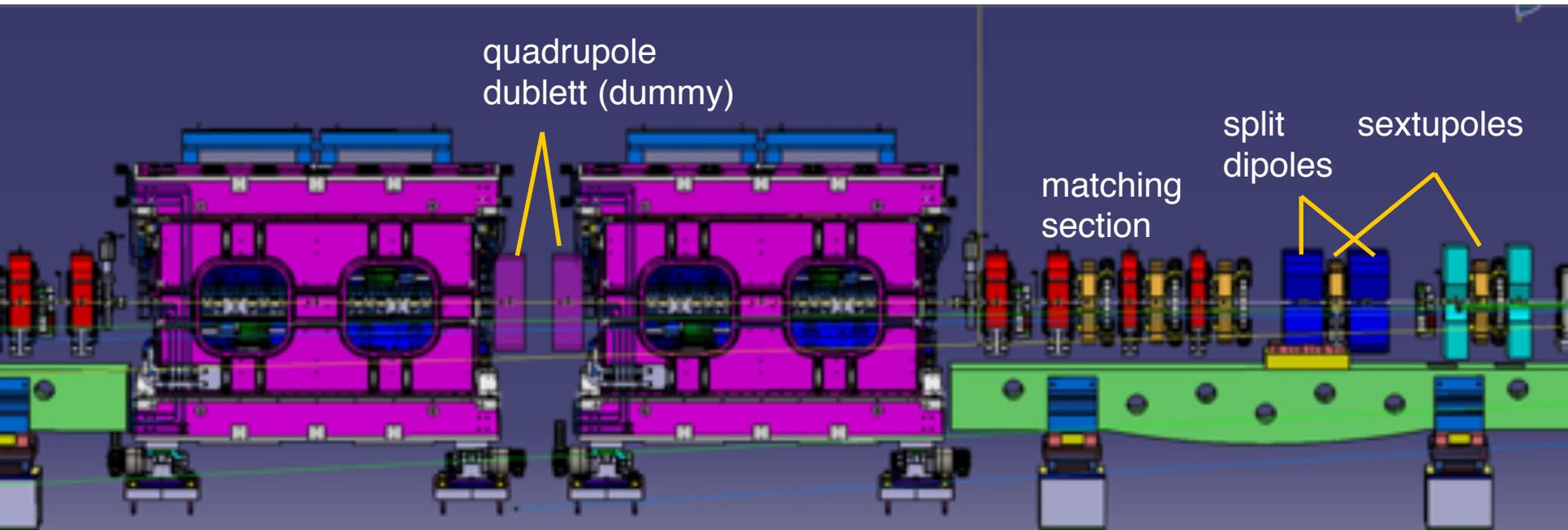
# APPLE X field projections

	TL	TR	BL	BR	
Radius	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	mm
Longitudinal Shift	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	mm



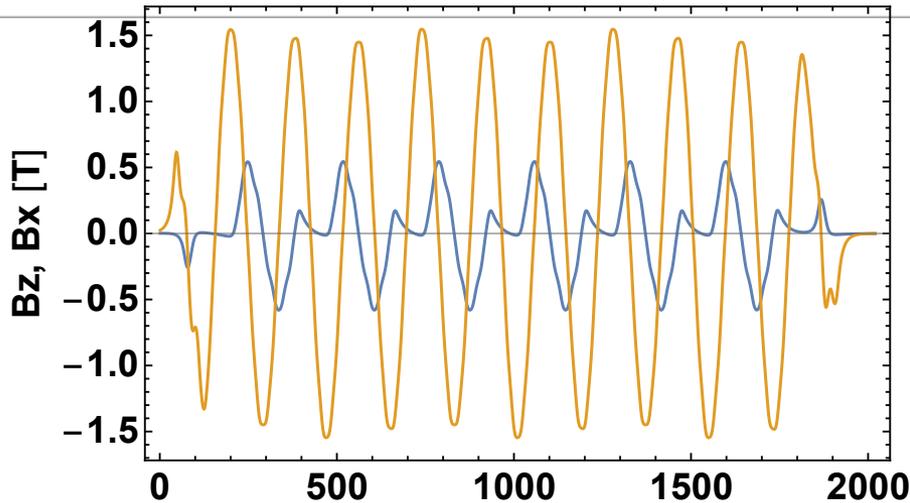
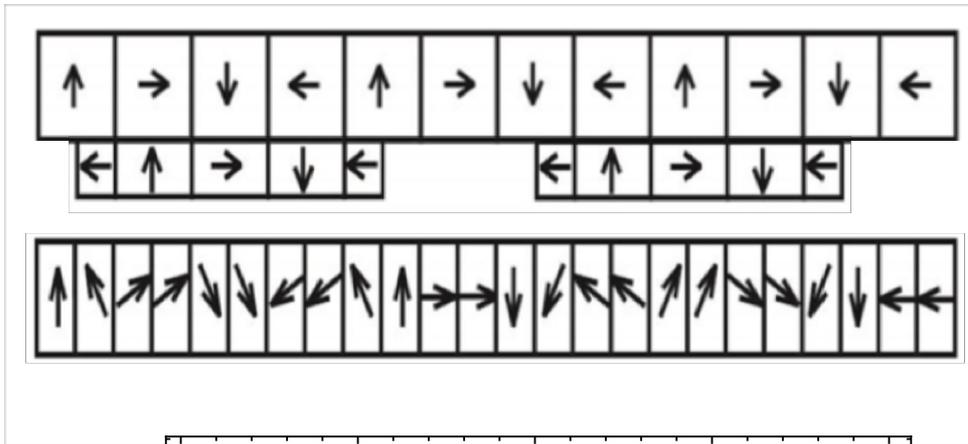
# APPLE X for VUV & soft x-ray

- carefully system integration
  - outcoupling possible for soft x-ray and VUV
  - tiny vacuum chambers and compact ring design
- > careful heat load budgeting

