

# The SXL project: Towards a sub-fs soft X-ray FEL at MAX IV

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and the SXL simulations team

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# Outlook

- The SXL project in general
- Baseline operations
- Advanced schemes and challenges
  - Chirped beam
  - Echo
  - Overcompression
  - ...

# The SXL project

A SWEDISH USERS INITIATIVE

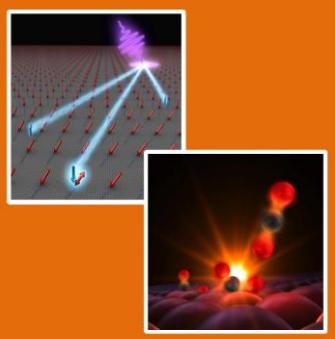


**Knut and Alice Wallenberg fundation**

- The baseline design of the SXL will deliver coherent, ultrashort, soft X-ray pulses with full polarization control.
- A broad range of pump-possibilities for pump-probe experiments is scheduled.
- Two-pulse and two-color options will be developed at an early stage.
- Seeding schemes and attosecond pulses are envisioned at a second stage.
- The existing MAX IV linac is well prepared to serve the SXL, and space is available.

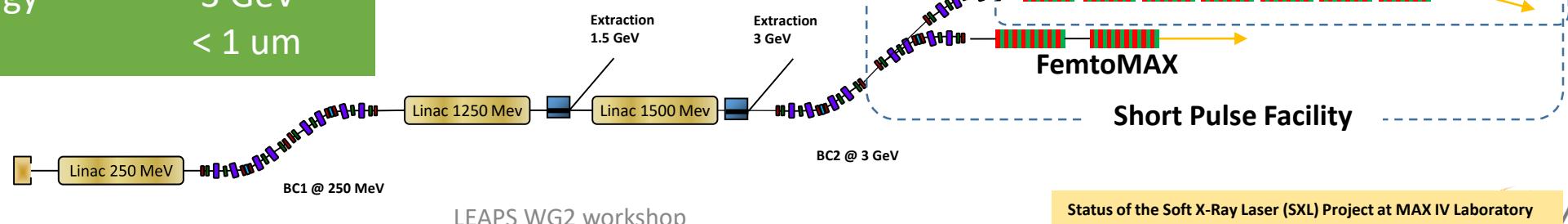
The Soft X-ray Laser @ MAX IV

A Science Case for SXL

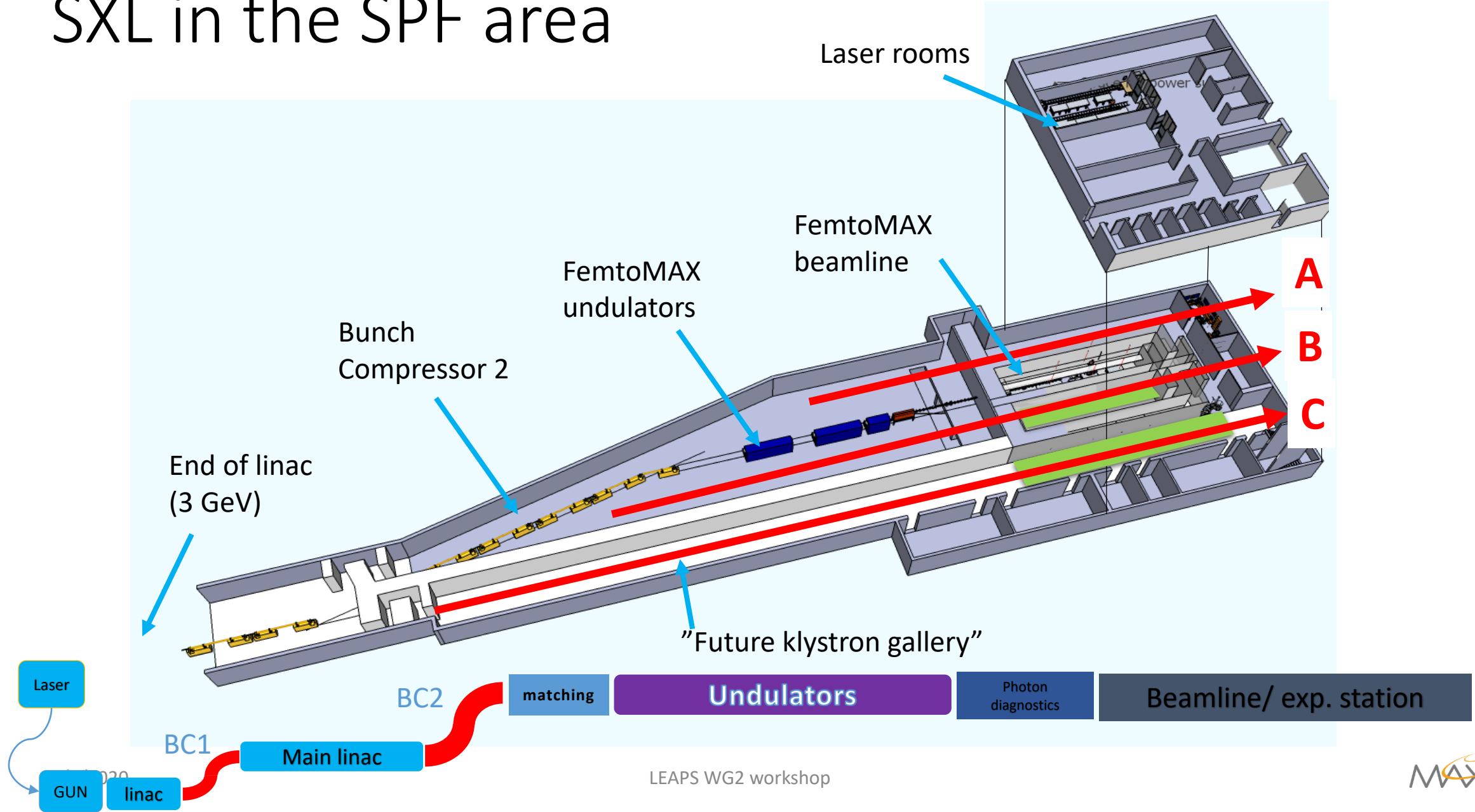


<b>Wavelength</b>	1–5 nm
<b>Photon energy</b>	~0.25–1 keV
Pulse length	10-100 fs
Repetition rate	100 Hz
Power (peak)	~ 1 GW
Ph/pulse	$10^{11-12}$
e-energy	3 GeV
$\varepsilon_N$	< 1 um

