

Status update

Simulation setup & Loss map anomaly detection

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Acknowledgements: M.Schenk, R. Bruce, R. De Maria, A. Mereghetti, D.
Mirarchi, T. Persson



Context

Optimize particle losses in the LHC.

- Data driven surrogate model of the losses
- **Simulation based loss rates & loss maps**
- **Operational loss maps**

Simulations

Framework

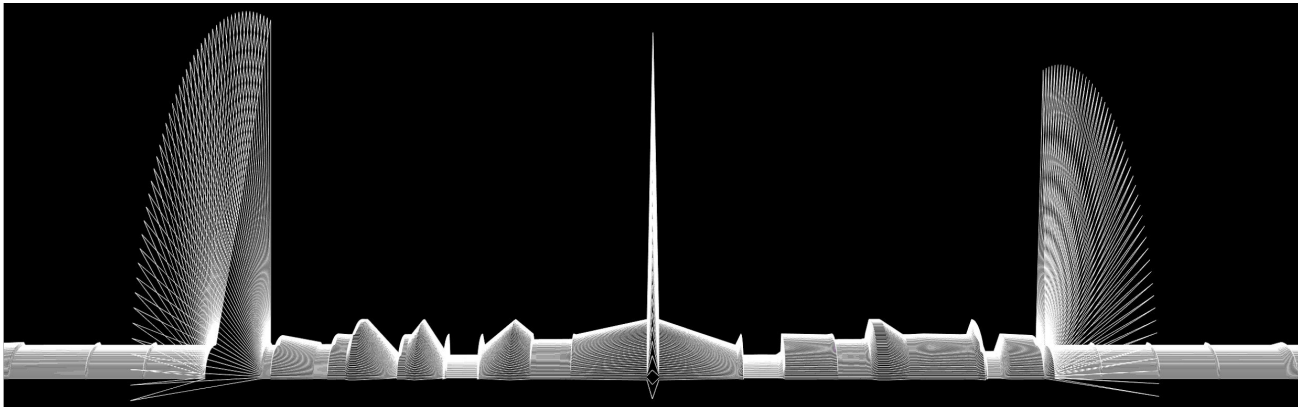
Pysixdesk: <https://github.com/SixTrack/pysixdesk>

Python madx/sixtrack particle tracking simulation handler.

Can run simulations with aperture / collimators.

Can run on the BOINC (LHC@Home) system.

Result collection to sqlite/mysql backend.

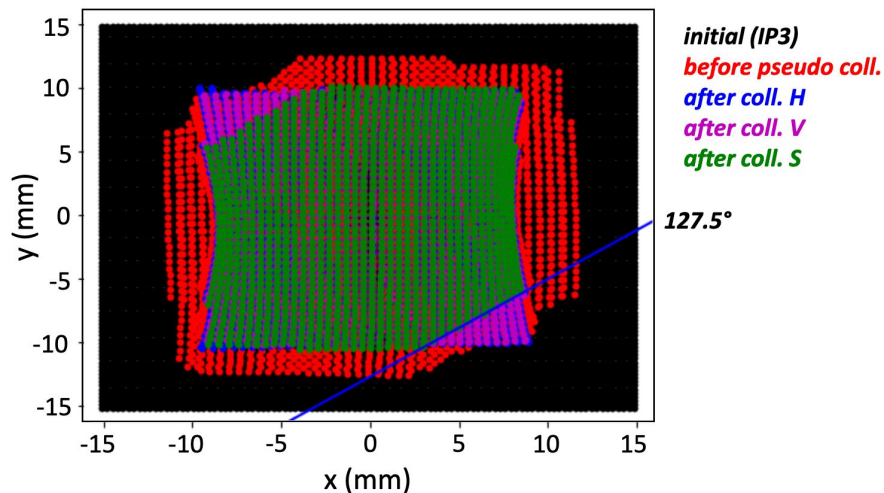
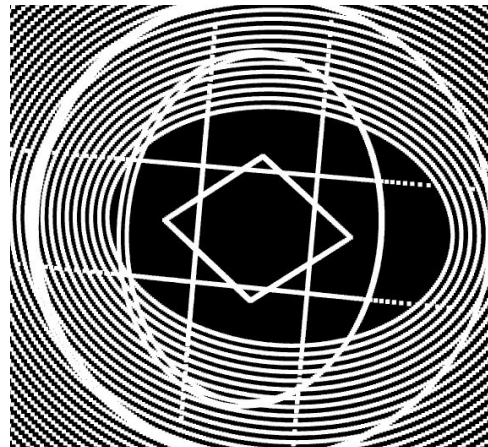


Modification

Use a custom aperture model,
with just the primary collimators.

Black hole particle absorbers, no
scattering → faster simulations.

Still some open questions
regarding the input particle
distribution, but the infrastructure
has for the most part been setup.

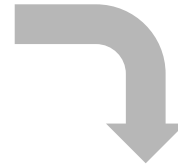
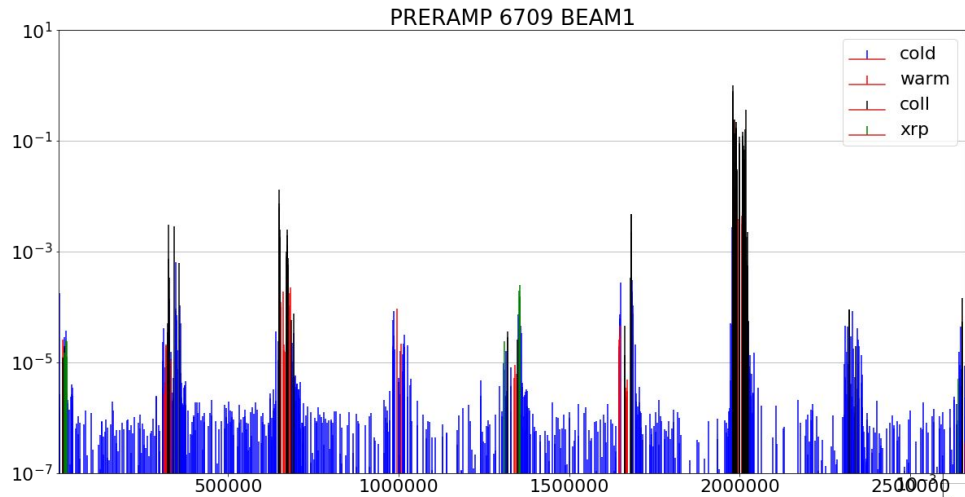


Loss Maps

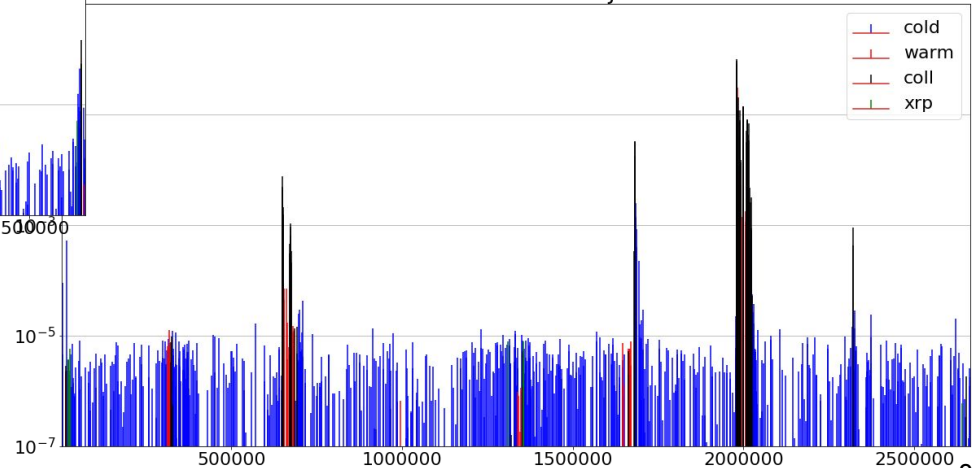
Context

Loss distribution is another observable with which to benchmark simulations.

Interesting idea: get commissioning loss maps from operational data.



2018-04-13 01:38:44+02:00 B1H INJ Prt. OUT 450 GeV

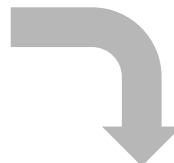
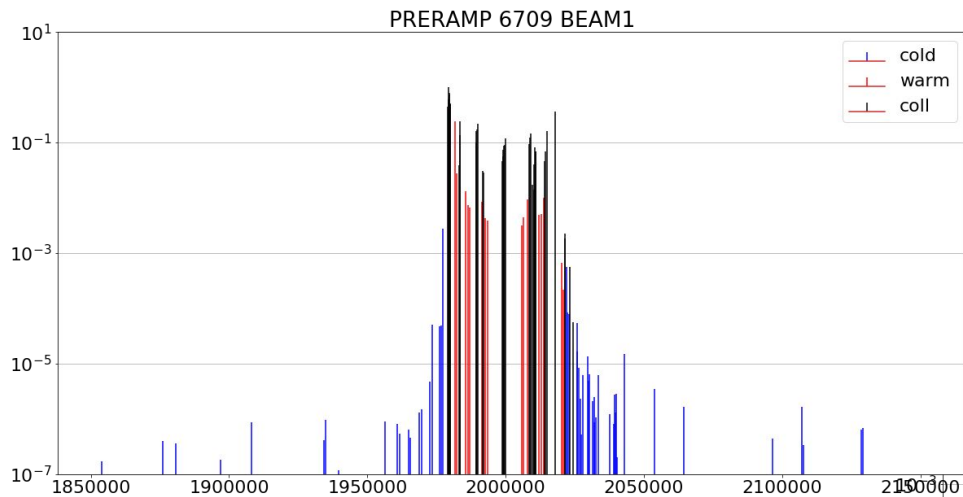


Is this information already in the operational loss distribution ?

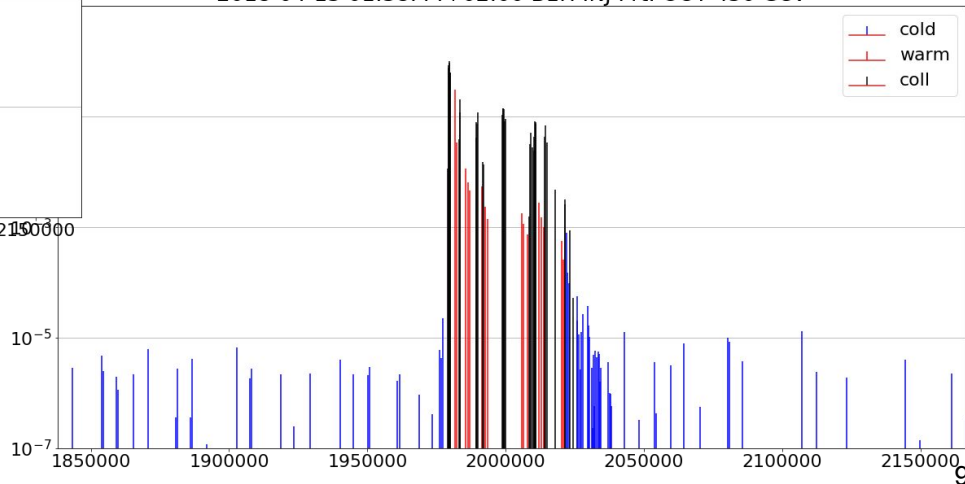
Context

Loss distribution is another observable with which to benchmark simulations/models.

Interesting idea: get commissioning loss maps from operational data.



2018-04-13 01:38:44+02:00 B1H INJ Prt. OUT 450 GeV



Is this information already in the operational loss distribution ?

