



WIR SCHAFFEN WISSEN – HEUTE FÜR MORGEN

# Guoqing Geng LES Laboratory, PSI

## Structure-Property Correlation of Cementitious Phases at Molecular Scale

21.09.2018, EMPA

EMPA-PSI Postdoc forum 2018

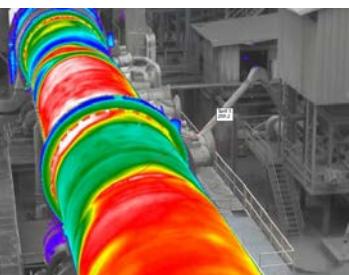


limestone + clay

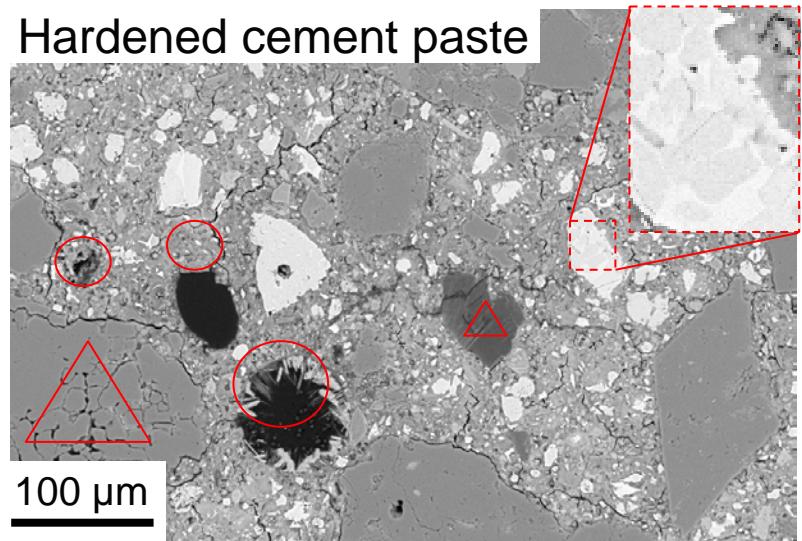
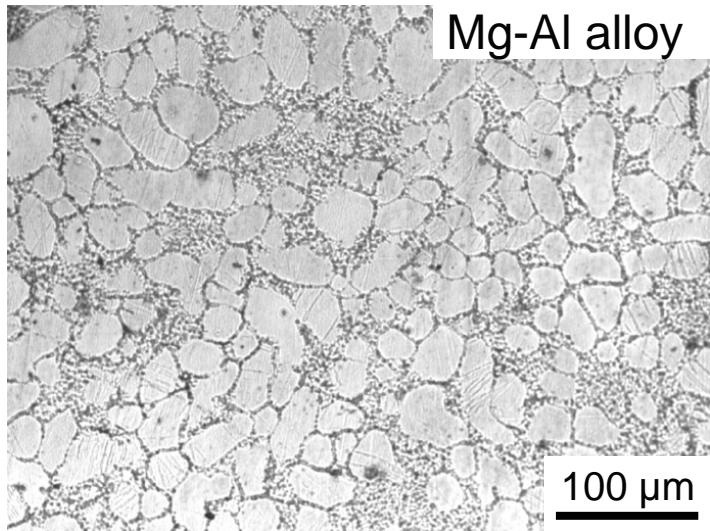


cement + water + rocks → concrete

- + steel fiber/rebar → reinforced concrete
- + industrial waste → green concrete
- + plasticizer → high rheology concrete
- + ... → ... concrete



# Challenge in from-bottom-up modeling of concrete



Compositions

A, B,  $A_mB_n$ .

Spatial scale

atomic, micro, macro

aggregates, clinker ( $C_mS$ ,  $C_nA$ ,  $C_4AF$ ),  
hydrates ( $C(A)SH$ ,  $CH$ ,  $AFt$ ,  $AFm$ ,  $CsH$ ,  
 $C(A)cH\dots$ ), admixtures (crystals and  
glasses in FA, slag etc)...

Atomic (<2 nm): chemistry, stiffness

Meso (2-10 nm): creep, shrinkage

Micro: transport property, shrinkage

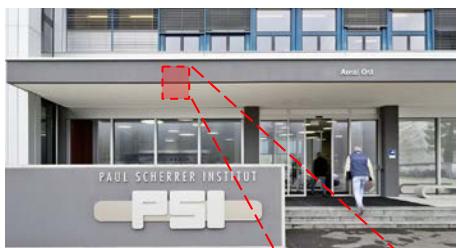
Macro: performance

Time scale

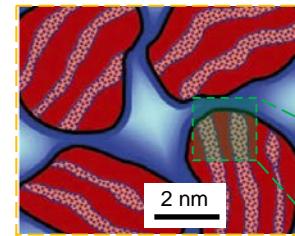
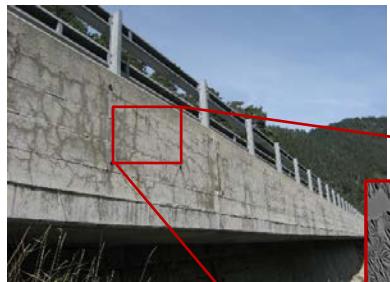
Constant during service life

Constantly evolving

# An overview of the research interest



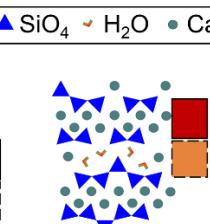
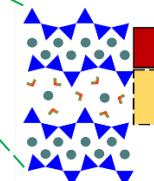
Long-term durability