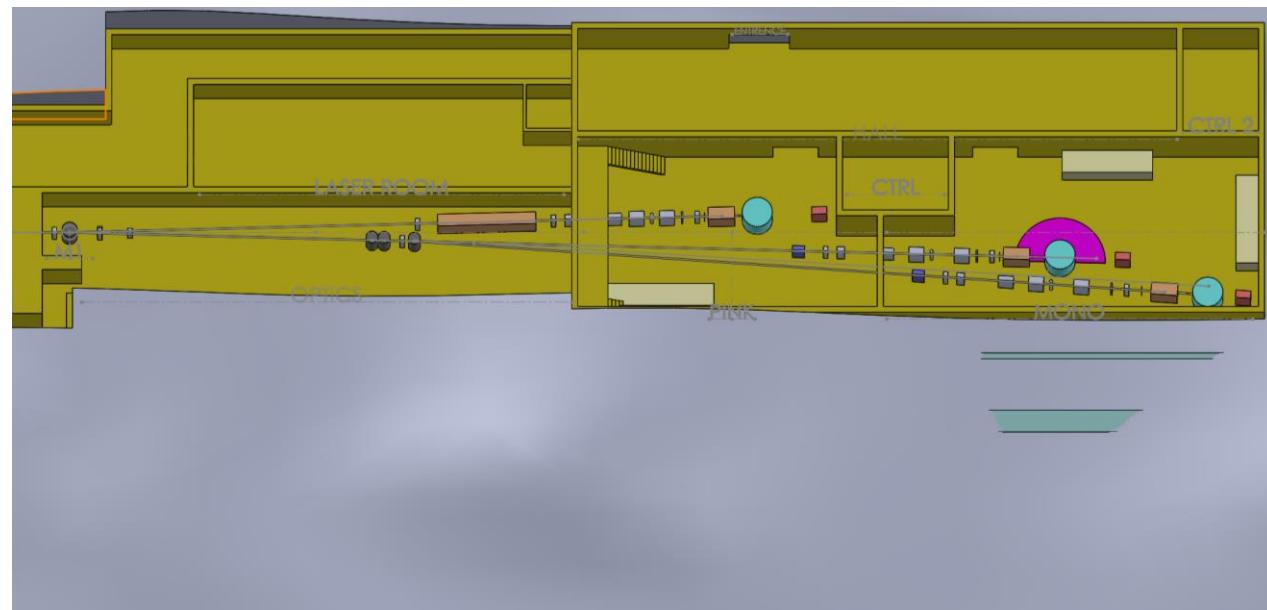
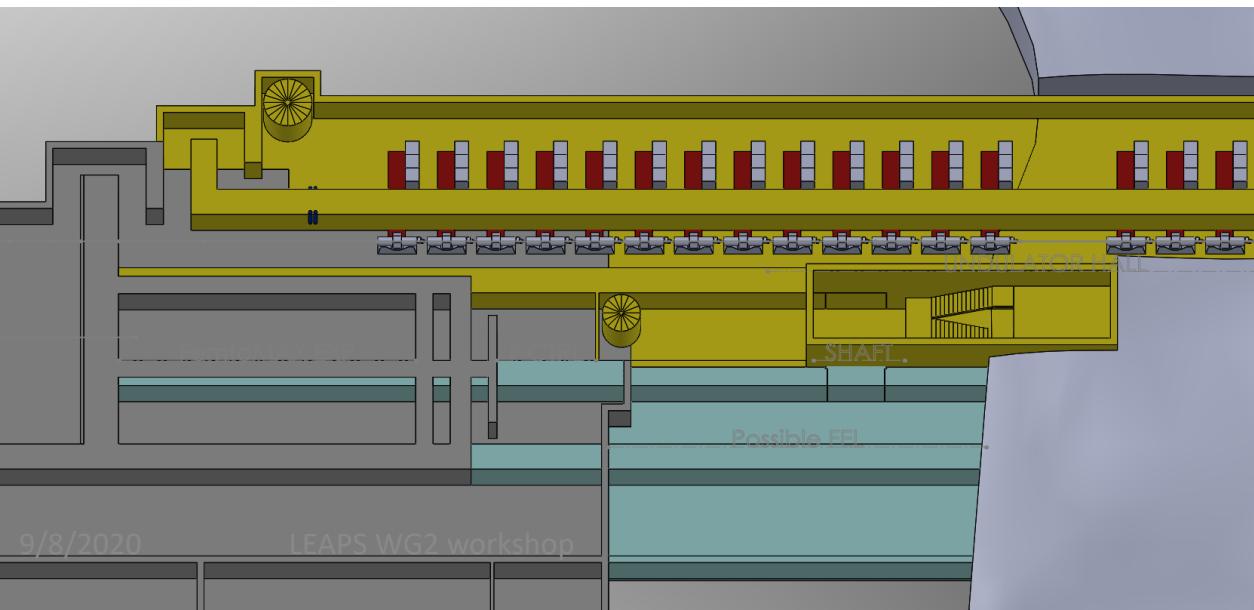
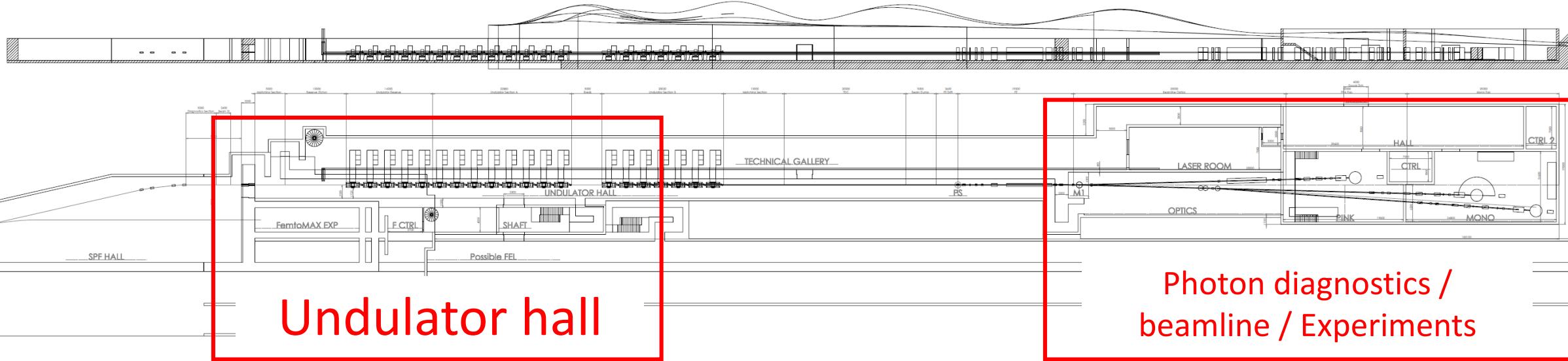
AMO  
Cond Mat  
Chem  
Life Science