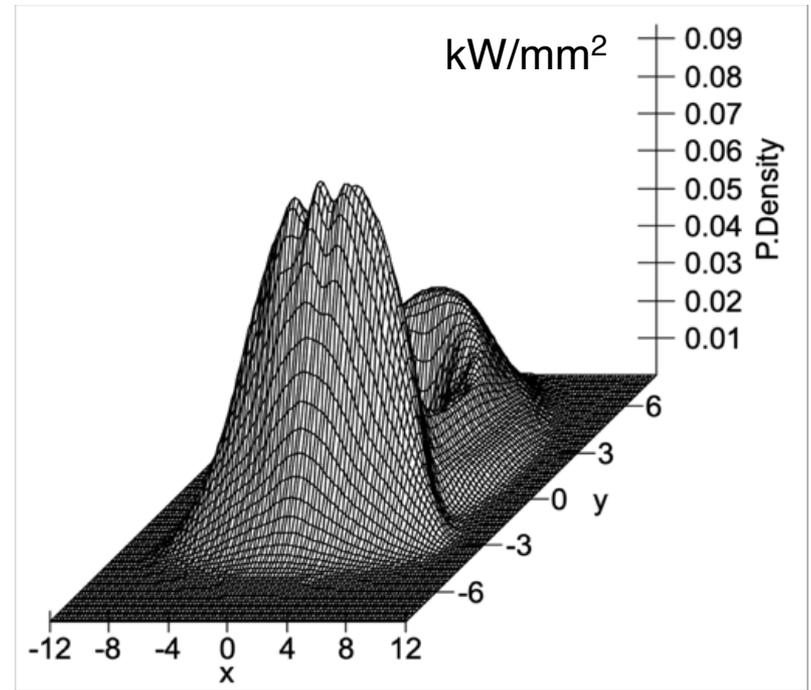


Shorter period length, more periods UE56 -> UE28

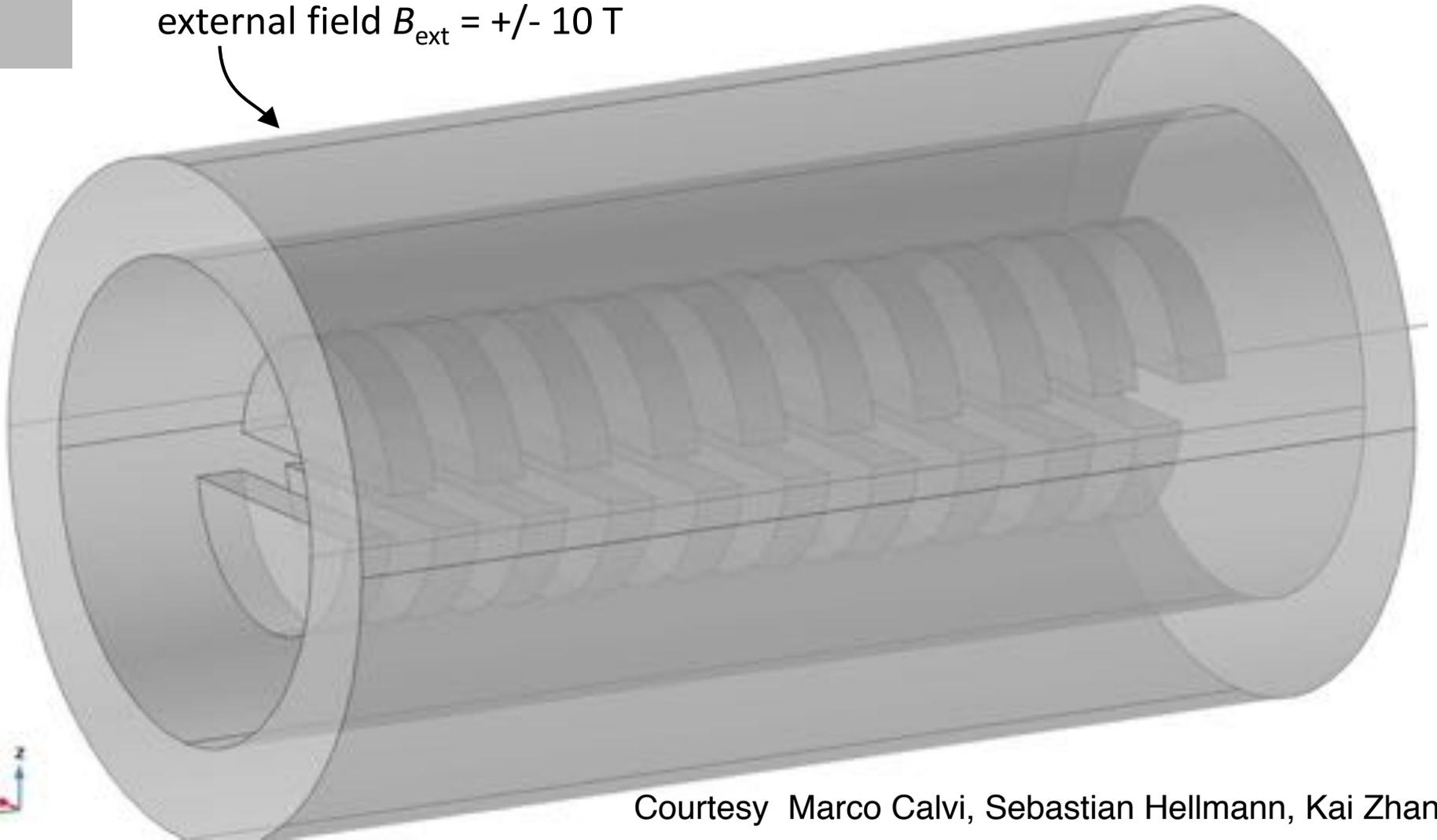
APPLE Knot for reduced on-axis heat load