Nanocrystalline C-S-H with different Ca/Si

stiff  
soft

▲ SiO<sub>4</sub> ▲ H<sub>2</sub>O ● Ca



Ca/Si increases

Interlayer densities

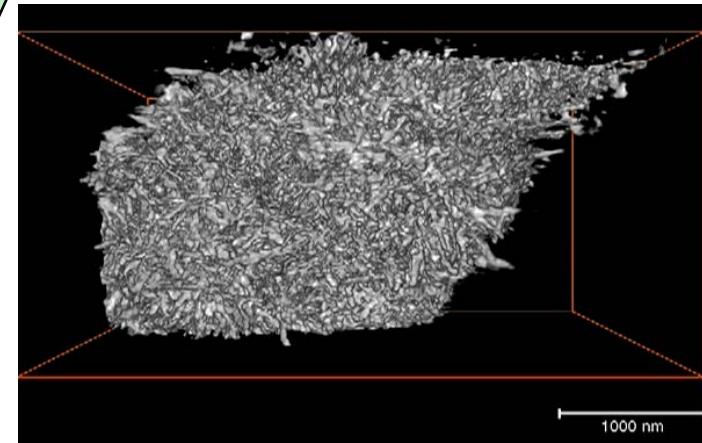
Bulk modulus increases

Molecular scale

Intralayer  
Interlayer

Multiscale  
Structure  
vs.  
Properties

Mesoscale and microscale

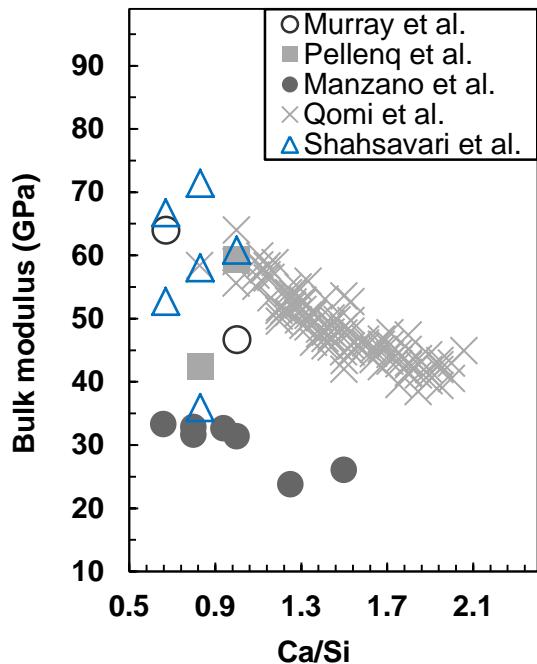
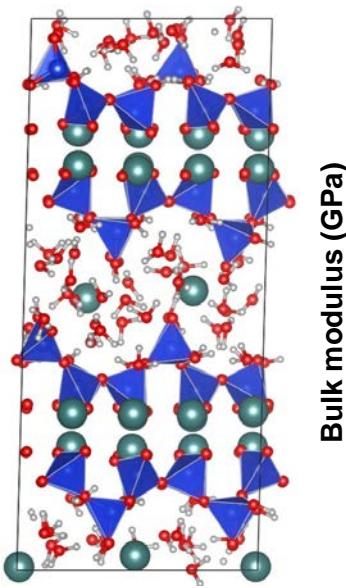


- XANES and EXAFS at Ca, Na, K K-edge
- Pair distribution function
- Powder diffraction
- High pressure XRD
- ...

- Transport property
- Mechanical property
- ...

# Discrepancy in reported work

## Molecular Calculations



vs

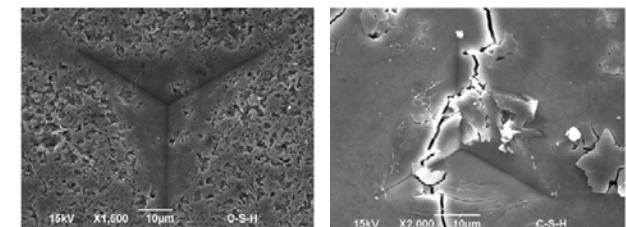
## Nanoindentation

Ca/Si = 0.7 (Figure 4)

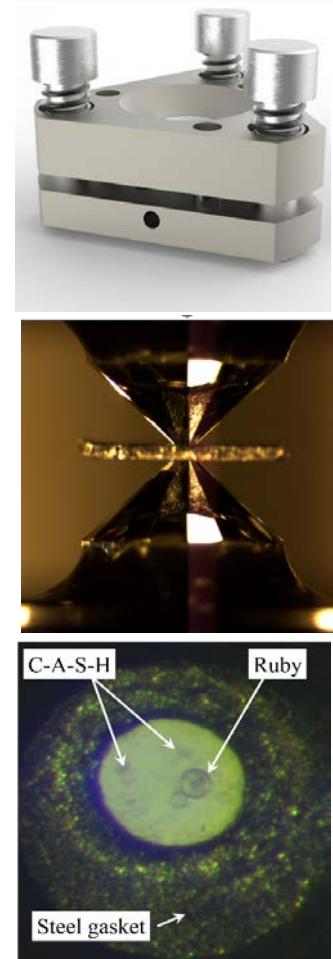
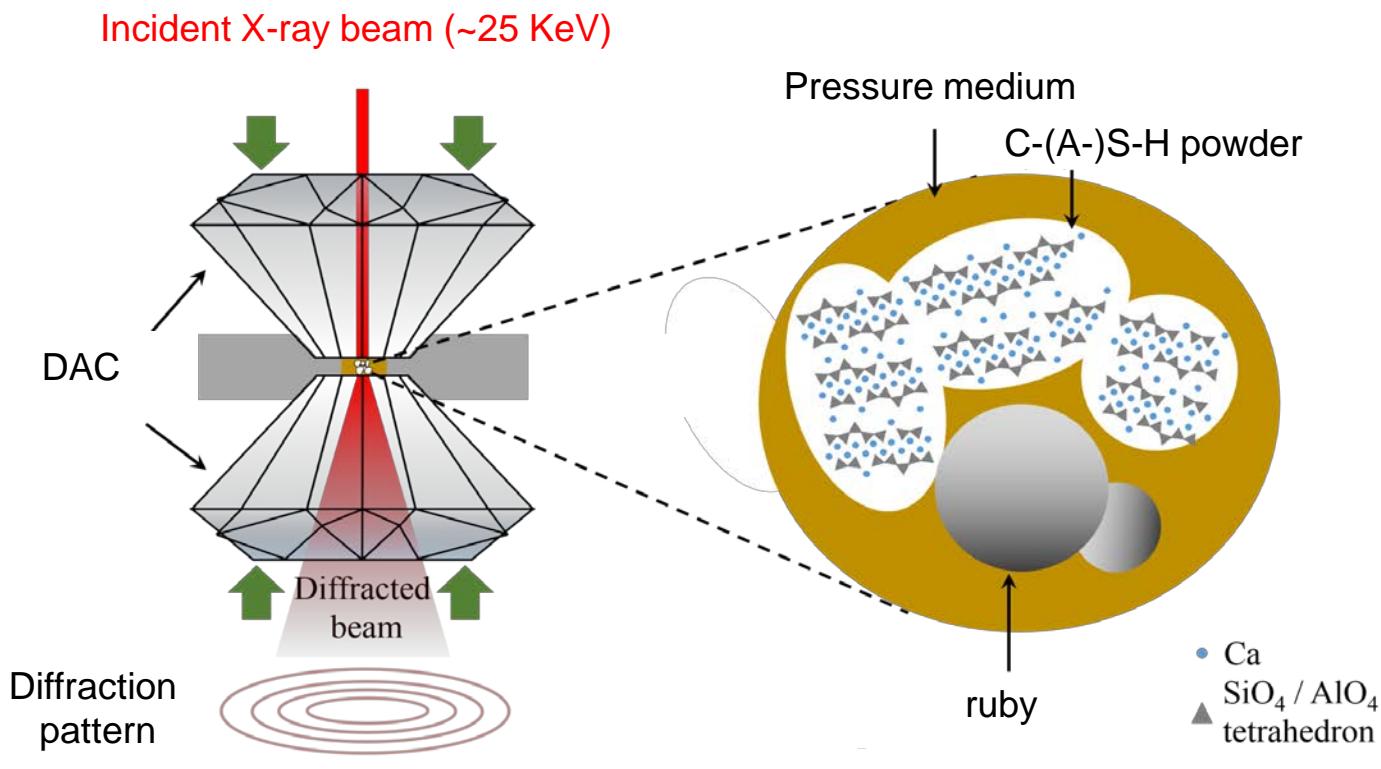
32 mN		512 mN	
E (GPa)	H (GPa)	E (GPa)	H (GPa)
29.6	1.77	25.0	0.90
27.5	0.98	23.4	0.98
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
25.7	1.07	21.4	0.89
24.7	1.09	26.7	0.91