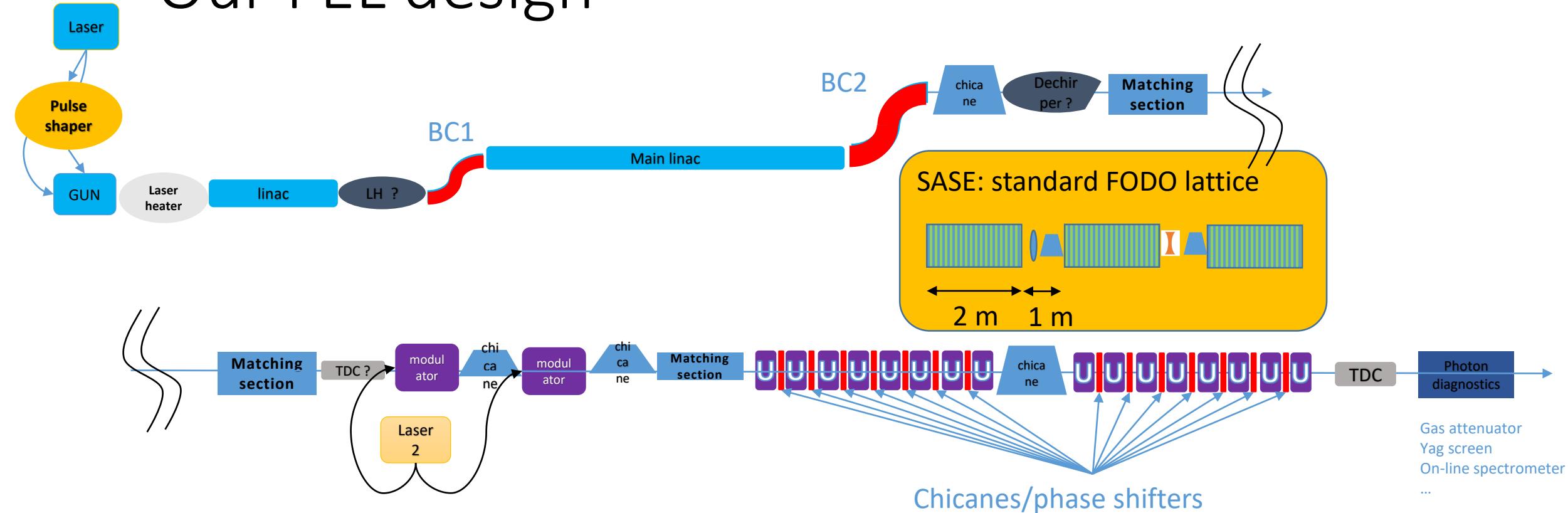
# SXL in the SPF area



# Extension of the buildings



# Our FEL design



UNDULATORS  
Hamed Tarawneh

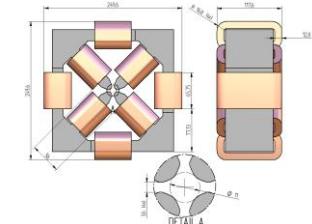
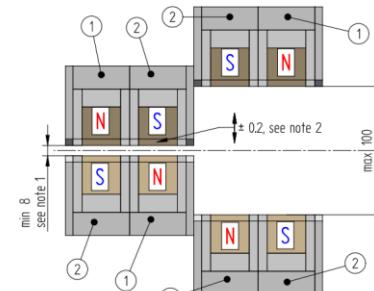


$\lambda_u = 40 \text{ mm}$   
Magnetic Length= 2 m

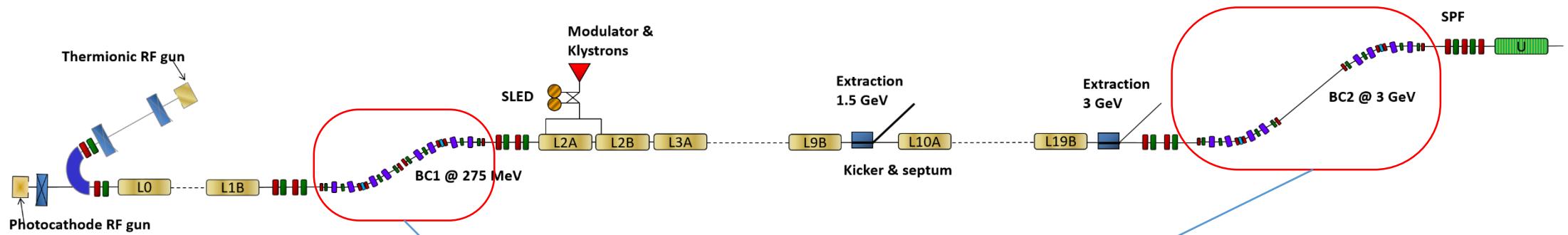
9/8/2020

Compact APPLE X type:

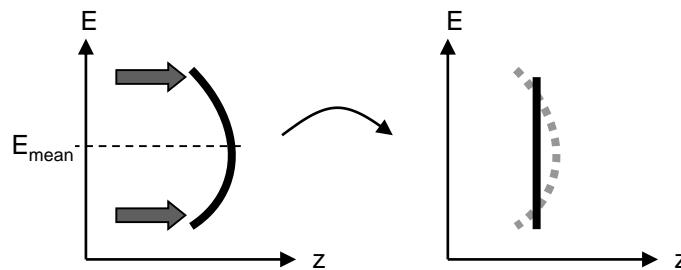
- 1) Full polarization control in helical mode only (inclined polarization is possible too).
- 2) Possibility to create gradient as extra feature.