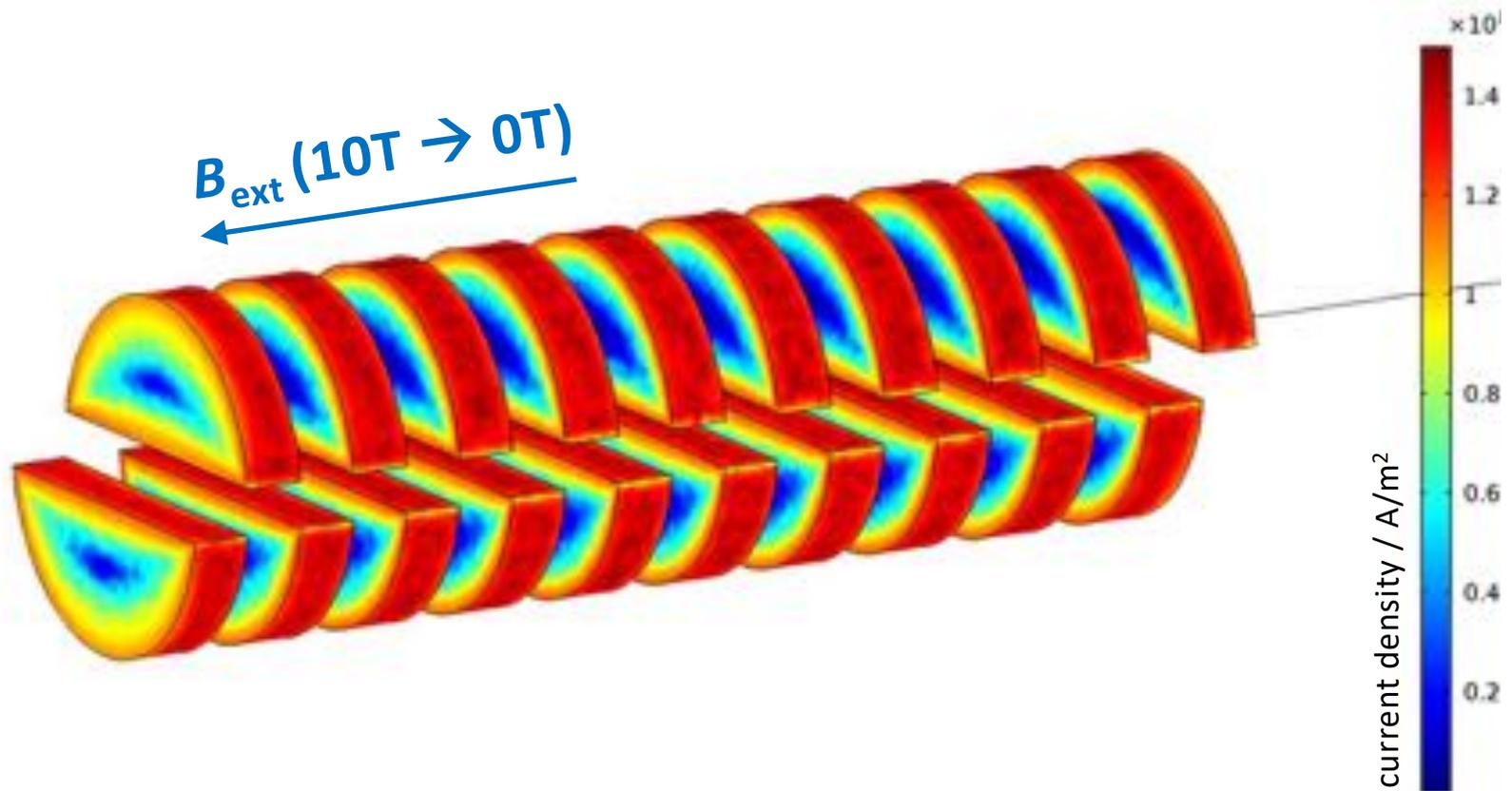
Power density at sextupole position



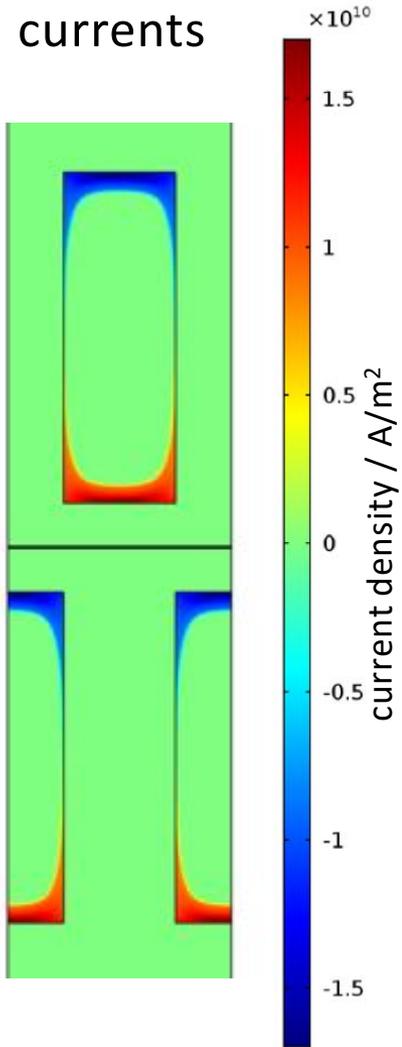
- Superconducting solenoid providing external field  $B_{\text{ext}} = +/- 10 \text{ T}$



- Surface current density after magnetization with field 10T → 0T:



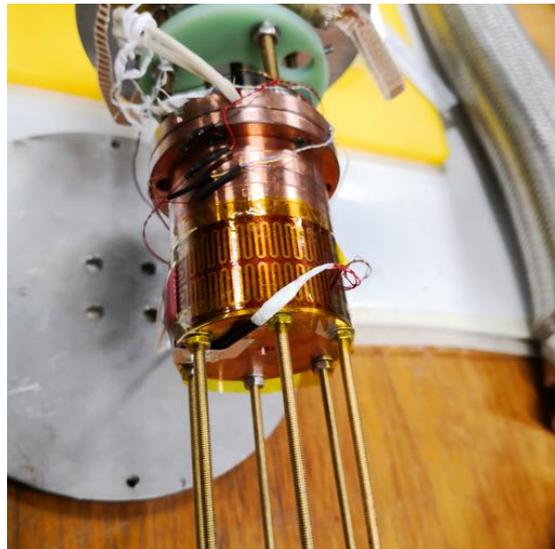
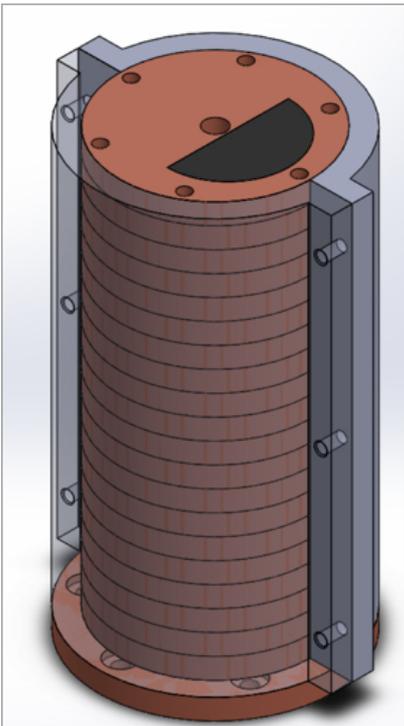
Trapped  
currents



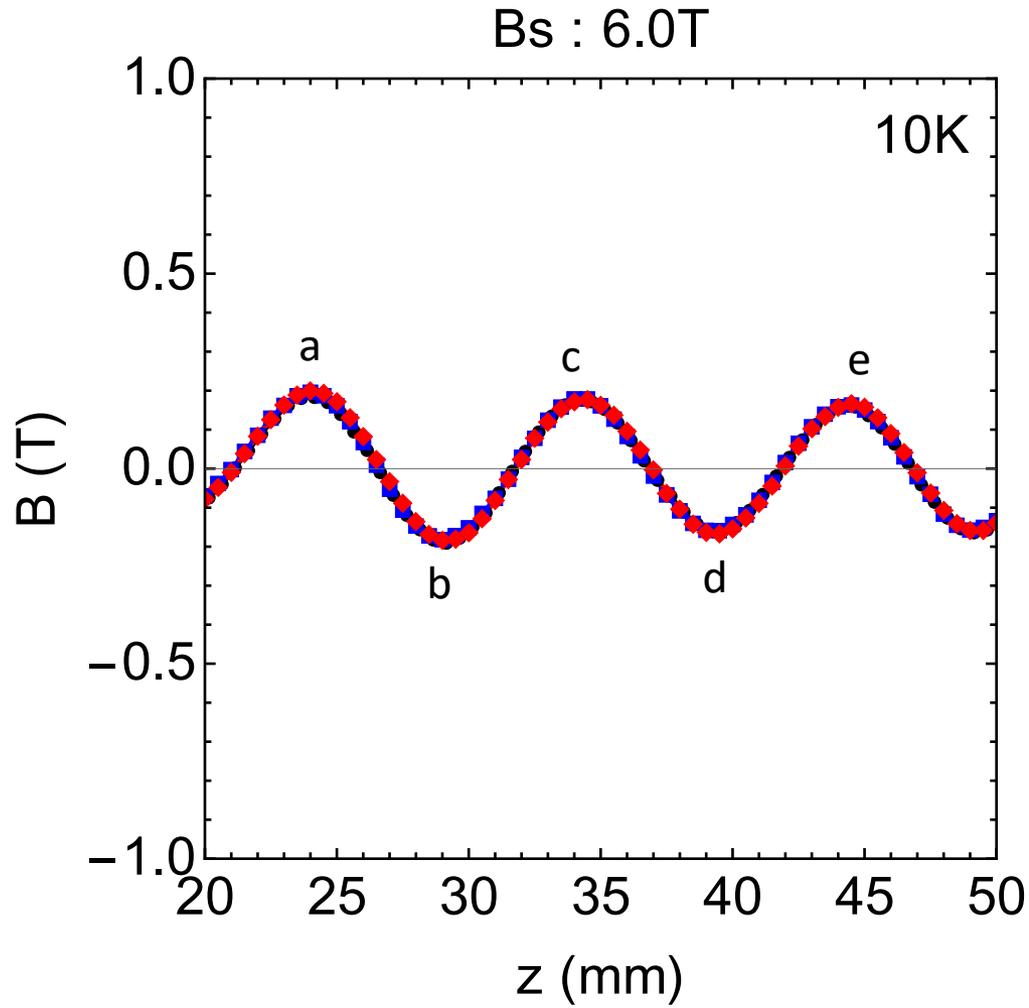
# First run – 23.08.2019 at Cambridge Univ.