Keep it simple

Set a ~simple but related problem **loss pattern anomaly detection**. Can we detect anomalous loss distributions in operational BLM data ?

→ this could give hints as to if we drift away from the validated loss patterns

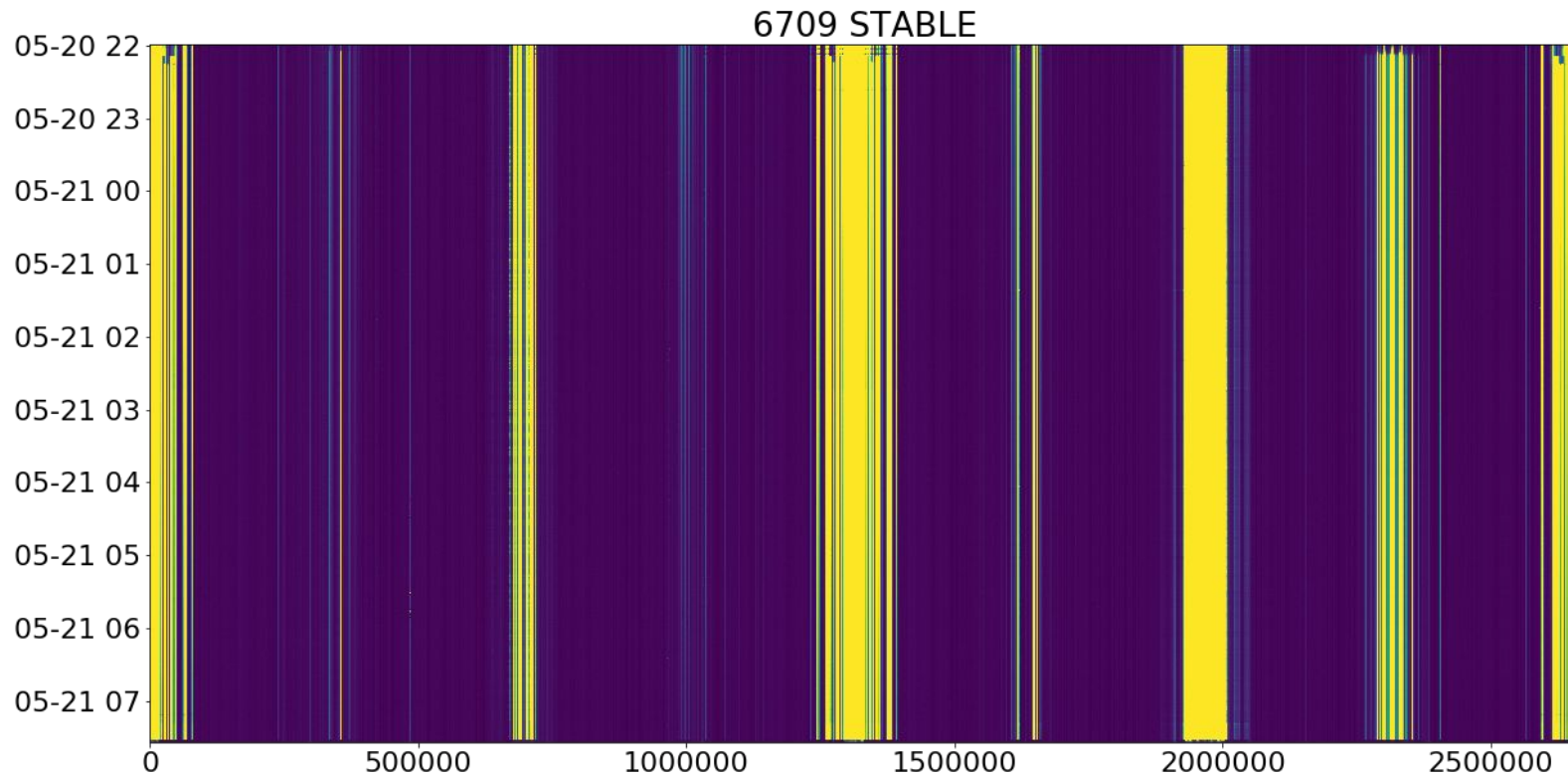
Downloaded all **STABLE** operational BLM data → ~120Gb 🤖

Select all BLMs at **Primary & Secondary** collimators → 82 BLMs → ~3Gb 🎈

Rolling 1min sum

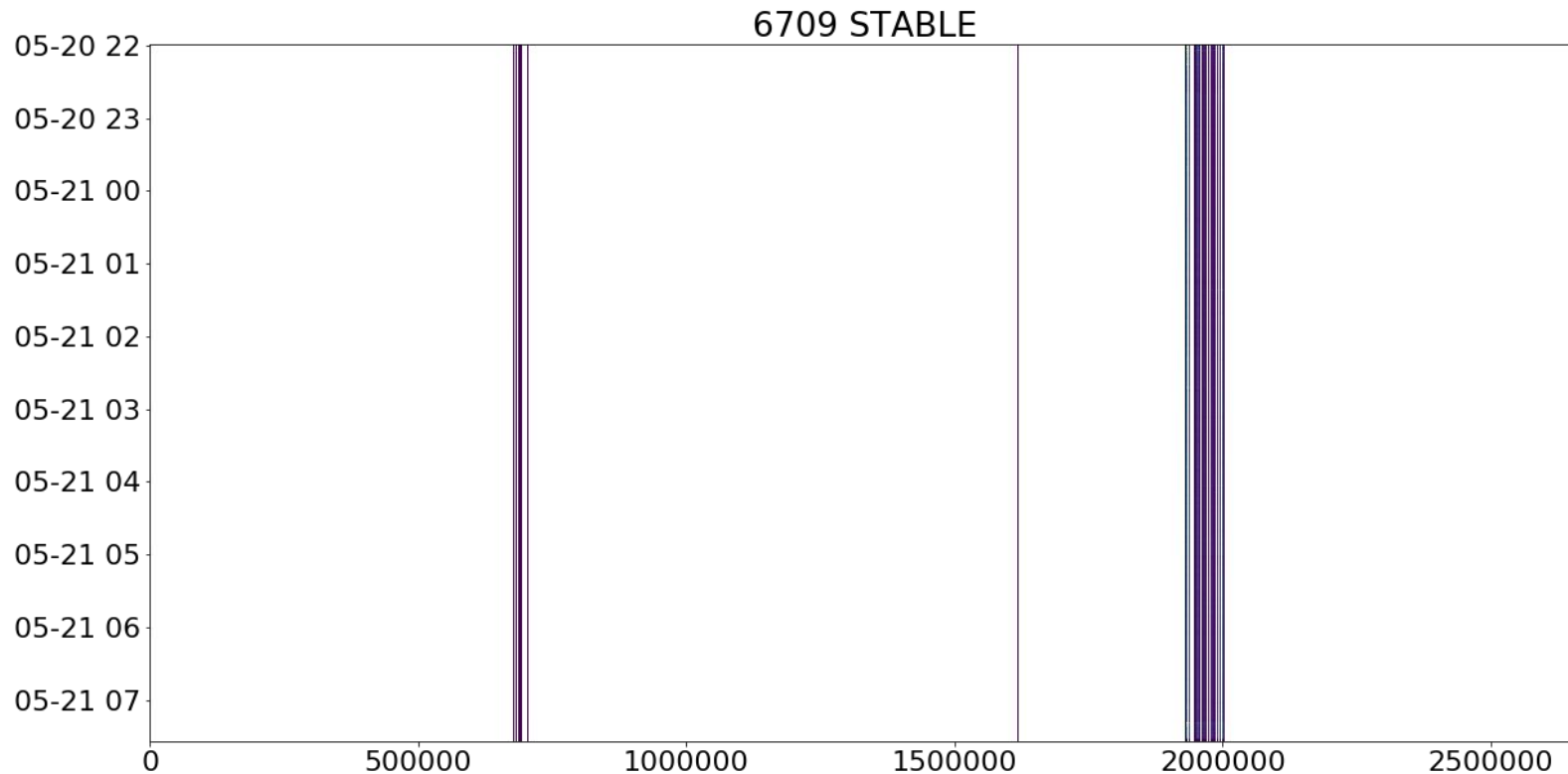
Keep it simple

Raw data

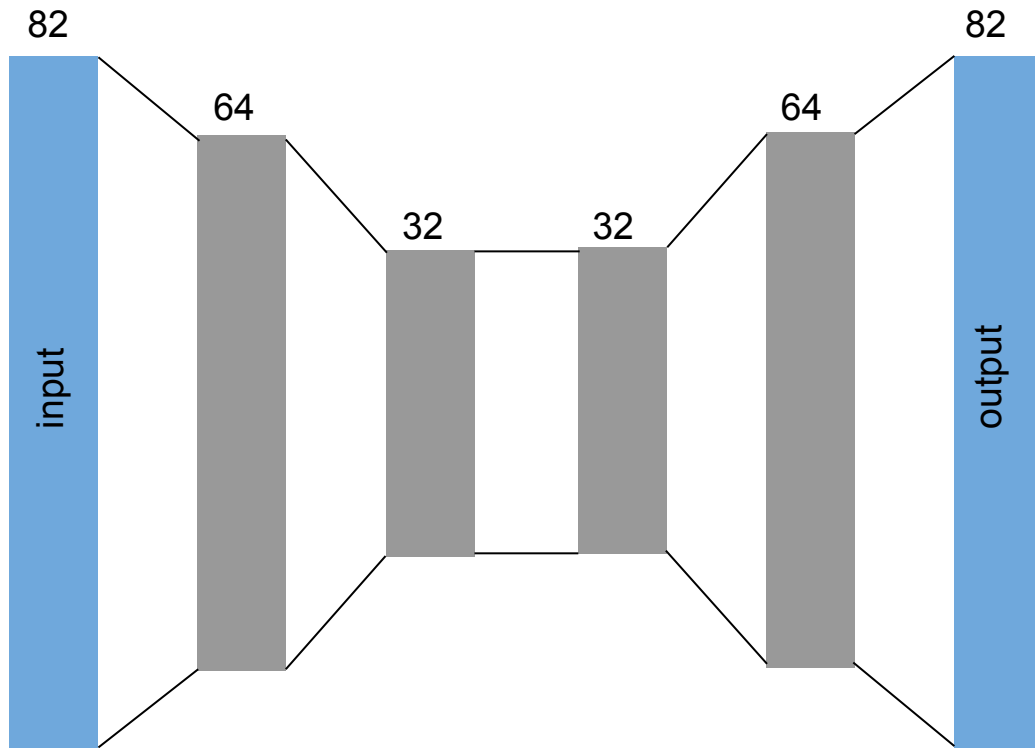


Keep it simple

What the model sees:
BLMs at primary & secondary collimators



The model - AutoEncoder



Anomaly score = $\text{RMS}(\text{input}, \text{output})$

AEs learn to recreate the input while reducing the dimensionality through a bottleneck.

AE can recreate inputs they see more often better than inputs they see less often → anomaly detection !