Ca/Si = 2.1 (Figure 5)

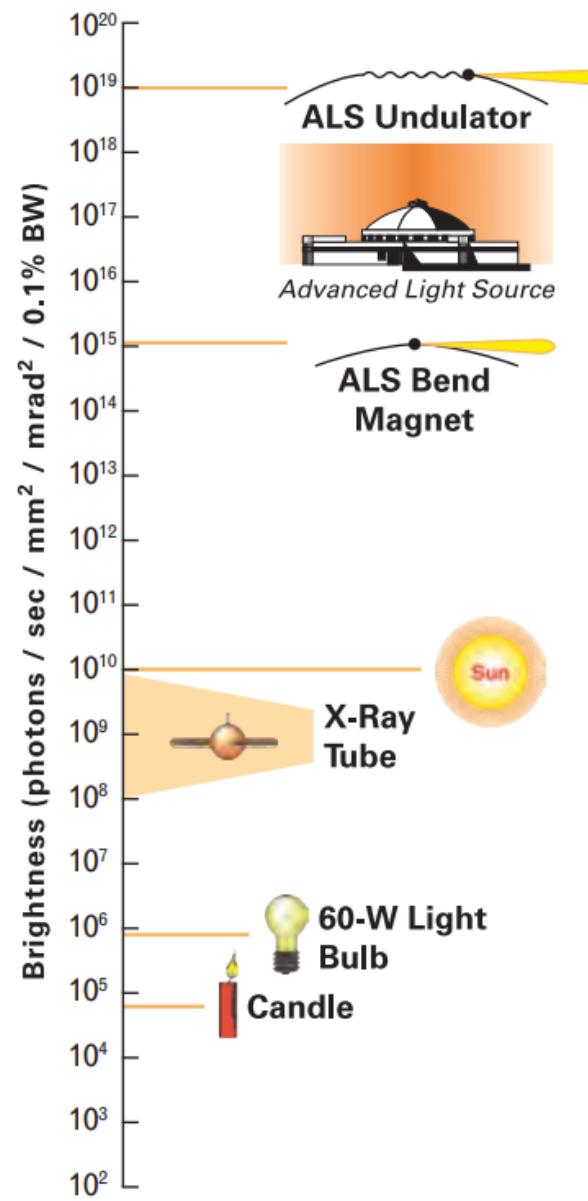
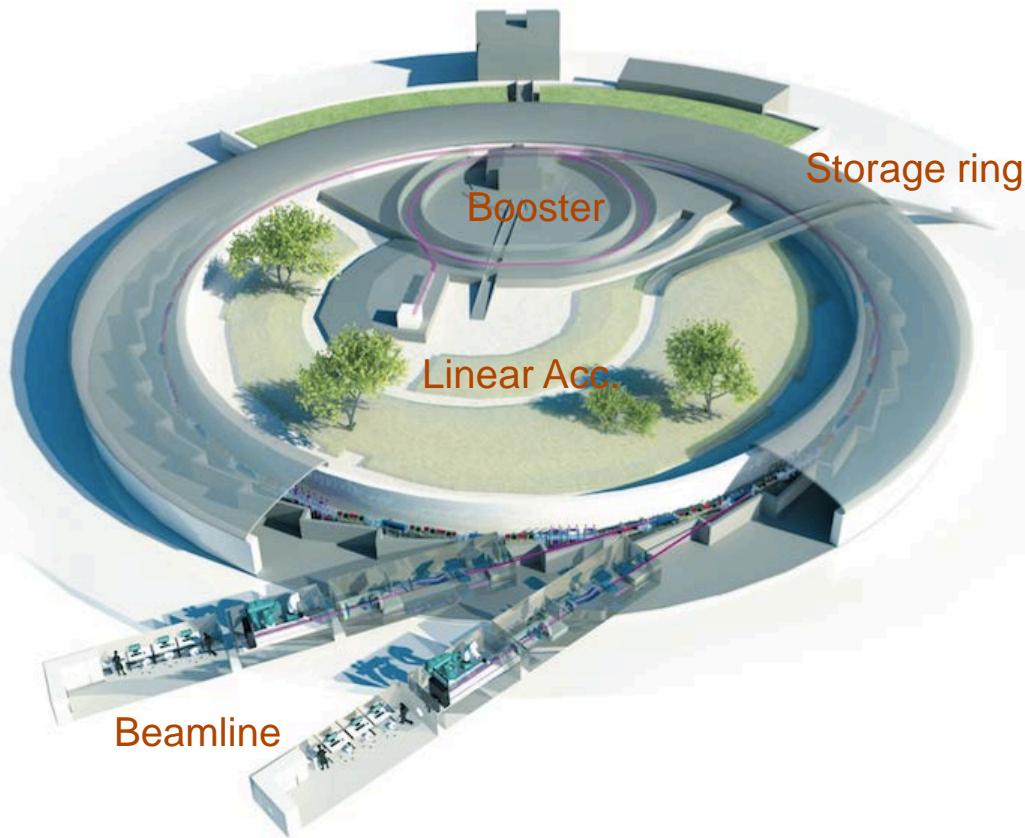
32 mN		512 mN	
E (GPa)	H (GPa)	E (GPa)	H (GPa)
17.4	0.35	16.8	0.44
18.2	0.38	18.1	0.48
24.3	0.72	22.4	0.51
23.7	0.51	25.1	0.56
16.2	0.38	12.8	0.28
-	-	-	-