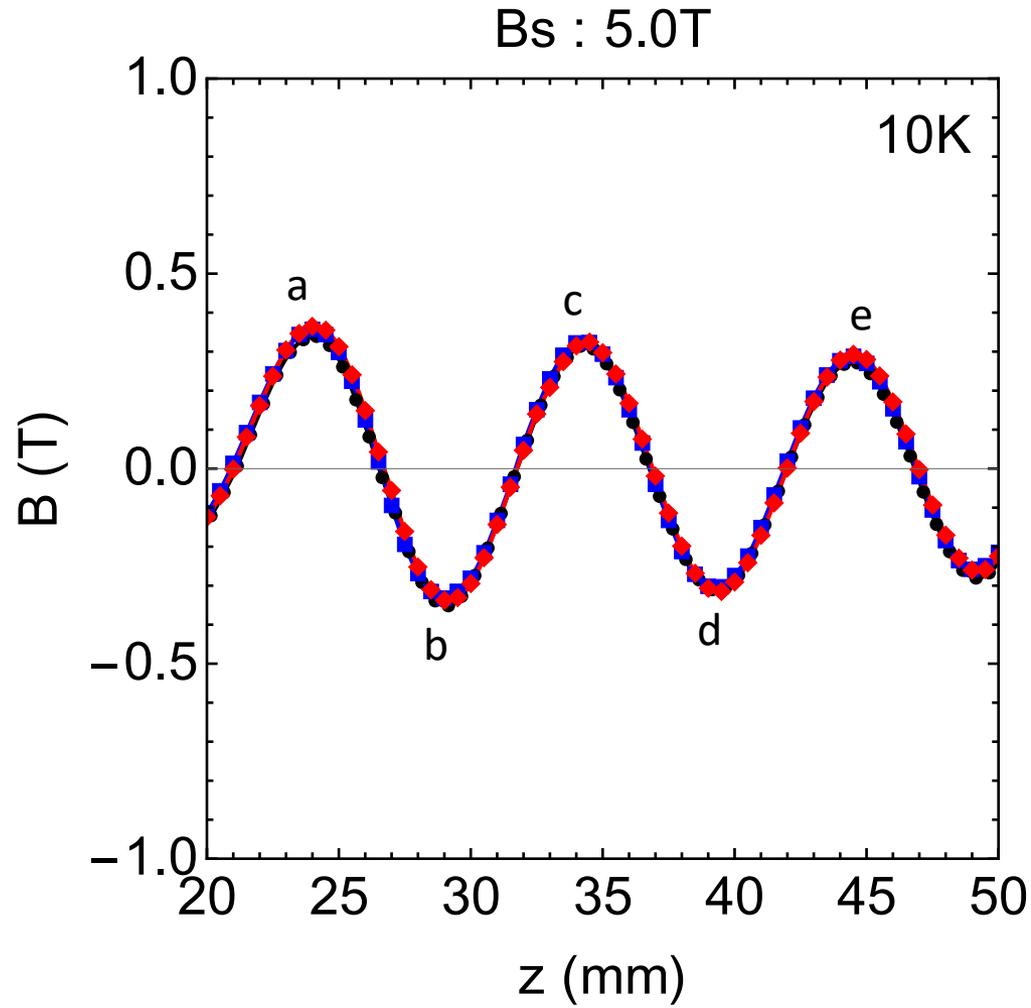
- The sample is cooled in a 7.0T solenoid
- its temperature is stabilised at 10K
- and the solenoid is ramped down in steps of 1