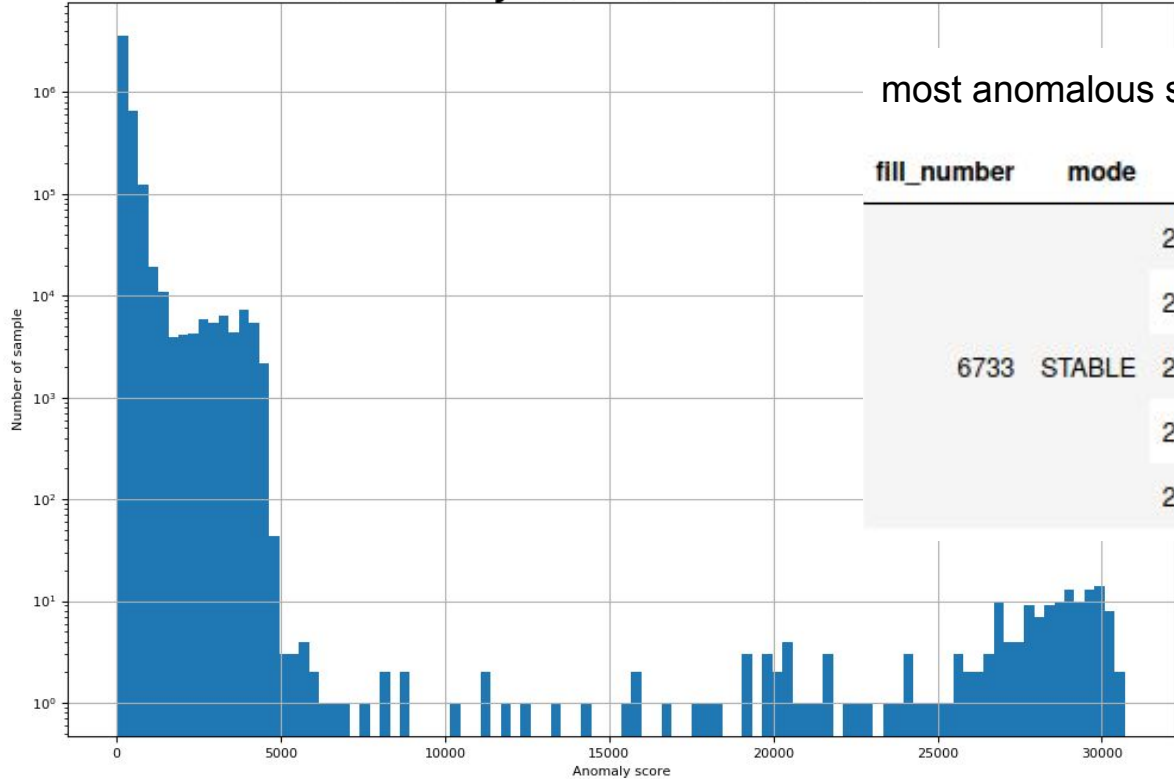
No tuning of hyperparameters done

implementation: keras/tensorflow

Useful anomaly detection library:
<https://github.com/yzhao062/pyod>

First results

anomaly score distribution



most anomalous samples:

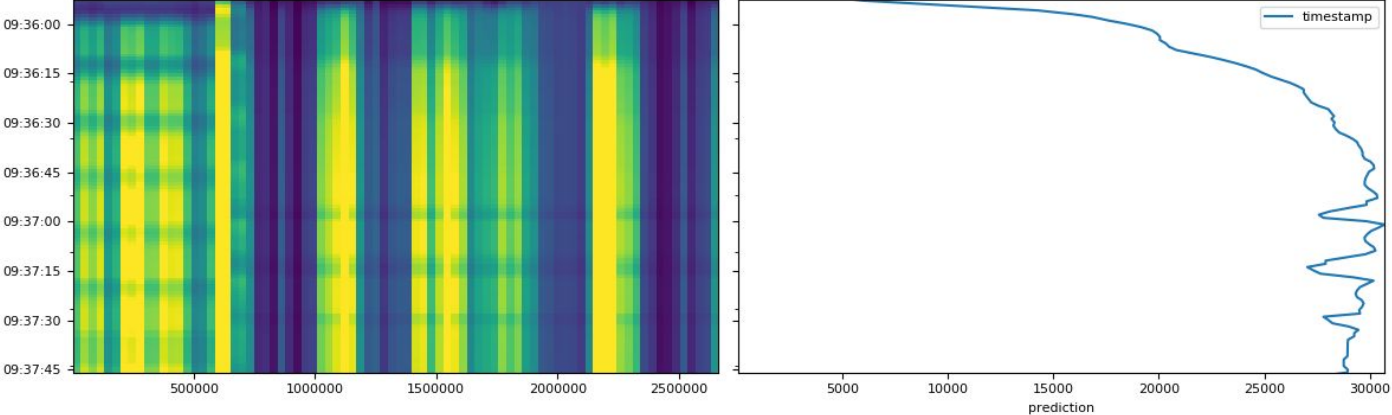
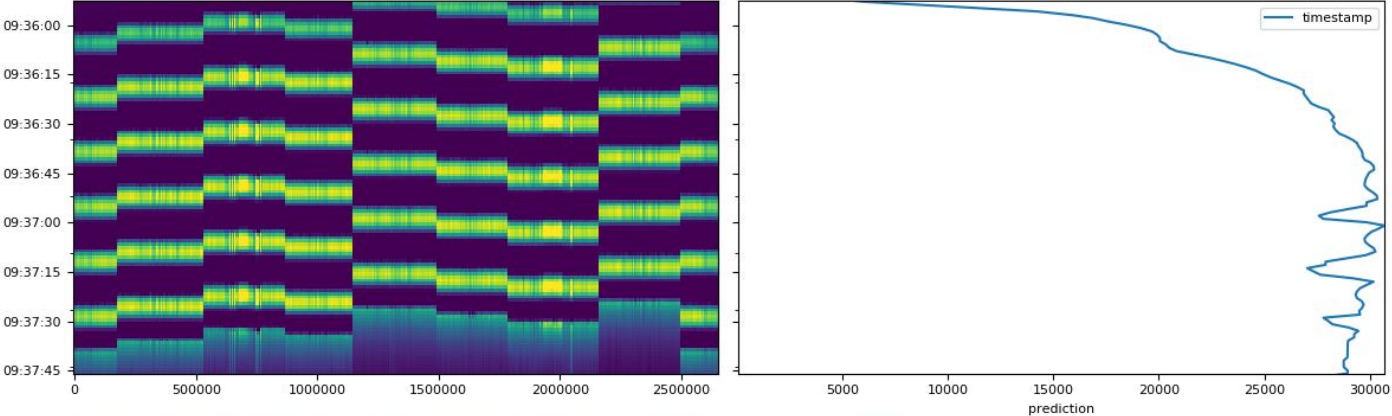
fill_number	mode	timestamp
		2018-05-28 11:37:00.851000071+02:00 30698.336310
		2018-05-28 11:37:01.792999983+02:00 30417.244596
6733	STABLE	2018-05-28 11:36:52.809000015+02:00 30356.008133
		2018-05-28 11:36:51.772000074+02:00 30333.256499
		2018-05-28 11:37:08.789000034+02:00 30270.357412

All of the super anomalous samples are in fill 6733...

Let's investigate...

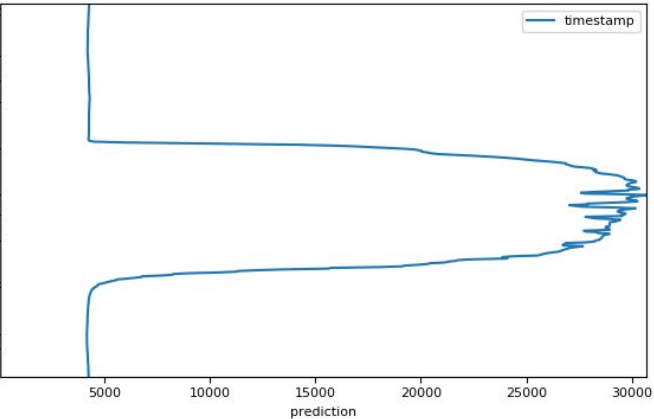
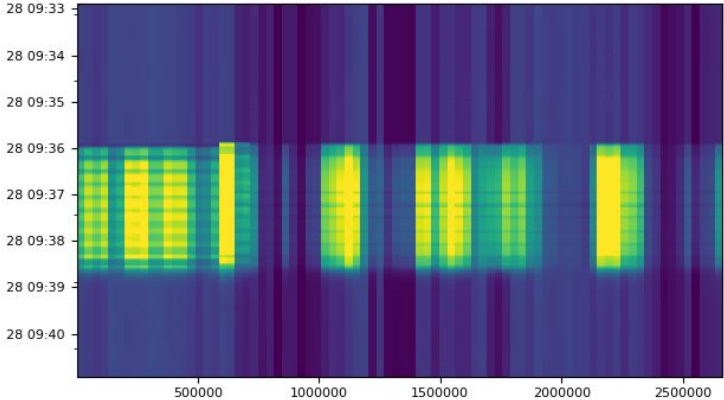
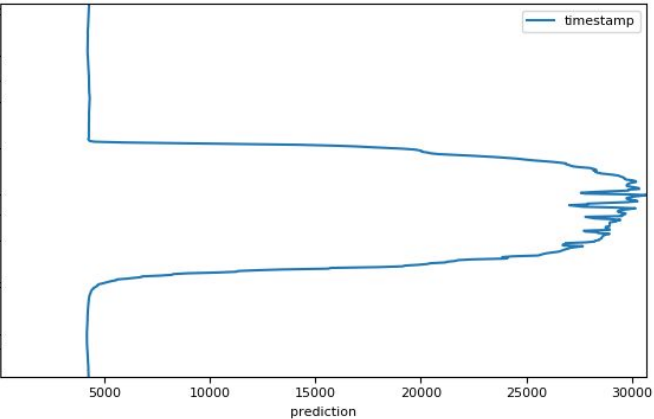
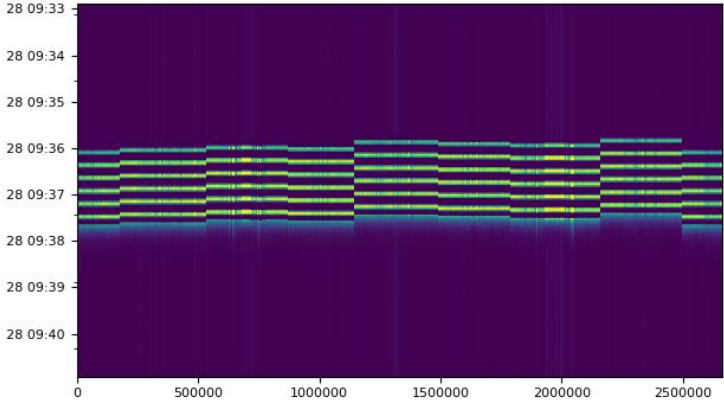
First results