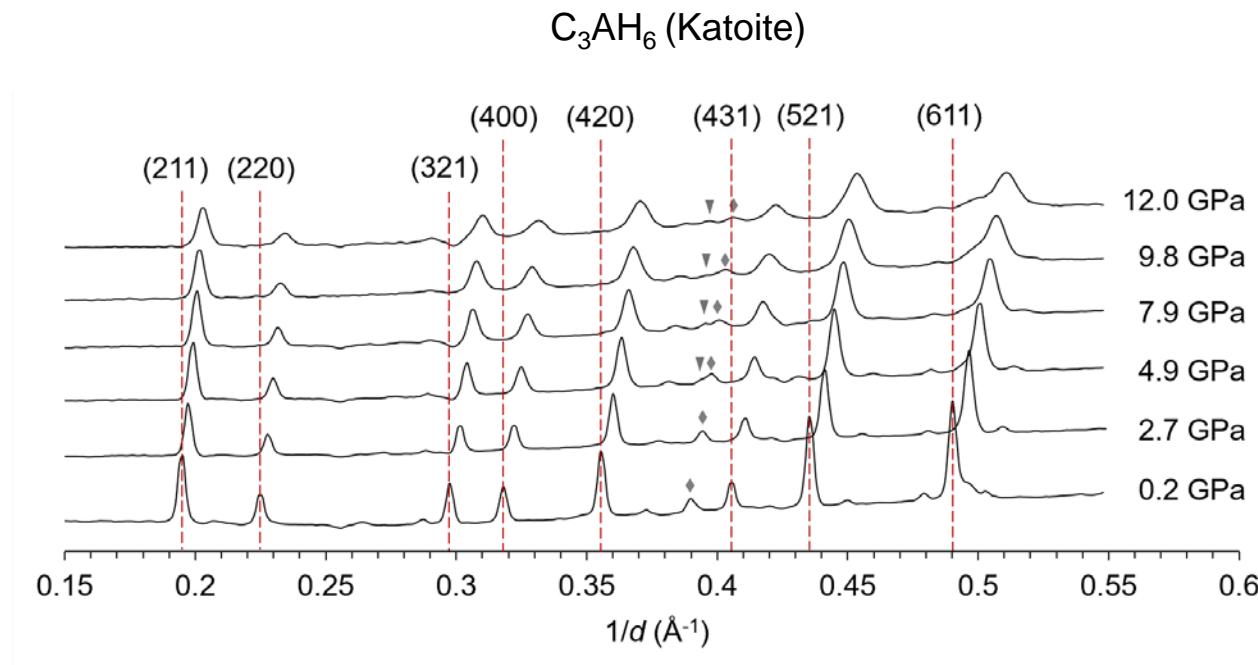
# High pressure XRD



# Synchrotron, hooray!

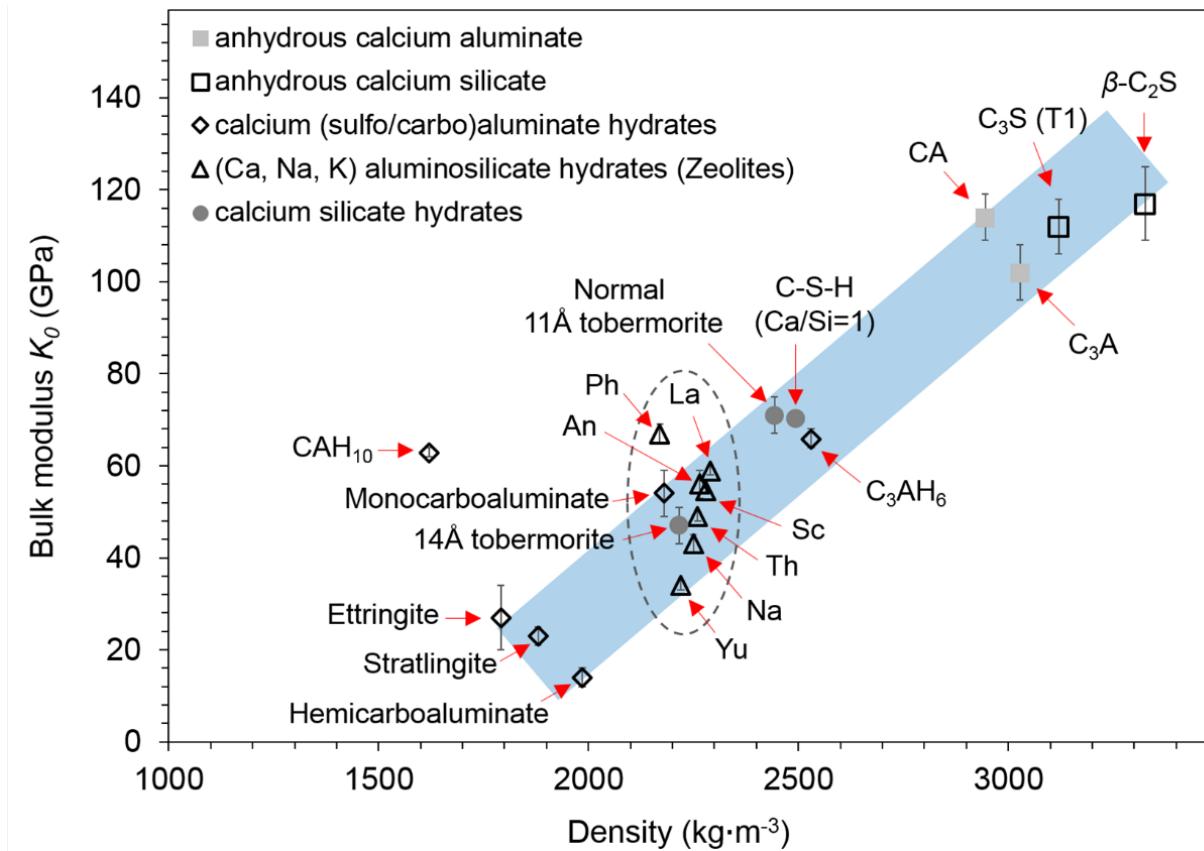


## Diffractogram as a function of the applied pressure



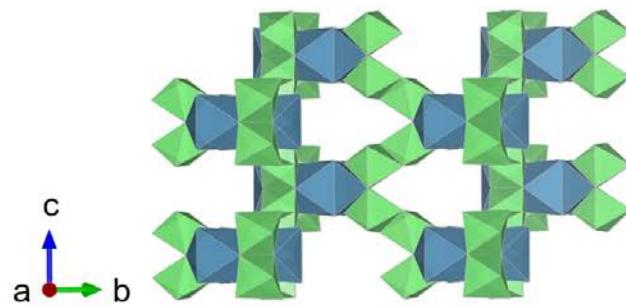
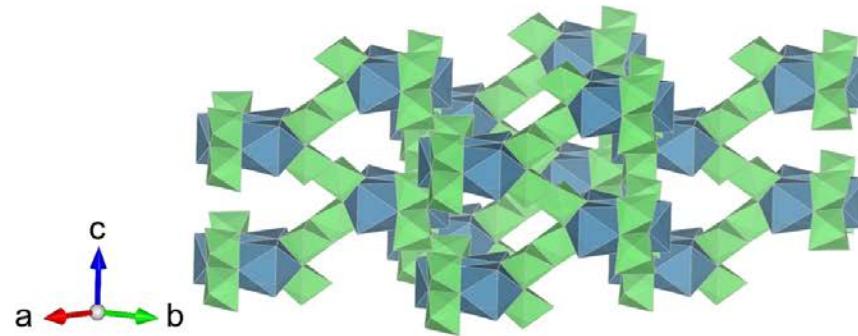
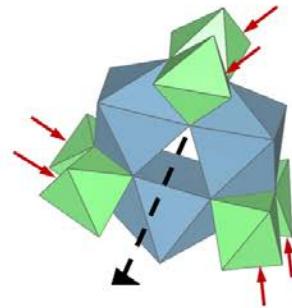
$P$ (GPa)	Interplanar d-spacings ( $\text{\AA}$ )								Refined lattice parameter ( $\text{\AA}$ )		$V$ ( $\text{\AA}^3$ )	$V_{error}$ ( $\text{\AA}^3$ )
	(211)	(220)	(321)	(400)	(420)	(431)	(521)	(611)	$a$	$a_{error}$		
0.2	3.978	4.594	6.077	6.497	7.266	8.282	8.899	10.024	12.58	0.01	1988.6	4.3
2.7	4.028	4.656	6.159	6.583	7.361	8.393	9.016	10.148	12.41	0.01	1912.5	4.2
