

WIR SCHAFFEN WISSEN – HEUTE FÜR MORGEN



# RF Pulse Step Tuning Range and Energy Gain Loss

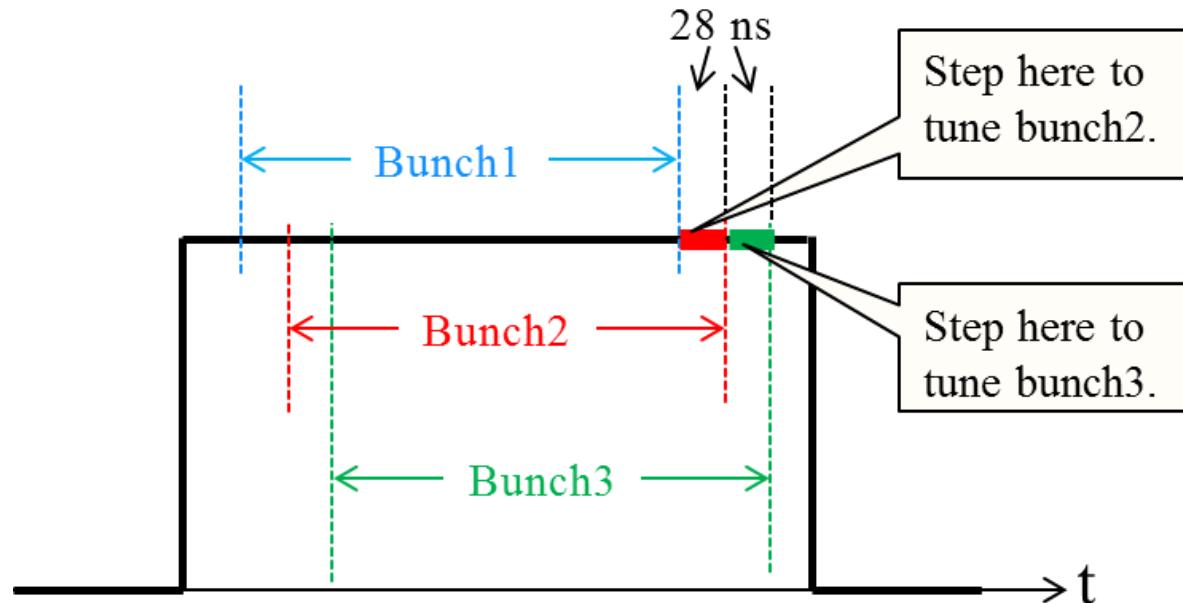
Zheqiao Geng

On behalf of the RF team

20.10.2020

# Recall the Tuning Method – RF Pulse Step

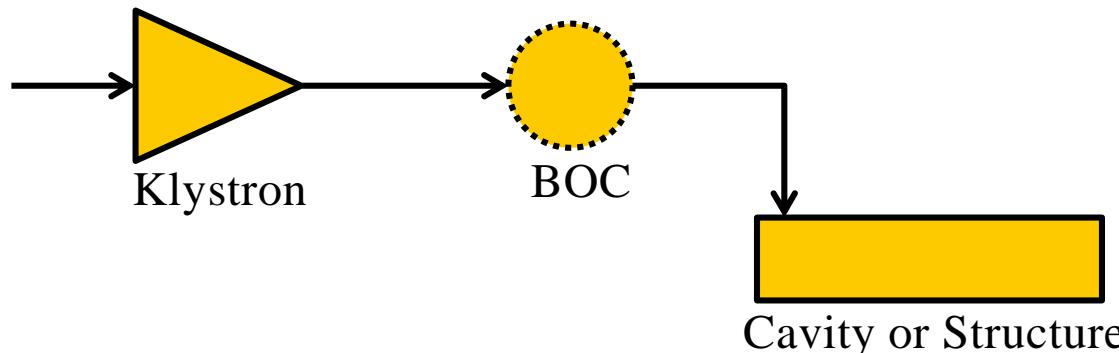
- Use two steps in the RF pulse to tune Bunch2 and Bunch3.



# Tuning Range with different Bunch Spacing

# Tuning Range with different Bunch Spacing

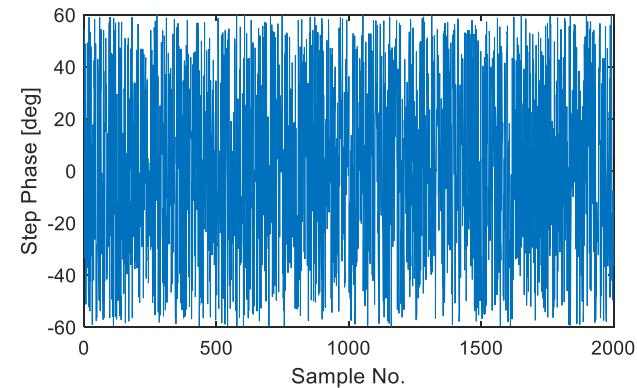
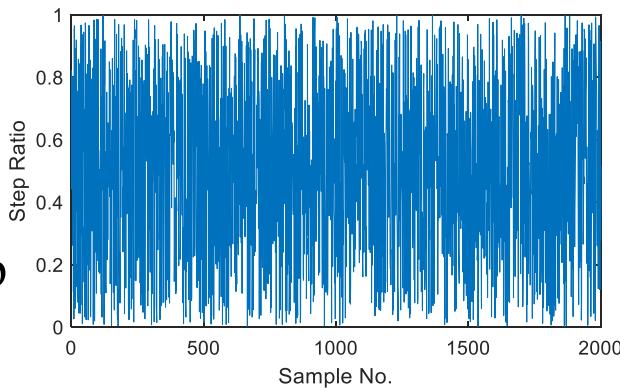
	28 ns spacing		21 ns spacing		14 ns spacing	
<b>Gun</b>	-1.8 %	~ 0.9 %	$\pm 1.3^\circ$	-0.9 %	~ 0.7 %	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
<b>S-band</b>	-1.7 %	~ 0.0 %	$\pm 0.8^\circ$	-1.0 %	~ 0.0 %	$\pm 0.5^\circ$
<b>C-band</b>	-4.8 %	~ -2.9 %	$\pm 0.9^\circ$	-2.9 %	~ -1.4 %	$\pm 0.7^\circ$
<b>X-band</b>	-21.6 %	~ 0.0 %	$\pm 11.5^\circ$	-14.0 %	~ 0.0 %	$\pm 7.2^\circ$