6733



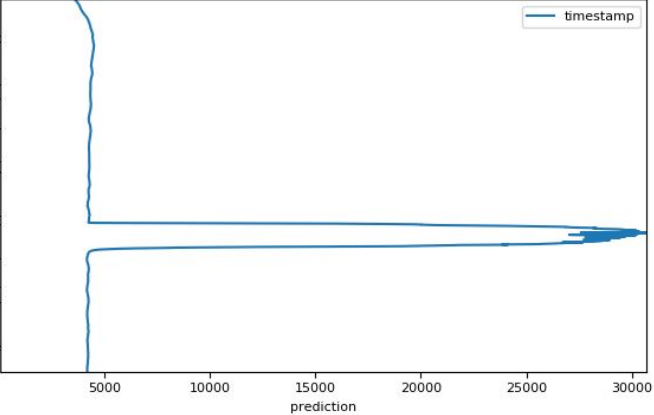
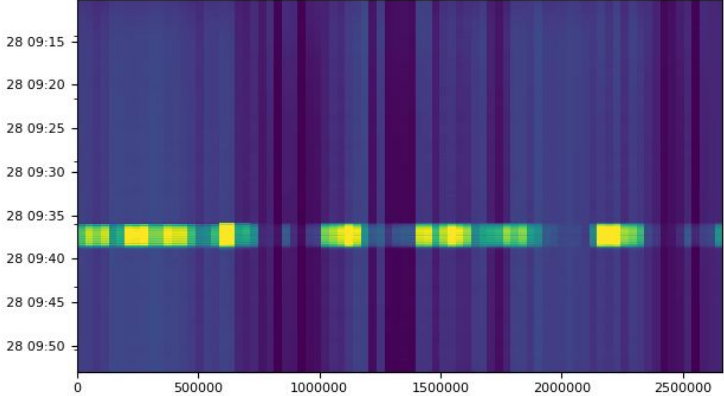
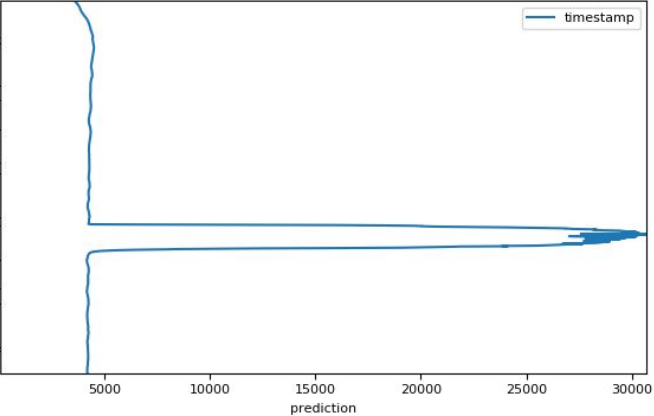
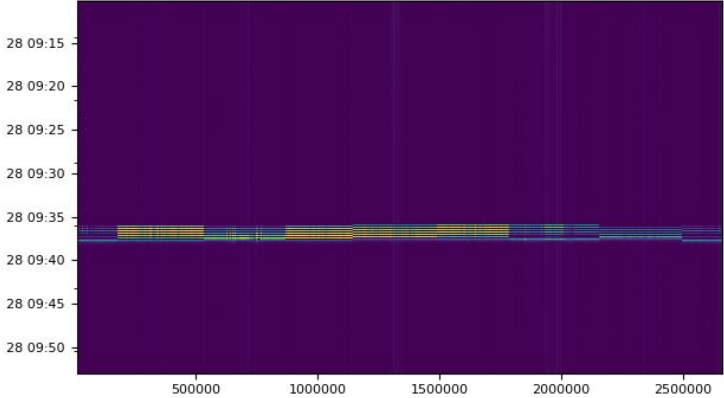
First results

6733



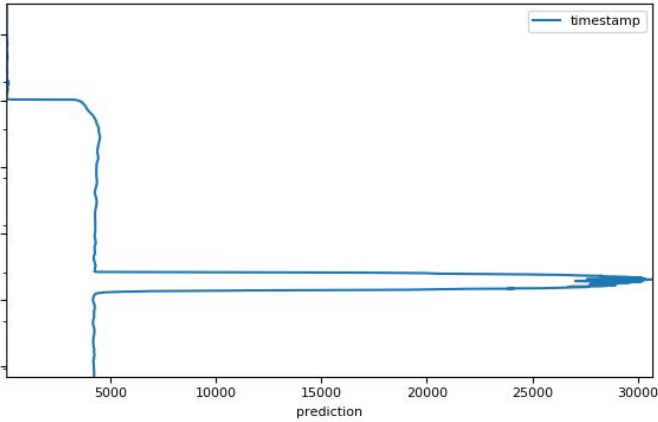
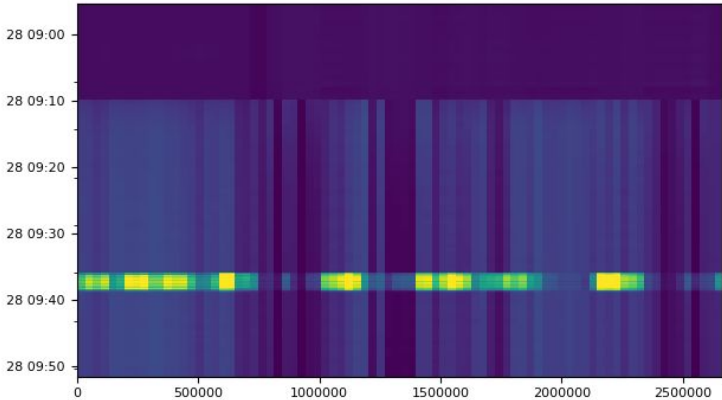
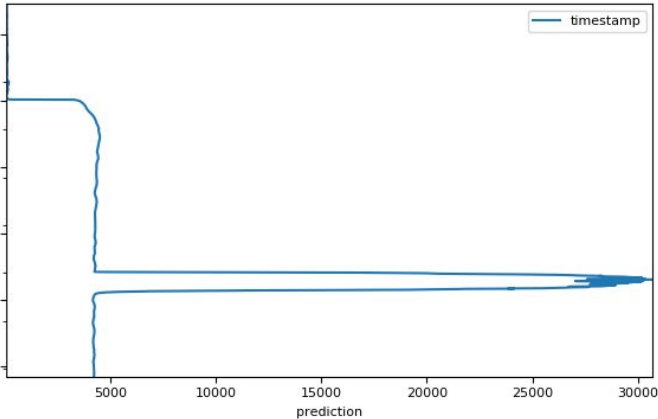
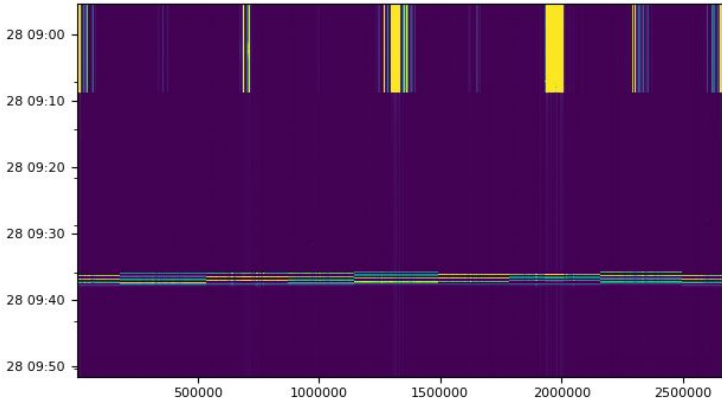
First results

6733



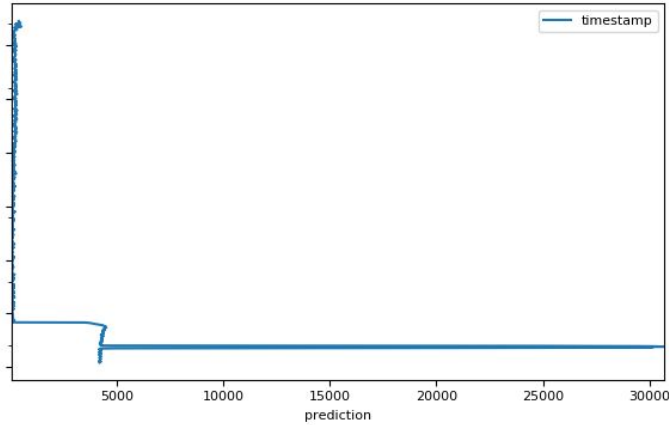
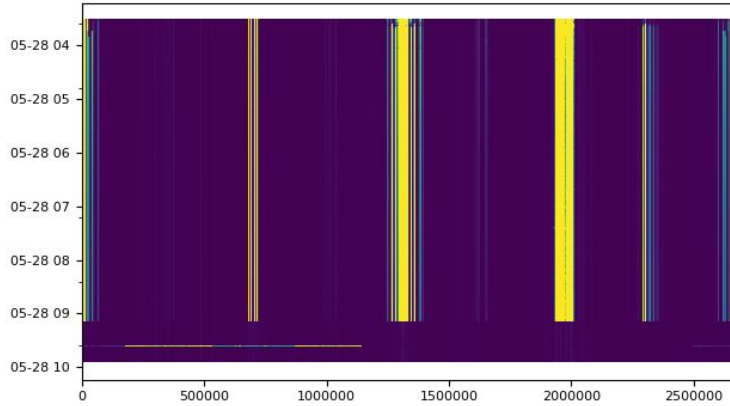
First results

6733



First results

6733

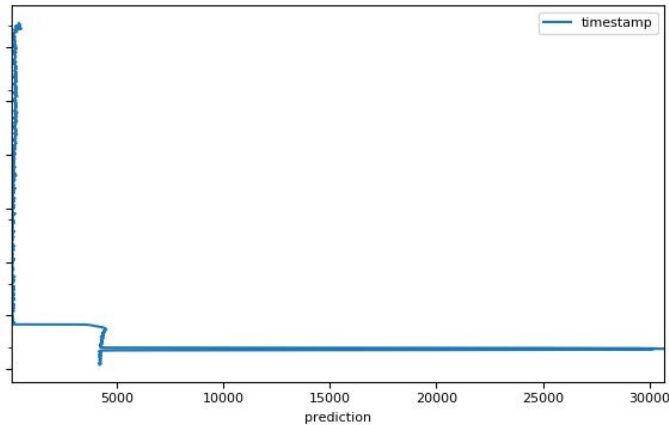
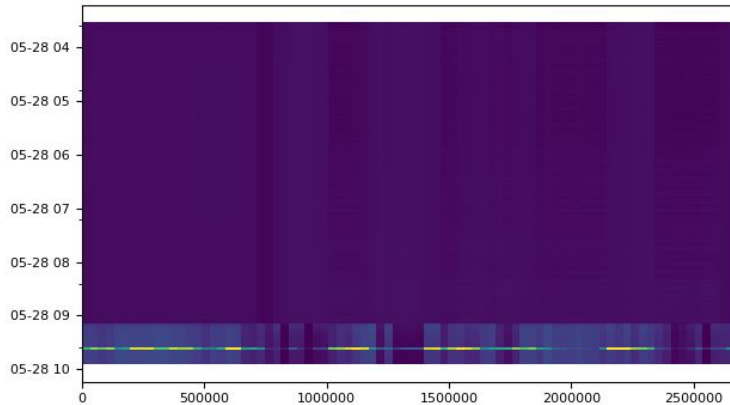


Beam dumped but still in STABLE beam mode...

Sharp increase in anomaly score for dump data...