4.9	4.065	4.695	6.213	6.633	7.42	8.467	9.094	10.233	12.31	0.02	1864.2	6.8
7.9	4.098	4.731	6.260	6.69	7.474	8.533	9.164	10.312	12.22	0.01	1824.8	6.1
9.8	4.116	4.746	6.286	6.721	7.515	8.576	9.206	10.366	12.16	0.01	1798	5.4
12	4.144	4.786	6.332	6.773	7.574	8.627	9.280	10.443	12.07	0.01	1757.7	2.2

# Densification-driven stiffening

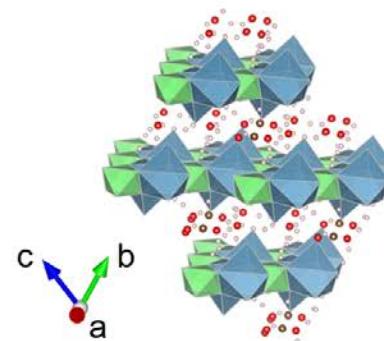


The bulk moduli  $K_0$  of several cement-based minerals and zeolites as a function of their densities

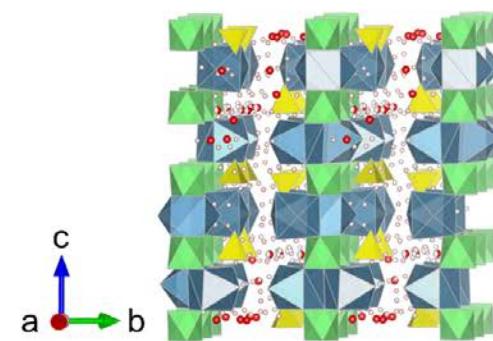
# Densification-driven stiffening: exceptions

(a)  $\text{CAH}_{10}$  (view from (100))(b)  $\text{CAH}_{10}$  (view from (221))(c)  $\text{CAH}_{10}$  structural unit