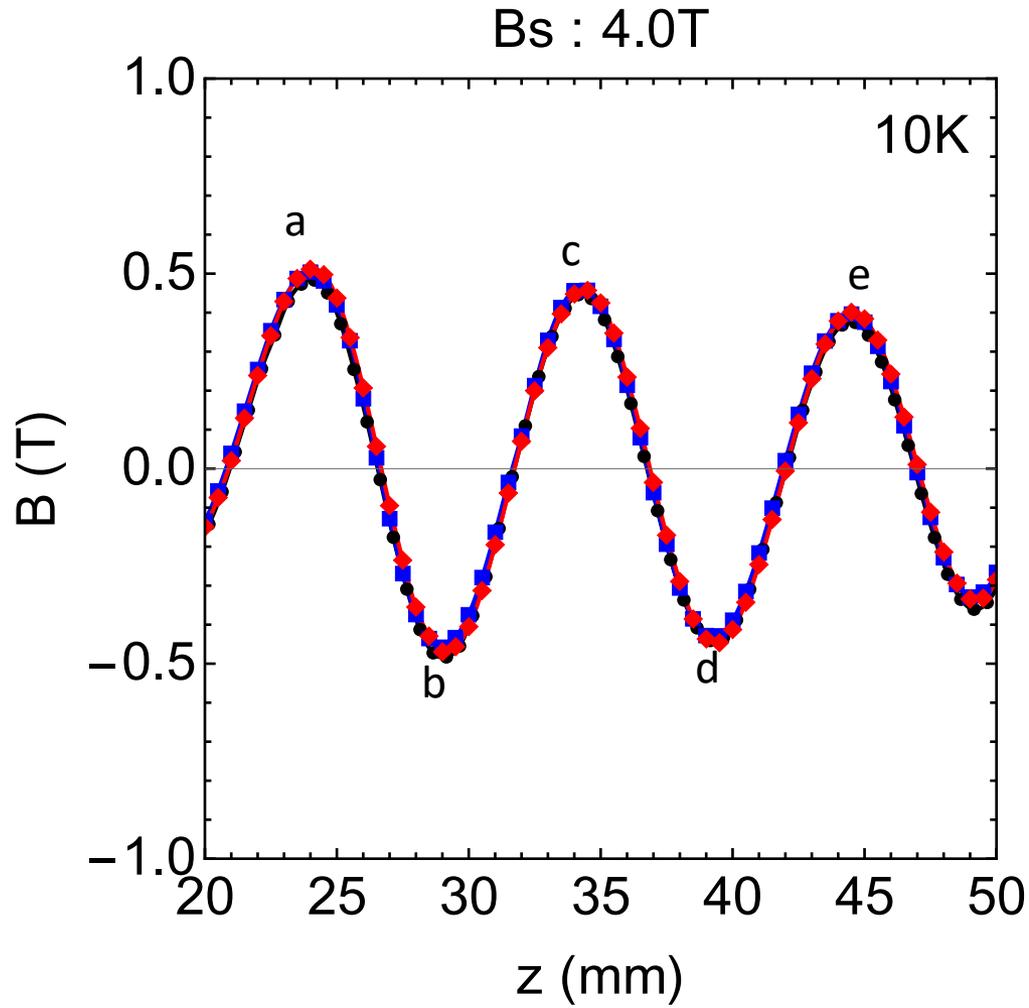
# First run – 23.08.2019 center periods



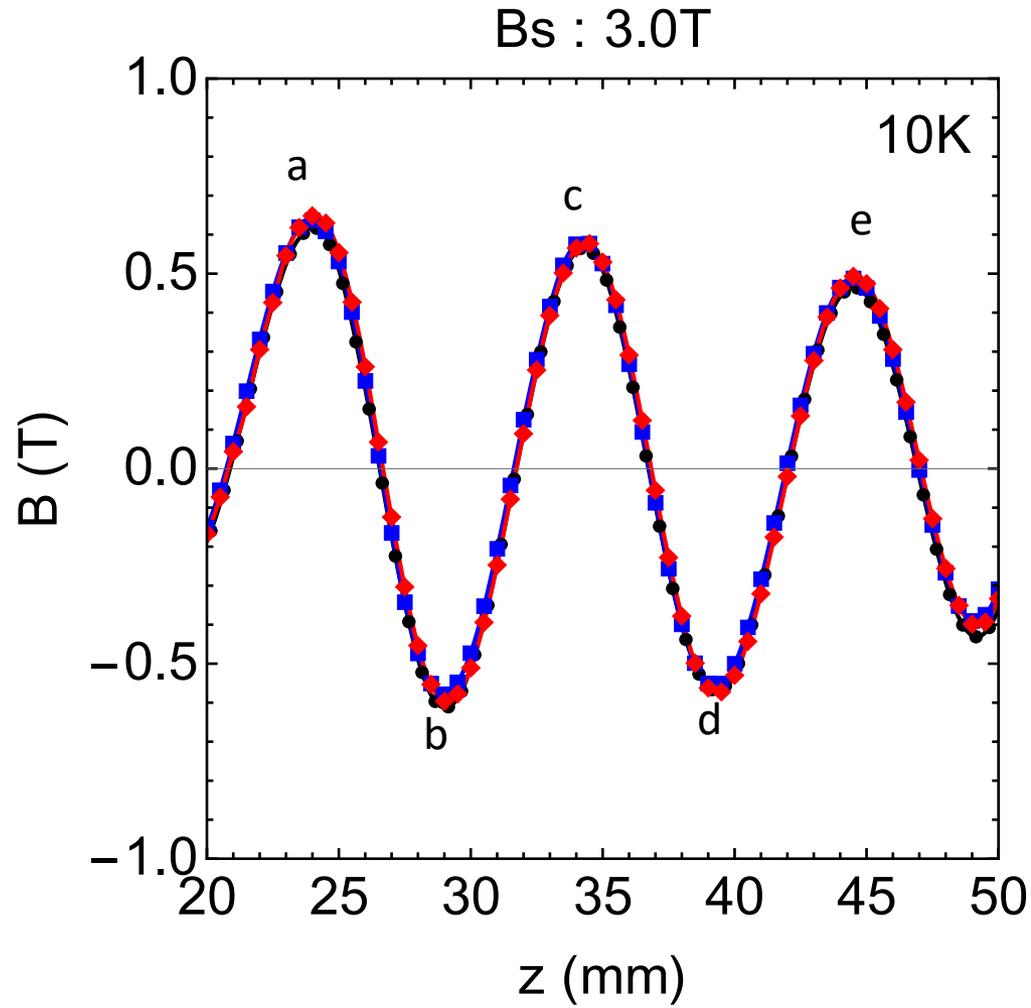
\*B: By1, By2, By3



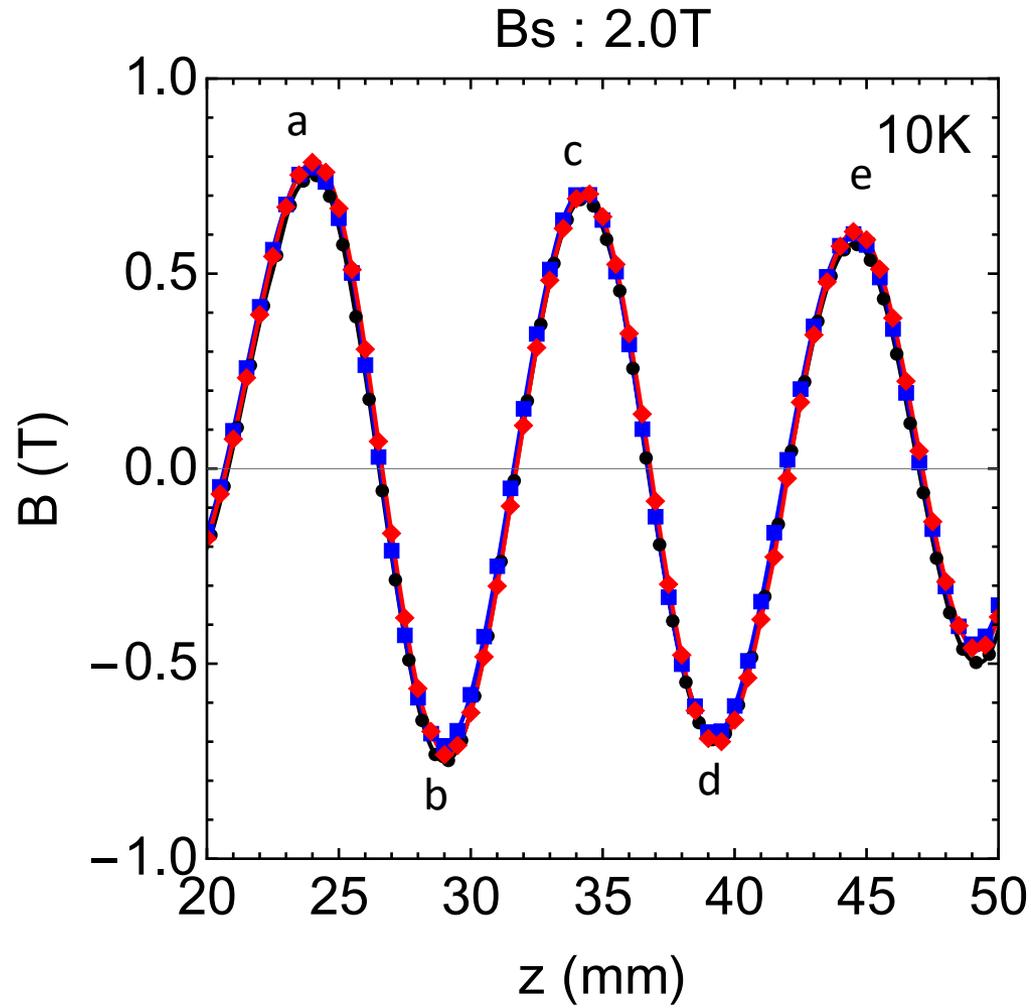
\*B: By1, By2, By3



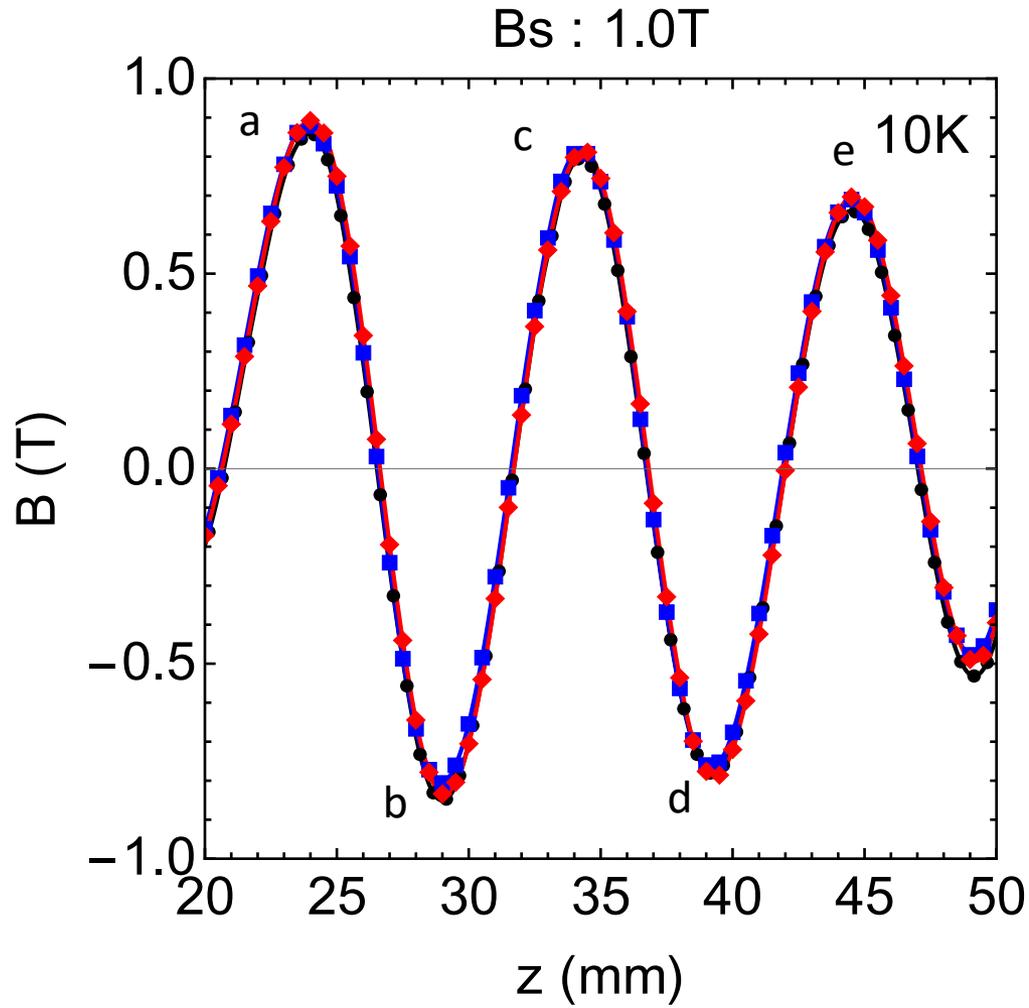
\*B:  $B_{y1}$ ,  $B_{y2}$ ,  $B_{y3}$



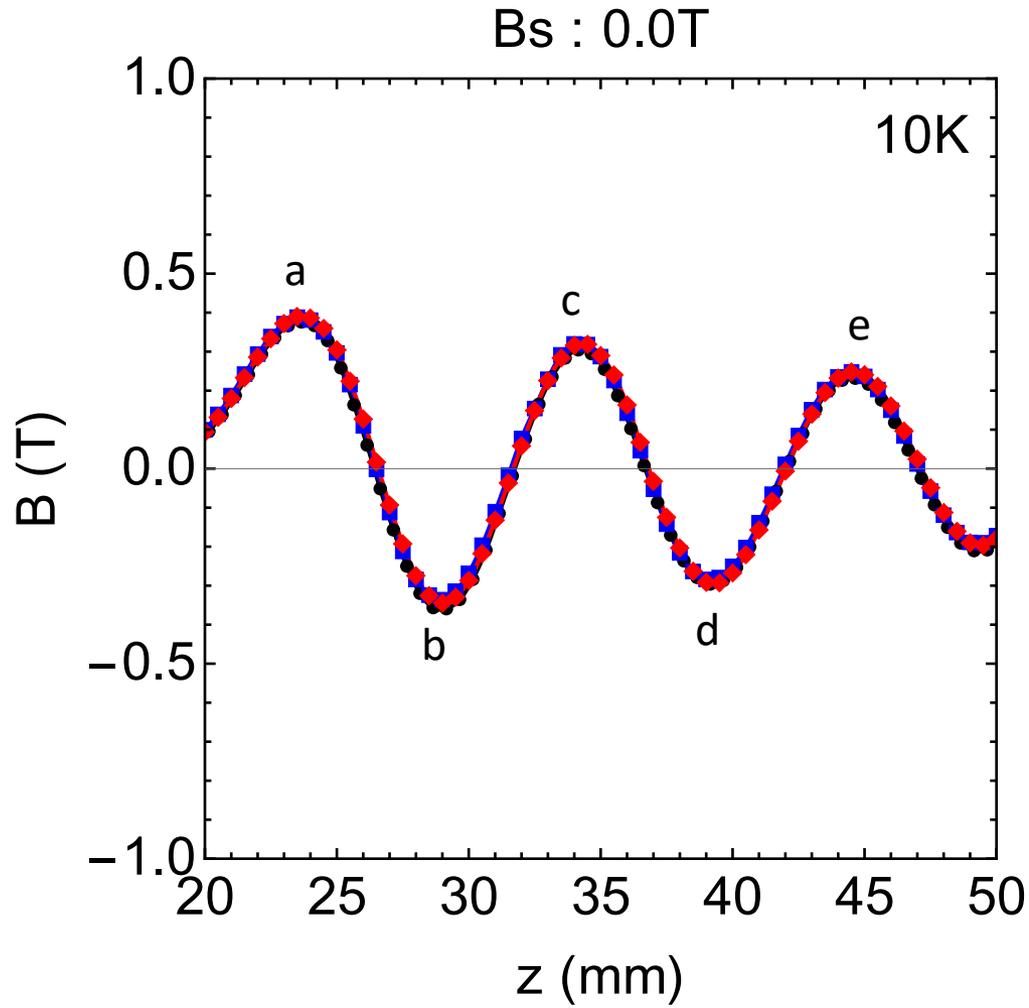