Big spike → BLM calibration → still erroneously in STABLE beam mode

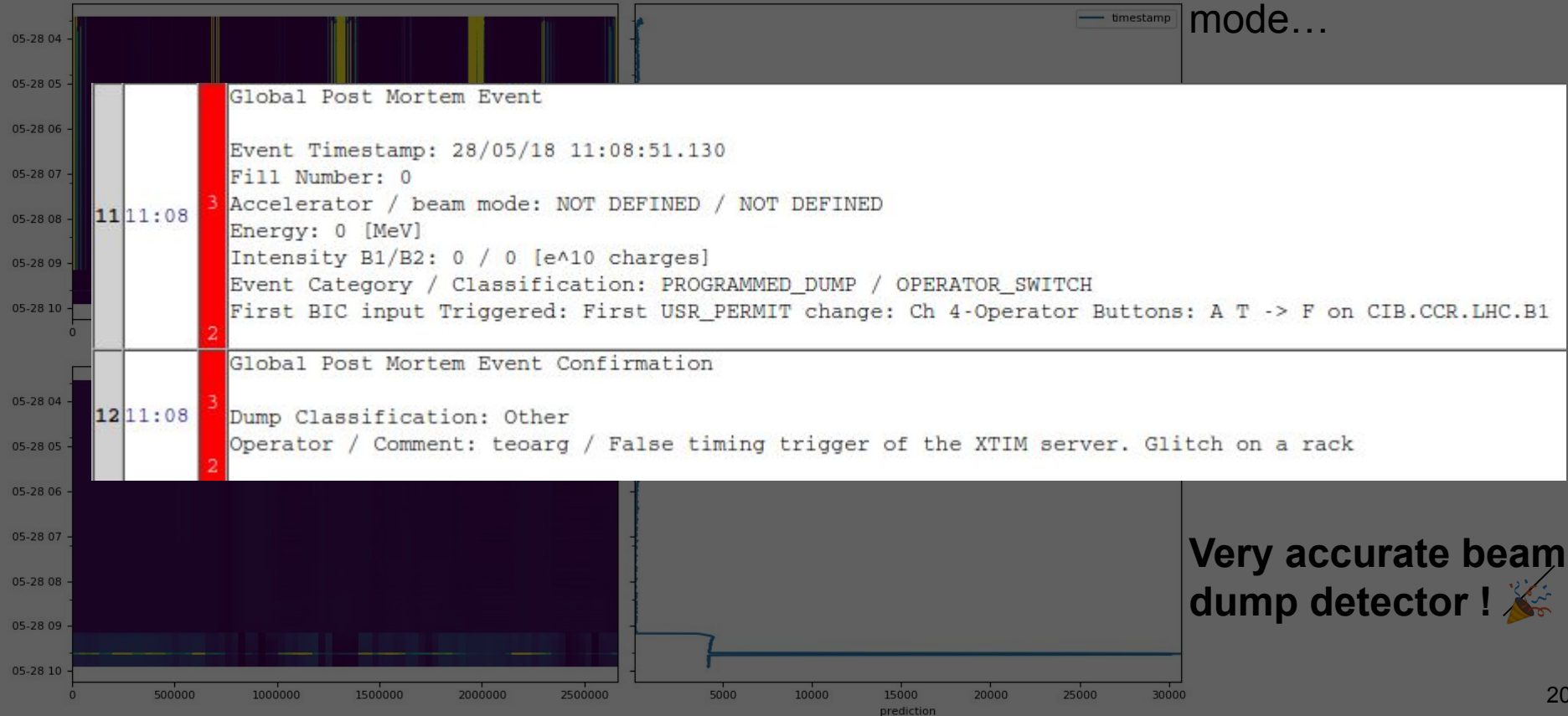
Very accurate beam dump detector ! 🎉



First results

Beam dumped but still
in STABLE beam
mode...

6733



**Very accurate beam
dump detector !** 🎉

Second try - with filtering

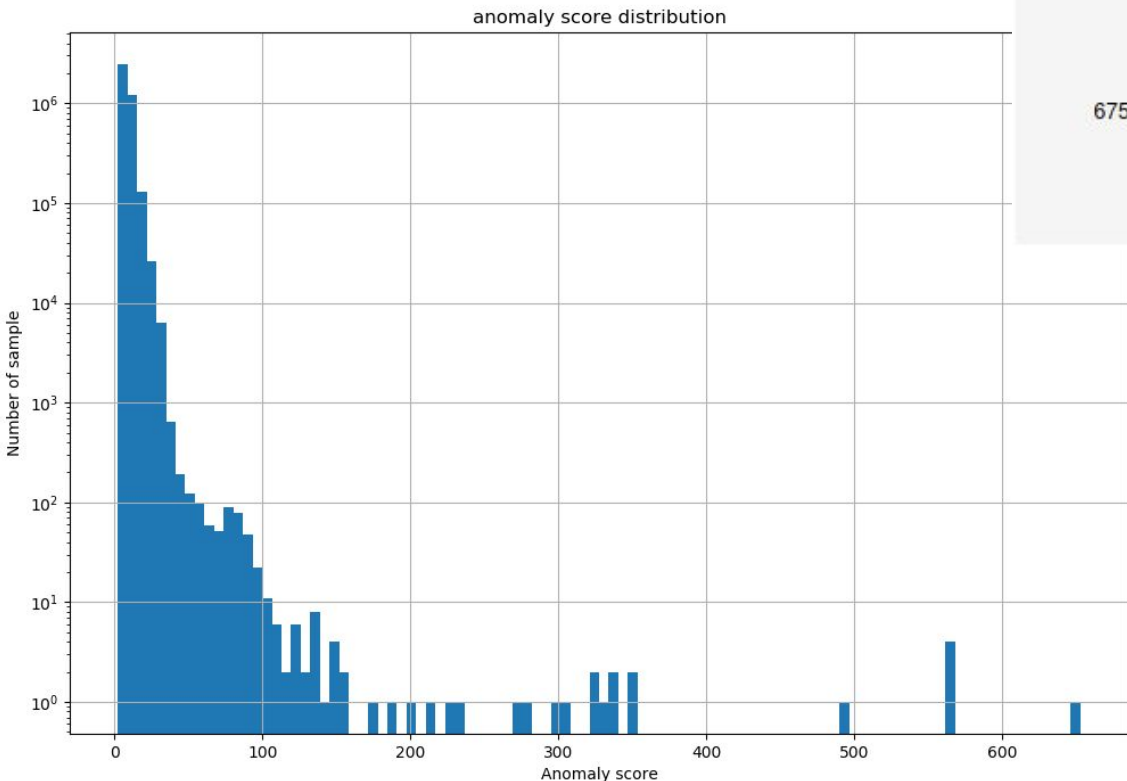
Filter out samples where intensity $< 1e11$

Remove fills where the starting intensity $< 1.5e14$ → remove low number of bunch fills

Remove rolling sum → just blurred out the details

Same blms, same model.

Second try



most anomalous samples:

fill_number	mode	timestamp	
		2018-06-02 00:01:36.148000002+02:00	652.499088
		2018-06-02 00:01:38.123000145+02:00	564.841354
6751	STABLE	2018-06-02 00:01:41.150000095+02:00	564.751117
		2018-06-02 00:01:37.117000103+02:00	564.612878
		2018-06-02 00:01:40.118000031+02:00	563.182124

Lower anomaly score maxima

No real clear cut off → could potentially change with model tuning

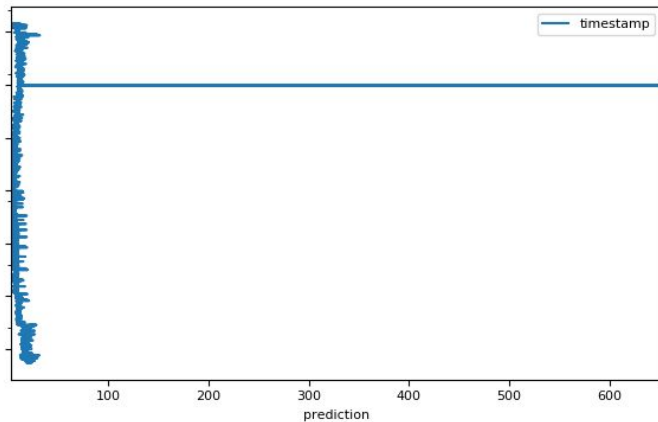
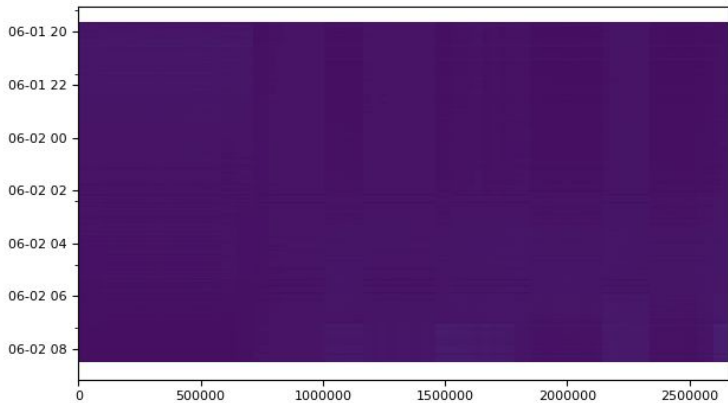
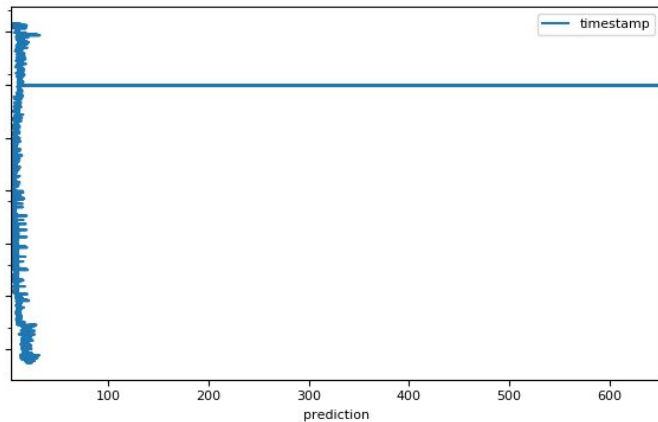
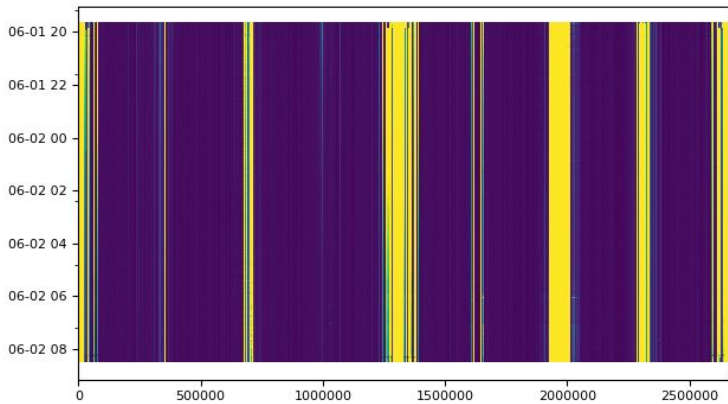
5 most anomalous sample in 6751

Fills orders by most anomalous sample:
6751, 6648, 6763, 6672

Let's investigate...