# Double achromat BUNCH COMPRESSORS



Compression  
Self-linearization



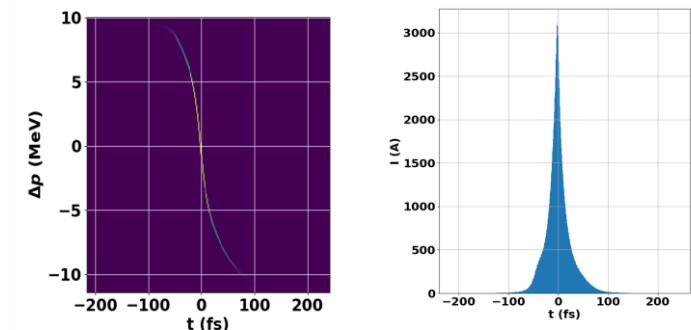
9/8/2020

$$\Delta z = R_{56} \left( \frac{\Delta E}{E} \right) + T_{566} \left( \frac{\Delta E}{E} \right)^2$$

$$R_{56} > 0 \\ T_{566} > 0$$

LEAPS WG2 workshop

Chirped beam  
Not-flat current profile

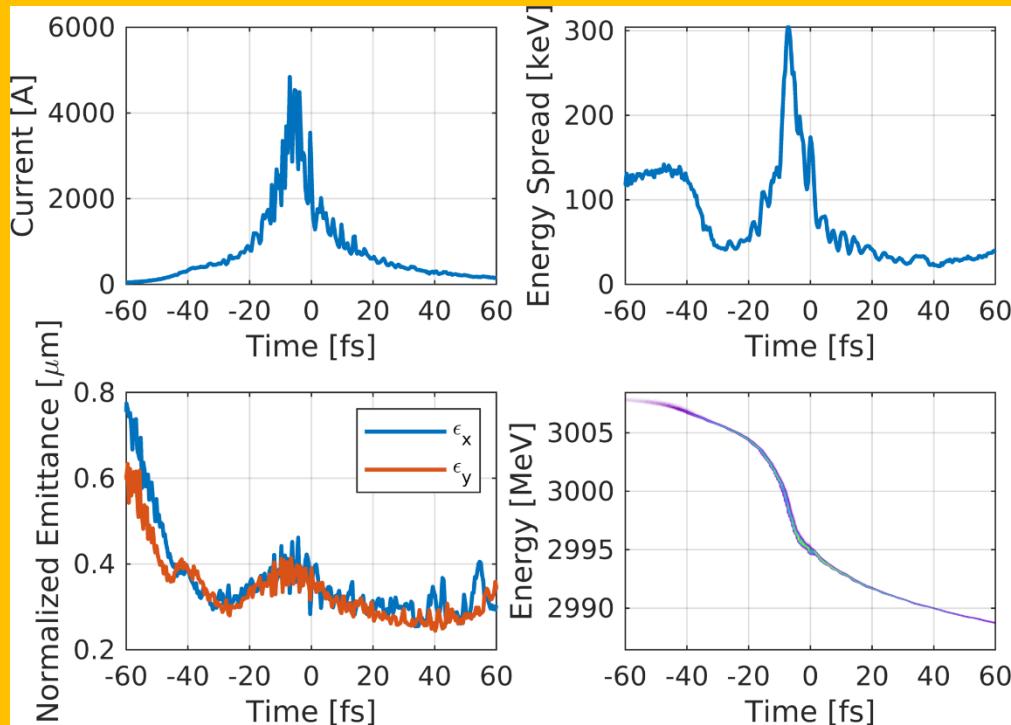


Simulations by Billy Kyle

MAX IV

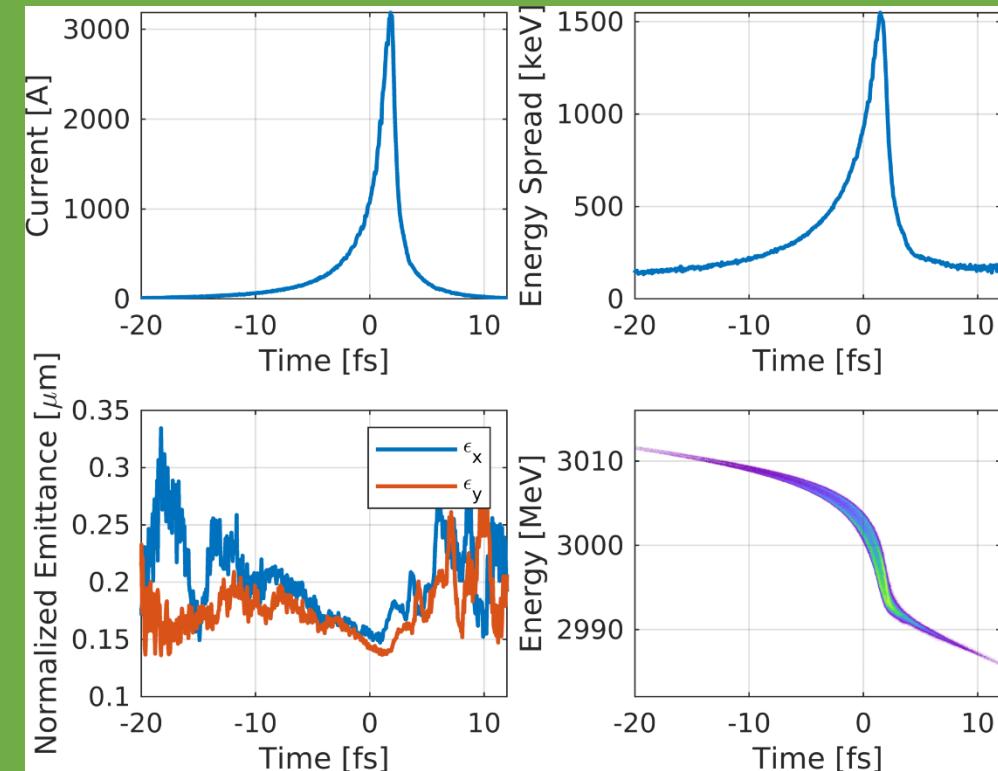
# The standard operation for SXL

**1A long pulse, 100 pC  
~10 fs**



Peak current (kA)	4.5
Energy chirp (MeV/fs)	0.4
Slice norm. Emitt RMS x/y (mm mrad)	0.37/0.38
Slice e-spread RMS (MeV)	0.3