- Simulation includes the dynamics of klystron, BOC and the cavity or structure.
  - Klystron half-bandwidth: S-band 8 MHz, C-band 10 MHz, X-band 15 MHz
  - BOC:  $\beta = 9$ ,  $Q_L = 22000$
  - Gun cavity:  $\beta = 2$ ,  $Q_L = 4280$
- Range of step ratio: 0 to 1 (**better not over 1 due to klystron saturation or breakdown**)
- Range of step phase:  $-60^\circ$  to  $60^\circ$  (**large phase change may trigger reflection interlock**)

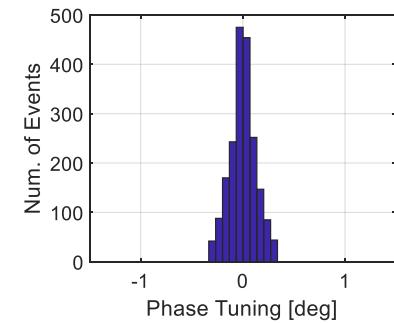
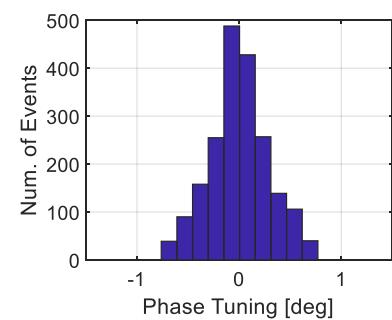
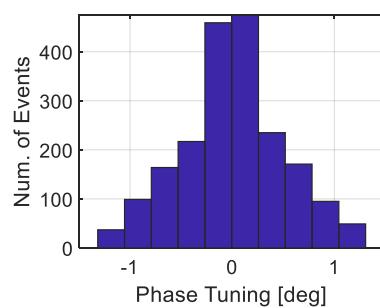
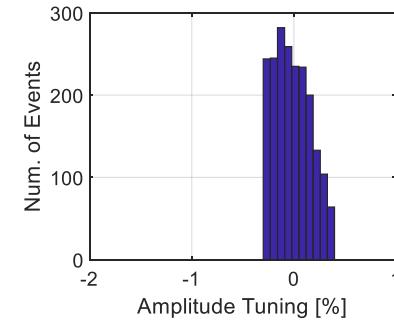
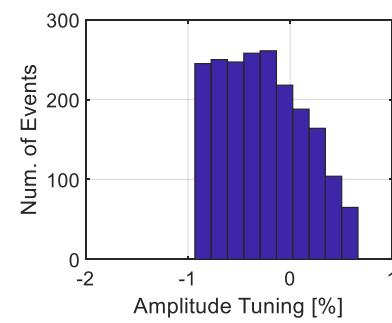
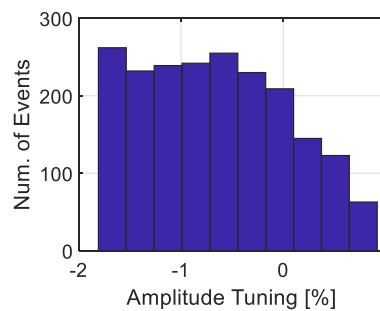
# Data of Simulation

2000 pairs of randomly assigned step ratios and step phases.



Distribution of the amplitude and phase tuning for the bunch affected by the step.