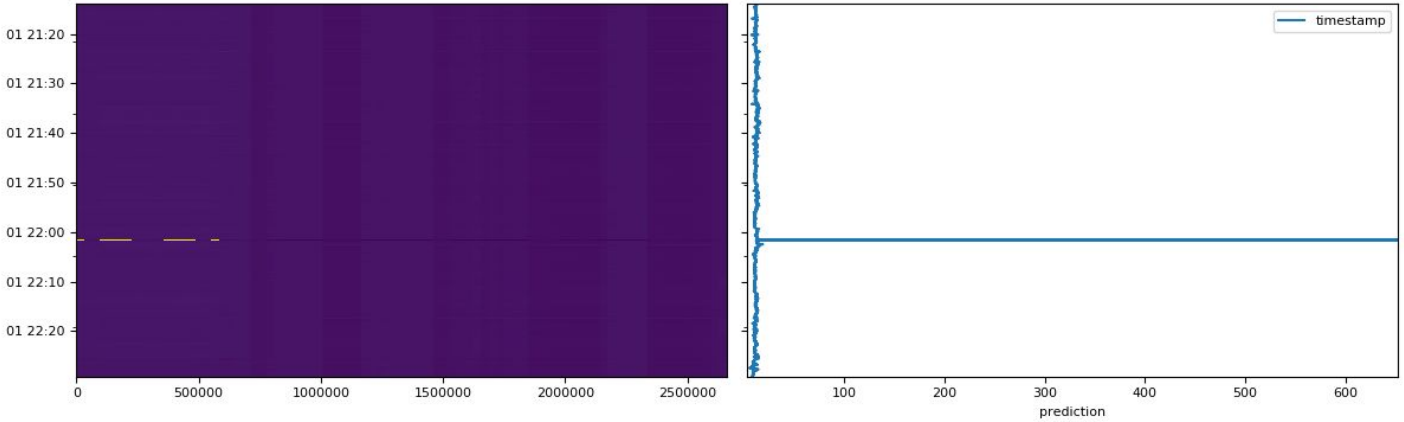
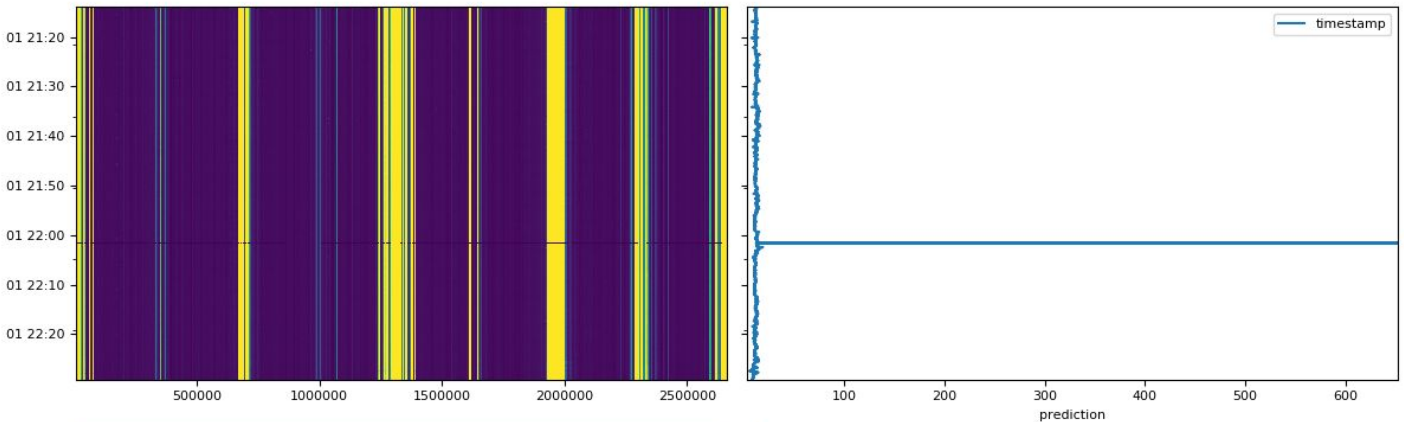
Second try

6751



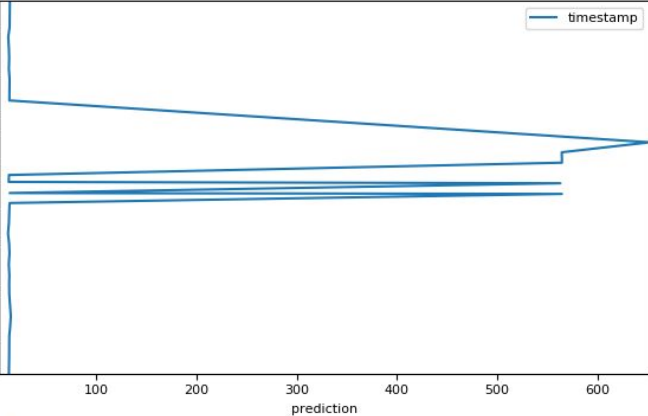
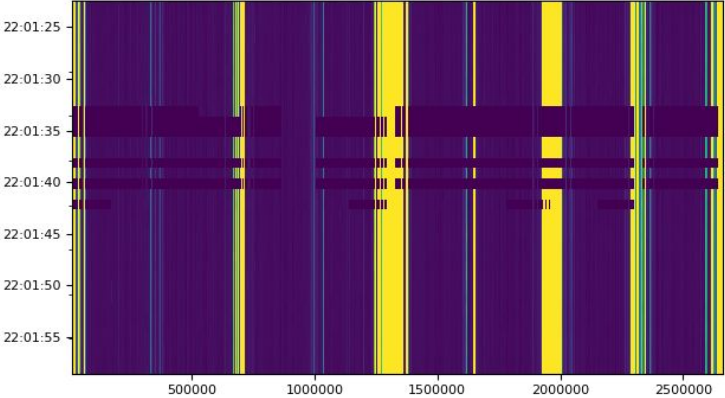
Second try

6751



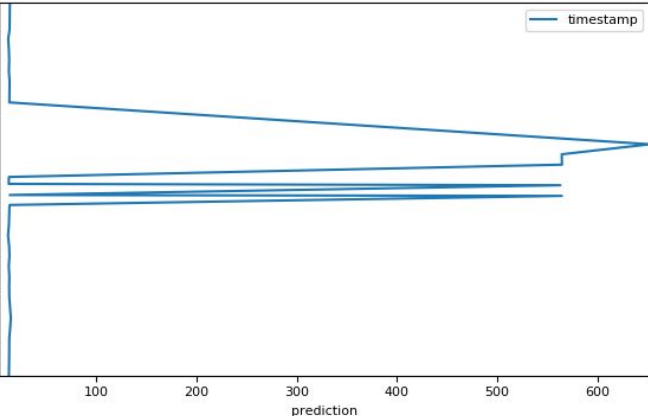
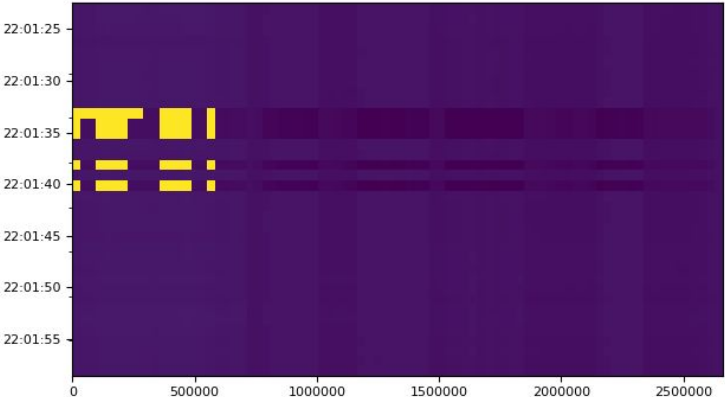
Second try

6751



Looks very much like a technical glitch...

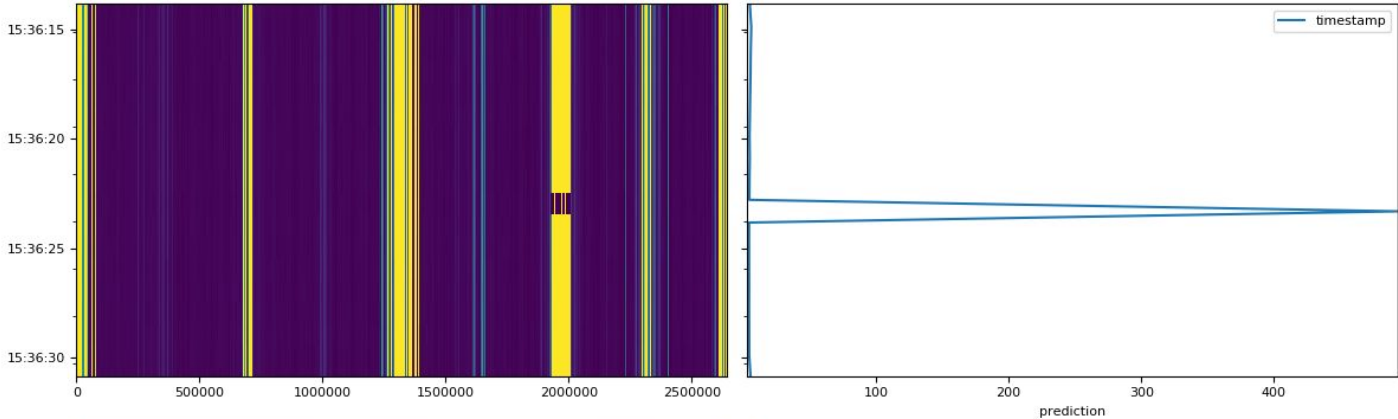
No entry in logbook



How about fill 6648 ?

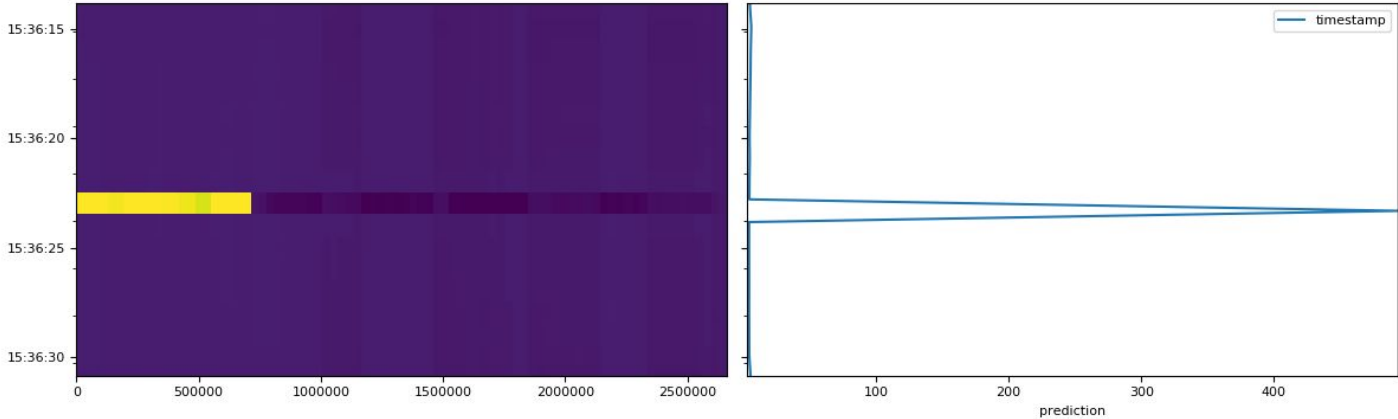
Second try

6648



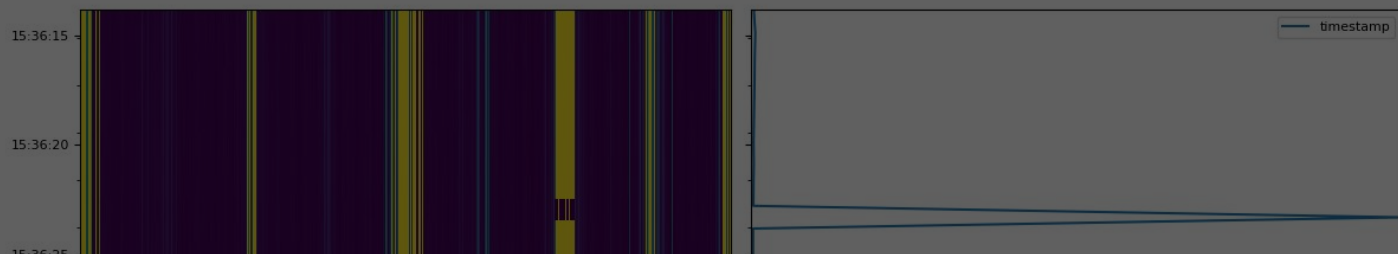
Another technical glitch ?

Logbook entry !