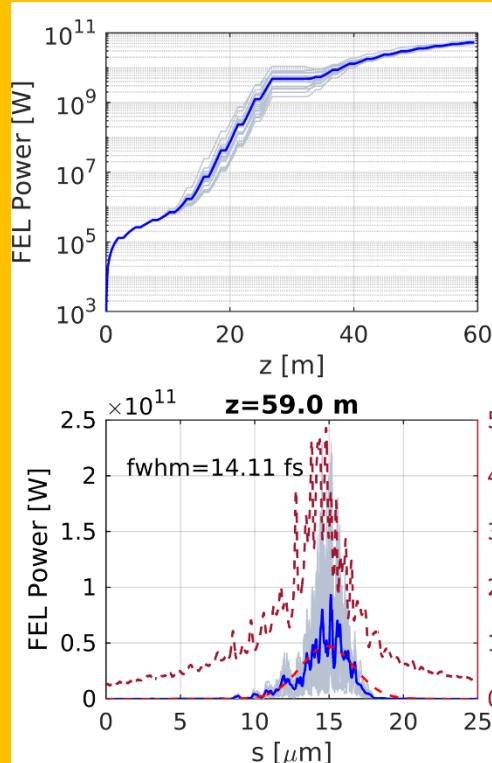
**1B short pulse, 10 pC  
~1.5 fs**



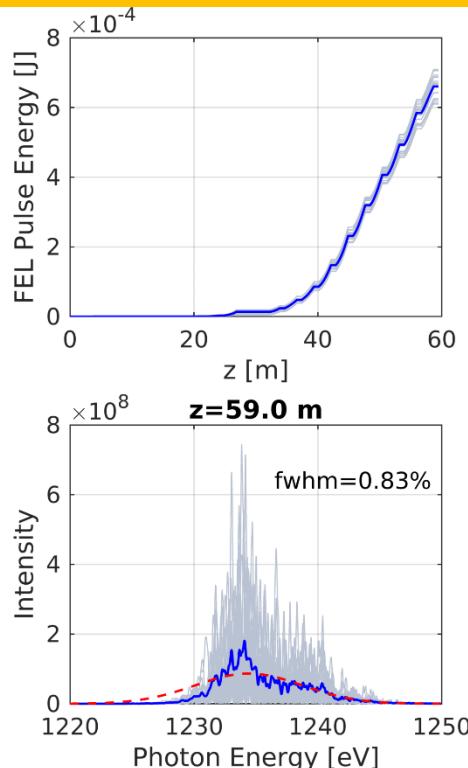
Peak current (kA)	3.1
Energy chirp (MeV/fs)	2
Slice norm. Emitt RMS x/y (mm mrad)	0.17/0.14
Slice e-spread RMS (MeV)	1.5

# The performance of the FEL at 1 nm

## Long pulse, 100 pC

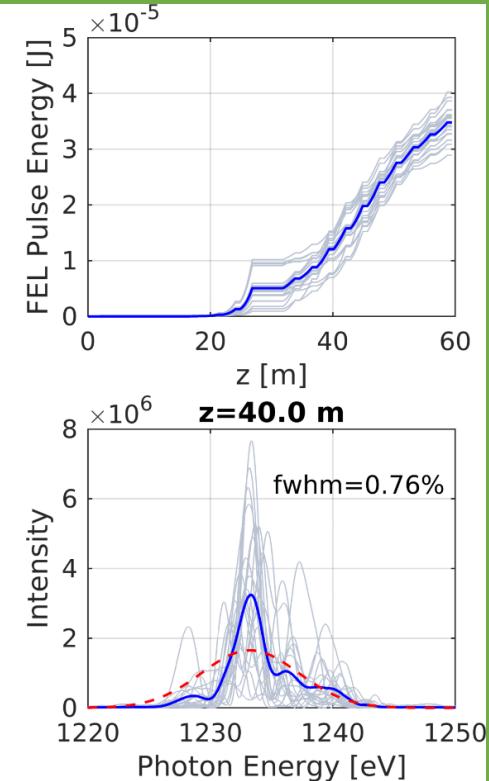
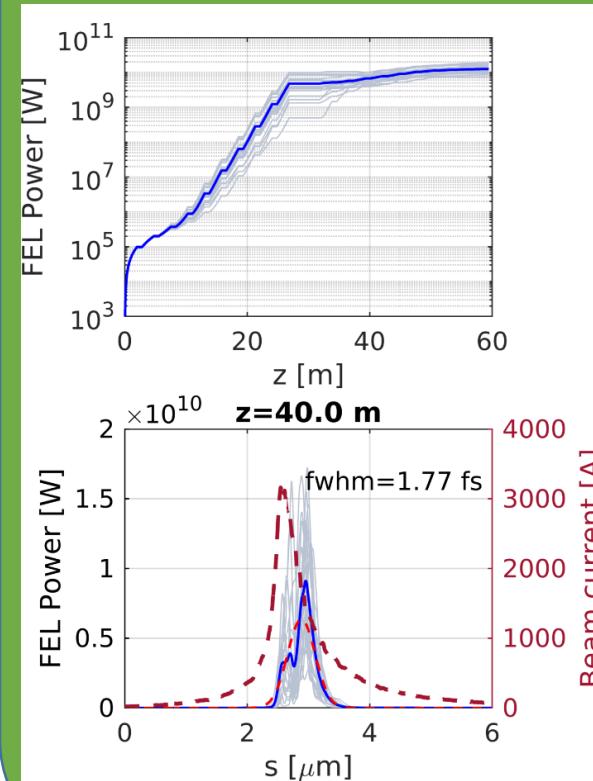