Gun bunch2 amp./pha. tuning



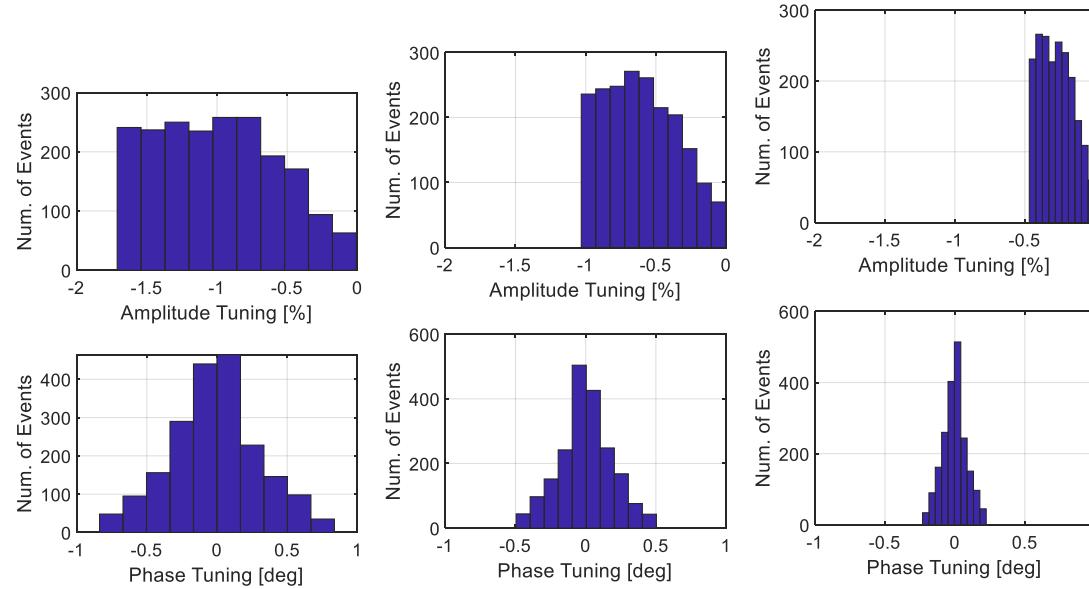
28 ns Spacing

21 ns Spacing

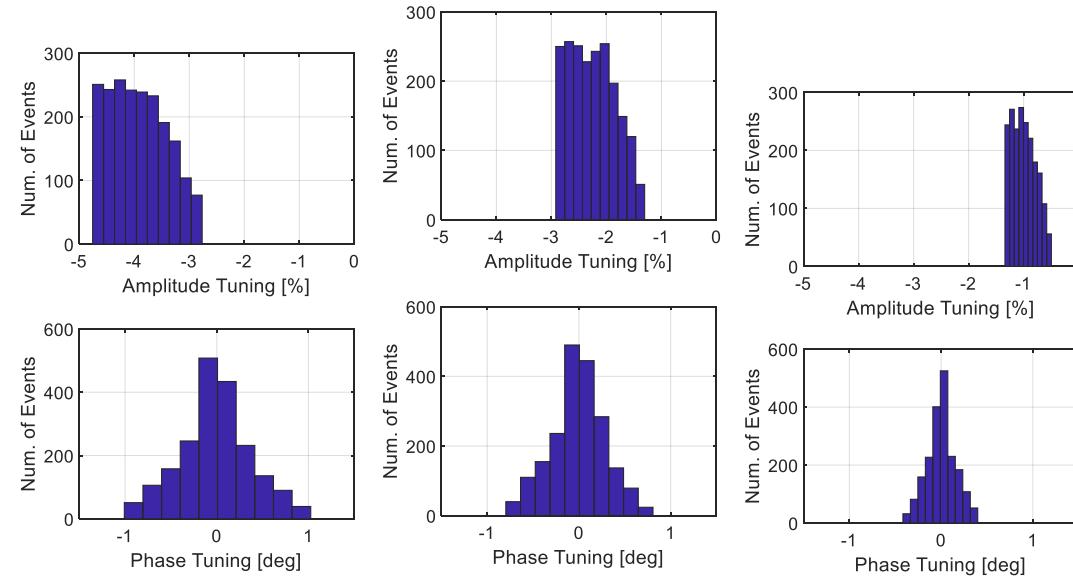
14 ns Spacing

# Data of Simulation (cont.)

S-band bunch2 amp./pha. tuning

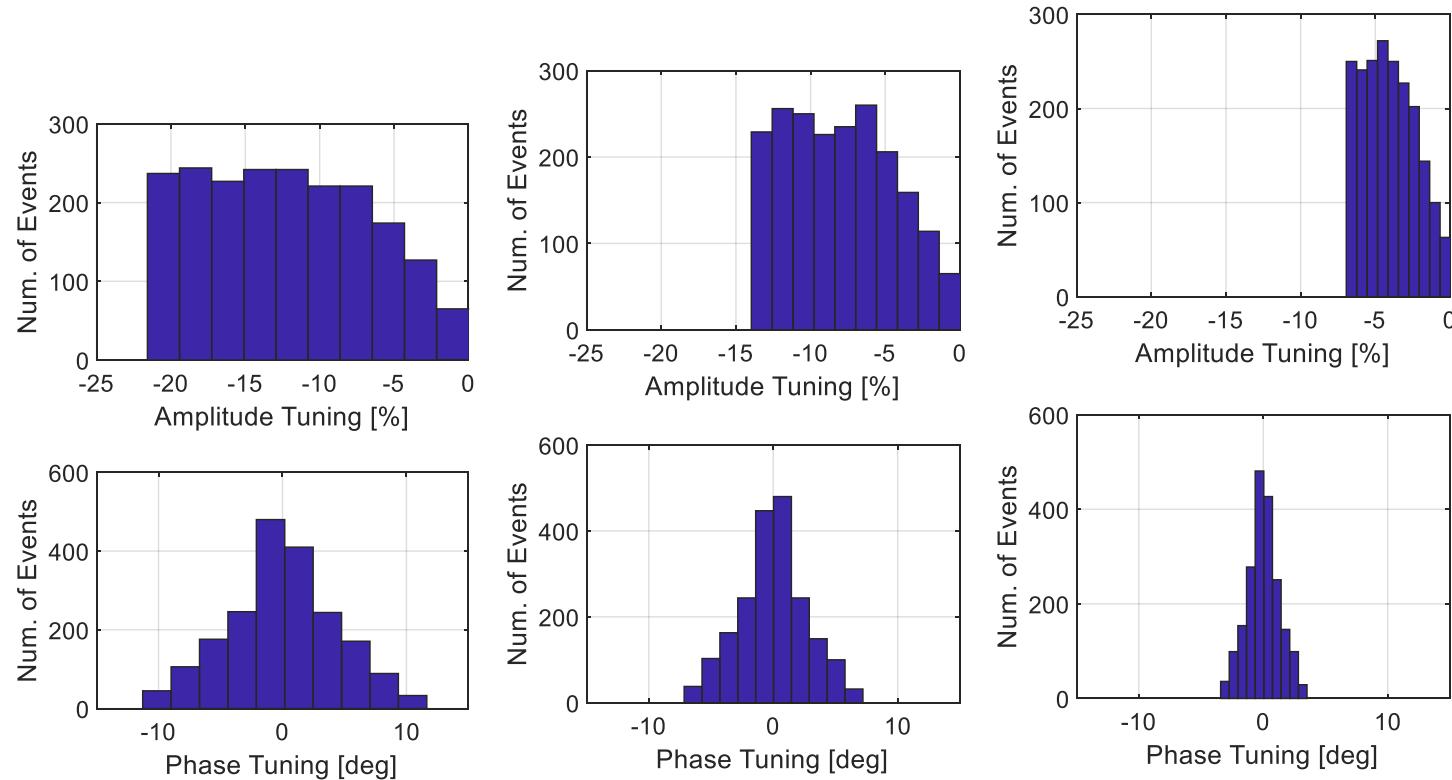


C-band bunch2 amp./pha. tuning



# Data of Simulation (cont.)

X-band bunch2 amp./pha. tuning



# **Energy Gain Loss with different Bunch Spacing**

# Estimate of Energy Gain Loss with different Bunch Spacing

- Consider **three bunches** – energy gain loss compared to single-bunch case.
- X-band should lose less if we expand the pulse width.
- S10CB09 pulse shape was not optimized.

	28 ns spacing	21 ns spacing	14 ns spacing
SINSB01	1.4 MeV	0.6	0.3
SINSB02	1.0	0.6	0.4
SINSB03	0.5	0.4	0.2
SINSB04	1.1	0.8	0.6
<i>SINXB01</i>	-3.7	-2.0	-0.8
S10CB01	6.7	4.3	1.4