(d) Monocarboaluminite

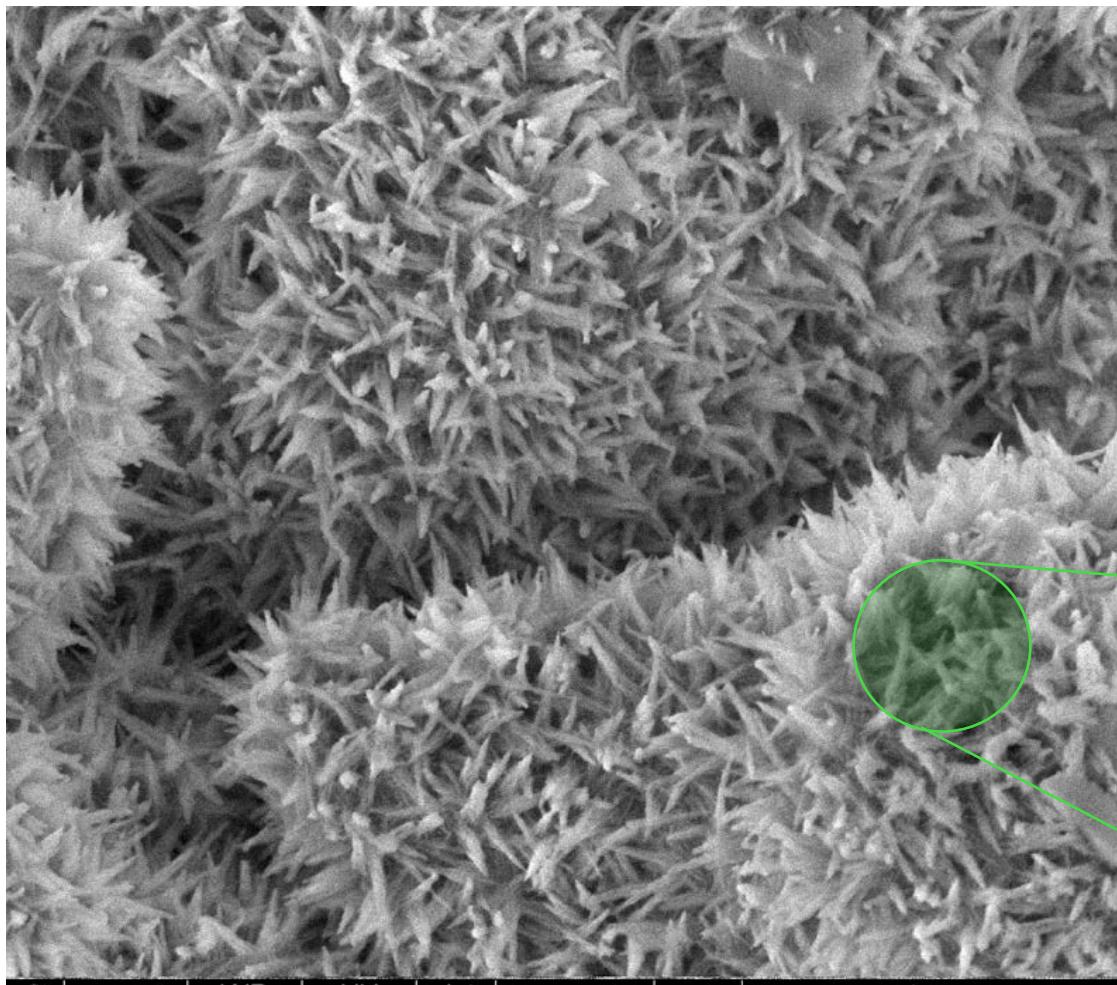


(e) Ettringite



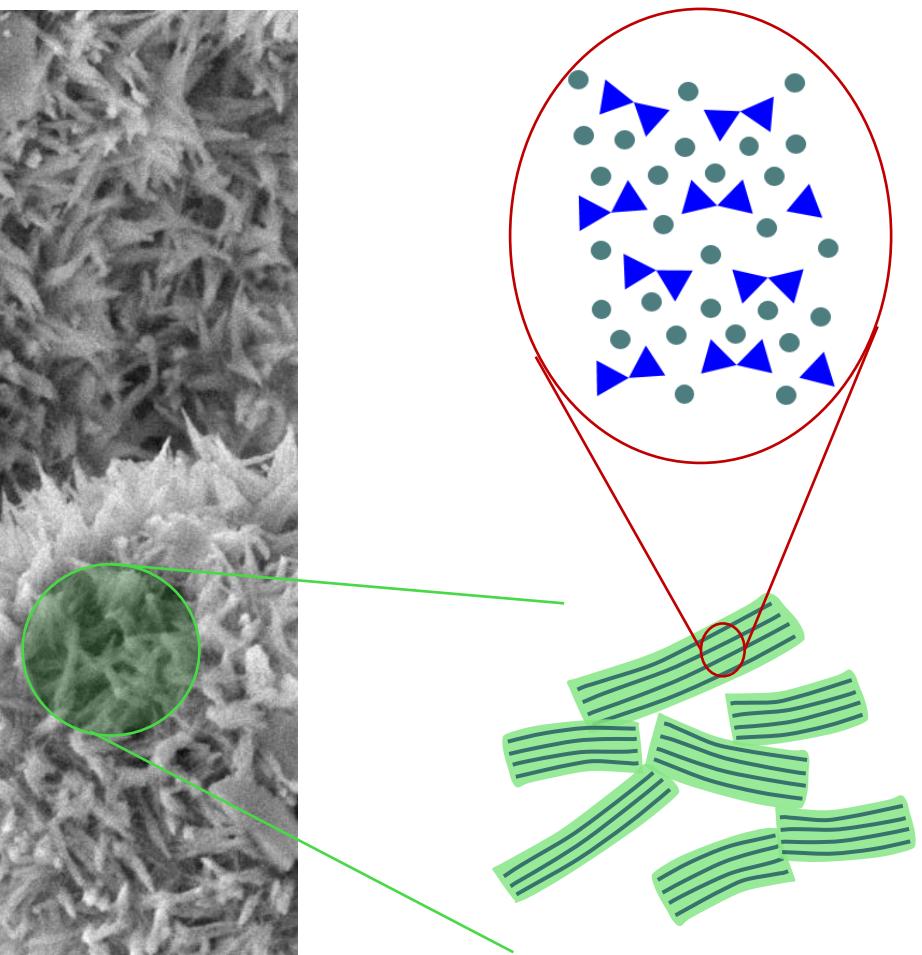
The topological structure of  $\text{CaO}_8$  polyhedra (blue),  $\text{AlO}_6$  octahedra (green) and  $\text{SO}_4$  tetrahedra (yellow) in (a)–(c)  $\text{CAH}_{10}$ , (d) monocarboaluminite and (e) ettringite. The red, brown and pink spheres are oxygen, carbon and hydrogen atoms, respectively. For viewing convenience, the water and hydroxyl groups in  $\text{CAH}_{10}$  are not displayed.