Pulse energy = 660  $\mu\text{J}$   
Power = 50 GW  
Ph./pulse = 3.3E+12



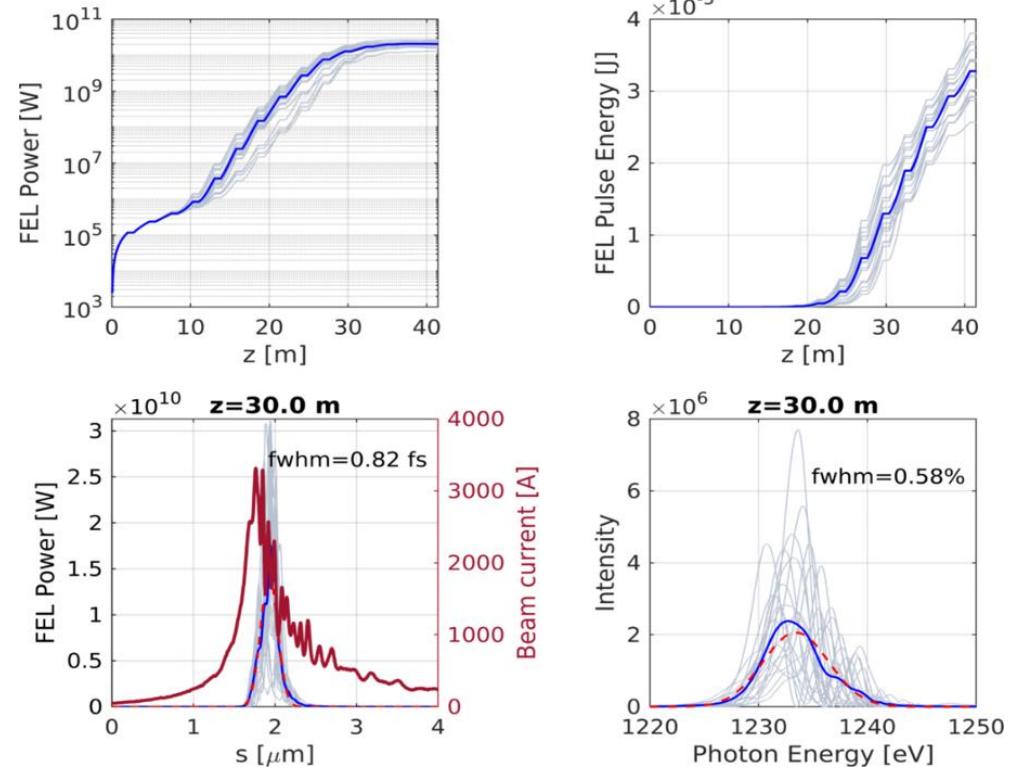
## Short pulse, 10 pC

Pulse energy ~12  $\mu\text{J}$   
Power ~ 6.5 GW (fit)  
Ph./pulse ~ .E+10—E+11



# Special features for SXL

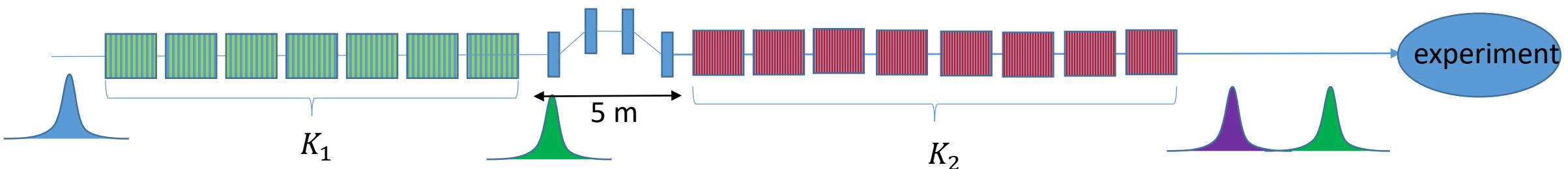
- Sub-fs pulses
- 2 pulse 2 color operations
- Chirp removal
  - Overcompression
- Seeding (Echo) with chirp



# Challenges in Short pulses

- Production
- Transport & diagnostics along the linac
- High peak current, wakefields, ...
- High stability required (rf, power supplies, ...)
- Compression scheme chosen
- ...
- Transport & diagnostics of Photon pulses

# 2 color with split undulator

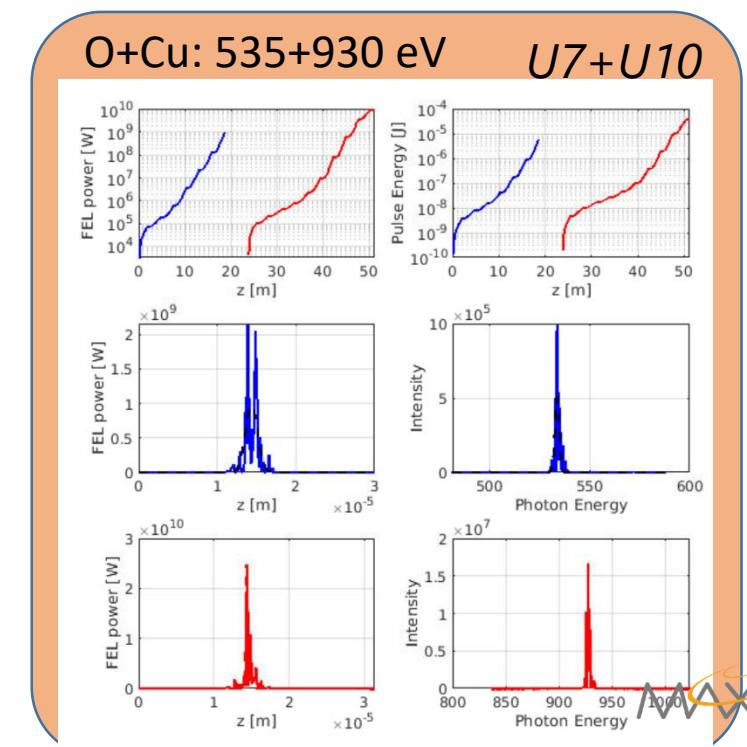
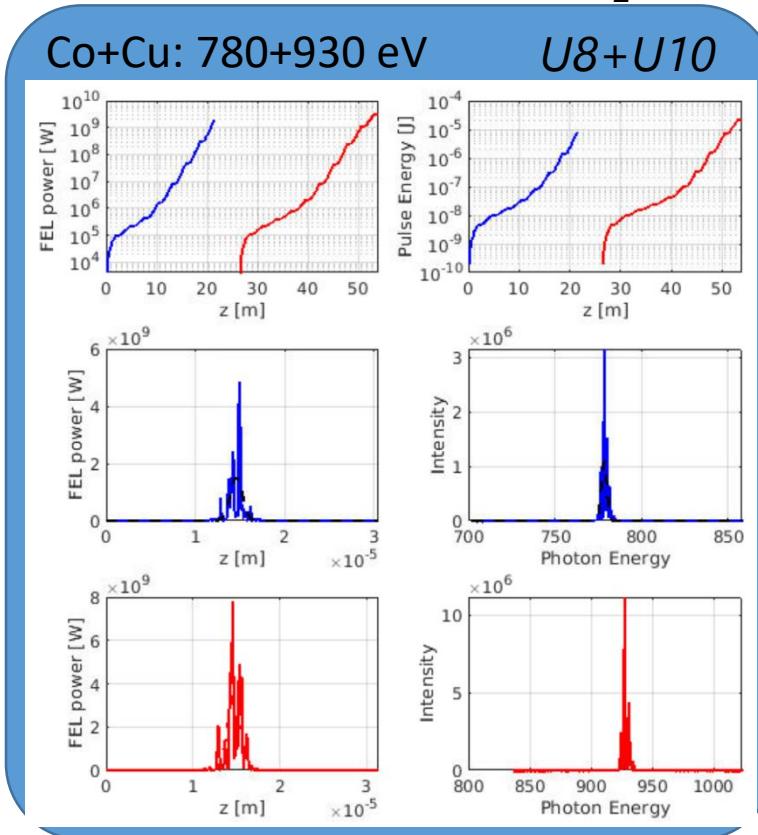