S10CB02	7.7	3.8	2.3
S10CB03	8.5	4.8	2.3
S10CB04	9.0	6.8	4.4
S10CB05	7.4	4.1	2.8
S10CB06	8.0	5.0	3.0
S10CB07	6.4	4.7	3.2
S10CB08	8.0	6.1	3.1
<i>S10CB09</i>	2.0	1.7	0

Linac1 Loss: 69 MeV

45 MeV

25 MeV

C-band Loss: 200 MeV

129 MeV

73 MeV

# Estimate of Energy Gain Loss with different Bunch Spacing

- Consider **four bunches** – energy gain loss compared to single-bunch case.
- X-band should lose less if we expand the pulse width.
- S10CB09 pulse shape was not optimized.

	28 ns spacing	21 ns spacing	14 ns spacing
SINSB01	2.2	1.6	0.6
SINSB02	1.4	0.7	0.3
SINSB03	0.8	0.3	0.2
SINSB04	1.4	1.1	0.6
<i>SINXB01</i>	-3.0	-3.1	-1.8
S10CB01	13.1	8.1	4.7
S10CB02	14.2	9.6	4.1
S10CB03	15.0	8.7	4.3
S10CB04	13.4	8.4	4.7
S10CB05	11.5	6.9	3.5
S10CB06	11.7	8.1	4.1
S10CB07	9.46	5.8	3.5
S10CB08	13.7	8.2	4.4
<i>S10CB09</i>	6.75	3.9	1.3