# C-(A)-S-H (nanocrystalline? Not a problem!)



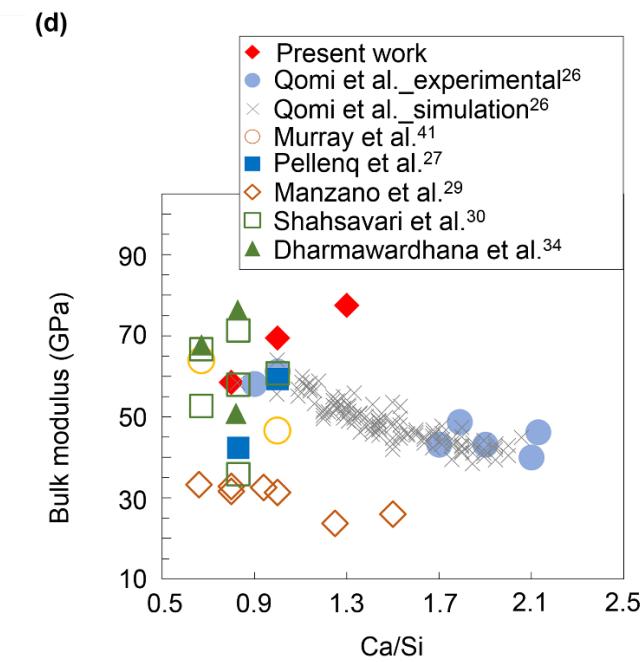
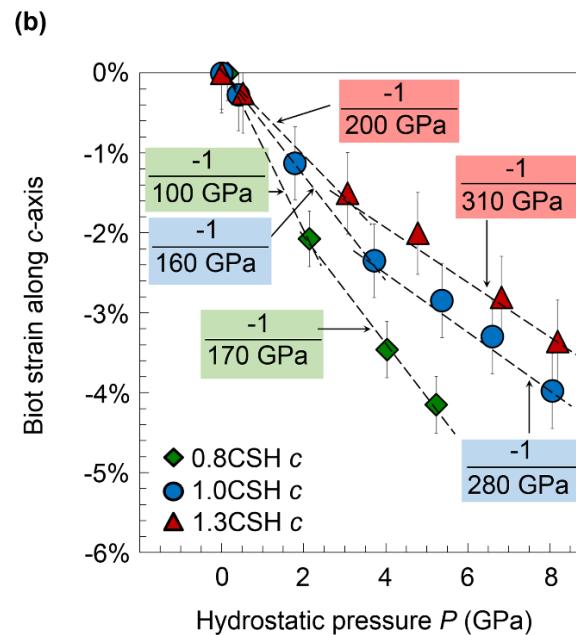
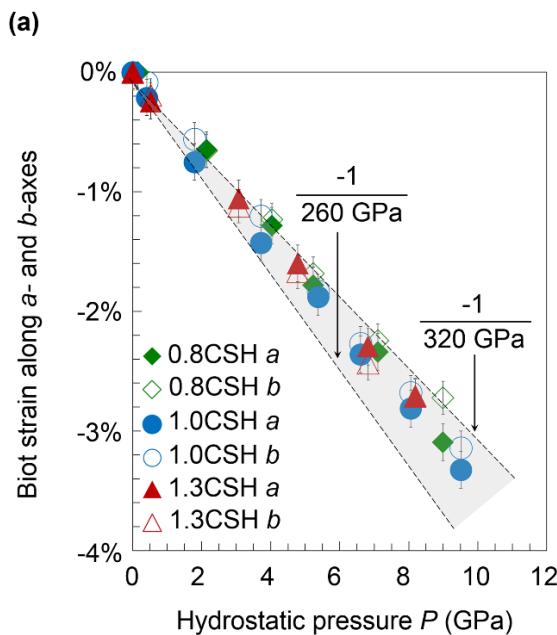
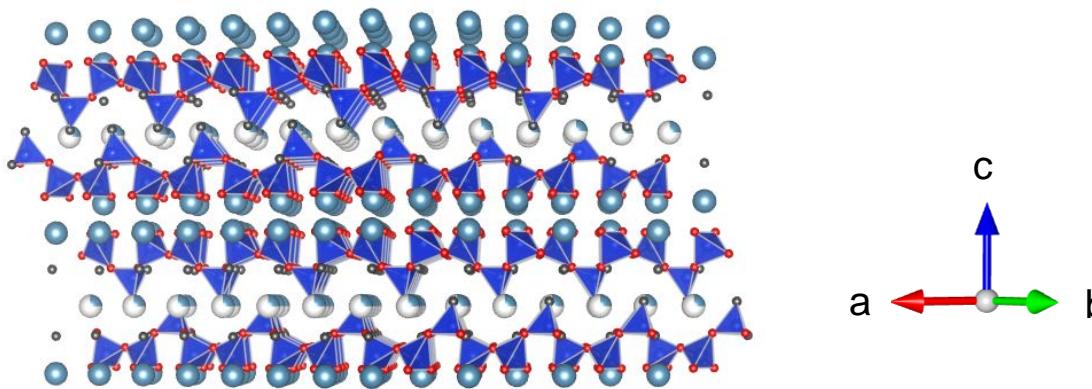
mag 60 000 x WD 3.5 mm HV 3.50 kV det Helix pressure 3.98E-4 bar curr 44 pA

1 μm  
C3s-18h Hydr.

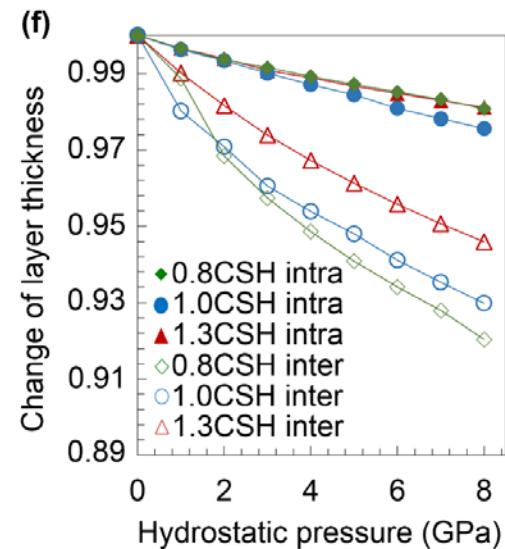
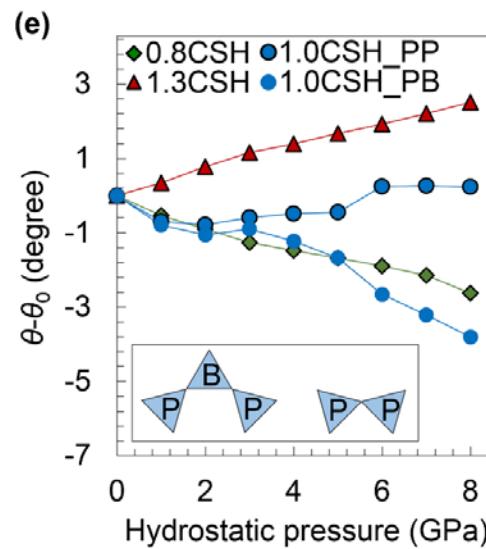
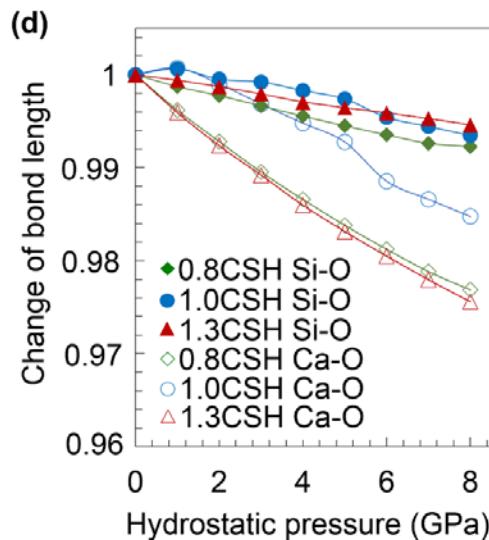
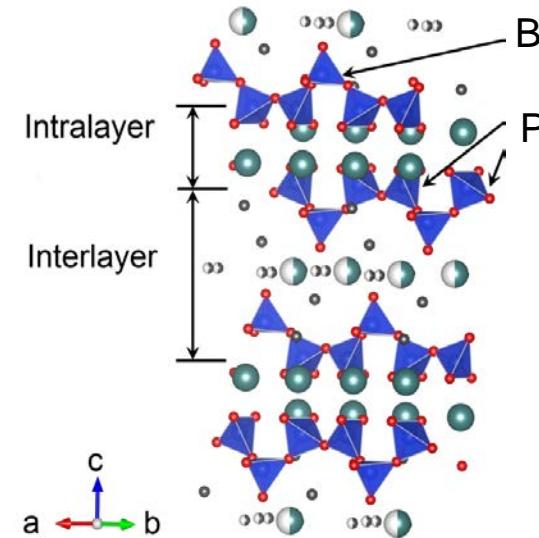
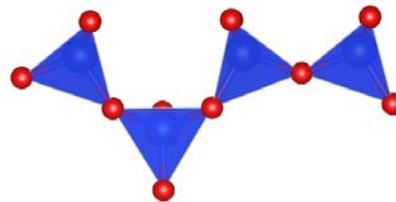