\*B: By1, By2, By3



\*B: By1, By2, By3

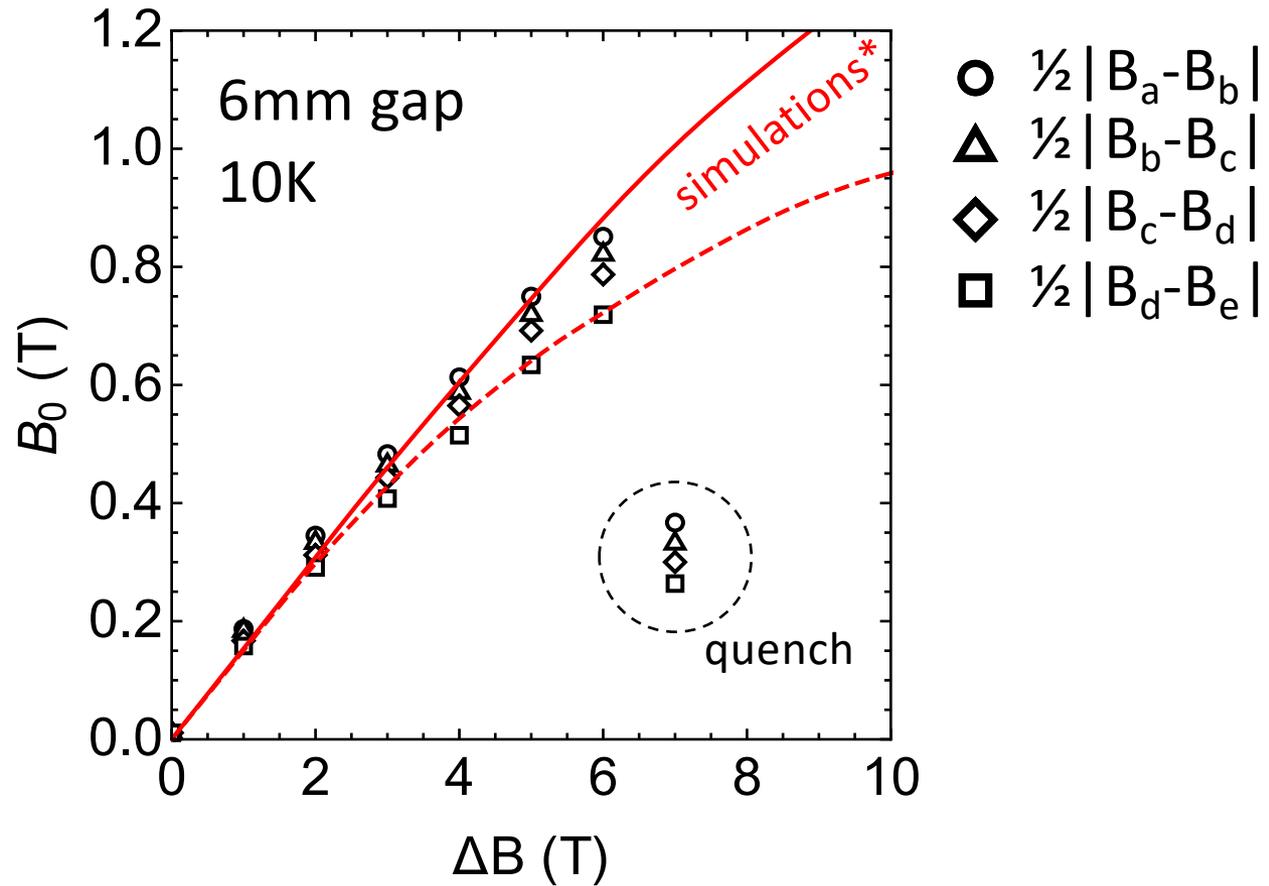


\*B: By1, By2, By3



\*B: By1, By2, By3

# Summary first run



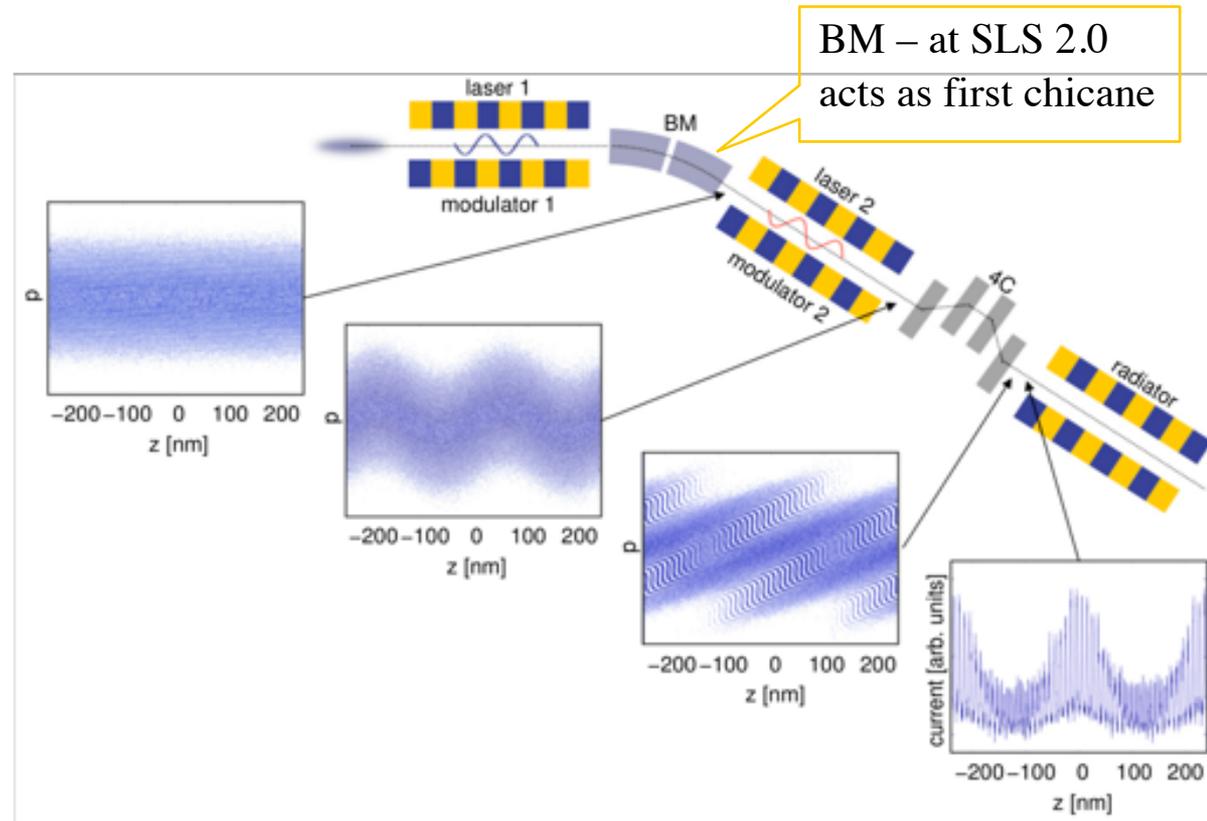
\*simulations: the solid redline results from the scaling laws provided by the company ATZ, the dashed line is from measurements done in Cambridge @ 40K and scaled to 10K (x2.5)

# Echo-Enabled Harmonics Generation in a nutshell

## EEHG:

Modulation of electron bunches with external laser  
Energy modulation turns into current spikes  
Large fraction of coherently radiating electrons

Extreme increase in generated photons, source in between s.r. and FELs.