Second try

6648

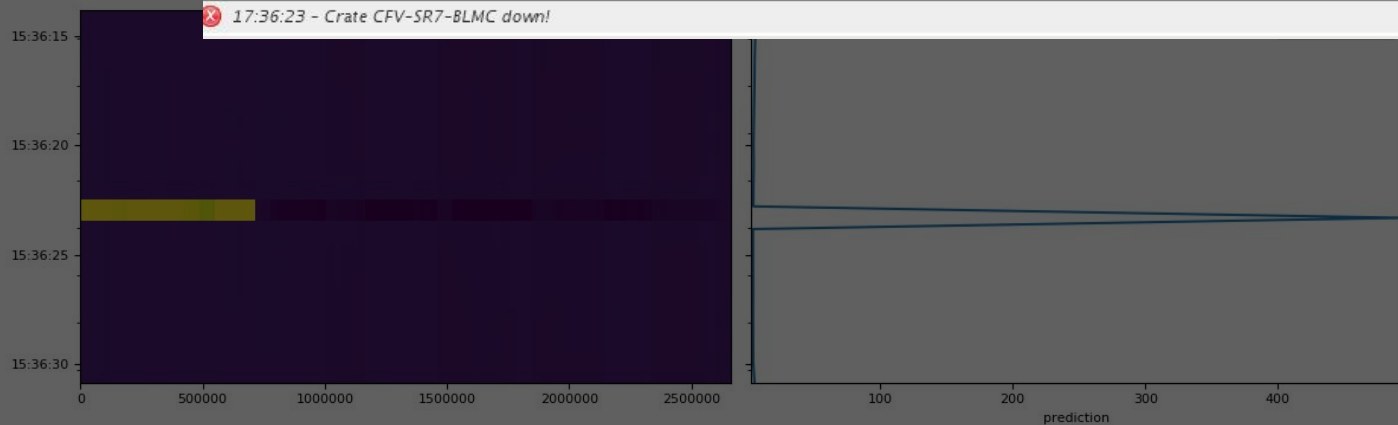


Another technical glitch ?

Logbook entry !

```
15:25:17 - Warning on: BLMTI.04L5.B2E10_TCL.4L5.B2, integration time: 83.8 s, losses = 1.006390E-03, threshold = 3.354304E-03, ratio = 30%
15:25:18 - Warning on: BLMTI.04L5.B2E10_TCL.4L5.B2, integration time: 83.8 s, losses = 1.006367E-03, threshold = 3.354304E-03, ratio = 30%
15:25:18 - Warning on: BLMTI.04L5.B2E10_TCL.4L5.B2, integration time: 83.8 s, losses = 1.006367E-03, threshold = 3.354304E-03, ratio = 30%
15:25:19 - Warning on: BLMTI.04L5.B2E10_TCL.4L5.B2, integration time: 83.8 s, losses = 1.006315E-03, threshold = 3.354304E-03, ratio = 30%
17:36:23 - Crate CFV-SR7-BLMC down!
```

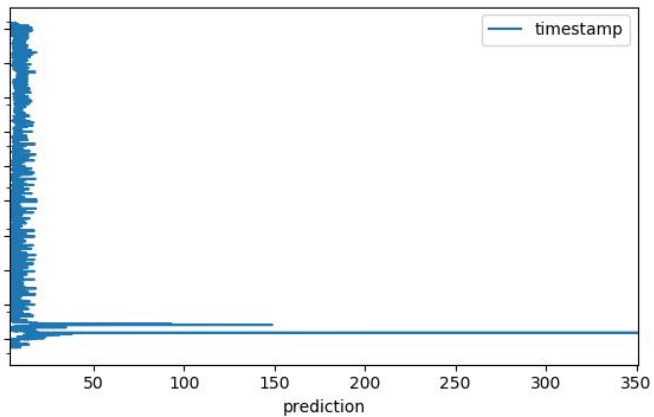
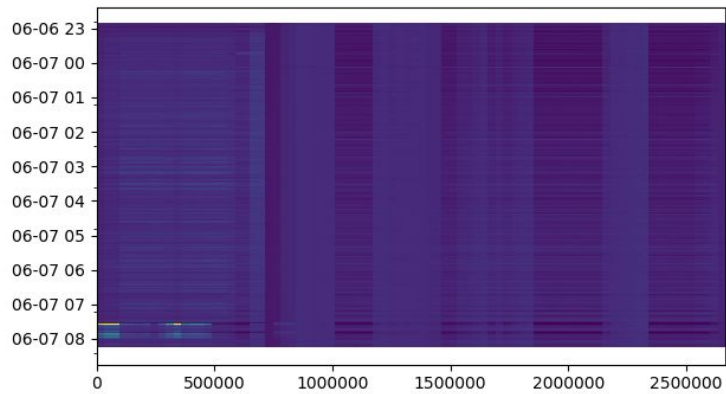
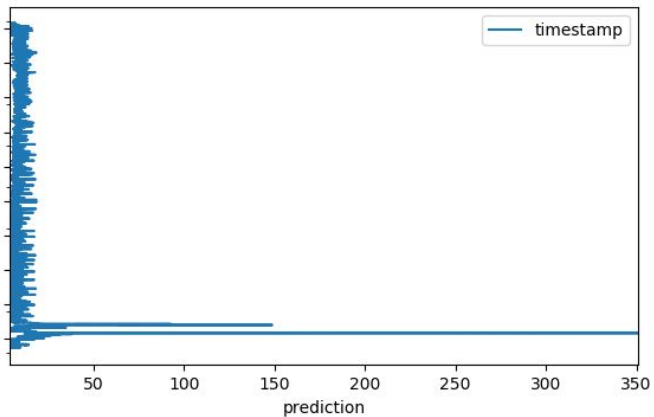
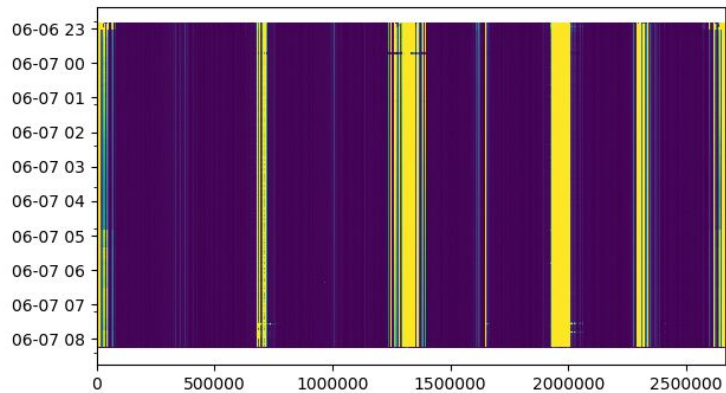
17:36:23 - Crate CFV-SR7-BLMC down!



Second try

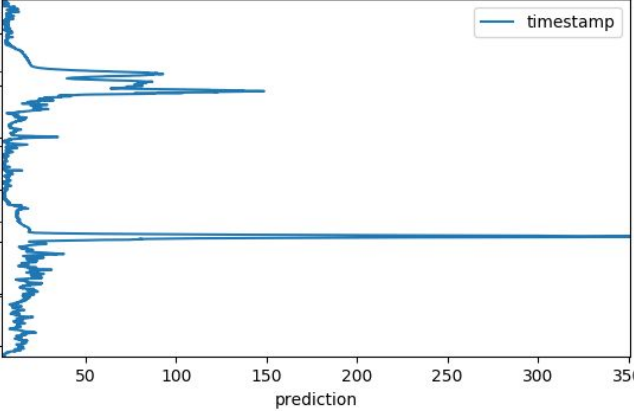
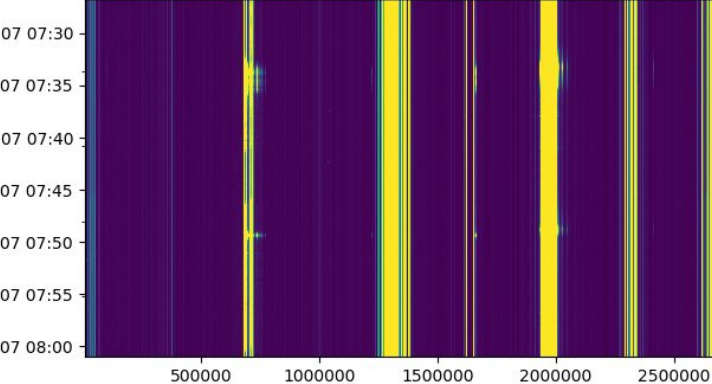
6763

6763



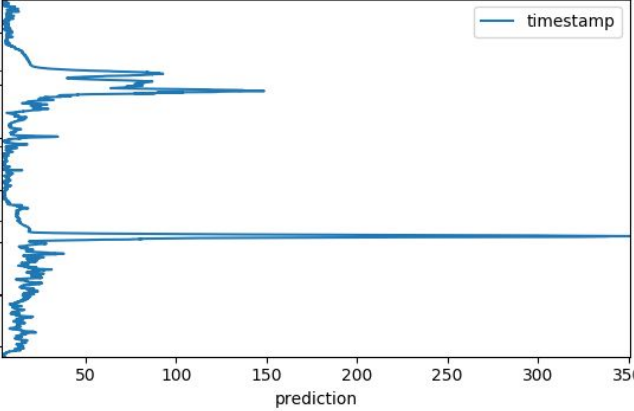
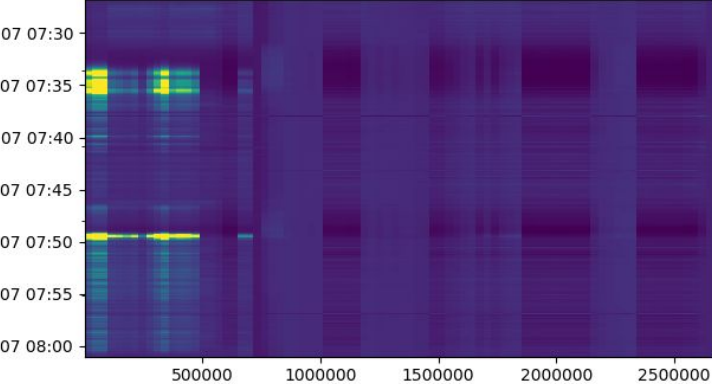
Second try

6763

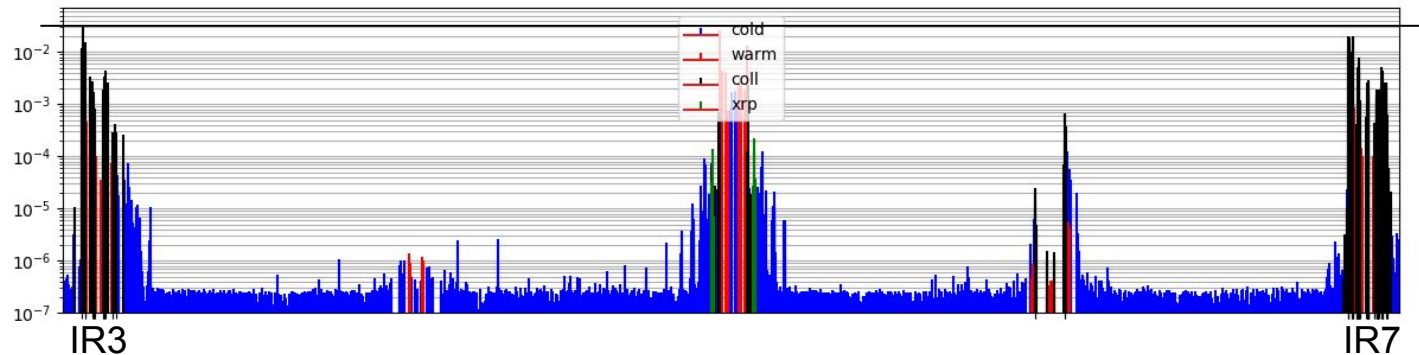


Already looks much more physical.

What about the loss map ?