Linac1 Loss: 115 MeV

72 MeV

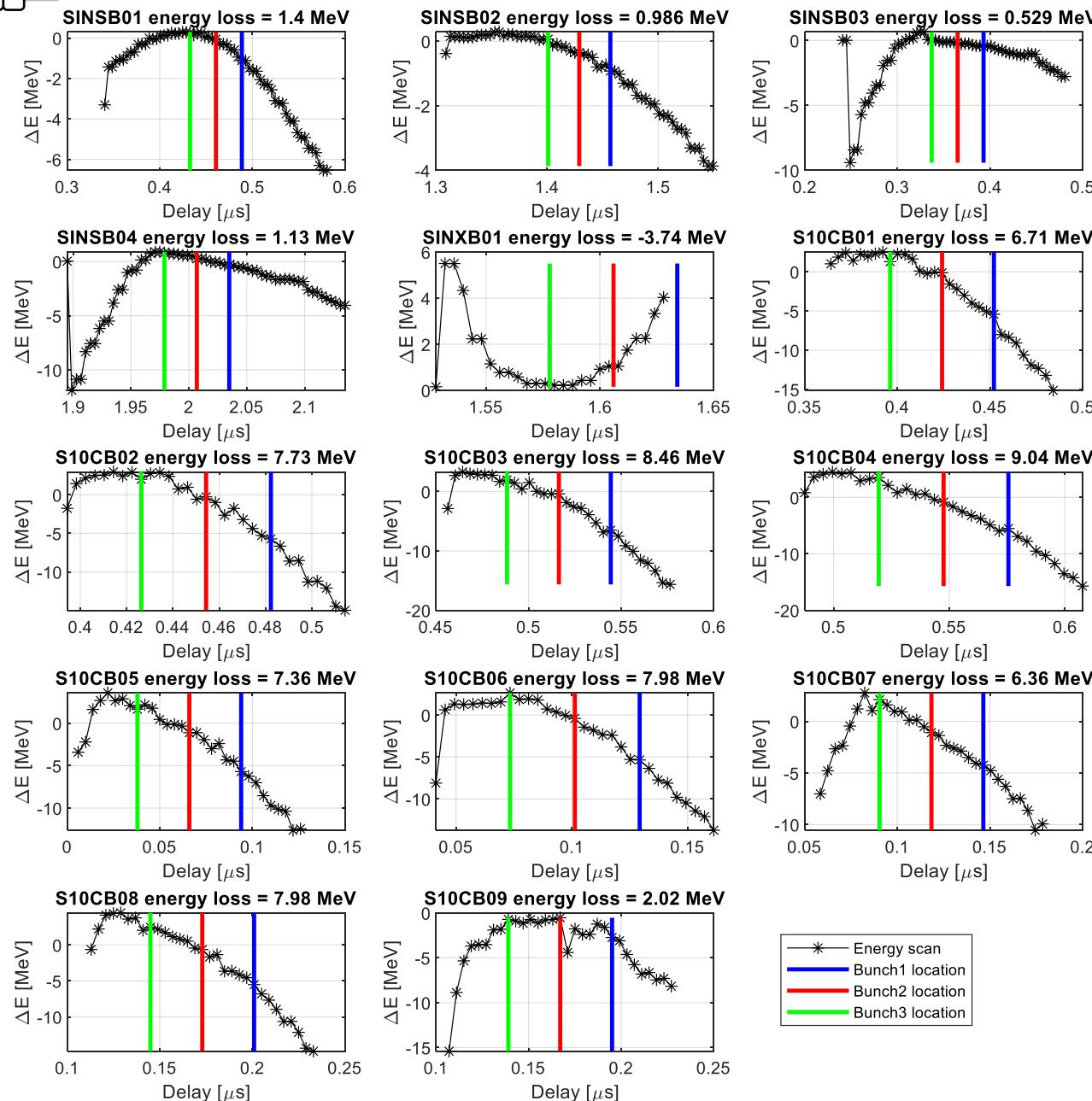
37 MeV

C-band Loss: 332 MeV

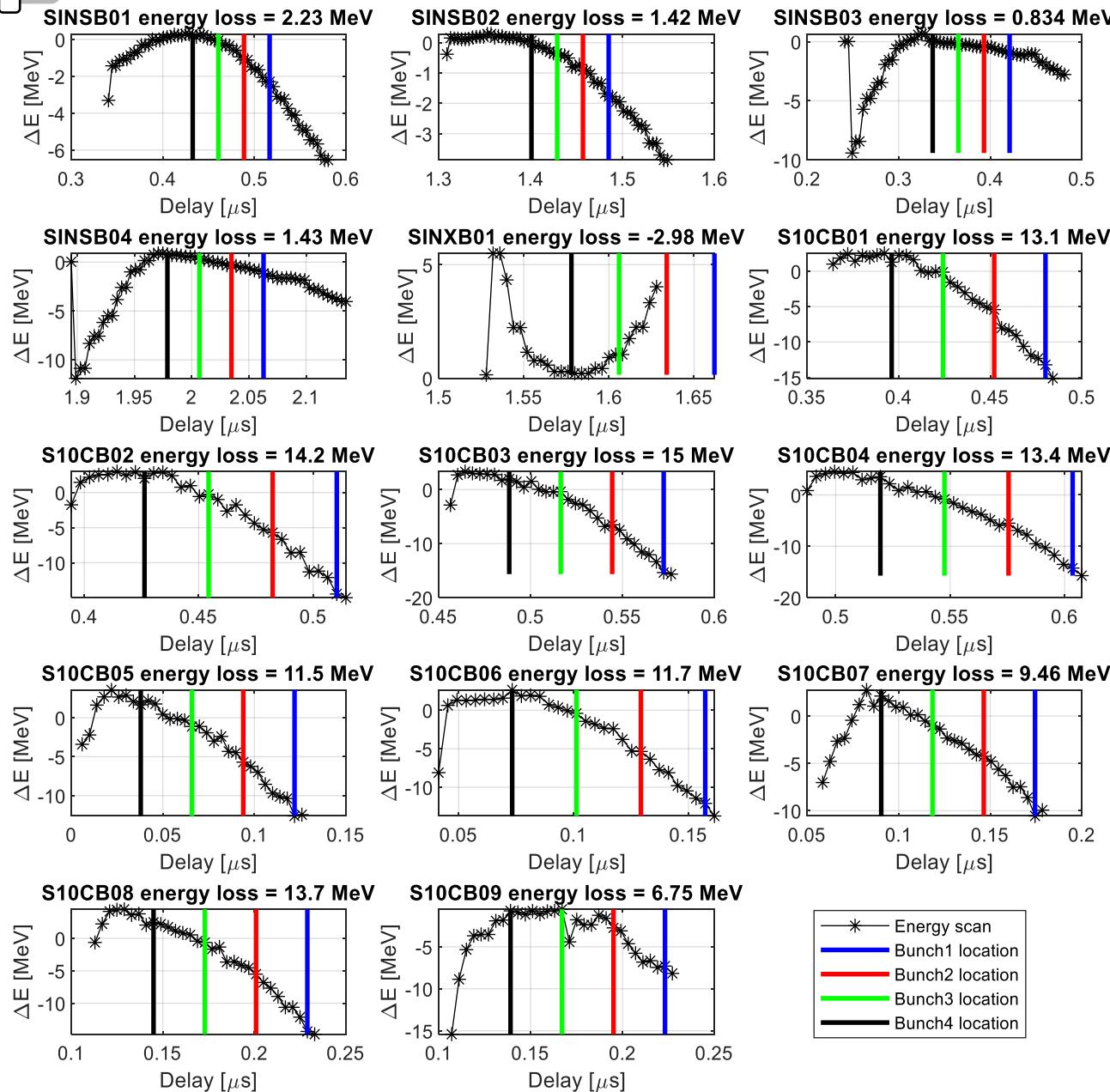
207 MeV

108 MeV