- Initially developed for FEL but applicable to storage ring (Xiang, Stupakov, Phys. Rev. ST: Acc. Beams 12, 03072 (2009))
- Precursors of coherent harmonic generation (CHG) demonstrated at Elettra (Ninno et al. PRL 101, 053902 (2008))
- EEHG demonstrated in UV at Delta (Khan et al., Synchrotron Radiation News 26, 25 (2013))

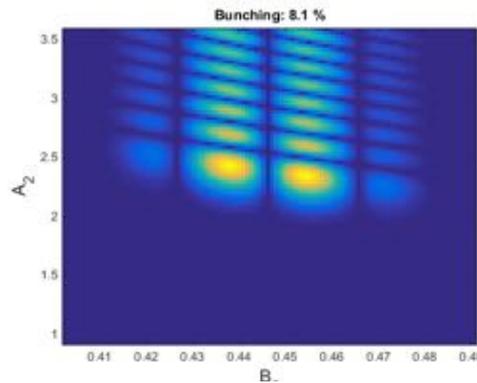
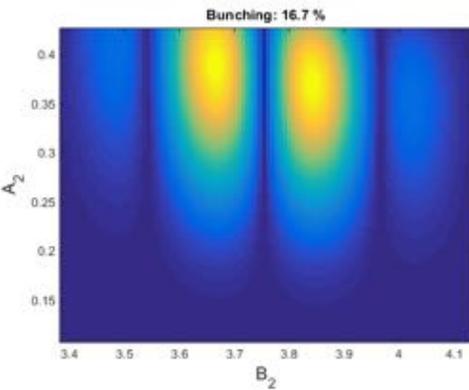
# EEHG Echo Enabled Harmonic Generation

Beamlines: VUV, SIS?

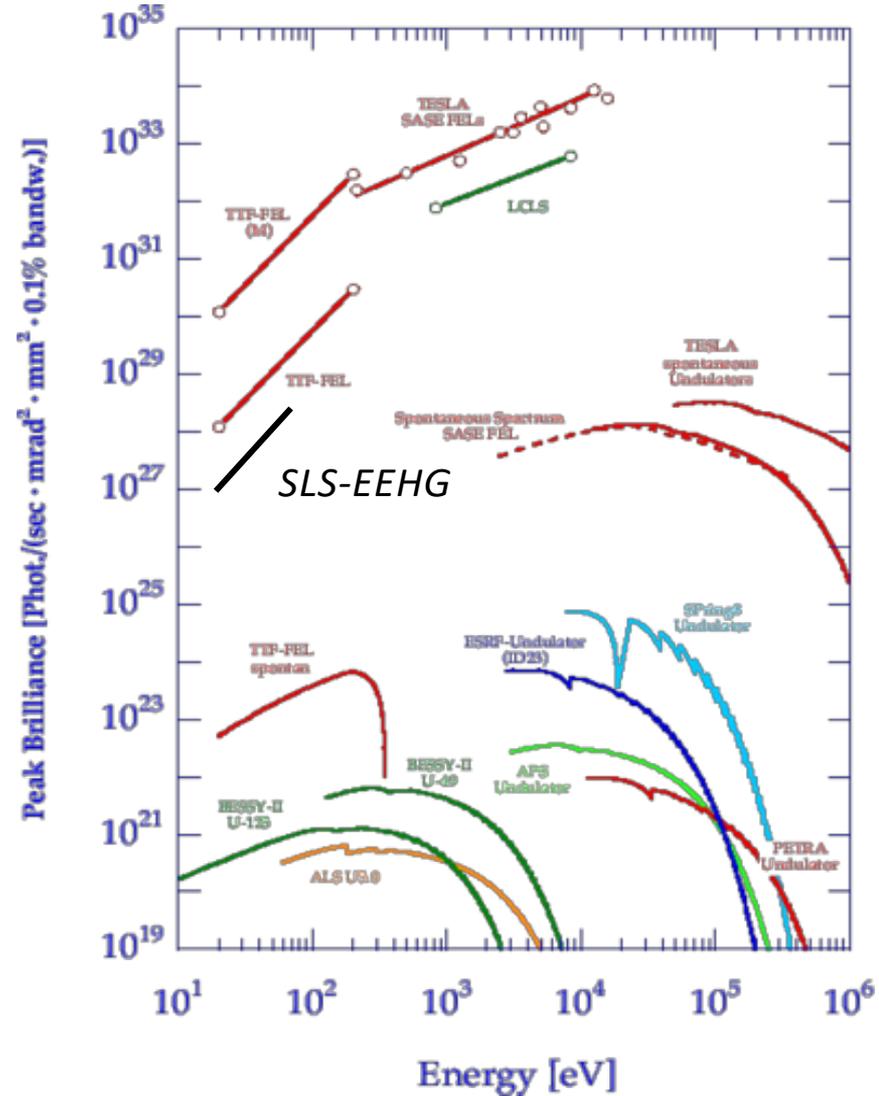
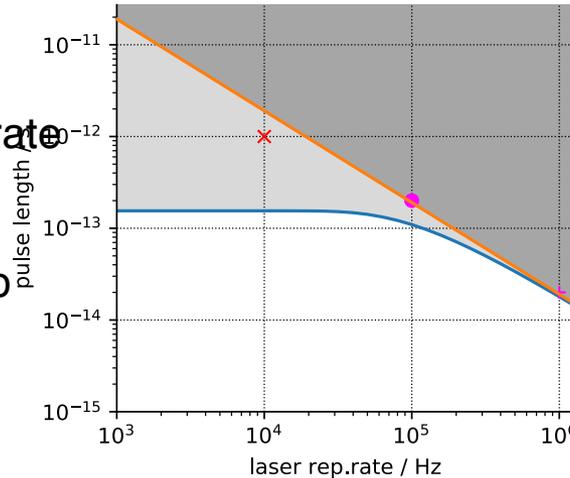
Bunching factors at

7eV (left)

100eV (right)



Trade off:  
Bunch length vs rep rate  
for 5% dE/E increase  
No emittance blow-up



# SLS & SwissFEL: concept

## SLS 2.4 GeV

**soft x-ray** variable polarization

APPLE II

twin UE56 (<- BESSY II)

UE54 soft & tender x-ray

fixed gap UE44

quasi-periodic elm

**hard x-ray**

in - vacuum (<- SPring-8)

work horses: U19 -> 20keV

CPMU U14 -> 30keV

gap min = 4mm, 2m long

2.9 - 3.4 GeV **SwissFEL** 2 – 5.8 (7) GeV

soft x-ray variable polarization

APPLE-X

UE38, Chic Modes

in - vacuum

U15 3mm, 4m long -> 12keV

U10 sc ?! (2025 ff) -> 36keV

## SLS 2.0 2.4 GeV

**soft x-ray** variable polarization  
APPLE II / APPLE X

gap min = 4mm, 2m long

**hard x-ray**

in - vacuum

U19 -> CPMU14 / 12

U10 sc ?!

gap min = 4mm, 2m long

## 2.9 - 3.4 GeV **SwissFEL** 2 - 8 GeV

**soft x-ray** variable polarization  
APPLE-X (DELTA II)

UE38, Chic Modes

in - vacuum

U15 3mm, 4m long -> 12keV

U10 sc ?! (2025 ff) -> 36keV

Thanks  
to  
many  
many  
people  
from

PSD and GFA