Second try



Losses in IR3 > IR7

Logbook entry:

```

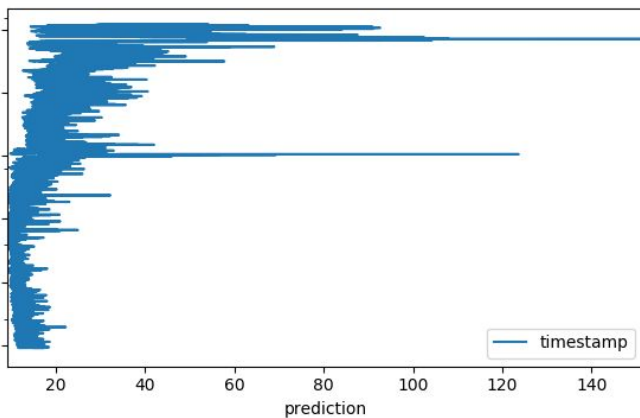
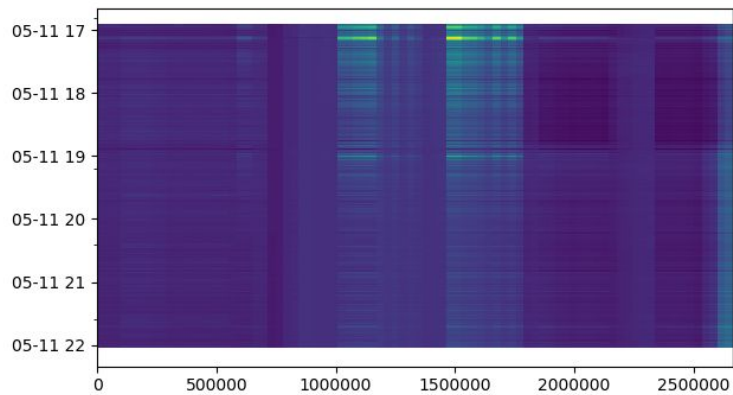
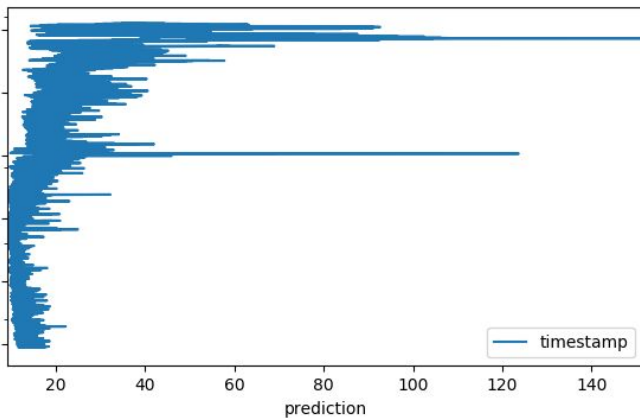
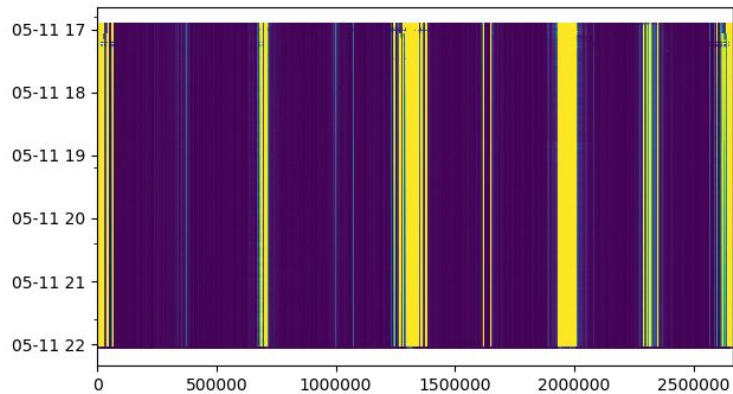
Announcer signalled: B1 RF clock generator STATUS is not OK. This was followed by beam leaking to the abort gap which triggered the cleaning.
Then, B1/B2 RF Beam Control synchro loop NOISE above limits.
The problem can be seen as well on the bunch length.
It recovered on its own within 5min. RF expert checking.
  
```

RF problem ! → a real anomaly

Second try

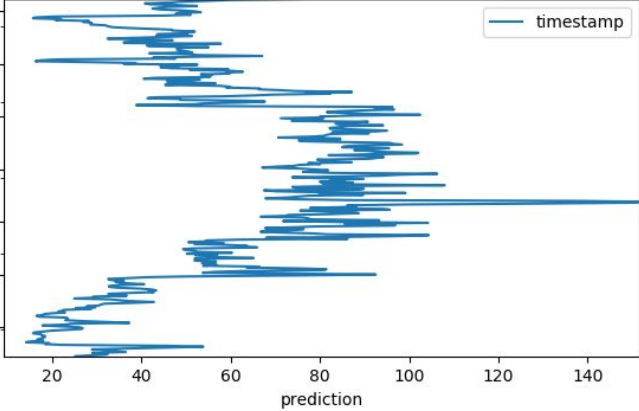
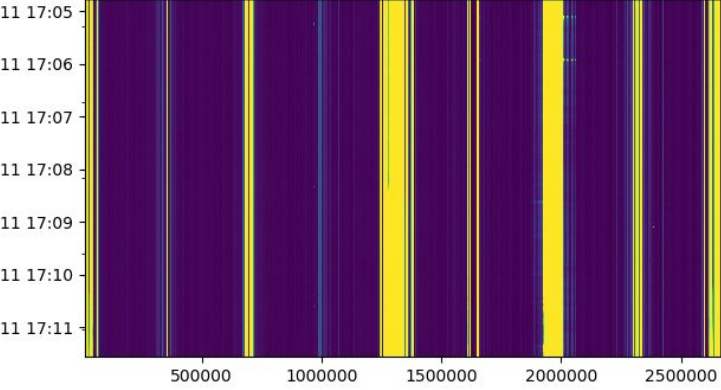
6672

6672



Second try

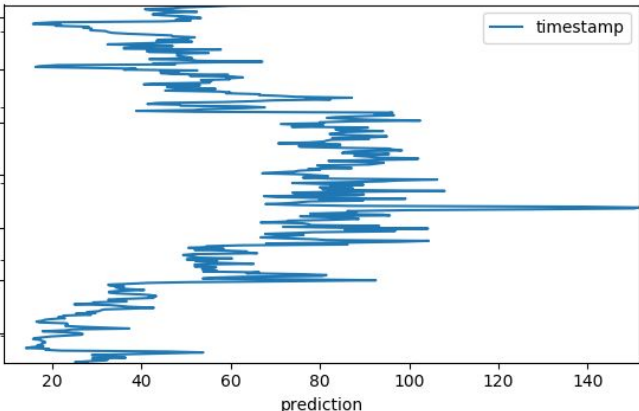
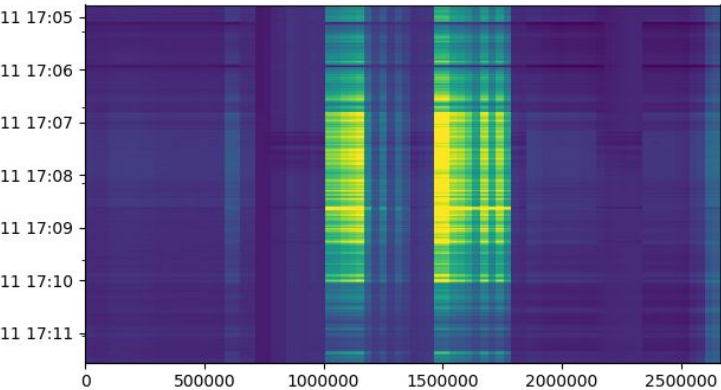
6672



Hard to tell what is going on... the colours are hiding a lot.

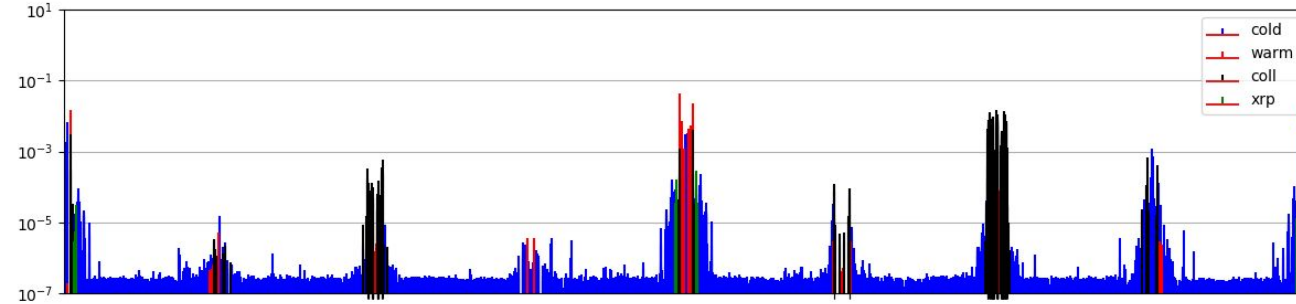
The model clearly sees something changing.

What about the loss distribution ?



Second try

2018-05-11 17:08:36.924000025+00:00



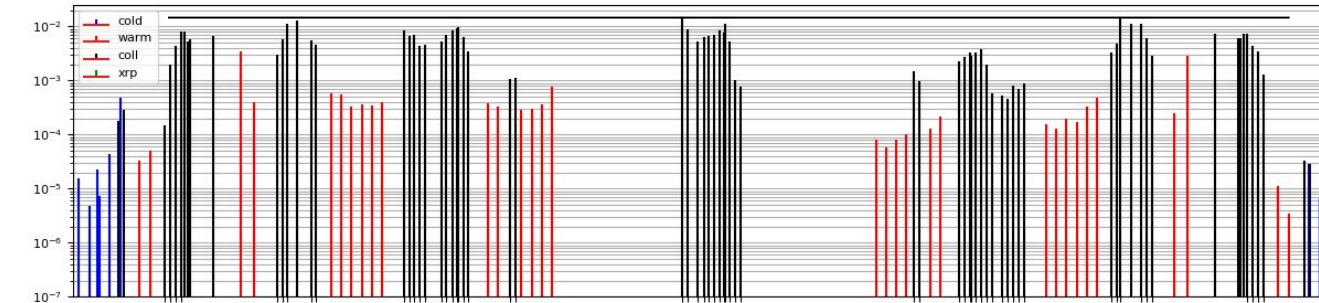
Flat losses

Higher losses in secondaries
than in primaries

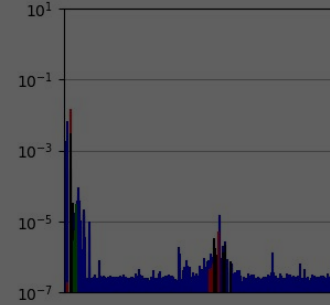
Relevant logbook entry ?

Zoom on IR7:

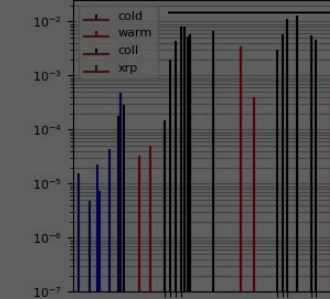
2018-05-11 17:08:36.924000025+00:00



Second try



Zoom on IR7:



7219:04 SB

Tune scan for lifetime optimisation

B1H:
+2e-3

B1V:
-3e-3

B2H:
+2e-3

B2V:
-1e-3



20180511190811.png



20180511191220.png

losses
in
boundaries than in
series

book entry ?

Conclusion

Surrogate model of the losses:

- Dataset exploration
- Formulating the problem

Simulations:

- Machinery mostly setup
- First test results coming in as we speak

Loss maps:

- Infrastructure up and running
- Some very compelling results, needs fine tuning.