K-edges: C+O (285–535) eV  
C+N (285–400) eV  
N+O (400–535) eV

L-edges: O+Mn (535–640)eV  
O+Cu (535–930)eV  
O+Co (535–780) eV  
Co+ Cu (780–930) eV

Some tunability in energy and pulse length

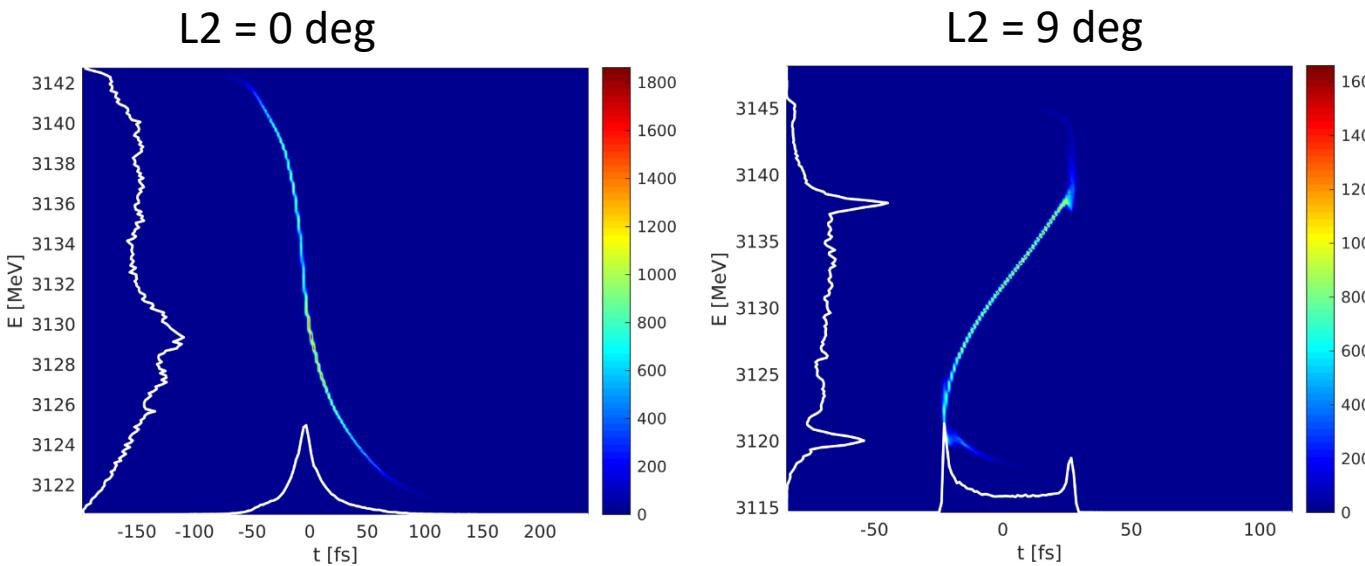
9/8/2020



# De-chirping->overcompression

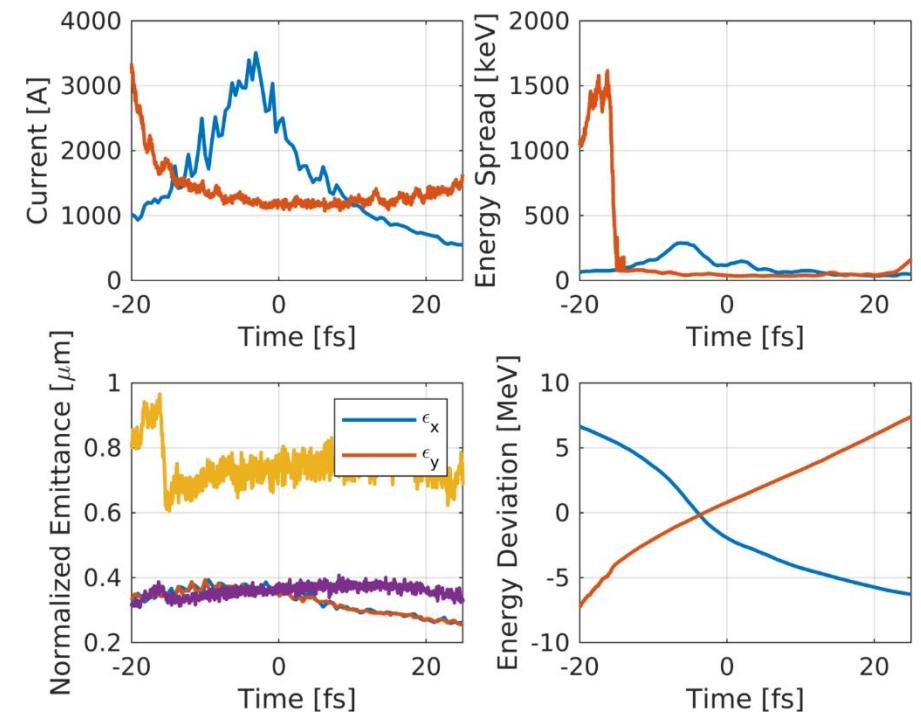
- BC2 overcompression + dechirper

*Elegant simulations Weilun Qin*



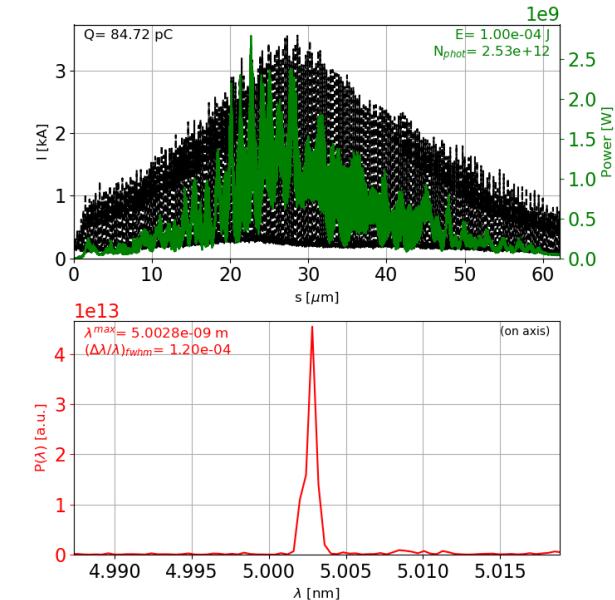
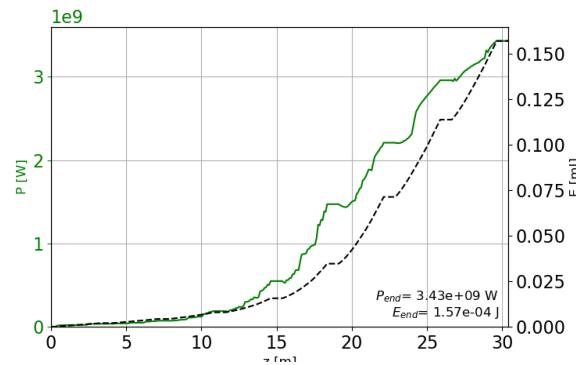
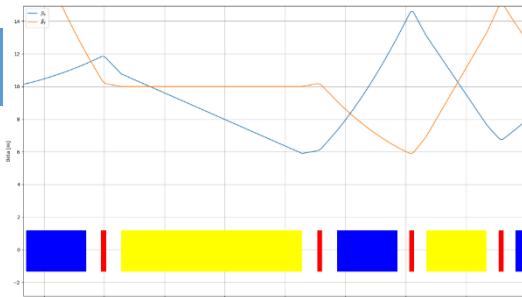
- About 1kA, relatively flat current
- Chirp reversed

**Comparison:** normal compression/overcompression

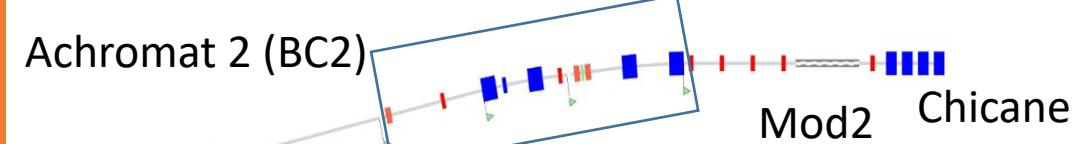