# Anisotropic deformation of C-S-H:

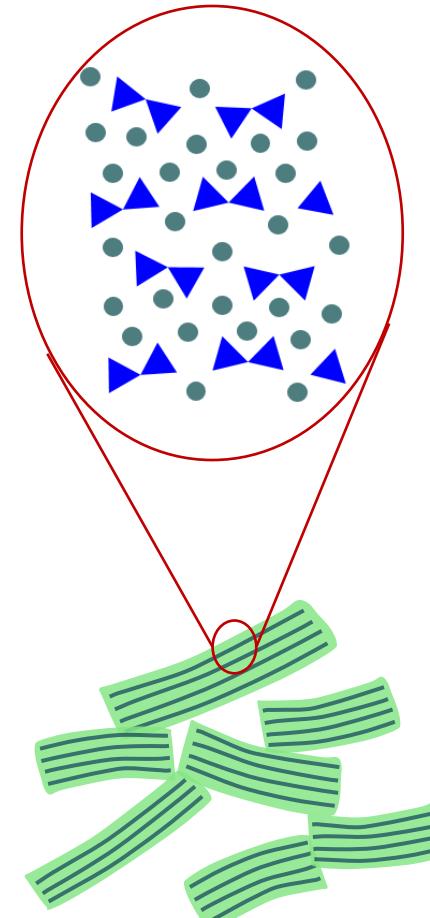
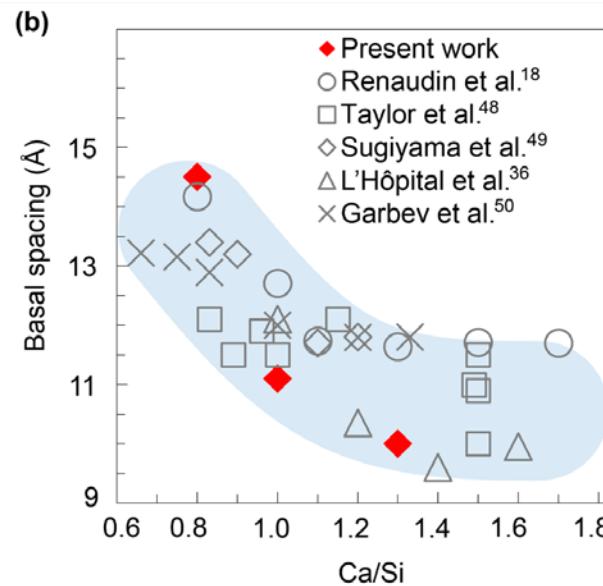
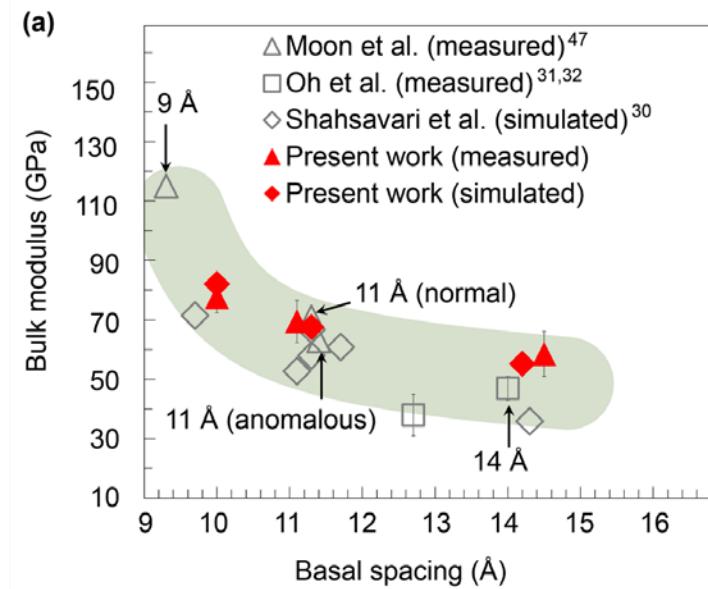
$\text{Al/Si}=0$ ,  $\text{Ca/Si}=0.8, 1.0, 1.3$ ,  $20^\circ\text{C}$



# Molecular modeling of C-S-H



# Densification of the interlayer controls the bulk modulus



# Quick summary

- Molecular scale “mechanical testing” is possible via HP-XRD.
- There is no direction link between chemistry and elastic constant; Structure plays significant role.
- Humidity changes the mechanical property of concrete matrix
- Existing molecular scale modeling tools are reliable.

# Acknowledgement

- European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 701647.
- SNSF-funded Sinergia project CRSII5\_171018.



Rainer Daehn  
Erich Wieland  
Guomin Yang  
Ravi A. Patel



B. Lothenbach  
Yiru Yan  
Zhangli Hu  
Zhenguo Shi



Paulo J. Monteiro  
Hans R. Wenk  
Jiaqi Li