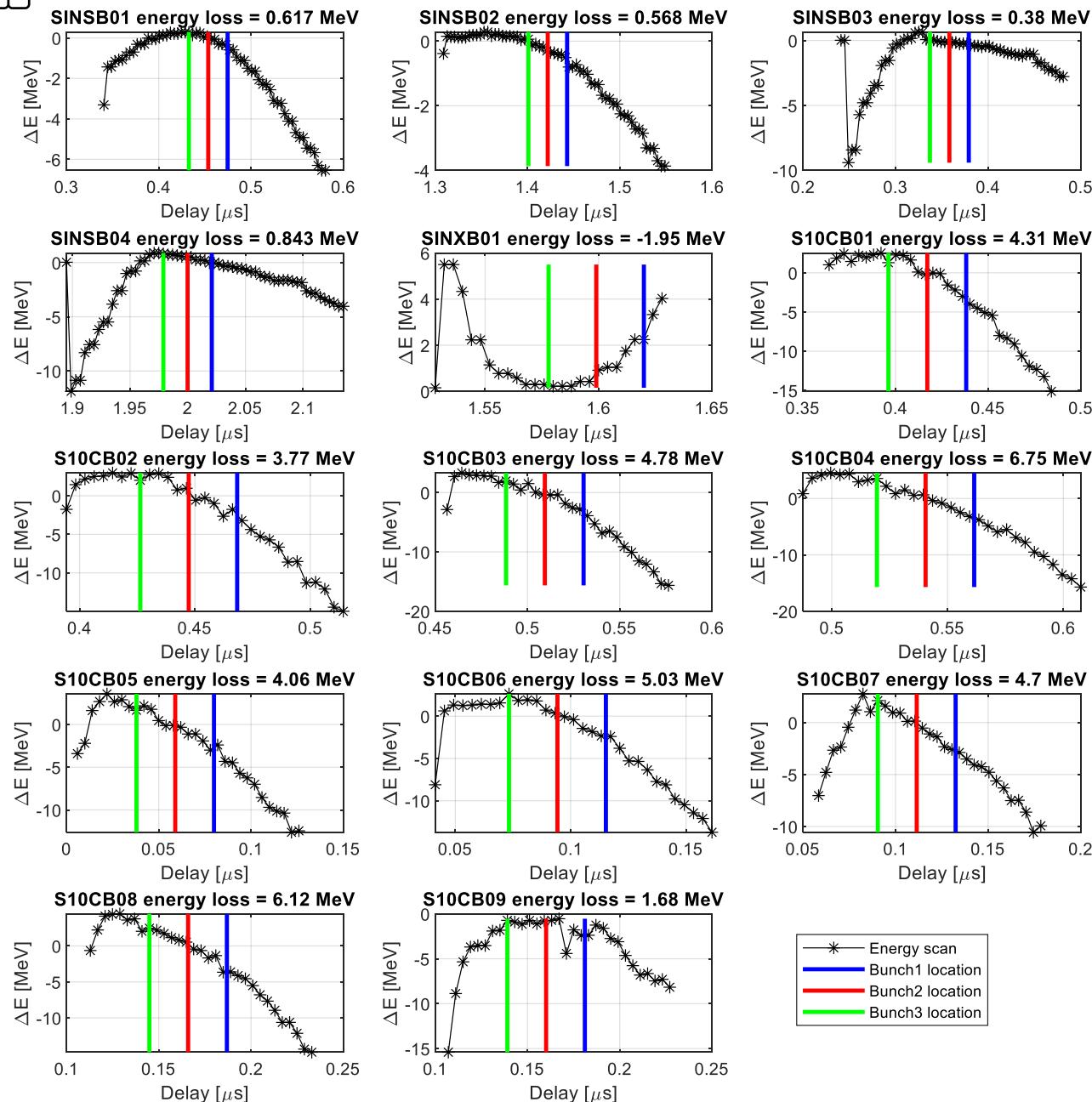
# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 28 ns (3 bunches)



# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 28 ns (4 bunches)