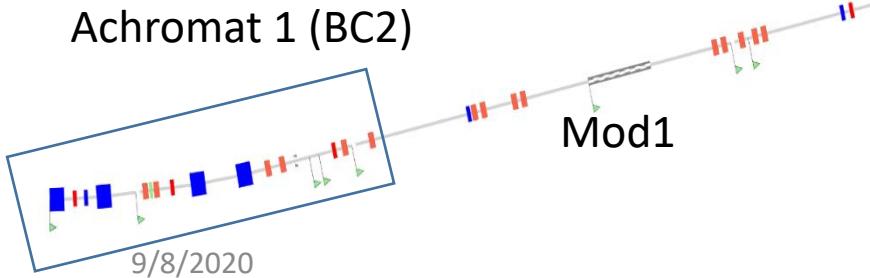


# ECHO- 2 options

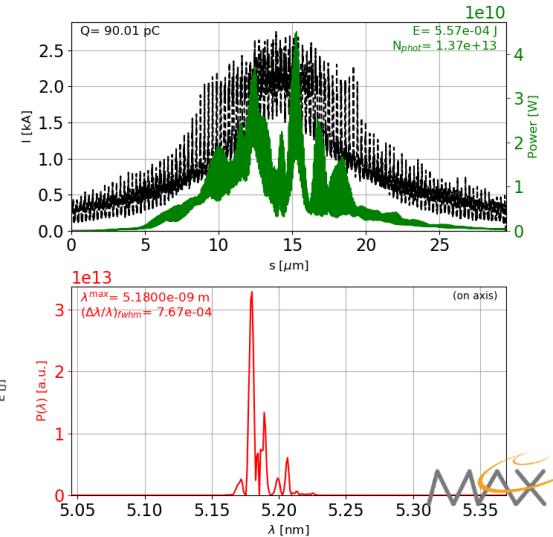
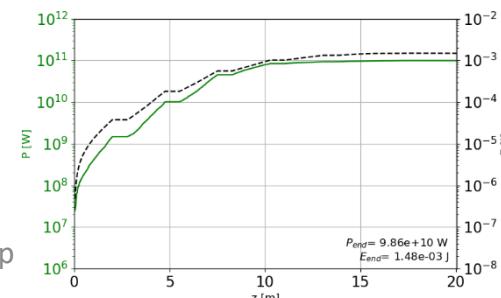
## 1- After BC2



2- a modulator in the space between achromat 1 and achromat 2 of BC2  
After BC2 a second modulator and a small chicane



LEAPS WG2 workshop



# Summary

- SXL baseline: 10 fs and 1 fs pulses in 1–5nm range
- Ultrashort pulses < 1fs possible (extra diagnostics!)
- 2 pulse 2 color with split undulator
- Interested in developing ECHO and other advanced seeding schemes w/wo chirp
- Needs of development for
  - Chirp removal and/or achieving flat current profile
  - Ultrashort pulses (sub-fs)
  - Operations with chirped beam