9th Annual Ambient Pressure X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy Workhop



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Size-selected alumina-supported Pd nanoparticles under methane-oxidation conditions studied by NAP-XPS

Content

The importance of cluster size effects in heterogeneous catalysis has been recognized for some time and numerous studies addressed this issue. XPS is an obvious technique to study size-dependent changes in the chemical composition and electronic structure of catalyst nanoparticles. However, as XPS is an averaging technique based on the detection of electrons, experiments require a narrow distribution of cluster size and a conducting homogeneous support in order to avoid sample charging, which would prevent accurate measurements of chemical shifts. Traditional methods of catalyst synthesis by impregnation/calcination of support powders lead to very large particle size distributions (typically $\pm 50~\%$) and insulating samples, which fail on both the above criteria. Here we present a NAP-XPS study of Al_2O_3 -supported Pd nanoparticles under various dry and wet reaction conditions for methane oxidation (CH₄ + O₂ [+ H₂O]). The support consists of 5-10 nm thick alumina films electrochemically grown on Al foil. The nanoparticles (1 to 10,000 atoms) were produced by gas condensation and size-selected within 4-5%. The spectra of the clusters before the reaction show clear chemical shifts as function of particle size, see Figure. Under dry reaction conditions larger clusters tend to oxidize fully (Pd II) whereas smaller particles show a mix of oxidation states (Pd 0-II); the situation is less clear under wet conditions.

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