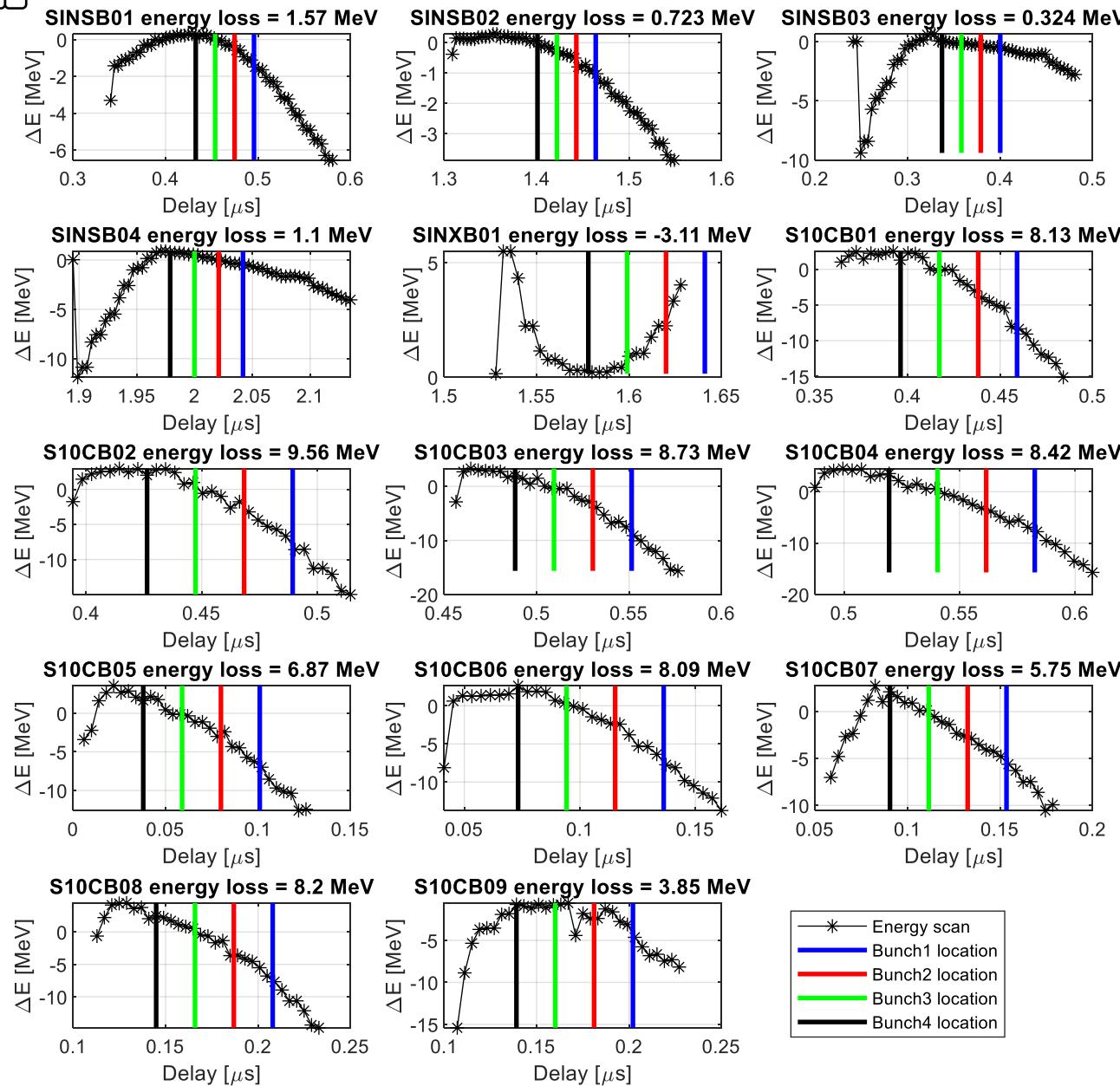


# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 21 ns (3 bunches)

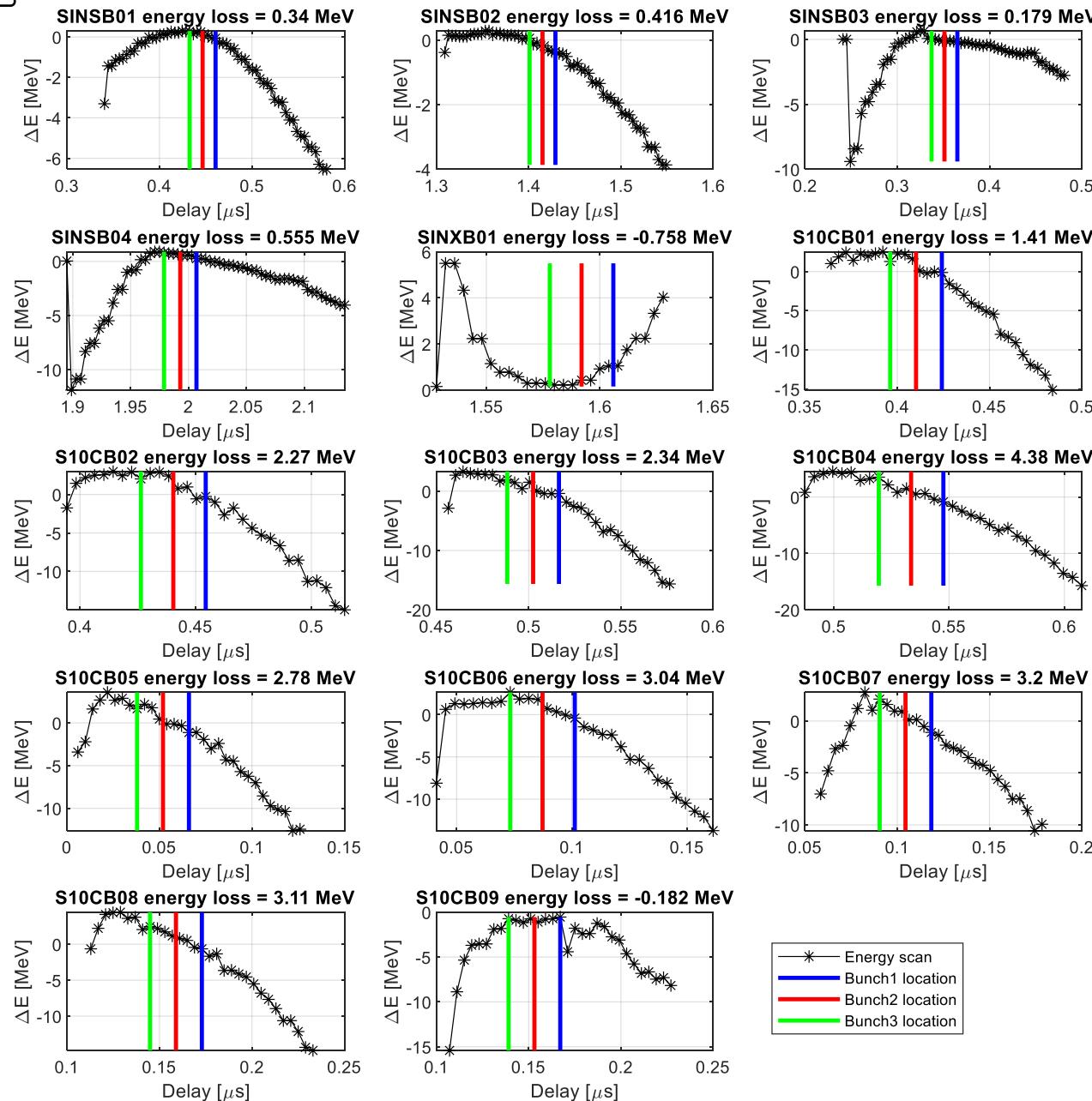


- \* — Energy scan
- Blue line — Bunch1 location
- Red line — Bunch2 location
- Green line — Bunch3 location

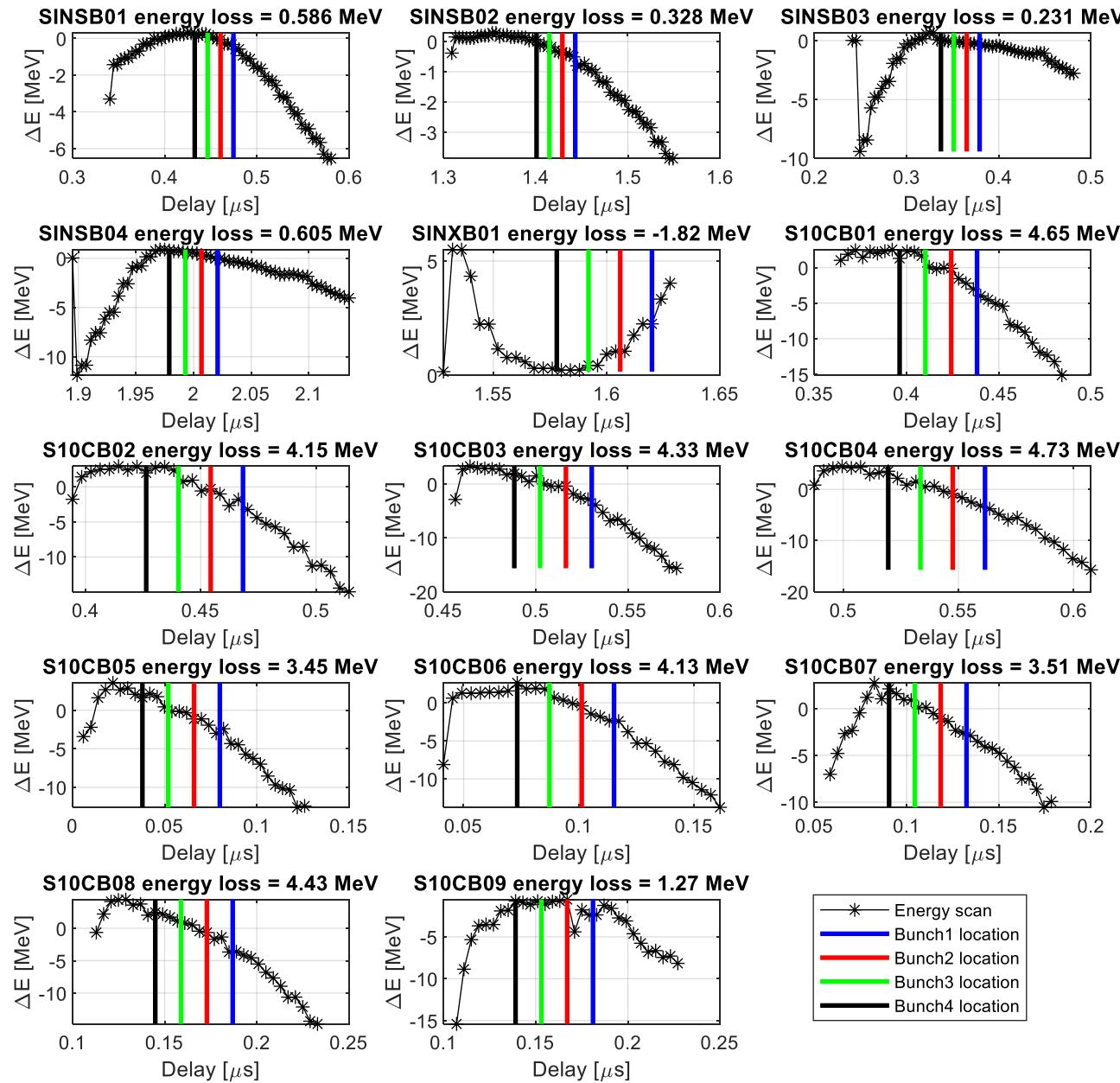
# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 21 ns (4 bunches)



# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 14 ns (3 bunches)



# Energy Loss of Bunch Spacing = 14 ns (4 bunches)



—*	Energy scan
—■	Bunch1 location
—■	Bunch2 location
—■	Bunch3 location
—■	Bunch4 location

# Discussions